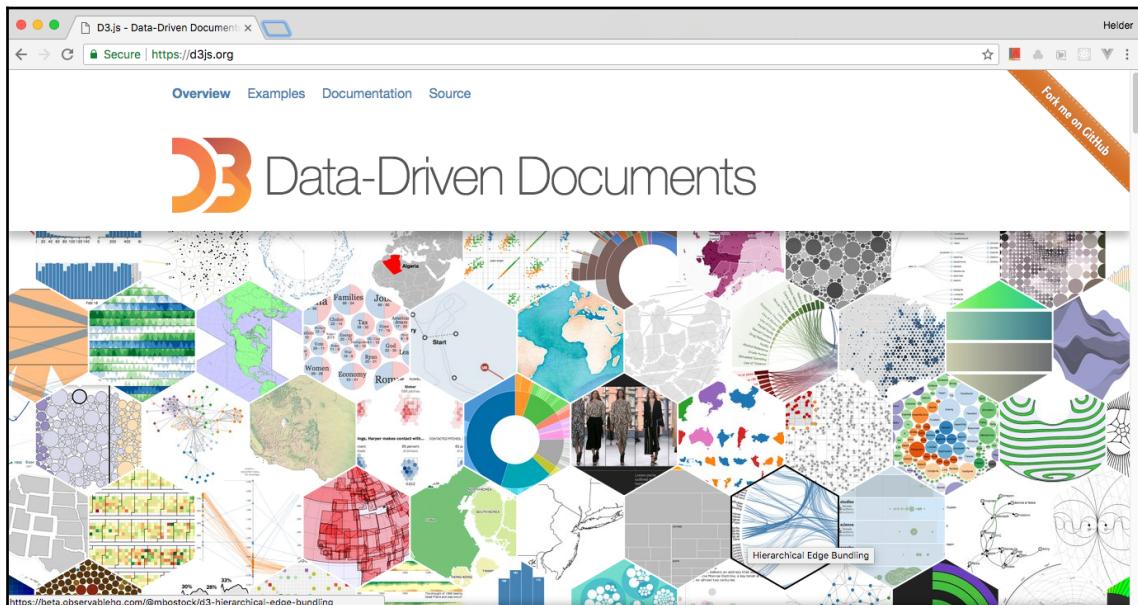
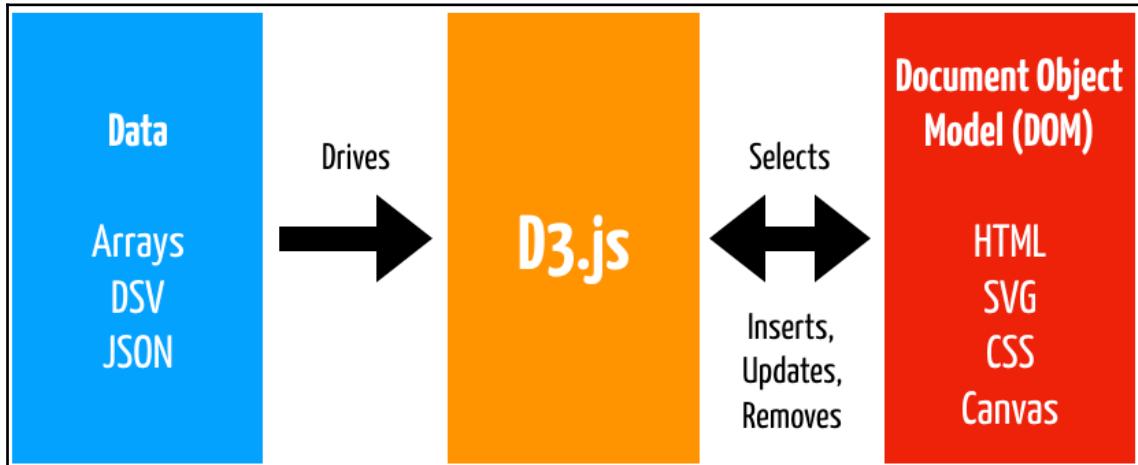
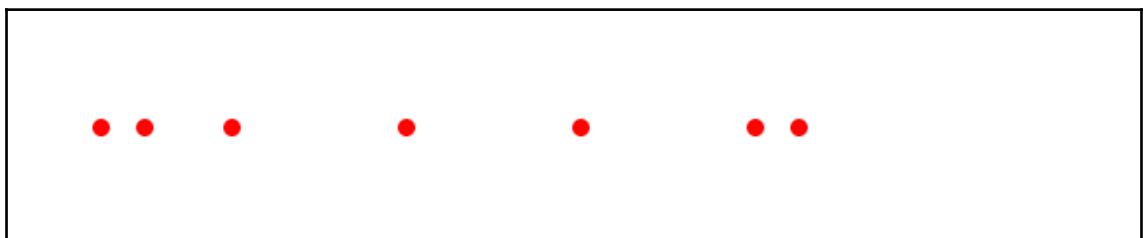
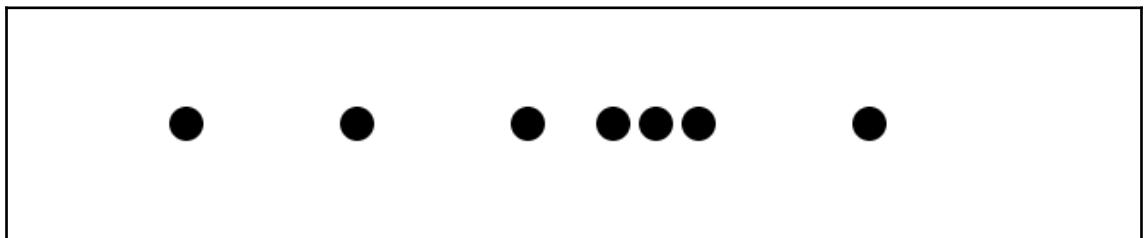
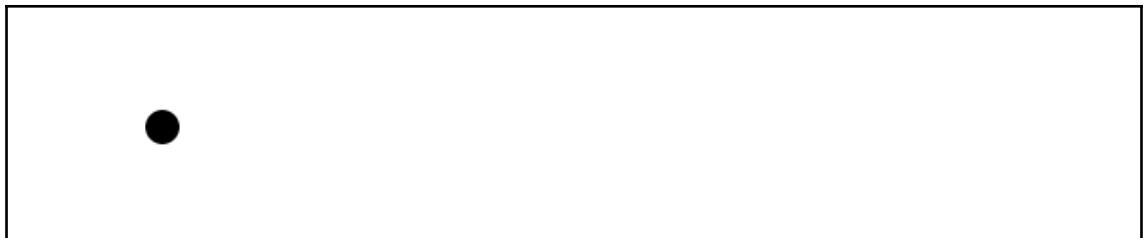


# Chapter 1: Introduction

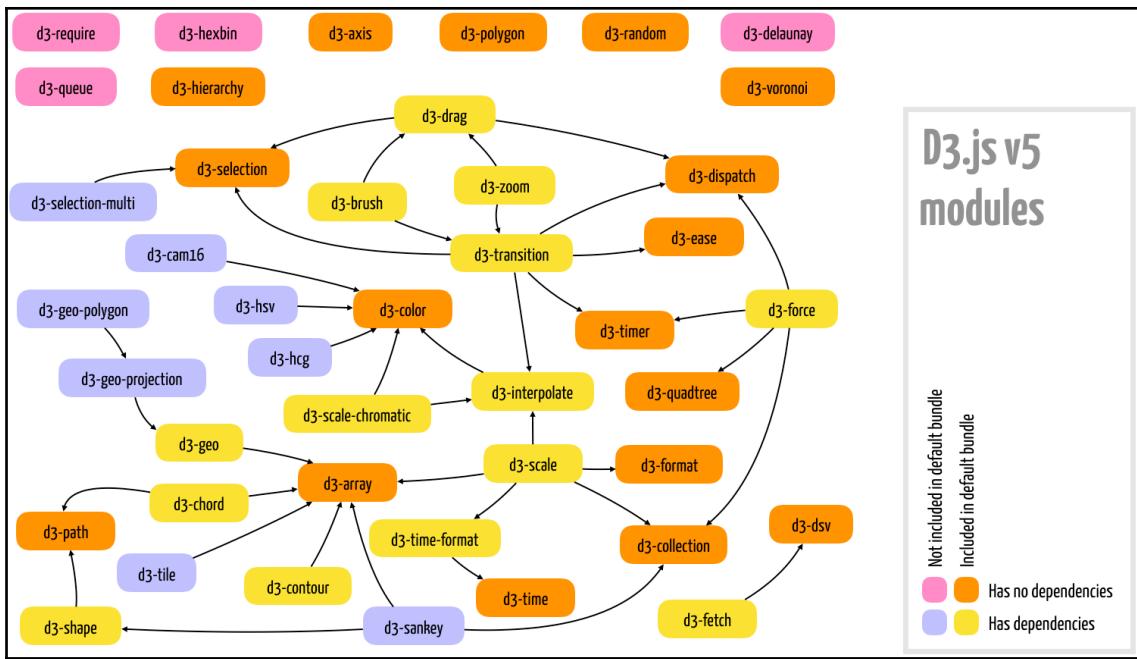




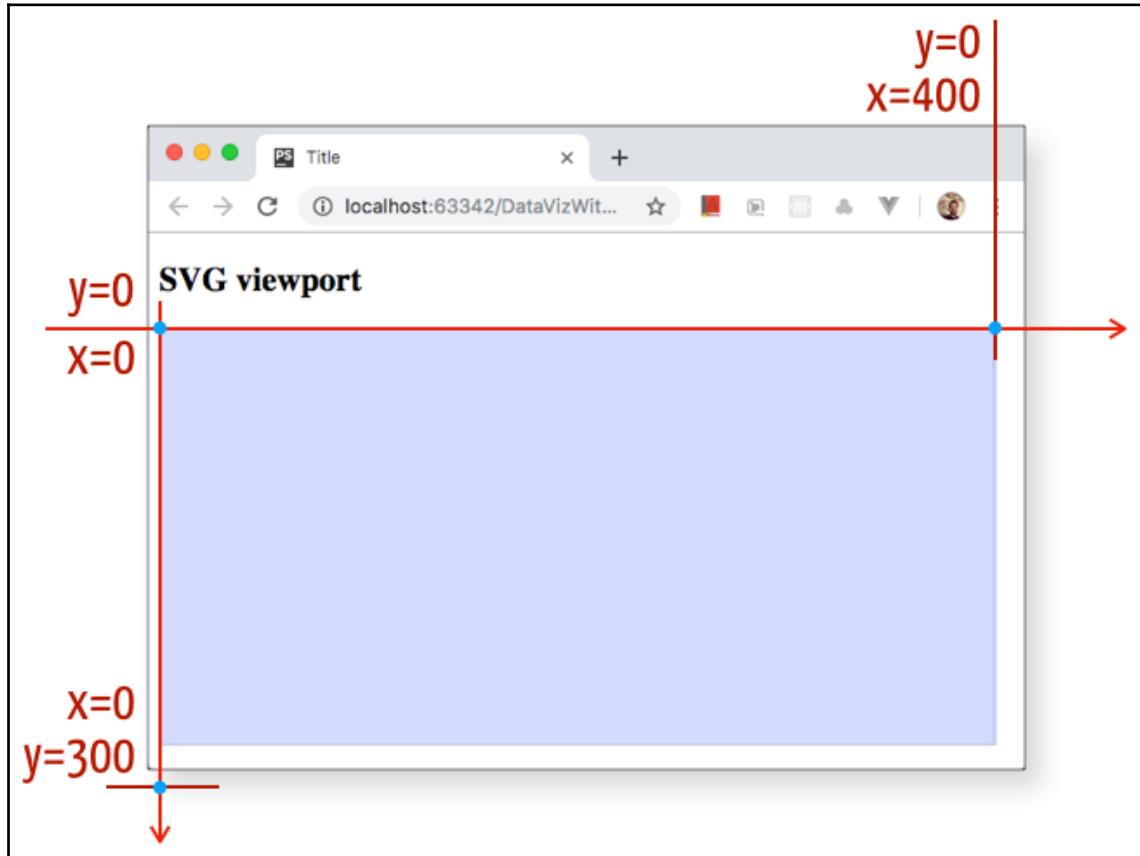
A screenshot of a browser window showing a canvas element and its corresponding developer tools. The canvas contains a solid red square with a thin orange border and a blue dashed shape resembling a stylized 'P' or a winding path. The developer console shows the following error:

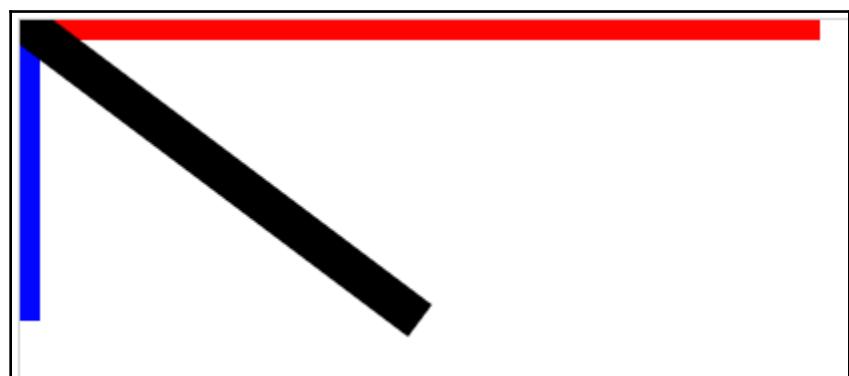
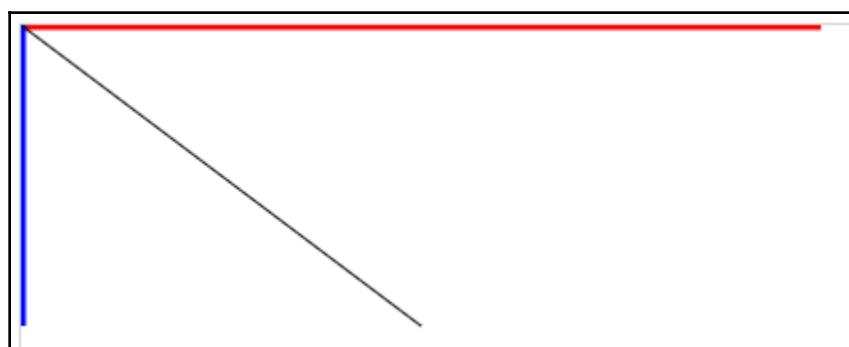
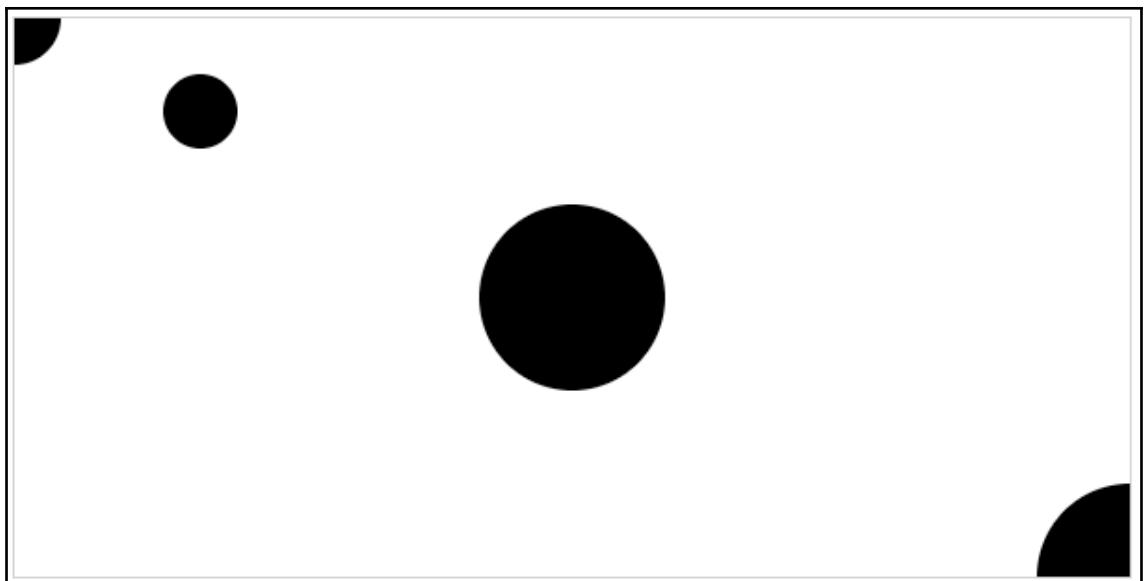
```
examples-canvas.html:70
ReferenceError: ct is not defined
    at examples-canvas.html:70
```

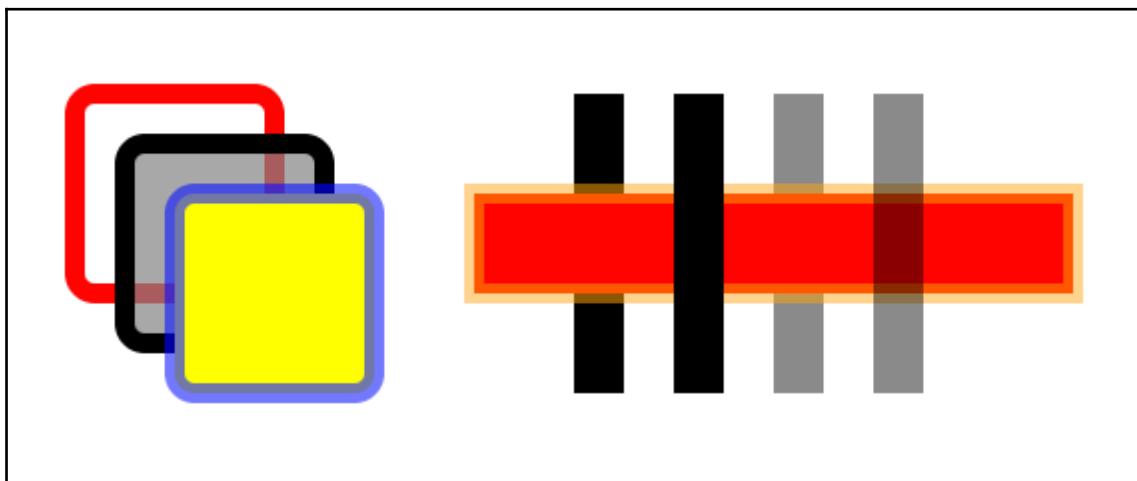
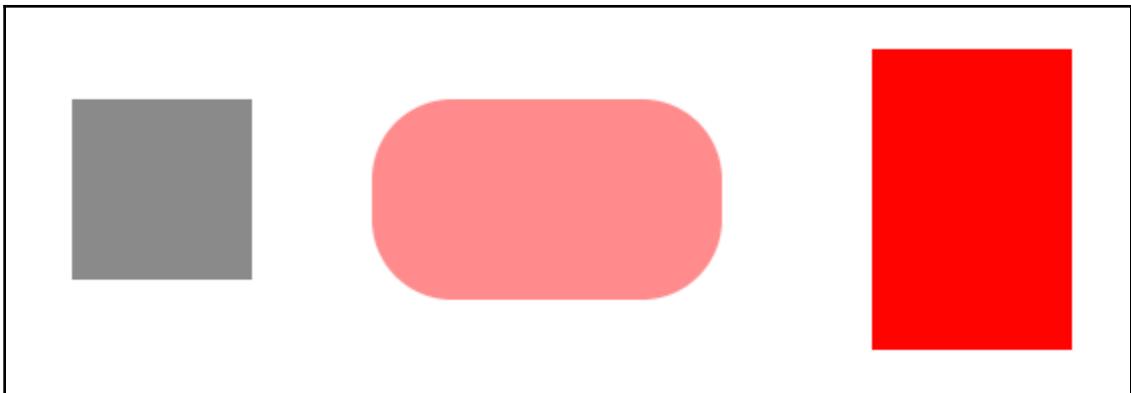
## D3.js v5 modules

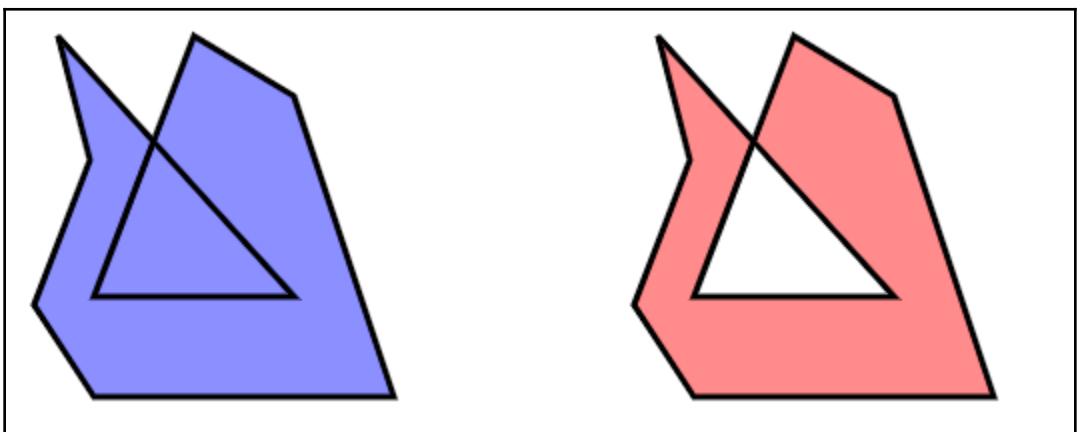
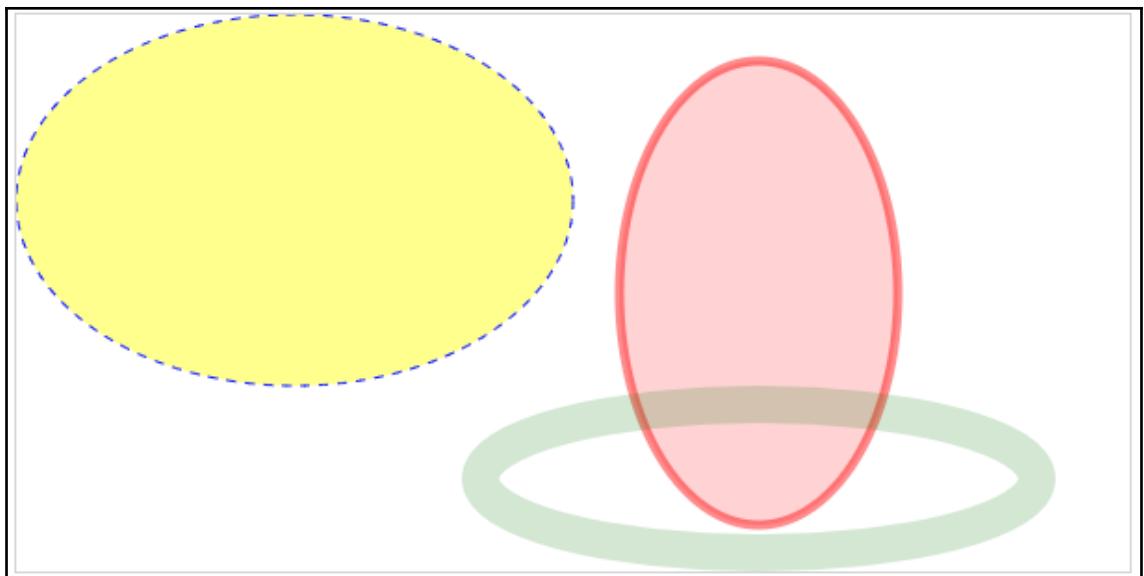


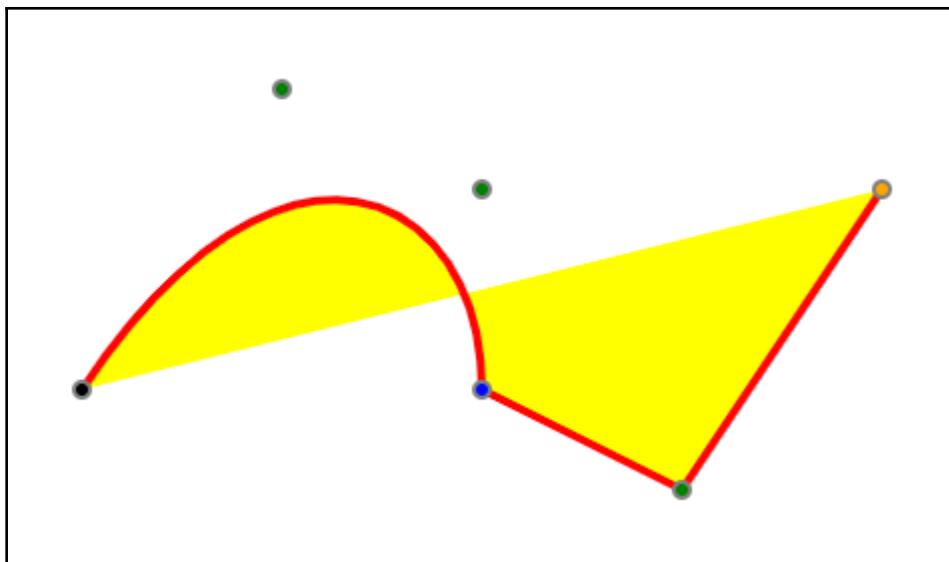
## Chapter 2: Technical Fundamentals











ghijklmnop

ghijklmnop

ghijklmnop

text-anchor

alignment-baseline

**start**

**ideographic**

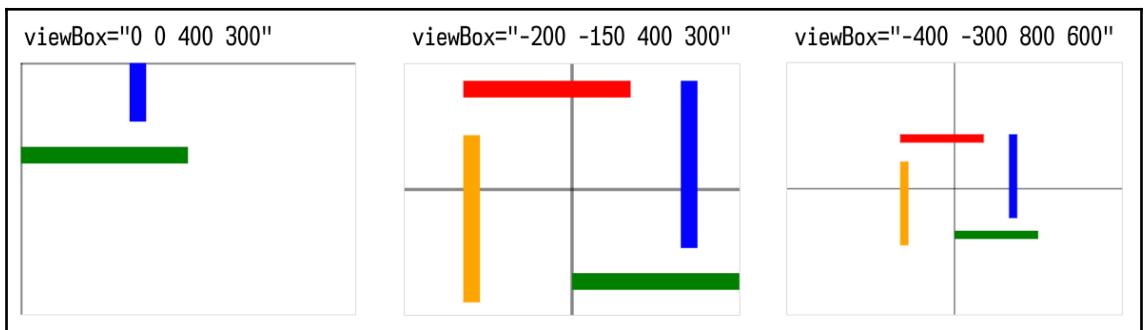
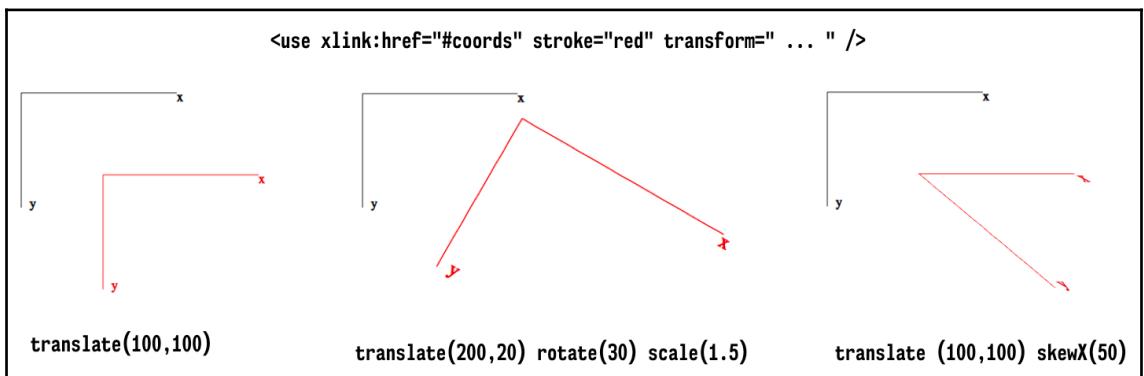
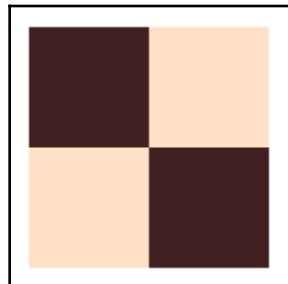
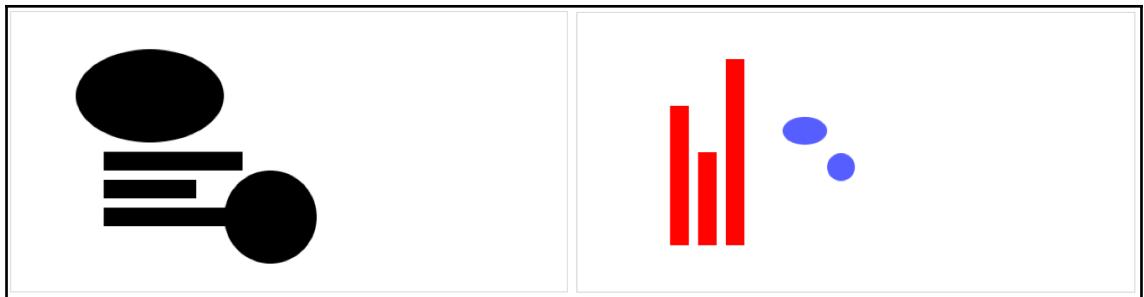
**middle**

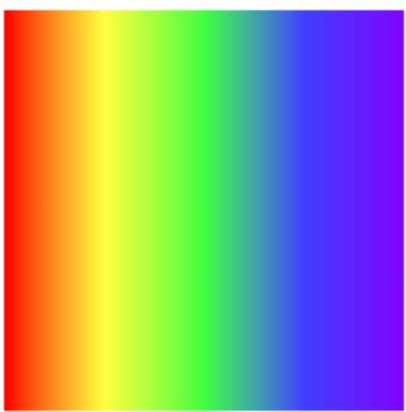
**auto**

**end**

**middle**

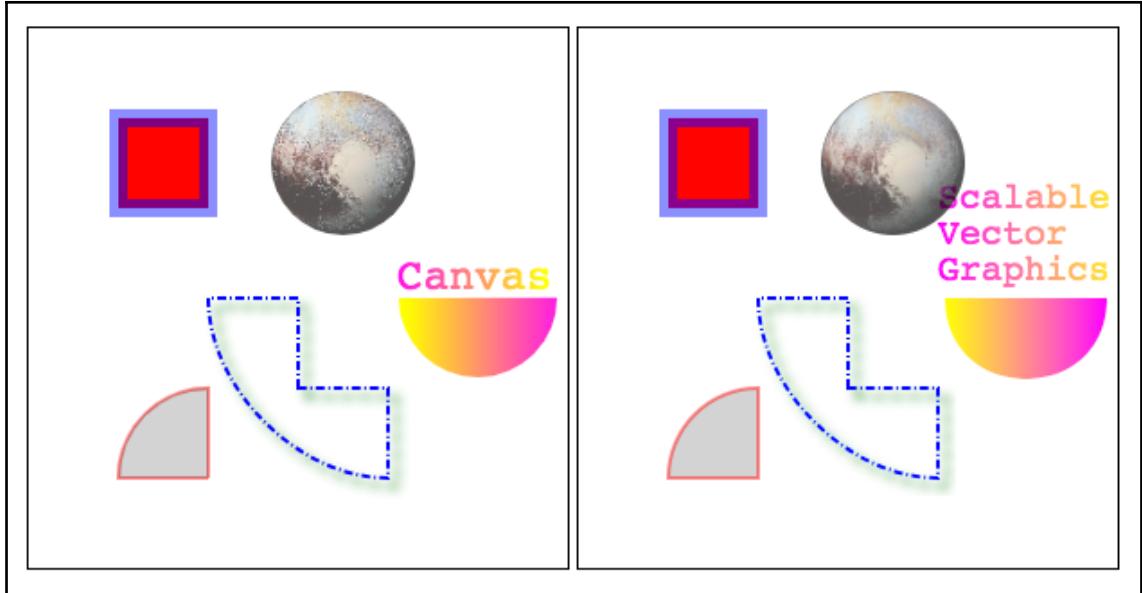
**hanging**



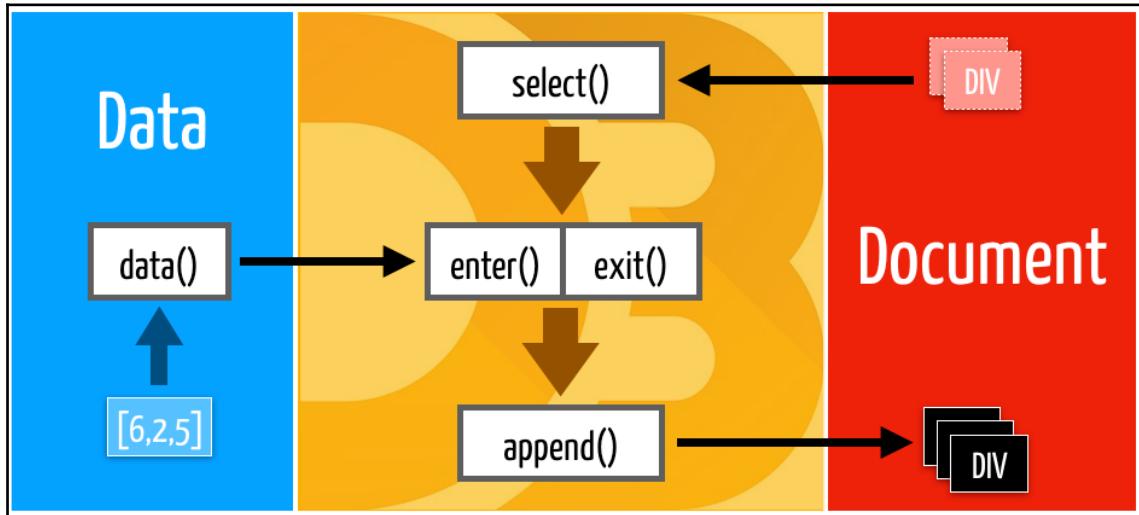


Do you need glasses?





# Chapter 3: Quick Start



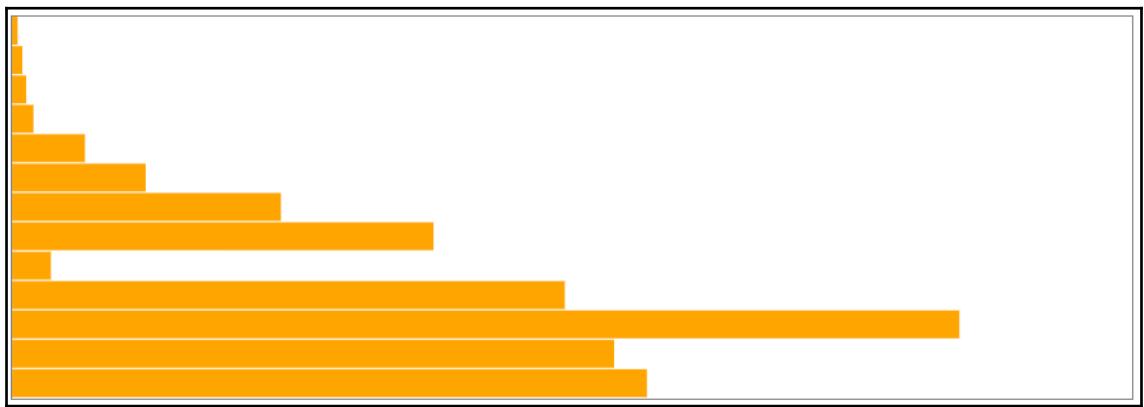
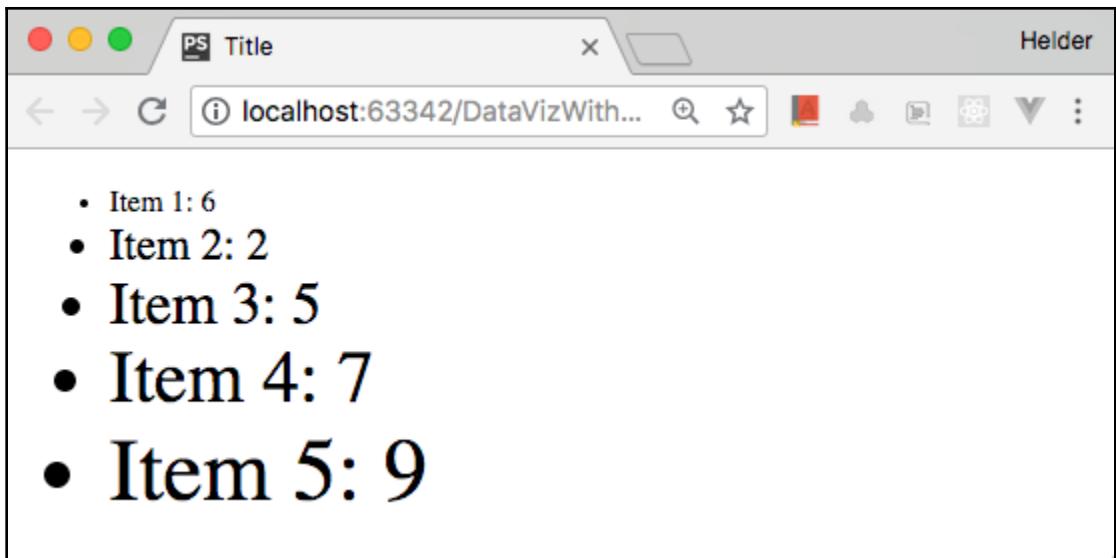
See results in console log.

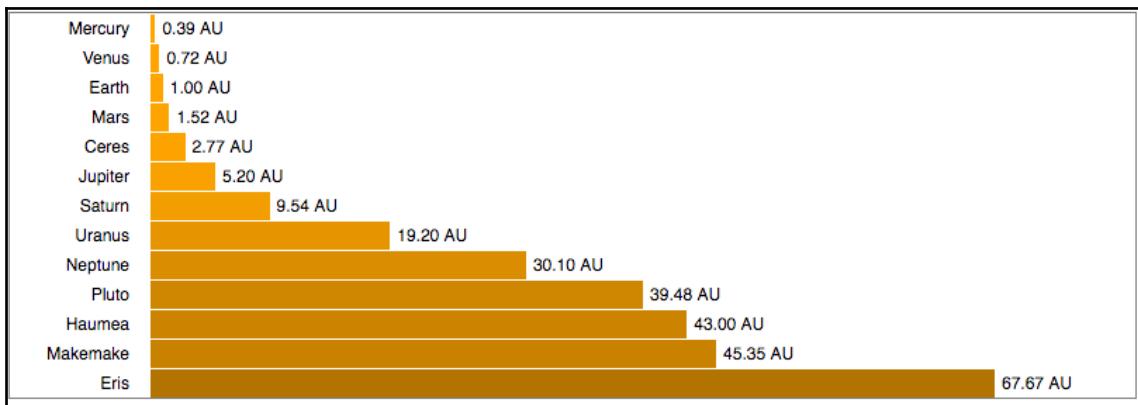
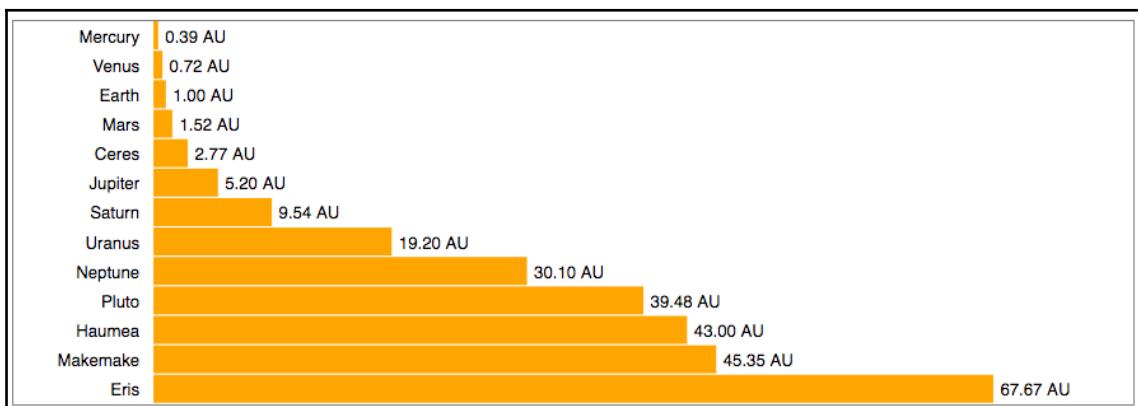
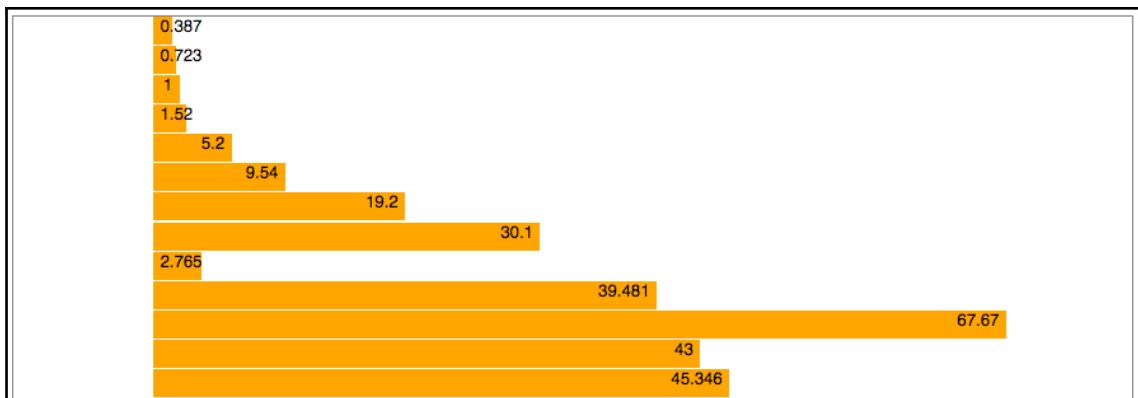
```
6
2
5
7
9
```

localhost:63342/DataVizWithJavaScriptBook/C...

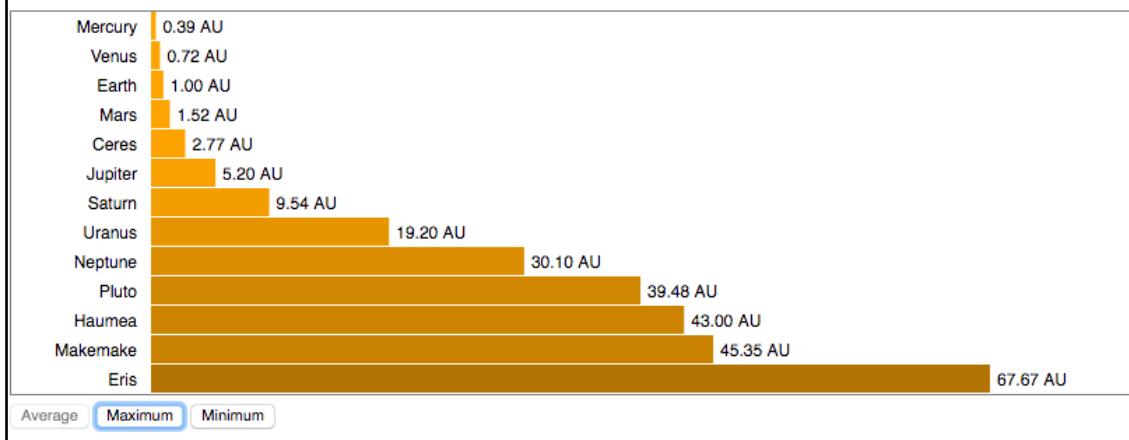
Console

```
> let numbers = [6, 2, 5, 7, 9];
< undefined
> let selection =
  d3.select("#section").selectAll("p").data(numbers);
< undefined
> selection.text(d => d);
< I {_groups: Array(1), _parents: Array(1), _enter: Array(1), _exit: Array(1)}
> let newSelection = selection.enter();
< undefined
> newSelection.append("p").text(d =>d);
< I {_groups: Array(1), _parents: Array(1)}
```

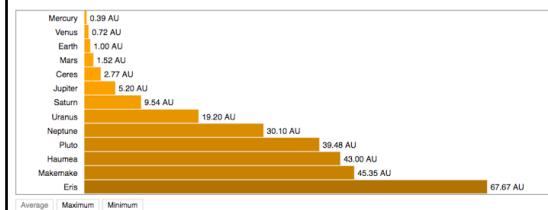




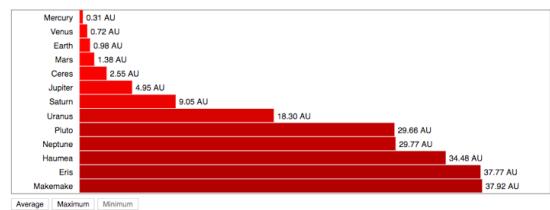
# Average distance from the Sun



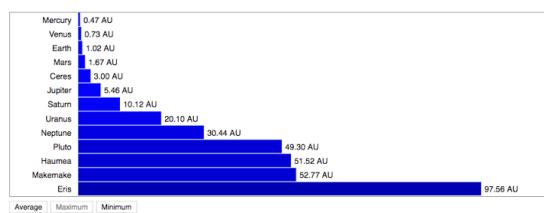
## Average distance from the Sun



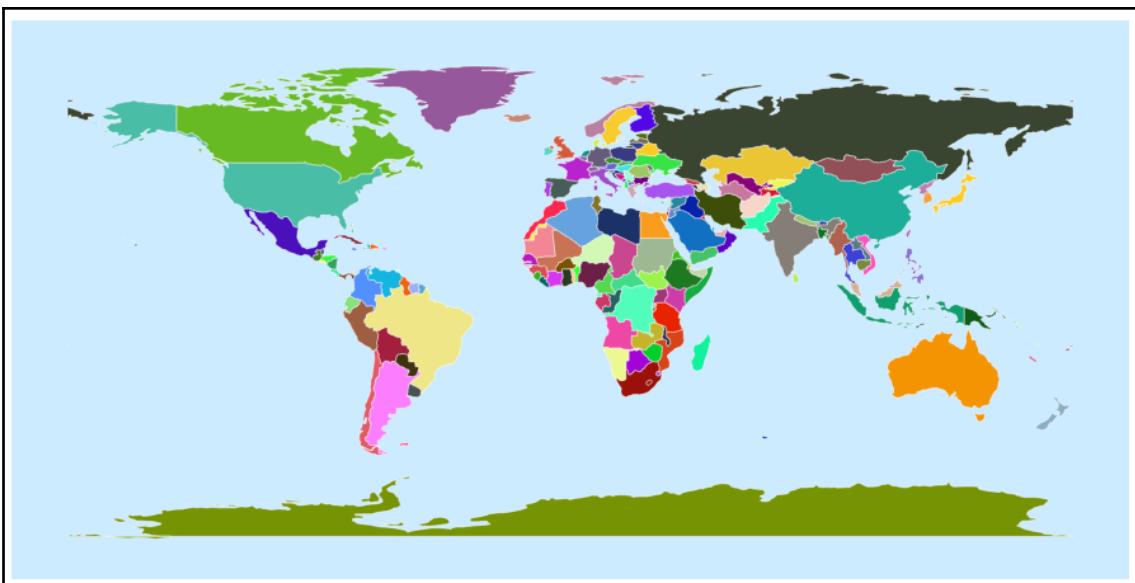
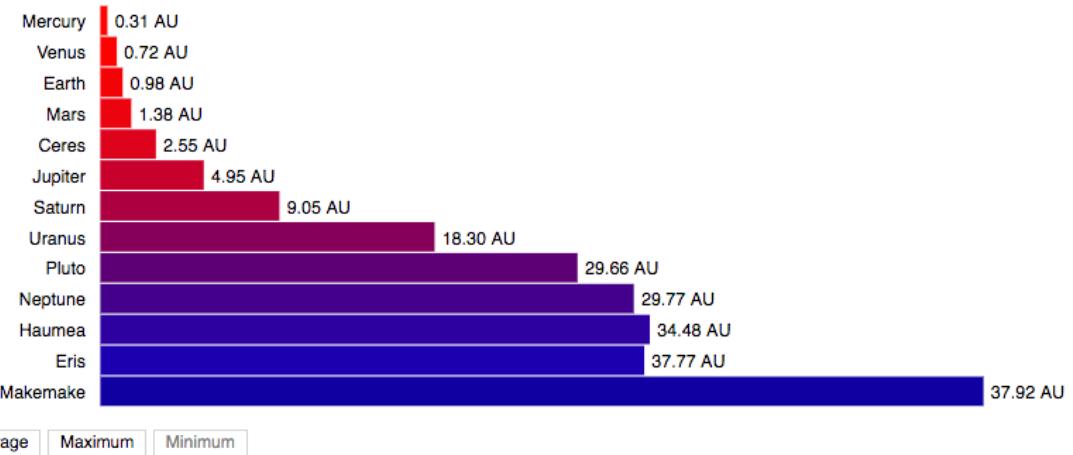
## Minimum distance from the Sun



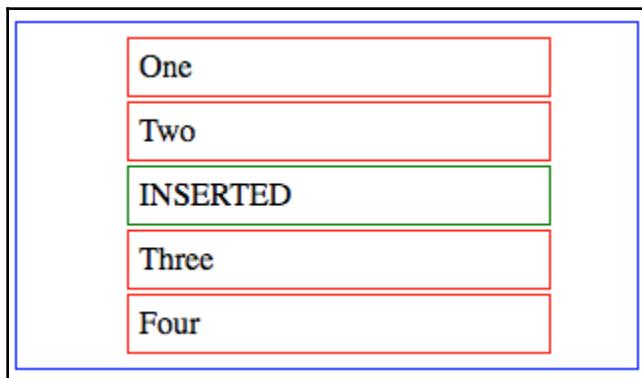
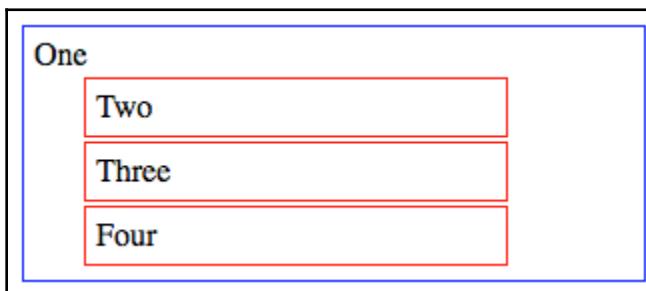
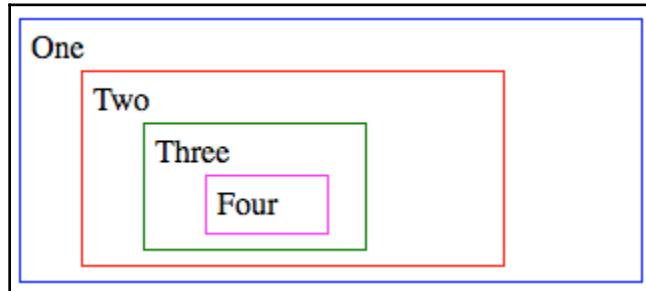
## Maximum distance from the Sun



## Minimum distance from the Sun



# Chapter 4: Data Binding



Initial data

[1,2,3,4,5]

datum: 1, i:0  
datum: 2, i:1  
datum: 3, i:2  
datum: 4, i:3  
datum: 5, i:4

key function: **index**

update: [2,4,6]

enter: [2,4,6]

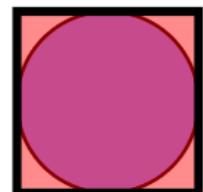
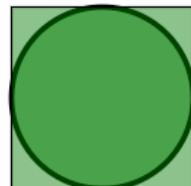
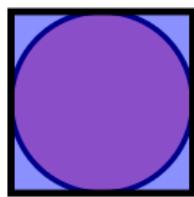
updated: 2,j:0  
updated: 4,j:1  
**updated: 6,j:2**  
datum: 4, i:3  
datum: 5, i:4  
appended: 2,j:5  
appended: 4,j:6  
appended: 6,j:7

key function: **datum**

update: [2,4,6]

enter: [2,4,6]

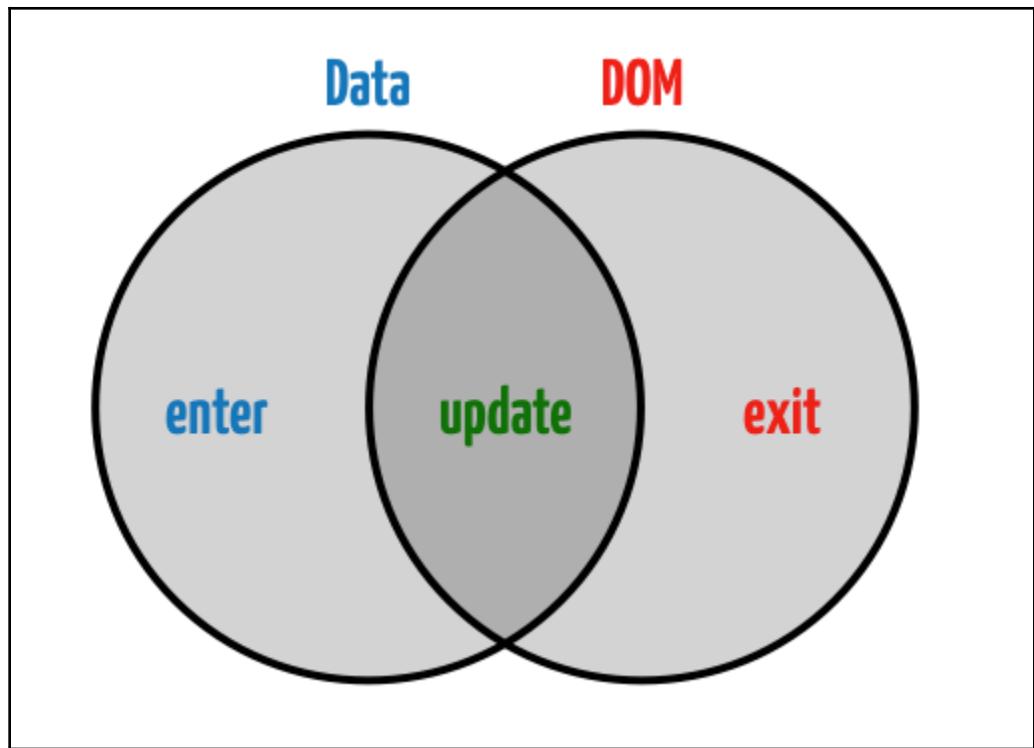
datum: 1, i:0  
**updated: 2,j:0**  
datum: 3, i:2  
**updated: 4,j:1**  
datum: 5, i:4  
**appended: 6,j:2**

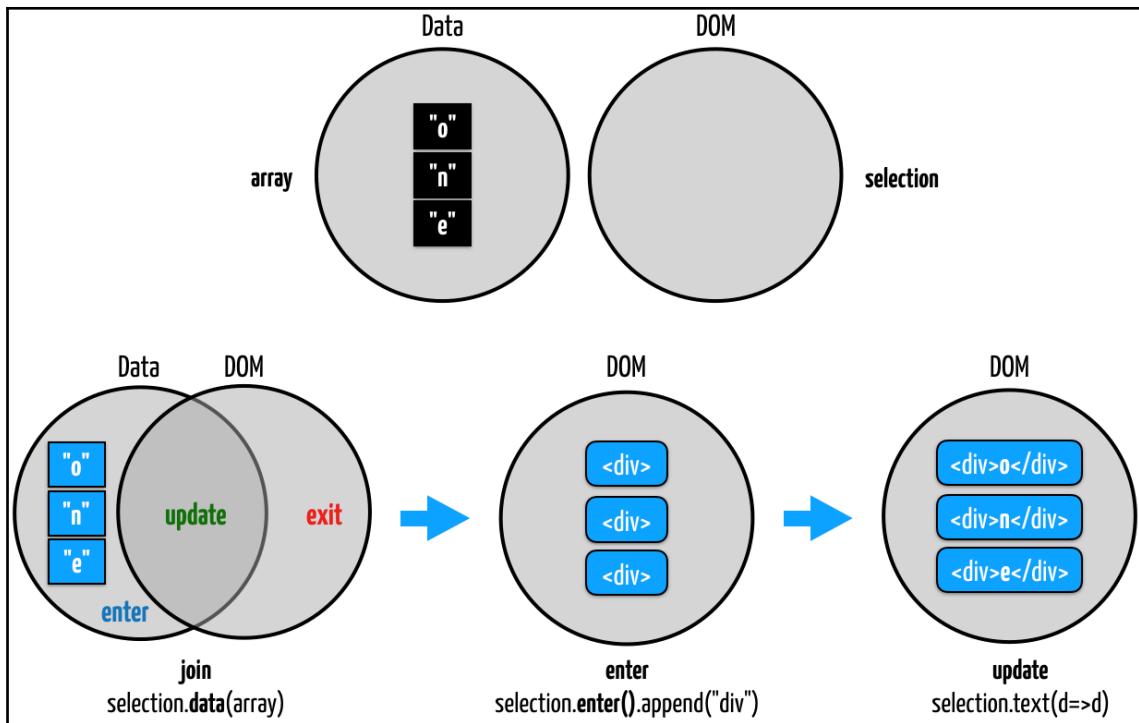


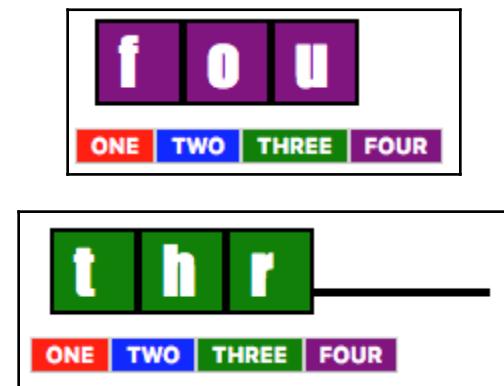
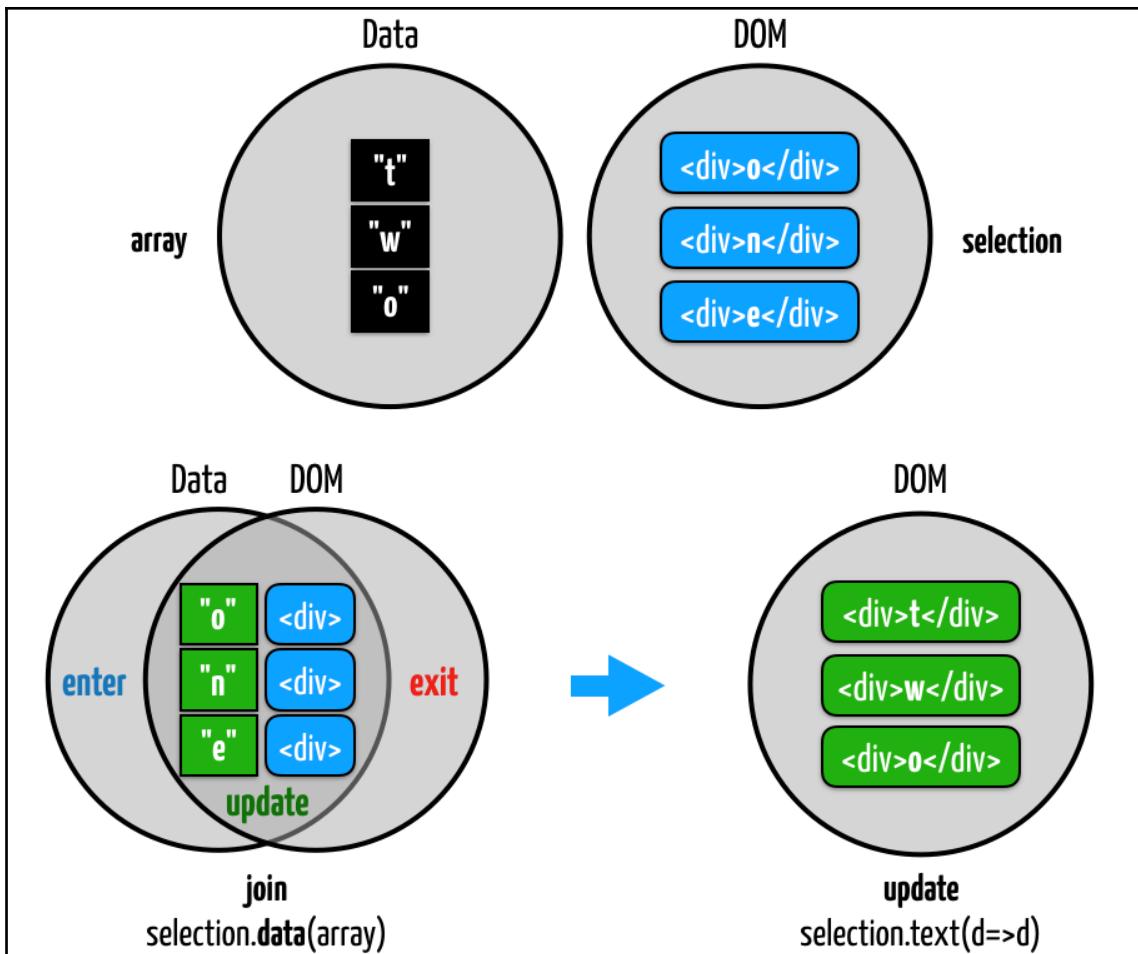
ONE TWO THREE FOUR

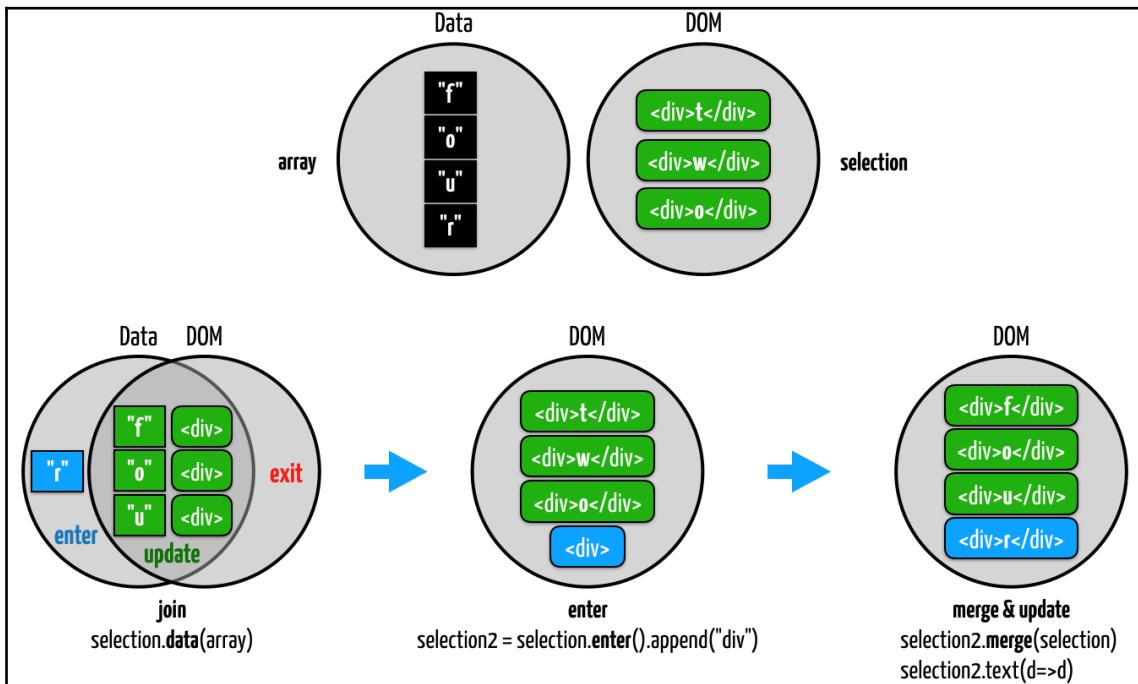
o n e

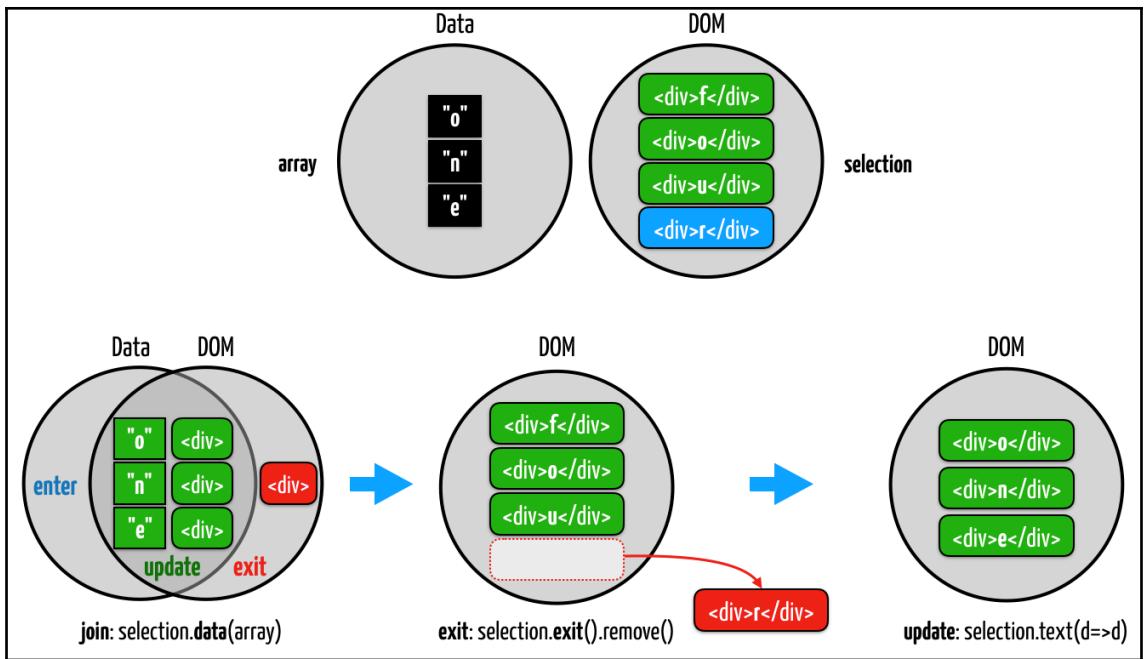
ONE TWO THREE FOUR

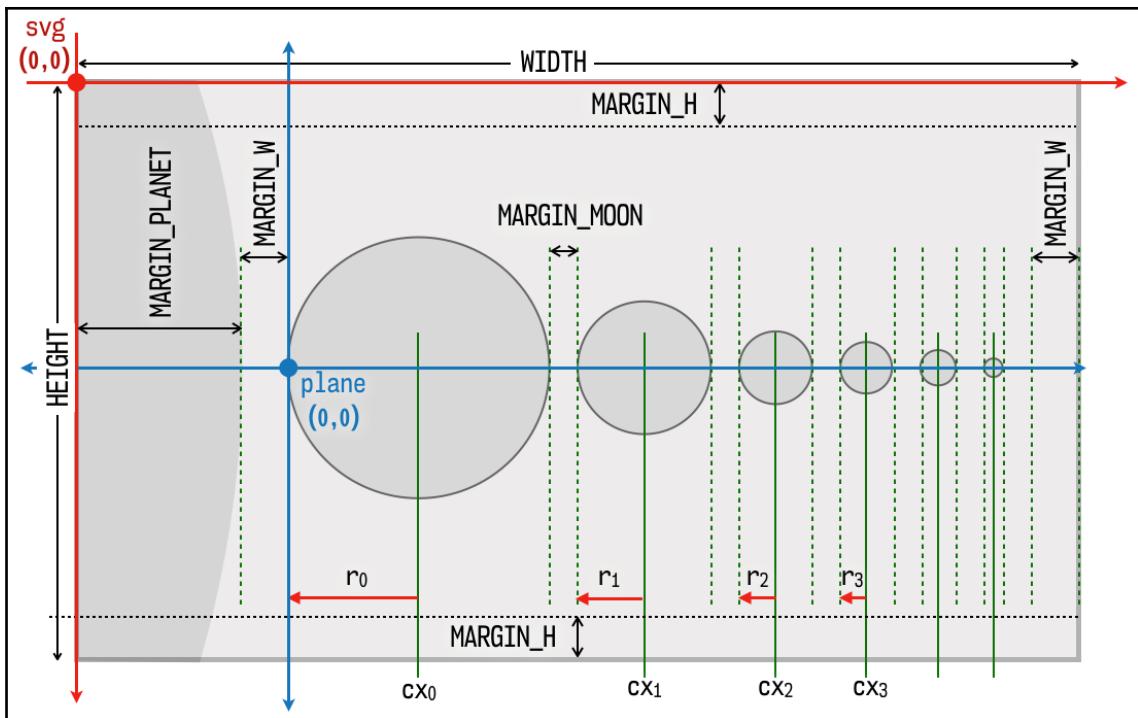












The largest moons

```

<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
  <head>
    <title>Moons</title>
    <script src="https://d3js.org/d3.v6.js"></script>
    <script src="https://d3js.org/d3-scale-chromatic.v1.js"></script>
    <script src="https://d3js.org/d3-shape.v1.js"></script>
    <script src="https://d3js.org/d3-selection-multi.v1.js"></script>
  </head>
  <body>
    <div id="chart"></div>
    <script>
      const data = [
        {id: "p3", name: "Earth", diameterKm: 12756, semiMajorAxisKm: 149600000, orbitalPeriodDays: 1, yearOfDiscovery: null, isMajor: true},
        {id: "p4", name: "Mars", diameterKm: 6794, semiMajorAxisKm: 227940000, orbitalPeriodDays: 687, yearOfDiscovery: null, isMajor: false},
        {id: "p5", name: "Jupiter", diameterKm: 142984, semiMajorAxisKm: 778540000, orbitalPeriodDays: 1295, yearOfDiscovery: null, isMajor: true},
        {id: "p6", name: "Saturn", diameterKm: 120536, semiMajorAxisKm: 1433500000, orbitalPeriodDays: 10759, yearOfDiscovery: null, isMajor: true},
        {id: "p7", name: "Uranus", diameterKm: 51118, semiMajorAxisKm: 2871000000, orbitalPeriodDays: 30687, yearOfDiscovery: null, isMajor: true},
        {id: "p8", name: "Neptune", diameterKm: 49492, semiMajorAxisKm: 4504000000, orbitalPeriodDays: 60190, yearOfDiscovery: null, isMajor: true}
      ];
    </script>
  </body>
</html>

```

The screenshot shows a browser window titled "Moons" displaying the data array in the developer tools' console. The array contains six objects, each representing a celestial body with properties: id, name, diameterKm, semiMajorAxisKm, orbitalPeriodDays, yearOfDiscovery, and isMajor.

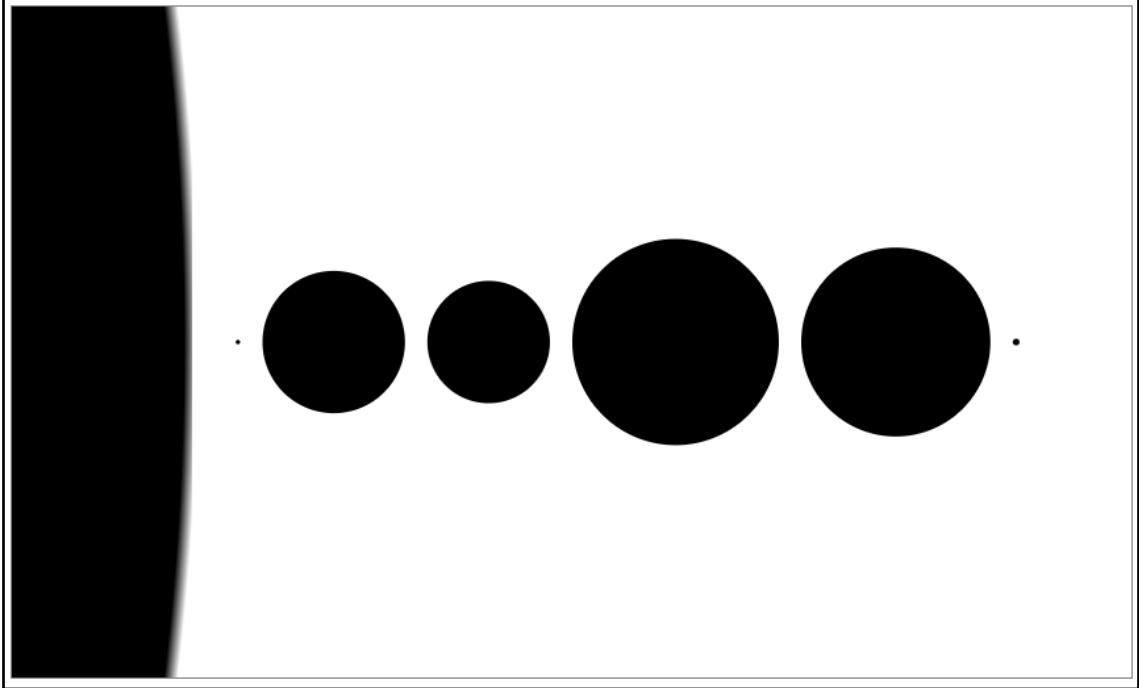
```

[{"id": "p3", "name": "Earth", "diameterKm": 12756, "semiMajorAxisKm": 149600000, "orbitalPeriodDays": 1, "yearOfDiscovery": null, "isMajor": true}, {"id": "p4", "name": "Mars", "diameterKm": 6794, "semiMajorAxisKm": 227940000, "orbitalPeriodDays": 687, "yearOfDiscovery": null, "isMajor": false}, {"id": "p5", "name": "Jupiter", "diameterKm": 142984, "semiMajorAxisKm": 778540000, "orbitalPeriodDays": 1295, "yearOfDiscovery": null, "isMajor": true}, {"id": "p6", "name": "Saturn", "diameterKm": 120536, "semiMajorAxisKm": 1433500000, "orbitalPeriodDays": 10759, "yearOfDiscovery": null, "isMajor": true}, {"id": "p7", "name": "Uranus", "diameterKm": 51118, "semiMajorAxisKm": 2871000000, "orbitalPeriodDays": 30687, "yearOfDiscovery": null, "isMajor": true}, {"id": "p8", "name": "Neptune", "diameterKm": 49492, "semiMajorAxisKm": 4504000000, "orbitalPeriodDays": 60190, "yearOfDiscovery": null, "isMajor": true}]
  
```

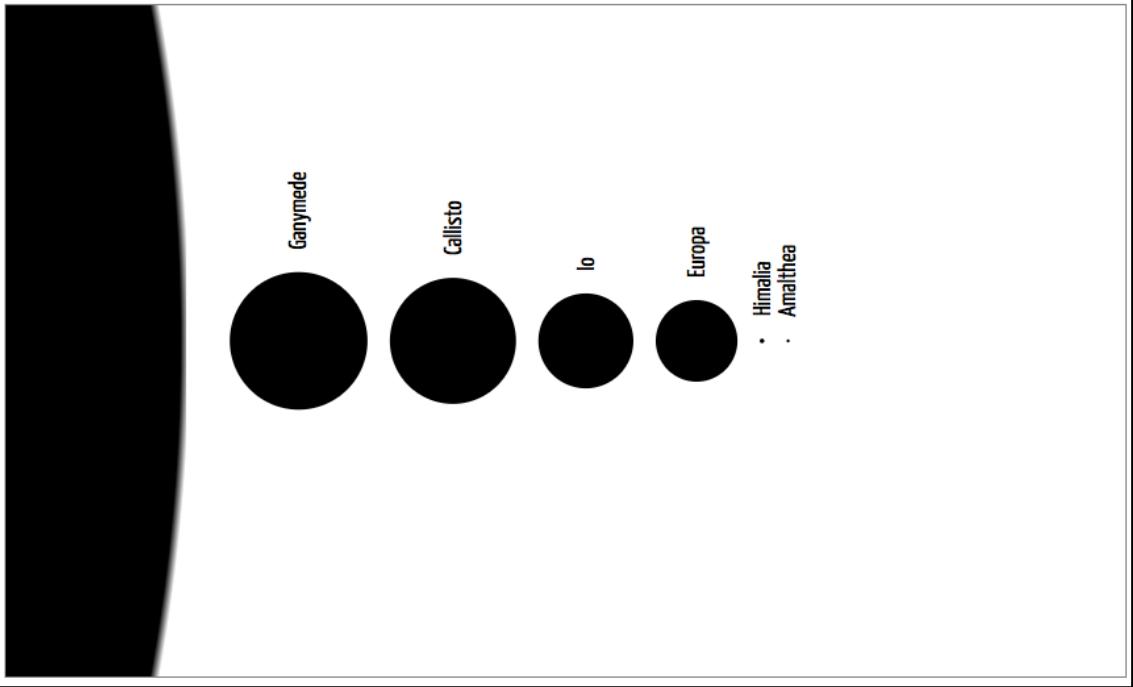
## **The largest moons of Jupiter**



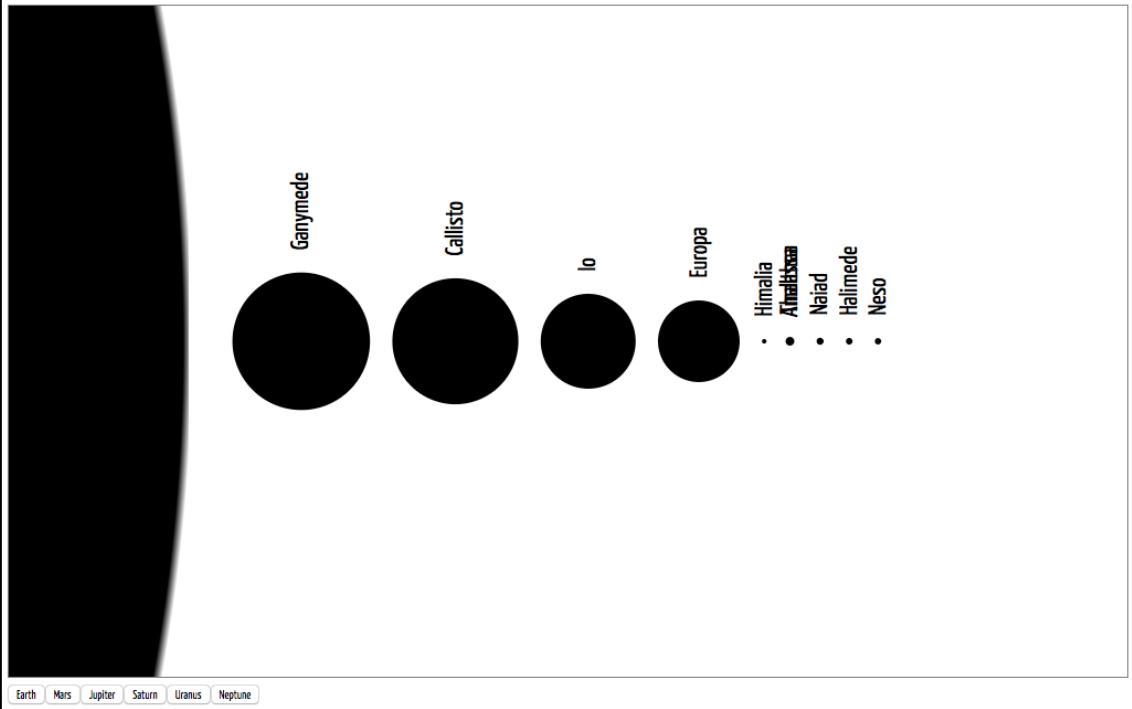
## The largest moons of Jupiter



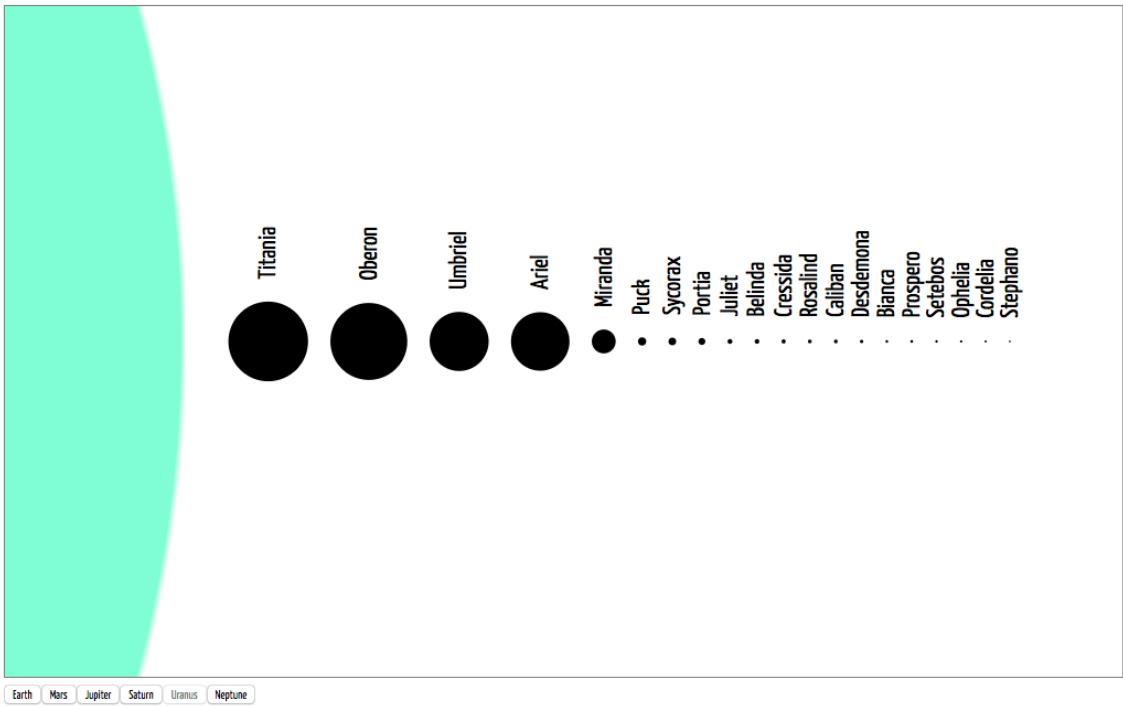
## The largest moons of Jupiter



## The largest moons of Neptune

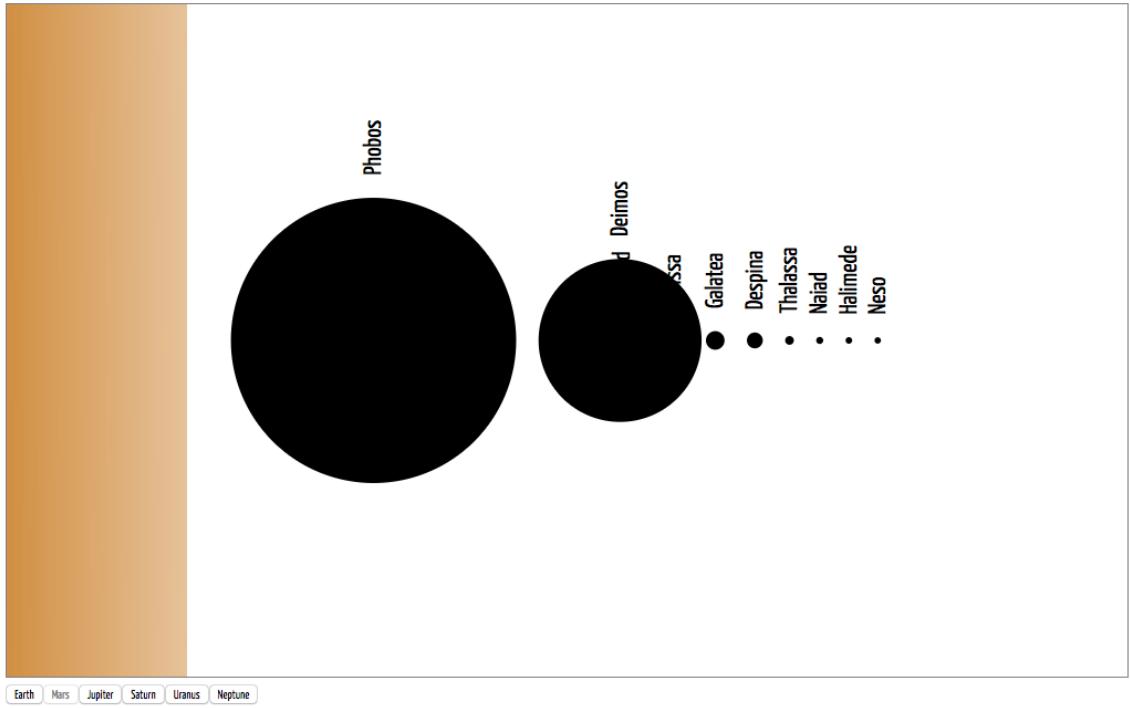


## The largest moons of Uranus

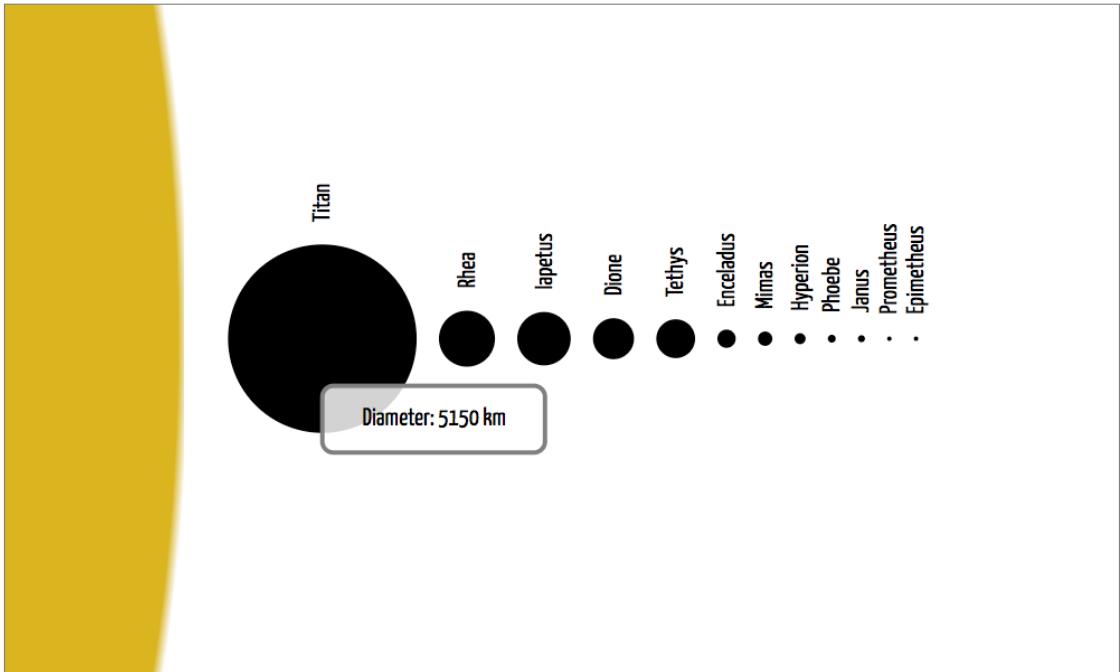


Earth Mars Jupiter Saturn Uranus Neptune

## The largest moons of Mars

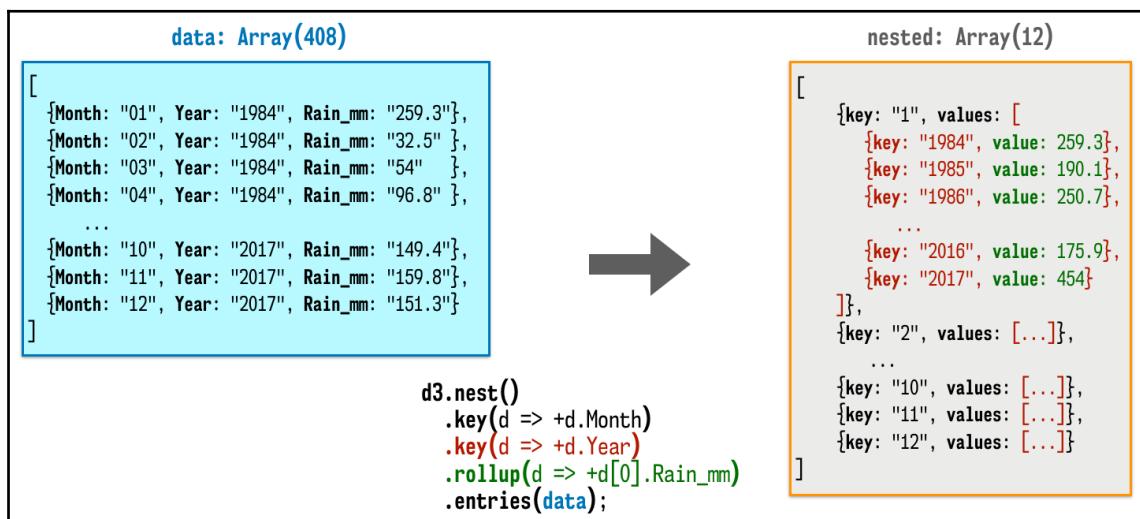
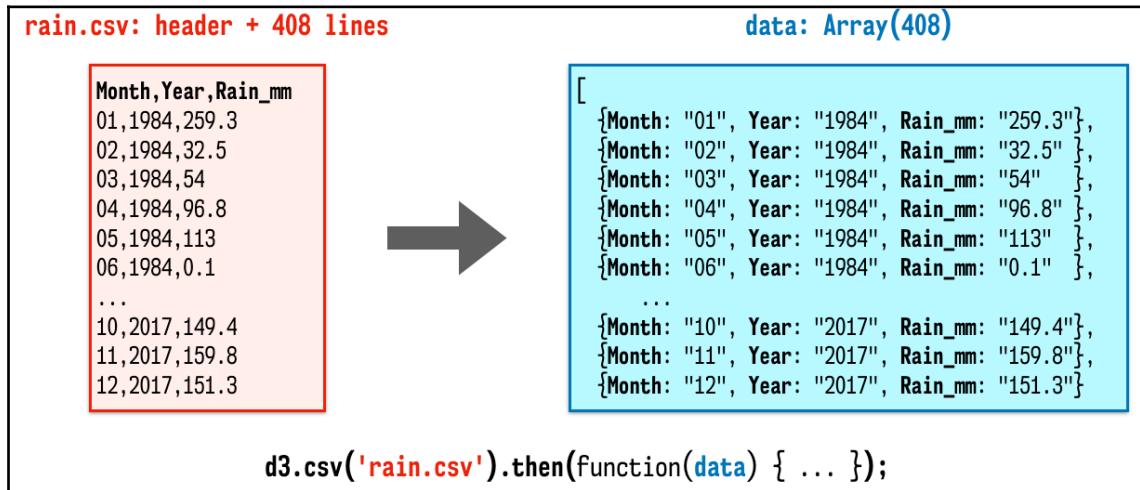


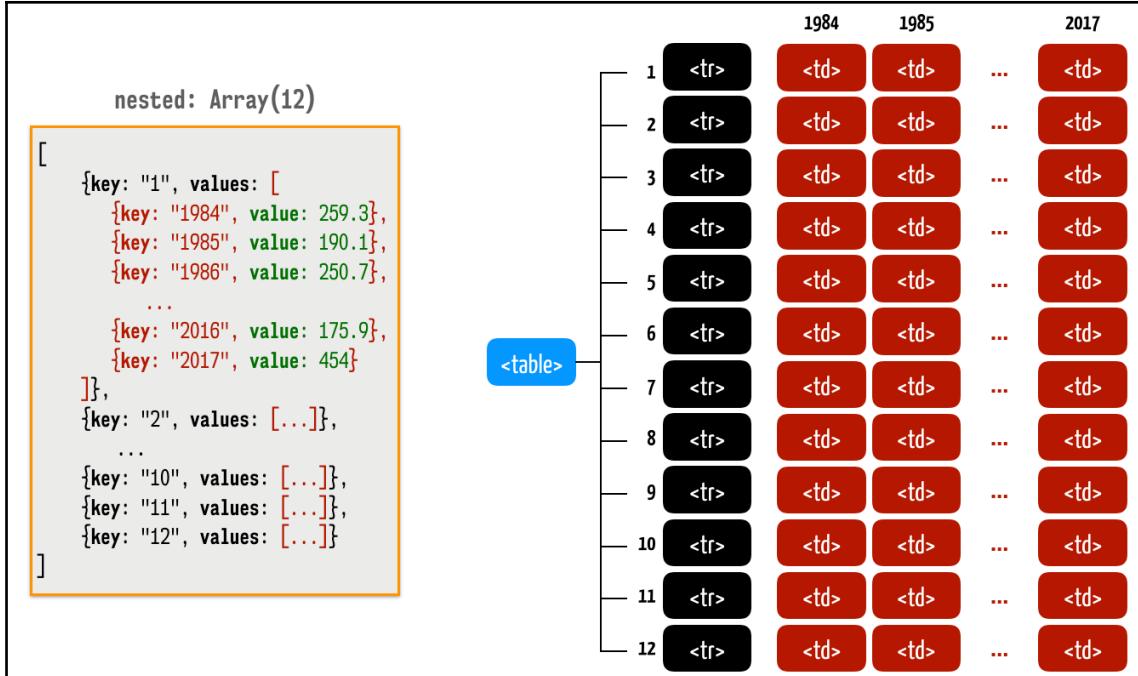
## The largest moons of Saturn



Earth Mars Jupiter Saturn Uranus Neptune

# Chapter 5: Manipulating Data and Formatting



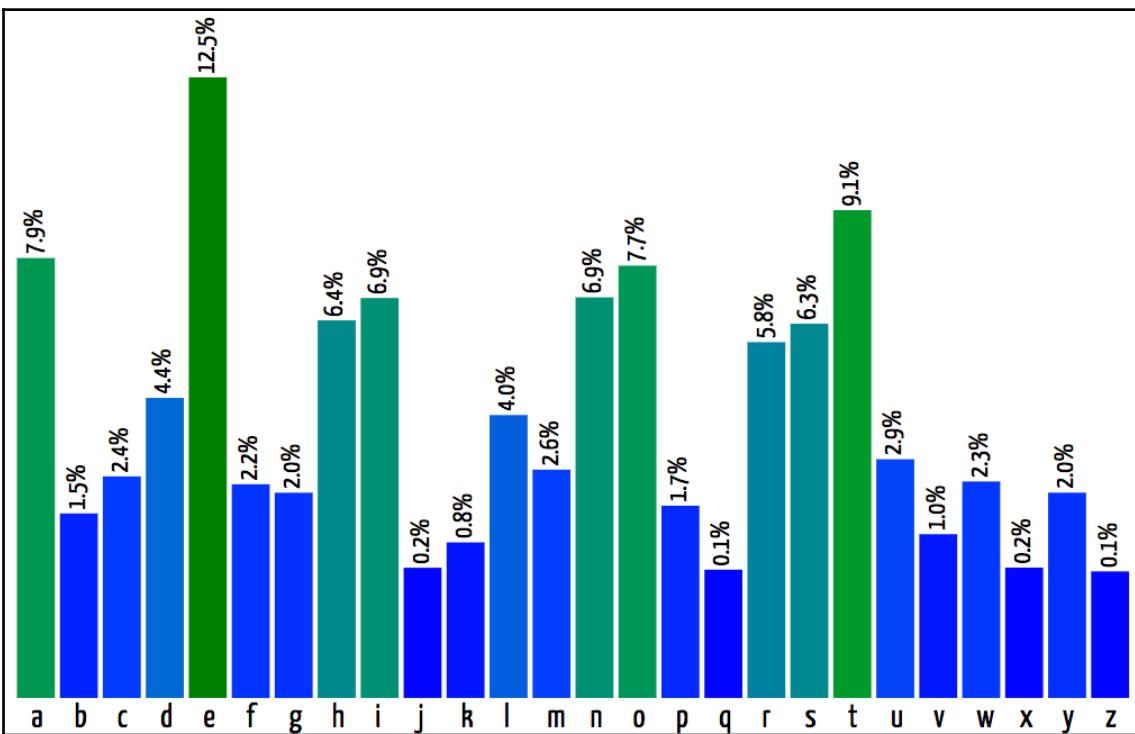


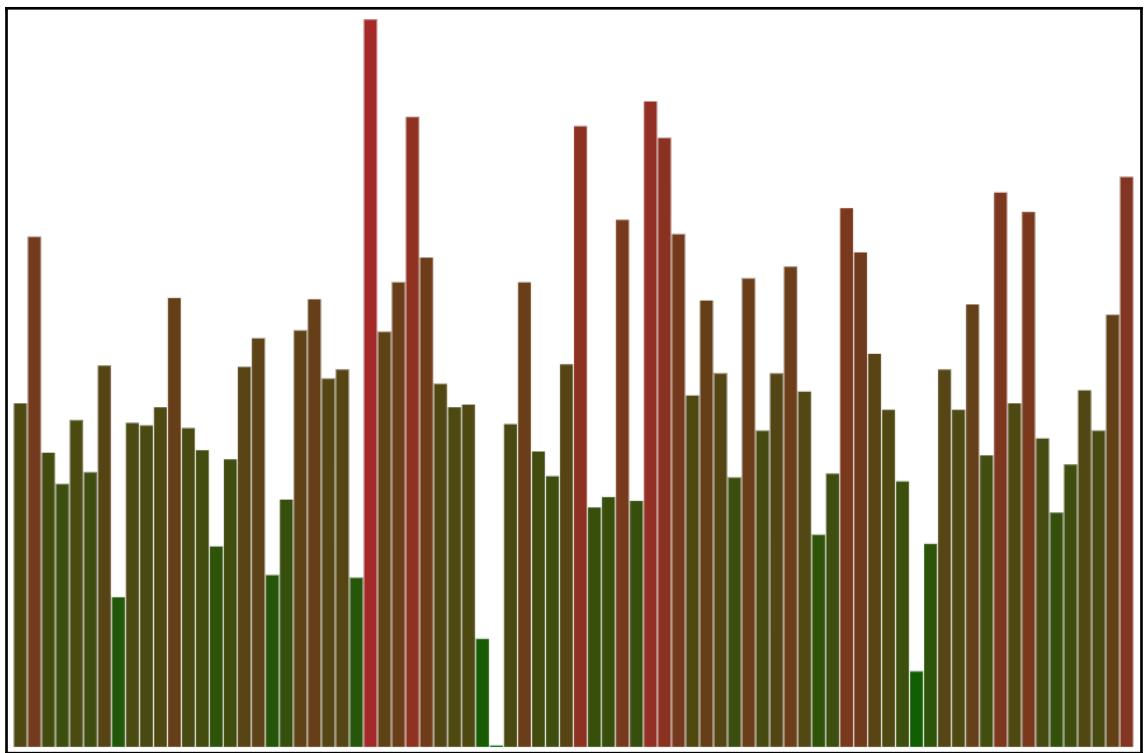
259.3	190.1	250.7	442.3	293.4	359.2	280.7	270.7	203.4	248.7	231.9	379	354.9	313.3	200.6	319.1	328.3	144.2	284.8	317.2	284.5	312.1	348	213.5	318.5	351.8	480.5	493.7	332.6	169.2	237.9	156.2	175.9	454
32.5	281.4	268.4	177.5	284.7	326.5	152.8	358	184	265.6	170.8	445.5	305.6	181.1	394.2	369.8	246.6	290.1	172.5	109.4	335.6	99.9	166	285.9	236.3	200.2	296.5	311.5	224.2	278	197.6	273	275.1	127.3
54	166.9	230.6	178.5	203.6	185.1	228.8	451.3	273.7	92.5	252.3	304.1	396.8	76	252.9	187.3	100.1	138.5	326.5	126.5	130.7	286.6	607.9	185.4	180.8	125.7	184.5	164	187.6	174.5	226.9	332.7	256.6	160.4
96.8	31.4	84.9	91.5	173.4	96.2	77.1	169	59.3	118.4	99.9	64.9	81.7	71.6	92.8	35.8	6.3	32.9	53.5	45.6	123.4	133.2	51.1	124.8	96.6	69.6	124.5	133	155.9	70.7	79.7	108.1	2.4	143.1
113	107.2	84.6	241.2	210.8	30.4	52.8	34.2	71.4	101.2	40.7	74.4	33.1	75	130	35.5	9.3	86.1	93	33.1	60.1	199	15	59	80.3	50	65.2	30.4	82.7	42.5	46	50.7	105.7	153.4
0.1	14.2	2.4	195.9	58.8	44.4	39.2	85.8	18.6	57.5	31.9	58.7	54.1	122.5	16.1	84.3	12.2	24.5	1.3	16	66.8	30.4	24.2	30.7	78.2	49.8	13.1	81.6	233.7	143.2	9.7	20.3	206.8	102.9
26.7	0.6	28.1	10.7	2.2	144.7	121	26.2	39.1	15.2	26.1	47.1	7.2	10	10.1	25.6	65.6	41	22.9	19	97.4	13.7	71	148.3	0	179.7	93.5	4.5	74.7	90.9	21.4	65.1	6.4	0.8
110.6	21.6	97.2	17.4	2.6	32.3	49.6	39.3	25.8	52.1	3.1	16.7	31.6	22.3	42.5	1.4	86.3	32.8	46.4	25.3	2.7	9.5	5.8	0	78.5	102.8	0.4	46.3	0.3	7.7	29.6	31.6	82.4	60.5
162.5	110.1	34.7	59.2	34.7	82.2	96.1	65.6	180.6	206.7	1.3	41.5	178.9	140.9	95	80.1	111.1	88.5	54.8	34.5	9.3	138.8	77.7	15.7	43.9	192.2	104.8	7.4	19.2	81.3	58.7	201.7	22.2	11.1
31.1	11.2	43.9	89.9	170.1	65.4	117.6	153.9	177.5	148.5	126.8	229.9	154	96.1	216.4	62	59	204.3	124.9	126.7	97.4	172.1	100.4	109.3	161.4	154.5	70.1	149.6	128.3	126.6	25.2	92.1	104.1	149.4
140	86	155.6	96.1	85.7	82.4	76	48	213.8	96.2	122.8	97.7	93.9	220.1	38.6	101.4	186	185.2	226.5	99.3	173.6	106.1	230.7	219.9	165.1	177.3	109.6	141.3	91.6	123.6	117.5	247.2	166.8	159.8
139.6	176.3	383.2	146.3	279.6	121.7	124.7	220.6	201	180.3	311.1	202	331.4	255.4	241.2	74.6	249.7	187	235.3	139.8	262.9	228.2	311.5	230.9	220.2	363.7	343.1	136.8	401.9	83.1	203.1	318.1	165.4	151.3

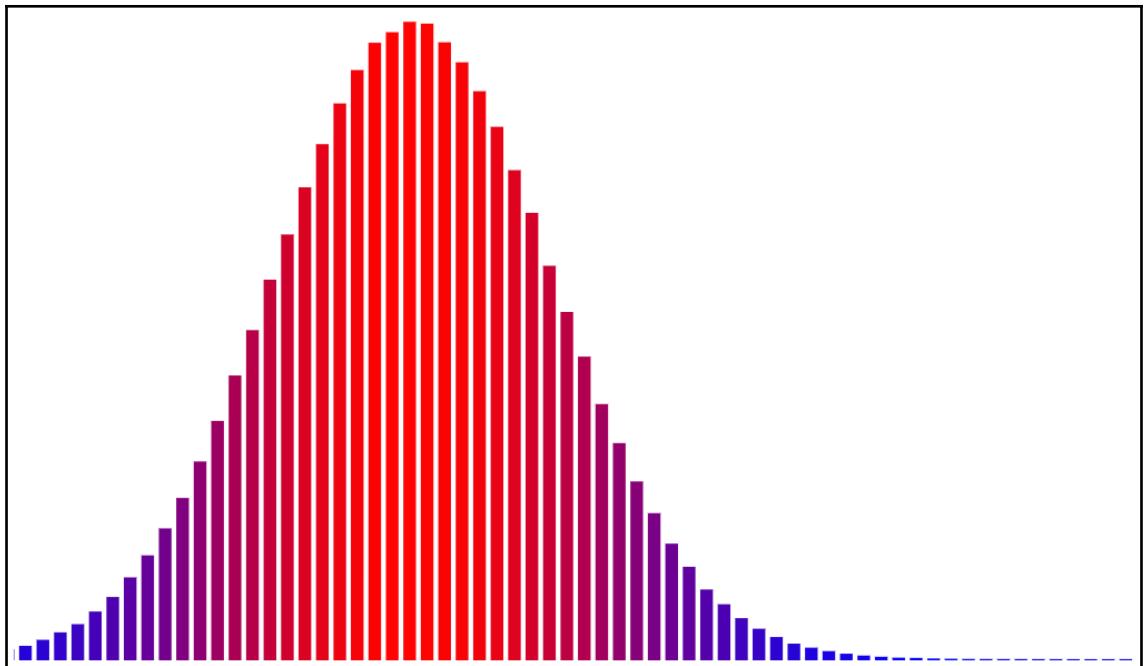
Rainfall in São Paulo, Brazil (in mm) from 1984 to 2017

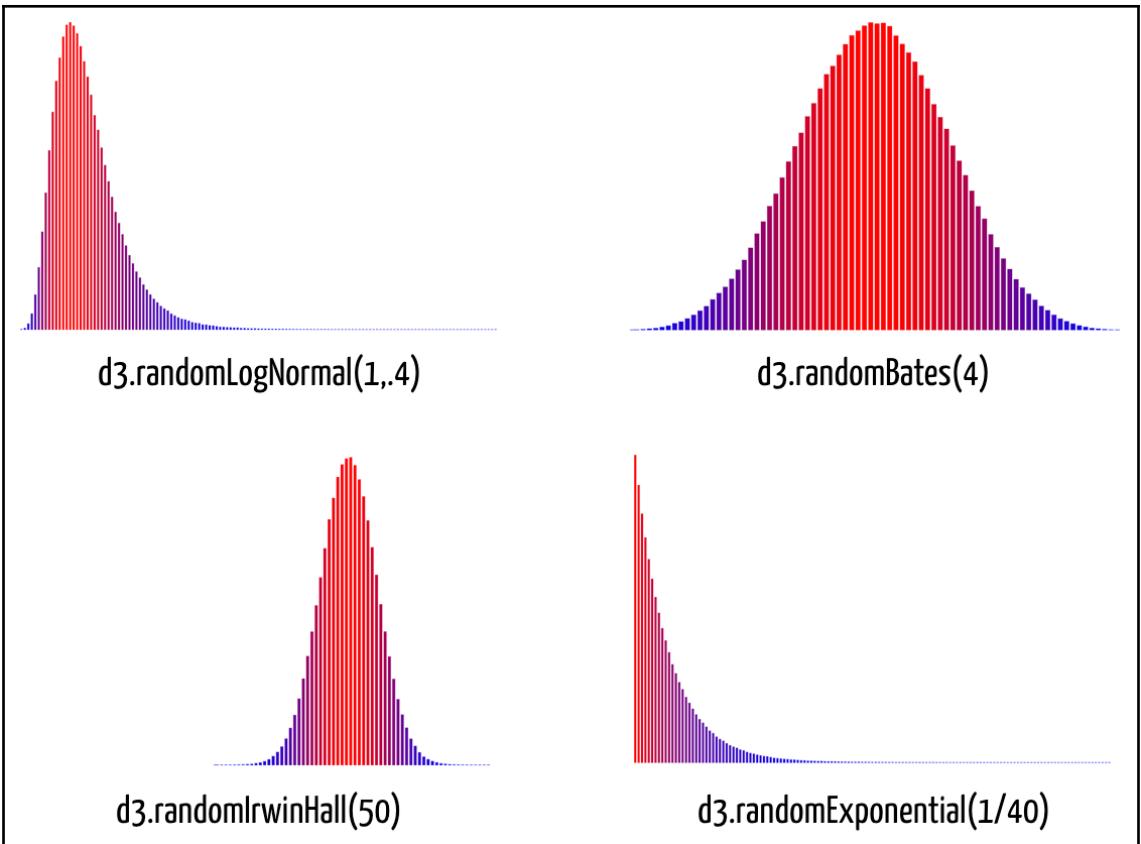
	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Jan	253.3	190.1	250.7	442.3	293.4	359.2	280.7	270.7	203.4	248.7	231.9	379	354.9	313.3	200.6	319.1	328.3	144.2	284.8	317.2	284.5	312.1	348	213.5	318.5	351.8	480.5	493.1	332.6	159.2	237.9	156.2	175.9	454
Feb	32.5	281.4	268.4	177.5	284.7	326.5	152.8	358	184	265.6	170.8	445.5	305.6	181.1	394.2	369.8	246.6	291.1	172.5	109.4	335.6	99.9	166	285.9	236.3	200.2	296.5	311.5	224.2	278	197.6	273	275.1	127.3
Mar	54	166.9	230.6	178.5	203.6	185.1	228.8	451.3	273.7	92.5	252.3	304.1	396.8	76	252.9	187.3	100.1	138.5	326.5	126.5	130.7	286.6	607.9	185.4	180.8	125.7	184.5	164	187.6	174.5	226.9	332.7	256.6	160.4
Apr	98.8	31.4	84.9	91.5	173.4	96.2	77.1	189	59.3	118.4	99.9	64.9	81.7	71.6	92.8	35.8	6.3	32.9	53.5	45.6	123.4	133.2	51.1	124.8	96.6	69.6	124.5	133	155.9	70.7	79.7	108.1	2.4	143.1
May	113	107.2	84.5	241.2	210.8	30.4	52.8	34.2	71.4	101.2	40.7	74.4	33.1	75	130	35.5	9.3	86.1	93	33.1	60.1	199	15	59	80.3	50	65.2	30.4	82.7	42.5	46	50.7	105.7	153.4
Jun	0.1	14.2	2.4	195.9	58.8	44.4	39.2	85.8	18.6	57.5	31.9	58.7	54.1	122.5	16.1	84.3	12.2	24.5	1.3	16	66.8	30.4	24.2	30.7	78.2	49.8	13.1	81.6	233.7	143.2	9.7	20.3	206.8	102.9
Jul	26.7	0.6	28.1	10.7	2.2	144.7	121	26.2	39.1	15.2	26.1	47.1	7.2	10	10.1	25.6	65.6	41	22.9	19	97.4	13.7	71	148.3	0	179.7	93.5	4.5	74.7	90.9	21.4	65.1	6.4	0.8
Aug	110.6	21.6	97.2	17.4	2.6	32.3	49.6	39.3	25.8	52.1	3.1	16.7	31.6	22.3	42.5	1.4	86.3	32.8	46.4	25.3	2.7	9.5	5.8	0	78.5	102.8	0.4	46.3	0.3	7.7	29.6	31.6	82.4	60.5
Sep	162.5	110.1	34.7	59.2	34.7	82.2	96.1	65.6	180.6	206.7	1.3	41.5	178.9	140.9	95	80.1	111.1	88.5	54.8	34.5	9.3	138.8	77.7	15.7	43.9	192.2	104.8	7.4	19.2	81.3	58.7	201.7	22.2	111
Oct	31.1	11.2	43.9	89.9	170.1	65.4	117.6	153.9	177.5	148.5	126.8	229.9	154	96.1	216.4	62	59	204.3	124.9	126.7	97.4	172.1	100.4	109.3	161.4	154.5	70.1	149.6	128.3	126.6	25.2	92.1	104.1	149.4
Nov	140	86	155.6	96.1	85.7	82.4	76	48	231.8	96.2	122.8	97.7	93.9	220.1	38.6	101.4	186	185.2	226.5	99.3	173.6	106.1	230.7	219.9	165.1	177.3	109.6	141.3	91.6	123.6	117.5	247.2	166.8	159.8
Dec	139.6	176.3	383.2	146.3	279.6	121.7	124.7	220.6	201	180.3	3111	202	331.4	255.4	241.2	74.6	249.7	187	235.3	139.8	262.9	228.2	311.5	230.9	220.2	363.7	343.1	136.8	401.9	83.1	203.1	318.1	165.4	151.3

source: [imel.gov.br](http://imel.gov.br)

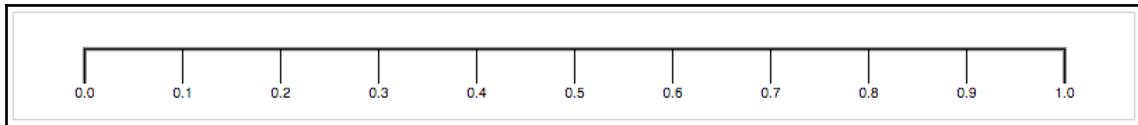
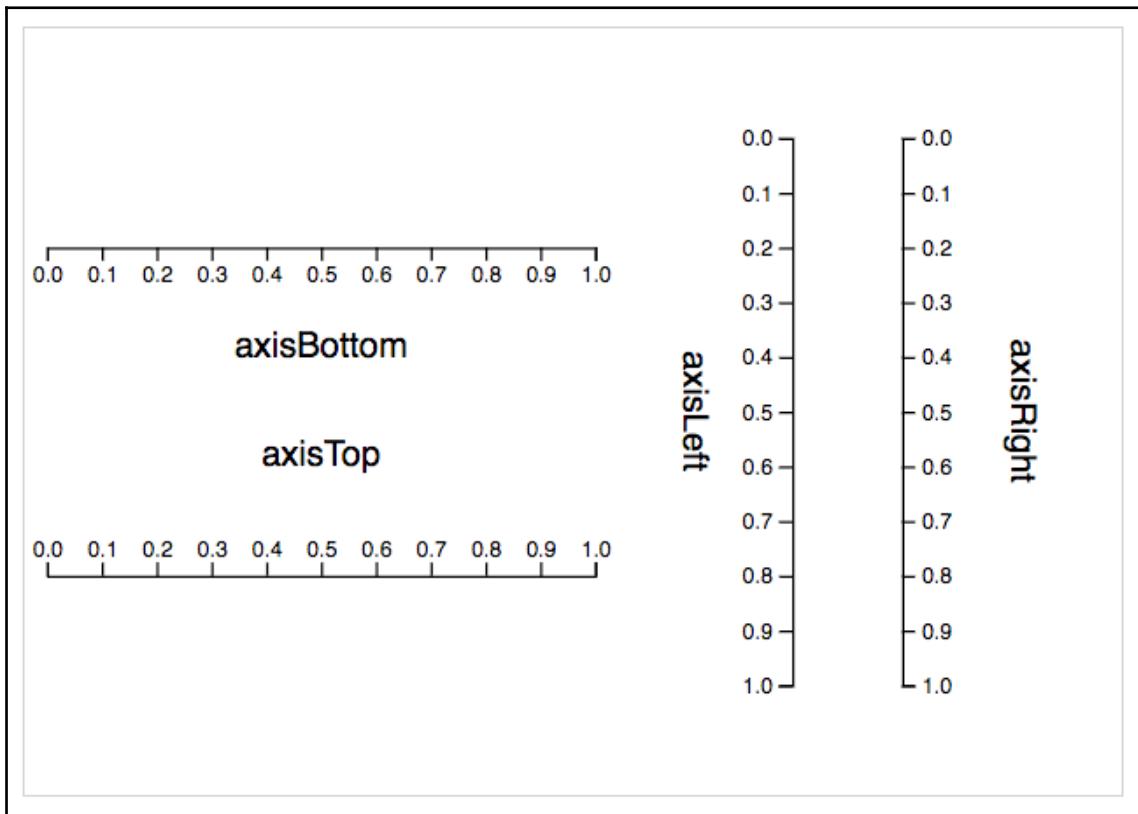
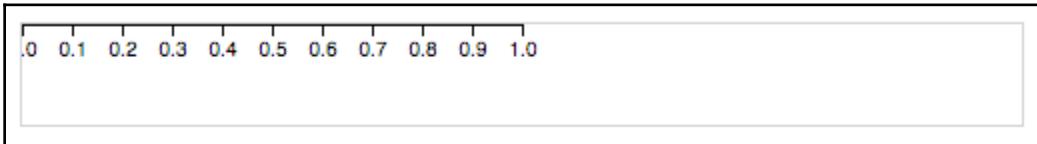


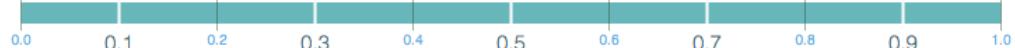
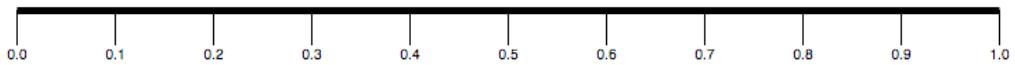
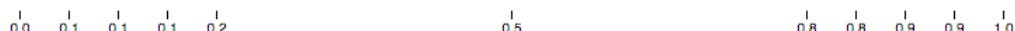
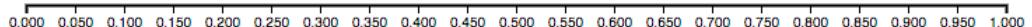
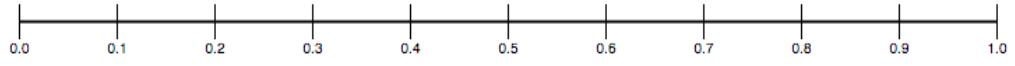
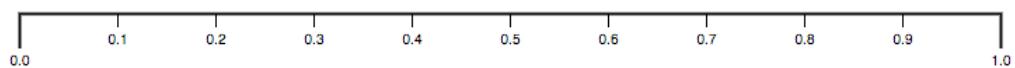


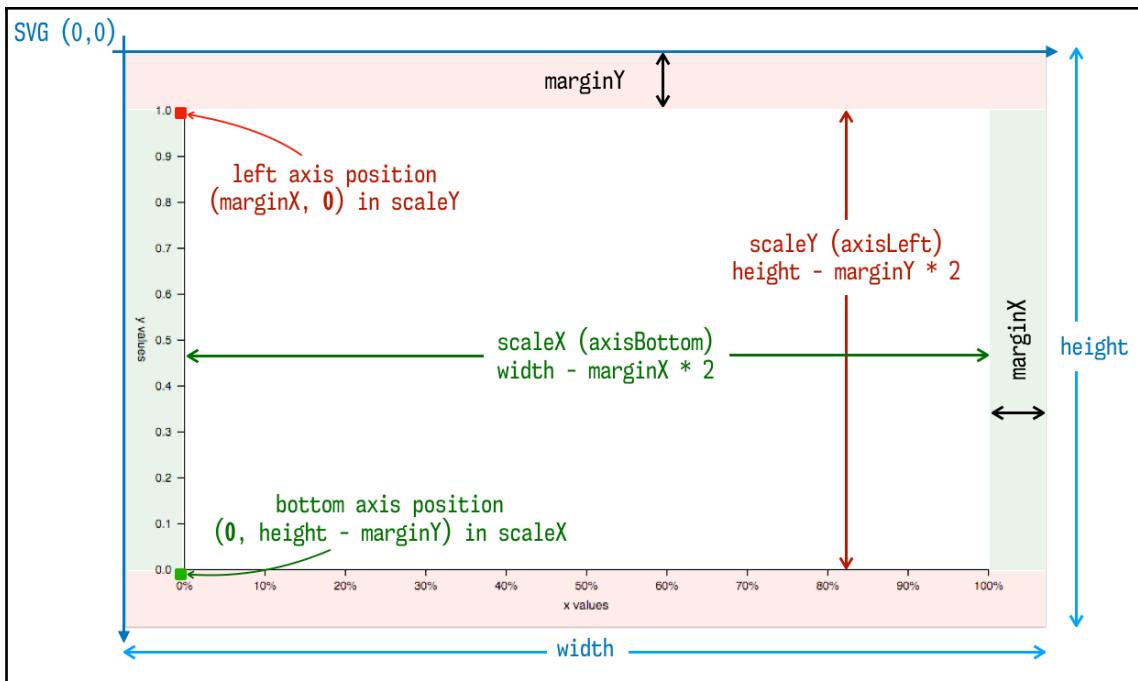


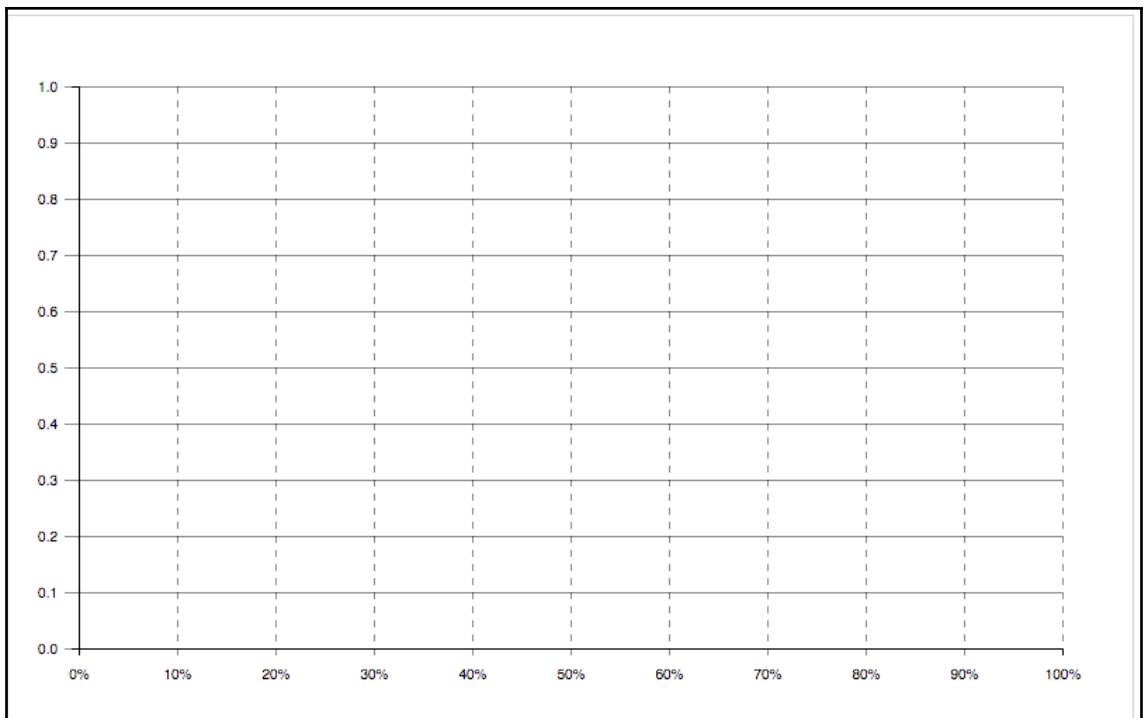


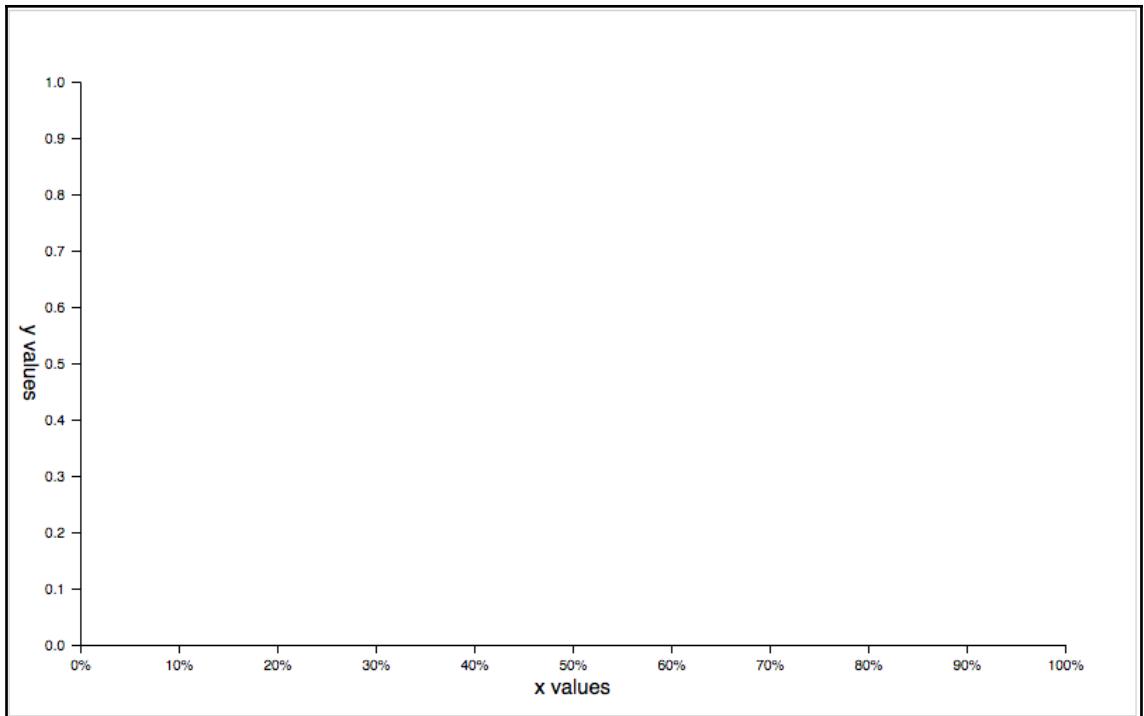
# Chapter 6: Scales, Axes, and Colors

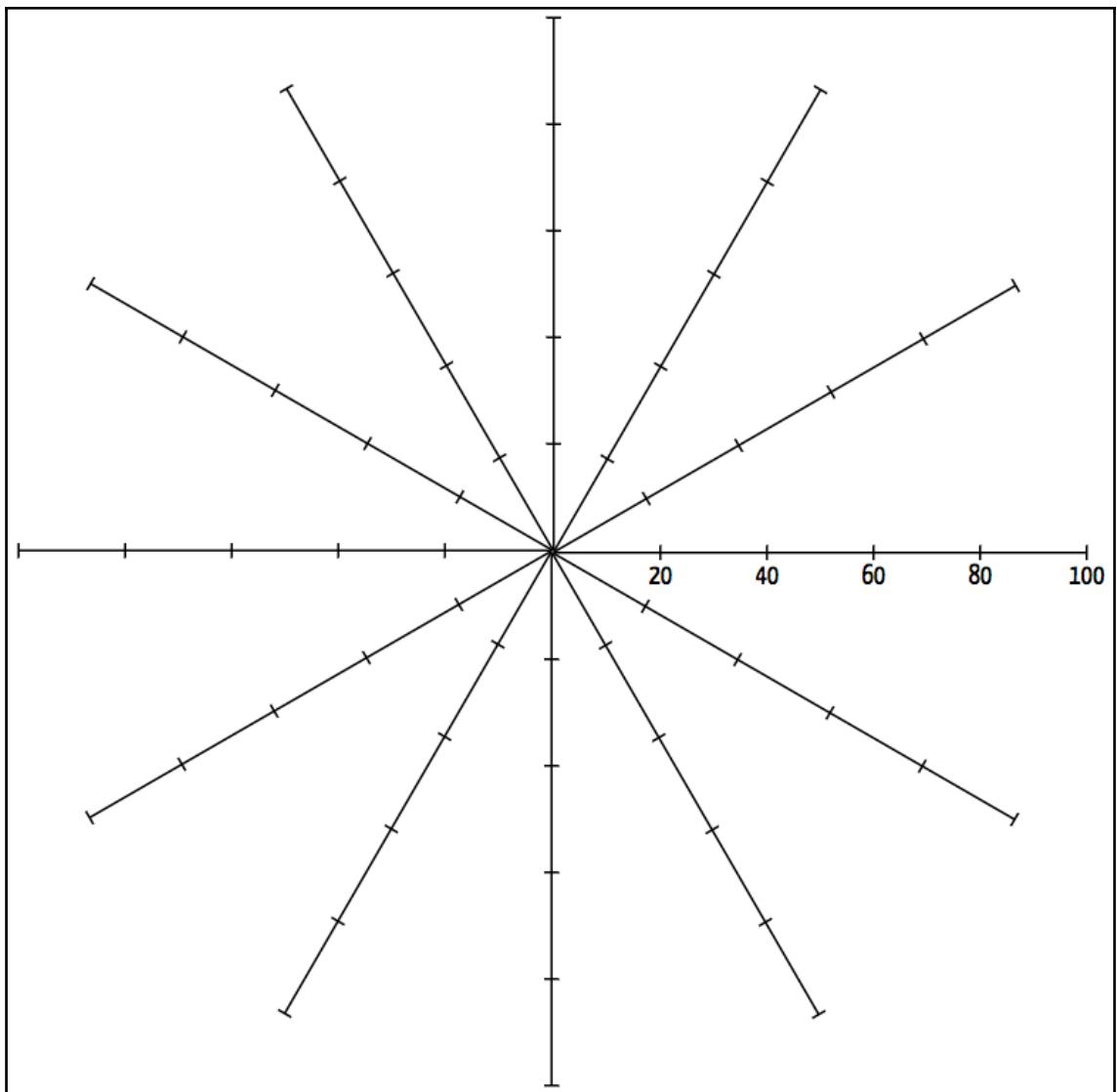


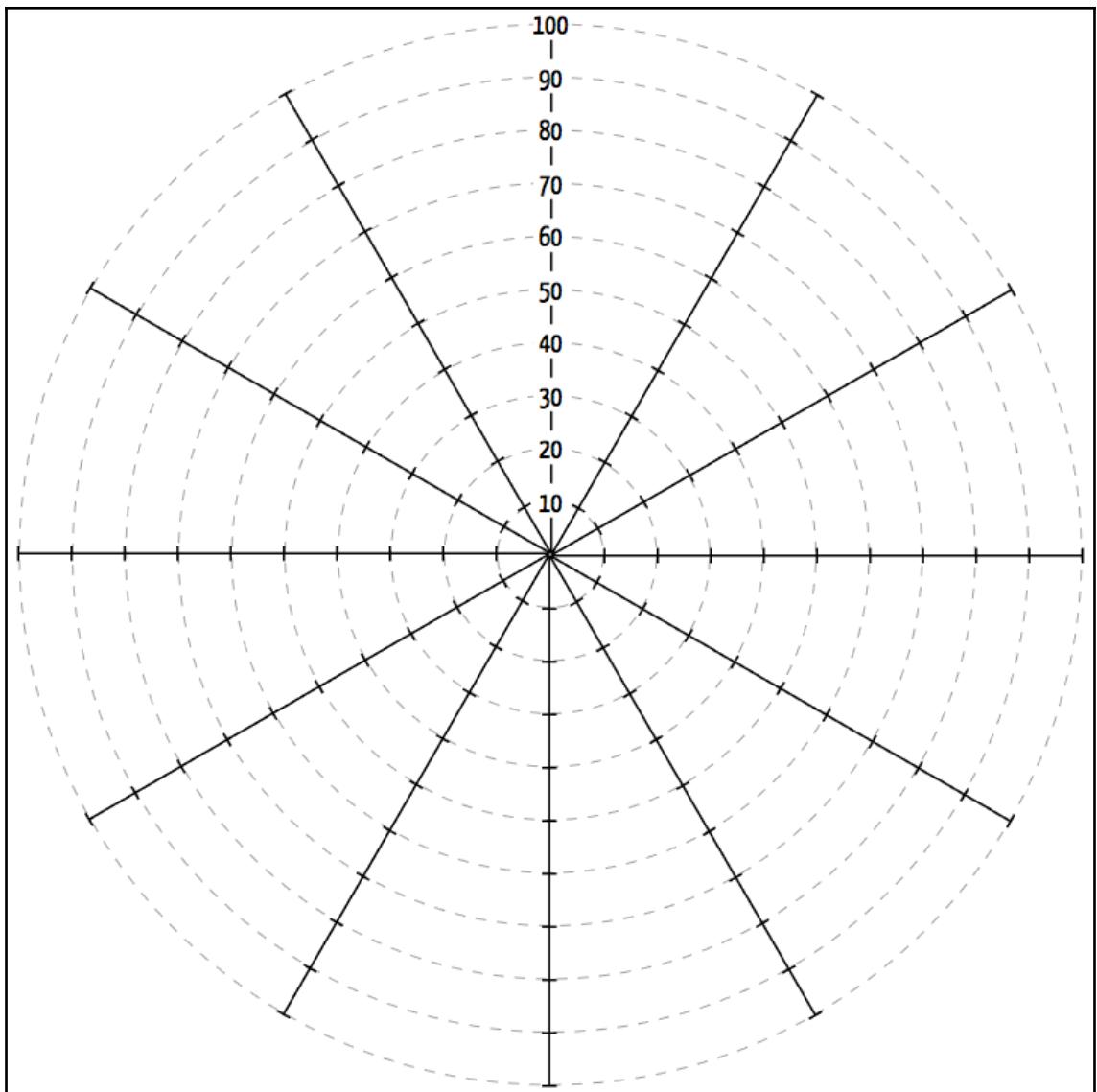


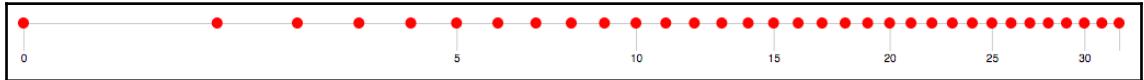
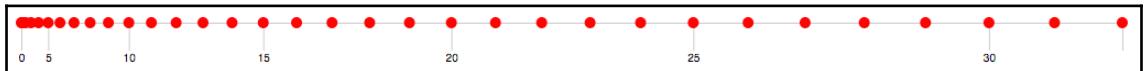
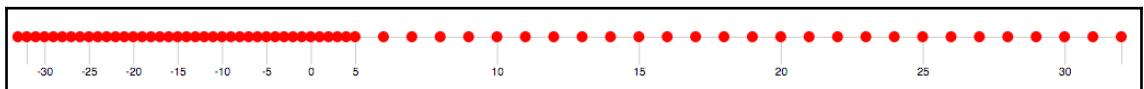
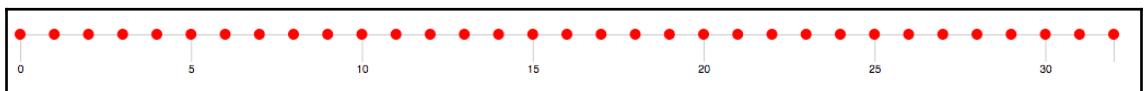
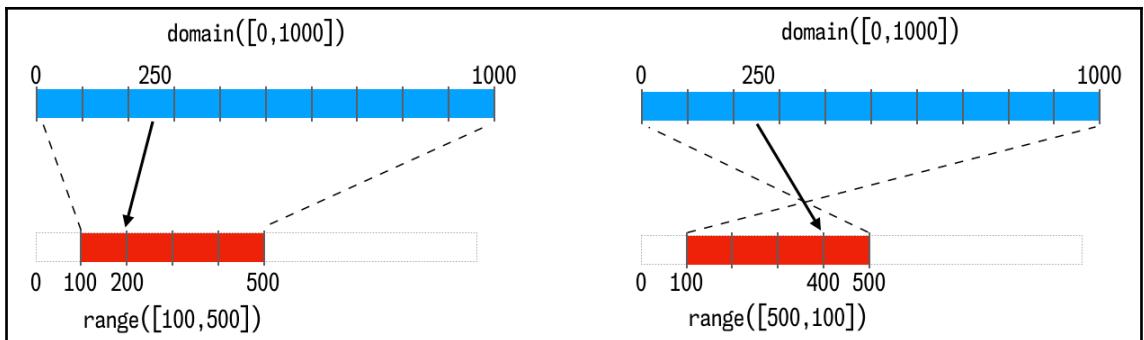


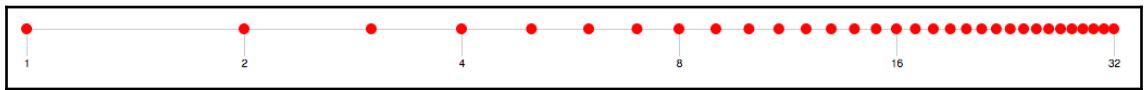
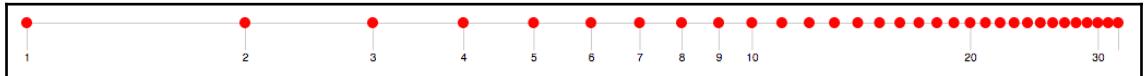
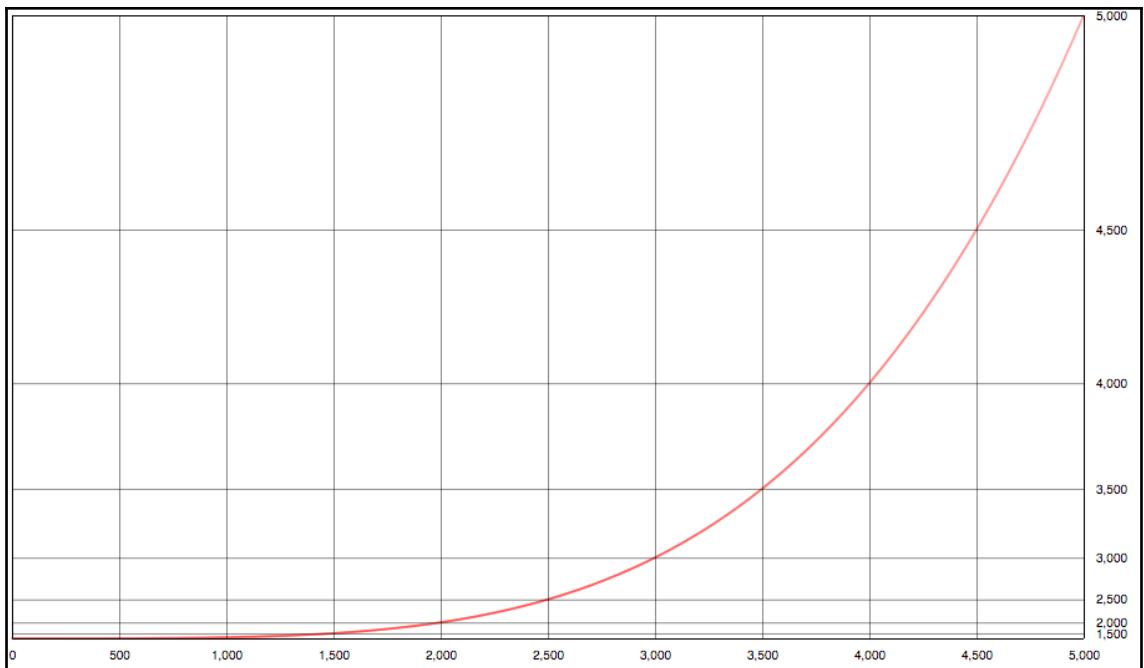


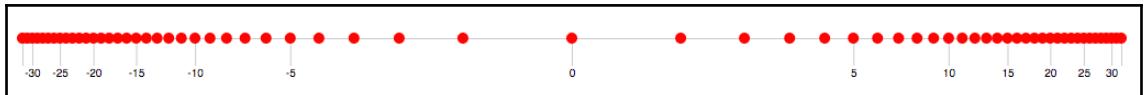
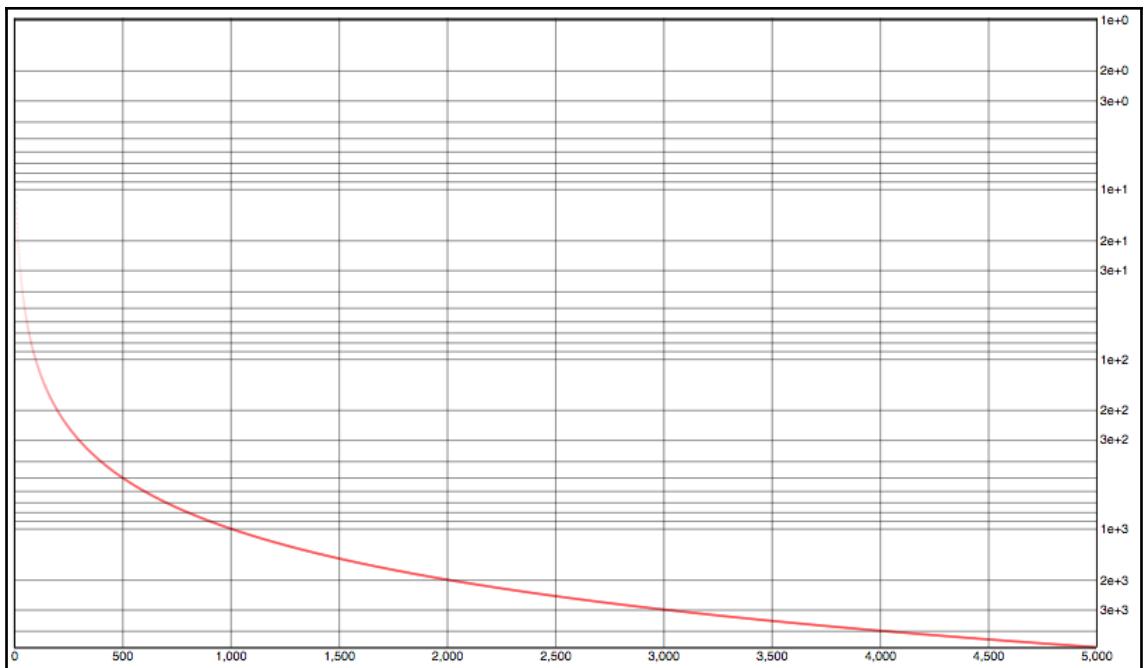


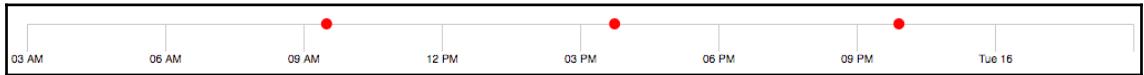
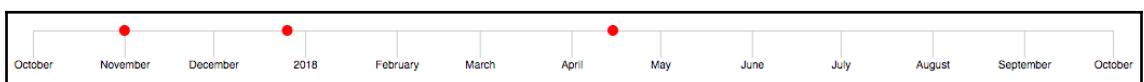
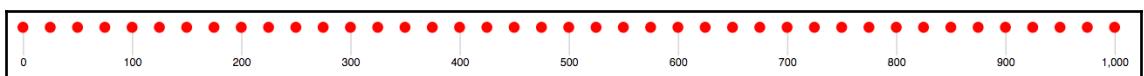
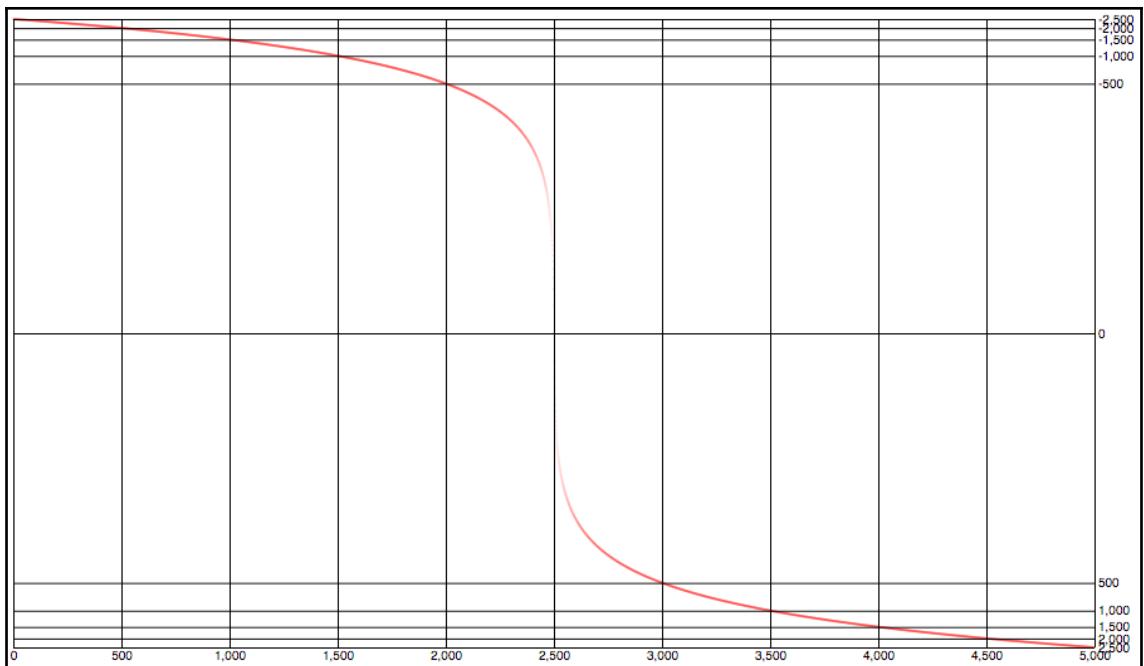




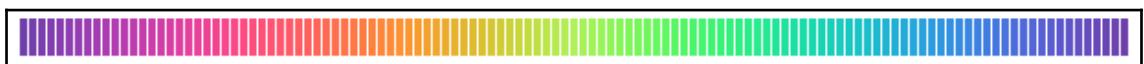






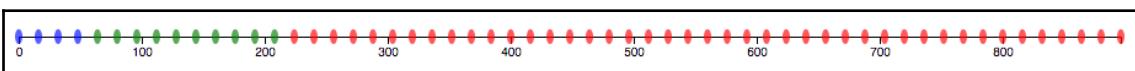
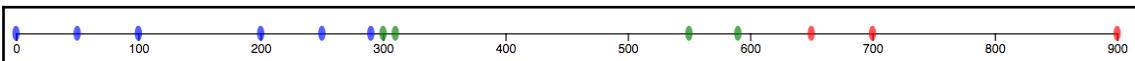
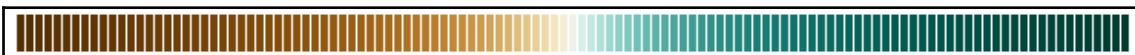


-300   -250   -200   -150   -100   -50   0   50   100   150

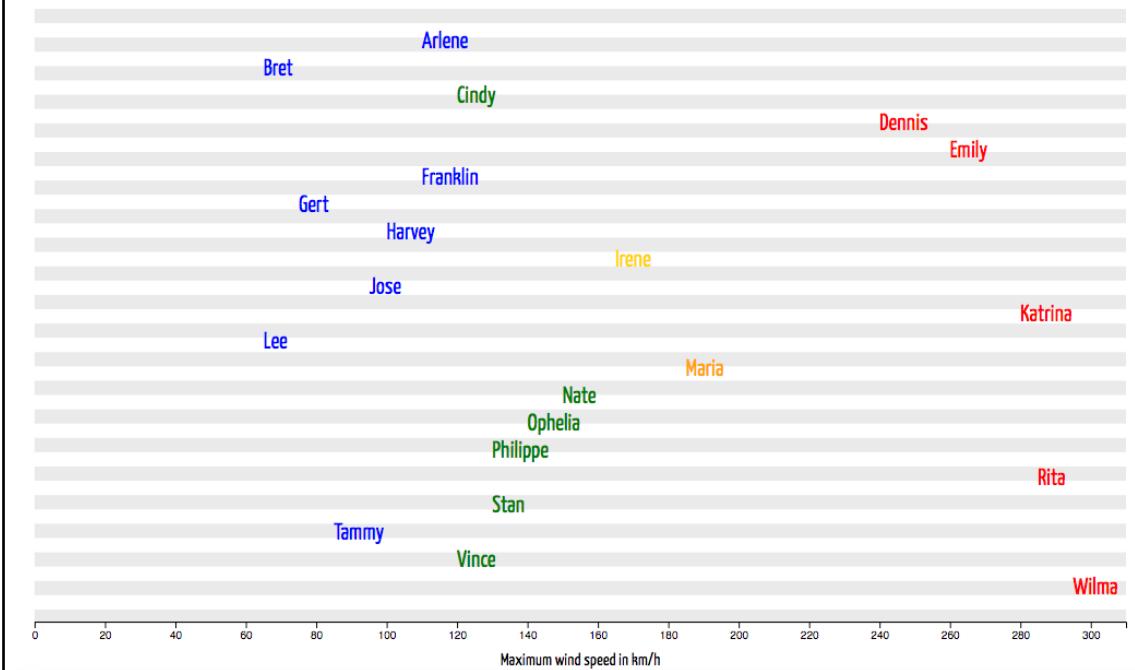




-300 -263 -225 -188 -150 -113 -75 0 75 150



## Atlantic storms in 2005



**0** 0.25 **0.5** 0.75 **1** 1.25 **1.5** 1.75 **2** 2.25 **2.5** 2.75 **3** 3.25 **3.5** 3.75 **4** 4.25 **4.5** 4.75 **5**

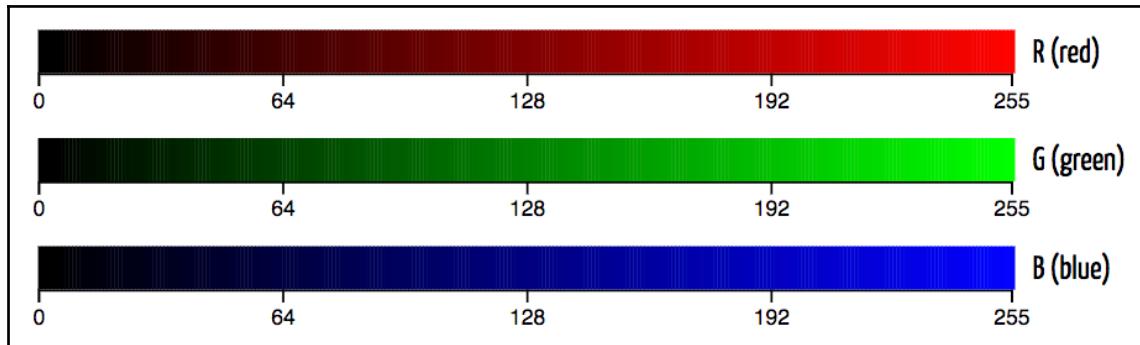
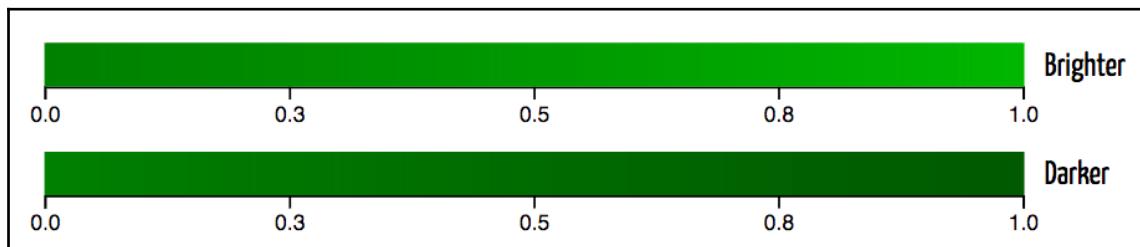
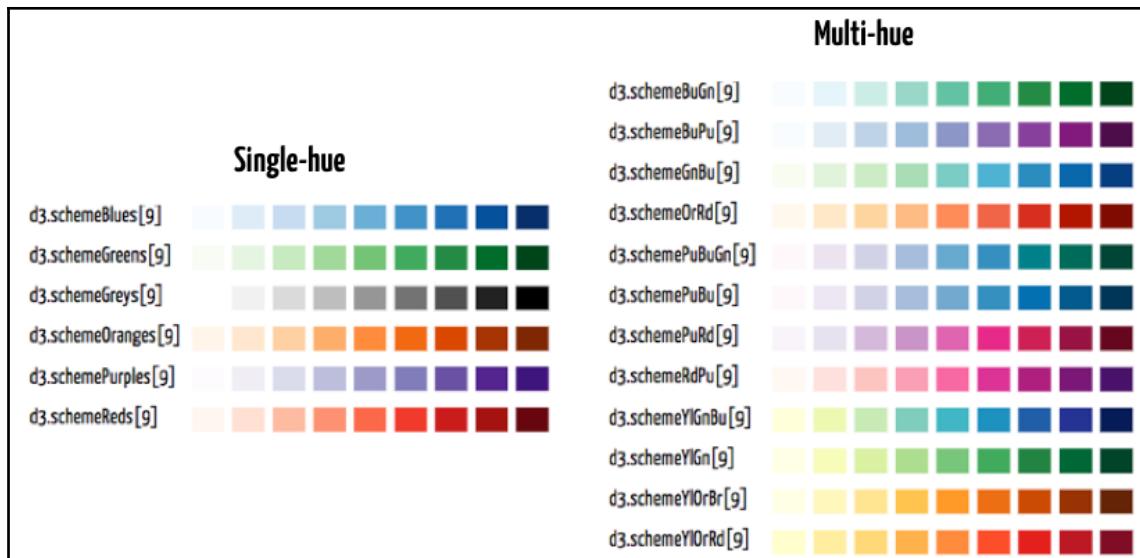


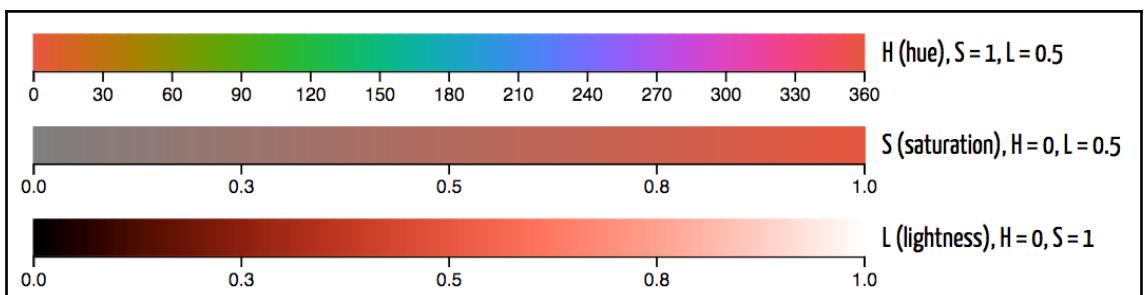
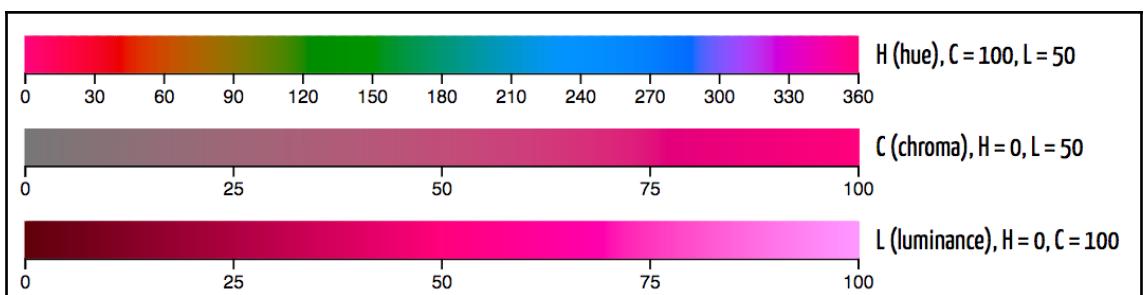
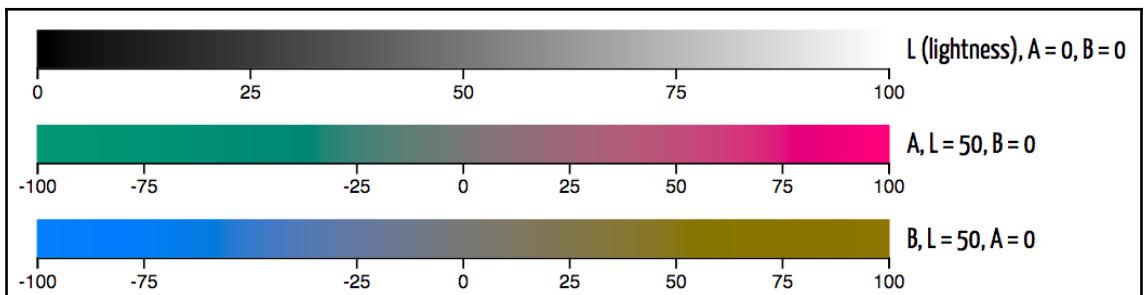
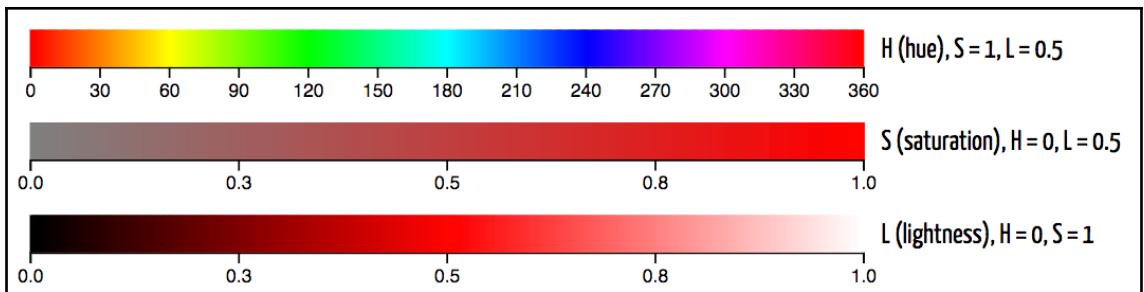
d3.schemeCategory10	
d3.schemeAccent	
d3.schemeDark2	
d3.schemePaired	
d3.schemePastel1	
d3.schemePastel2	
d3.schemeSet1	
d3.schemeSet2	
d3.schemeSet3	

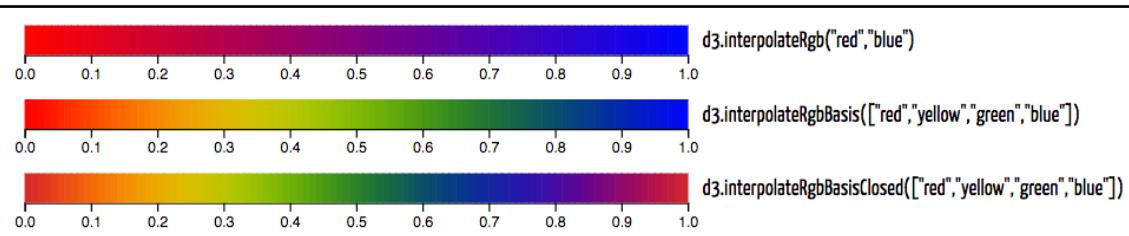
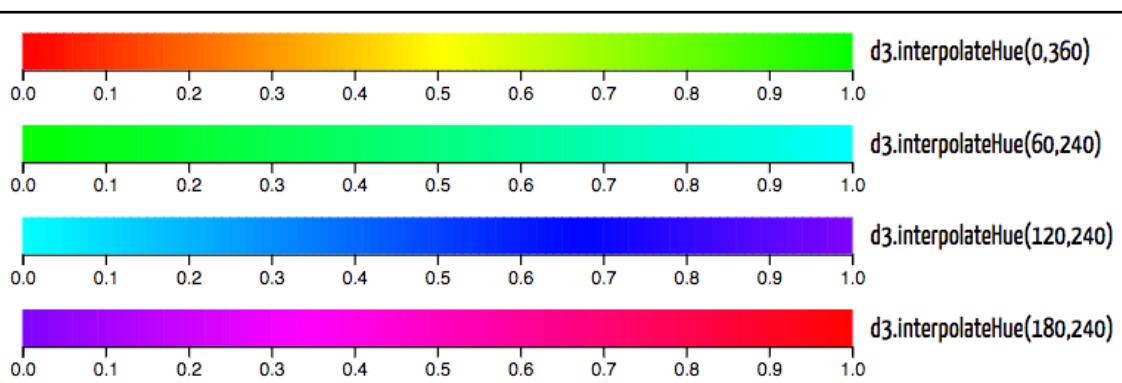


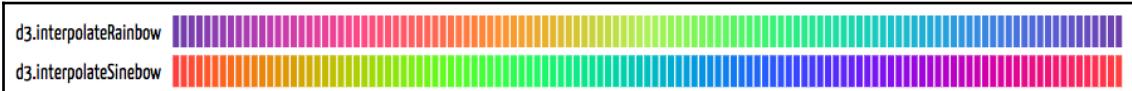
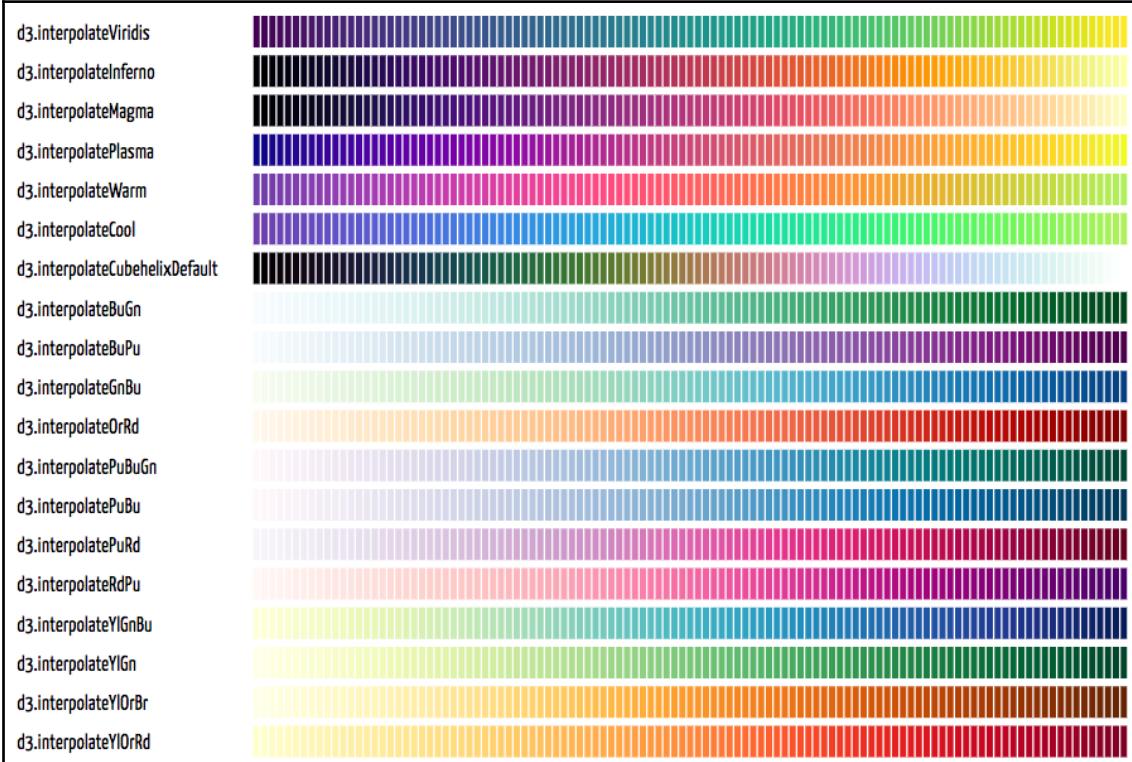
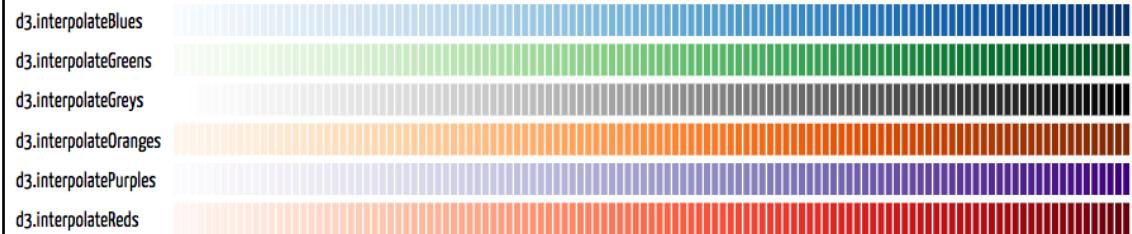
The image displays a 10x11 grid of color swatches, representing different color schemes from the d3.js library. Each row contains 11 colored squares, and there are 10 rows in total. The colors transition through various hues and saturation levels. The rows are labeled on the left as follows:

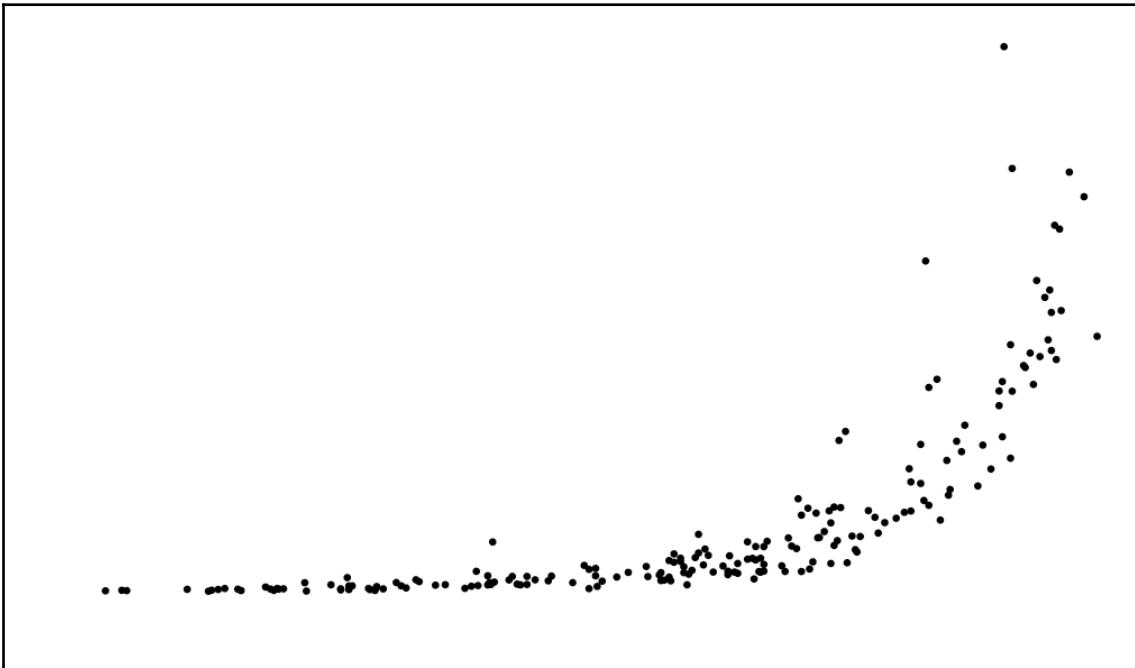
- d3.schemeBrBG[11]
- d3.schemePRGn[11]
- d3.schemePiYG[11]
- d3.schemePuOr[11]
- d3.schemeRdBu[11]
- d3.schemeRdGy[11]
- d3.schemeRdYlBu[11]
- d3.schemeRdYlGn[11]
- d3.schemeSpectral[11]

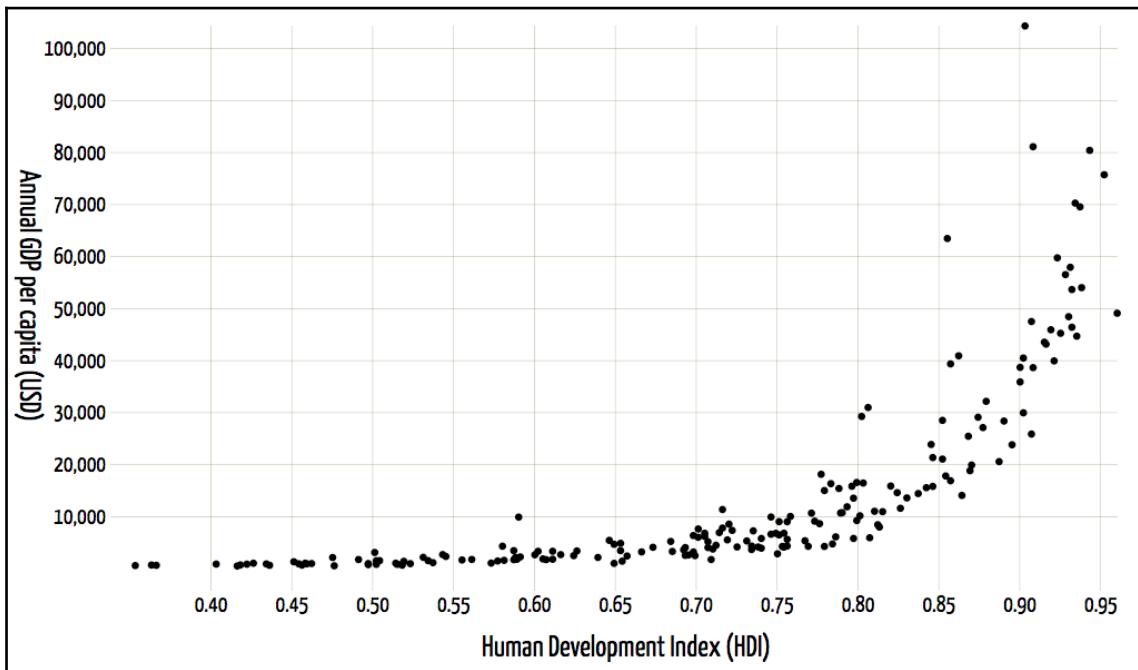
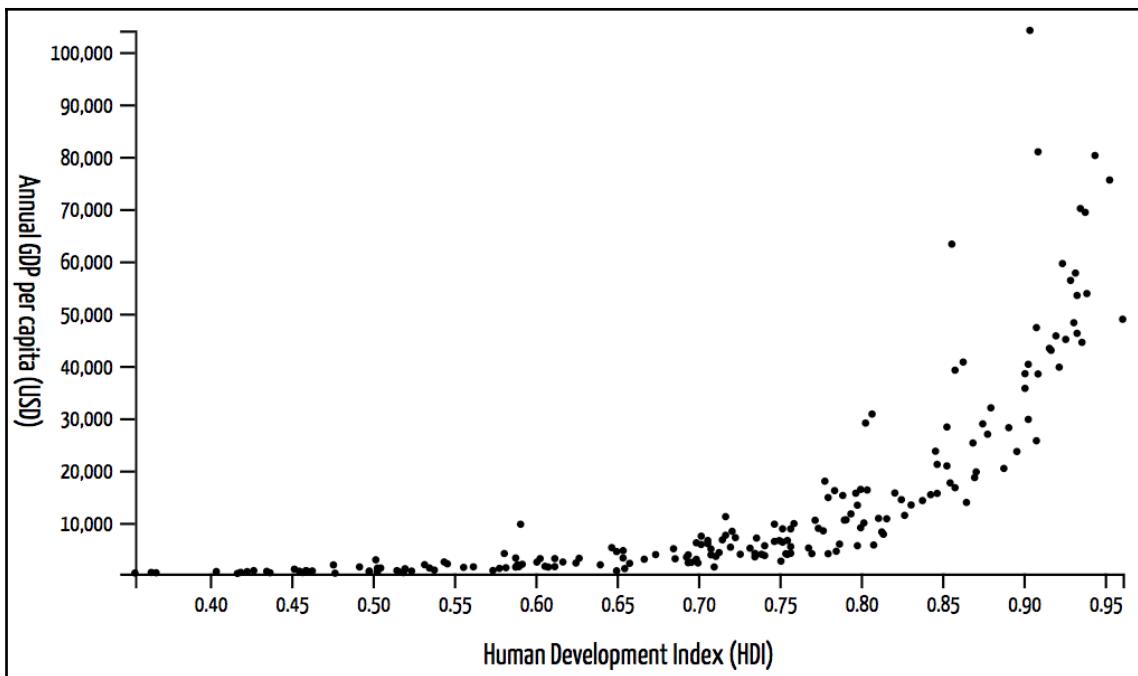


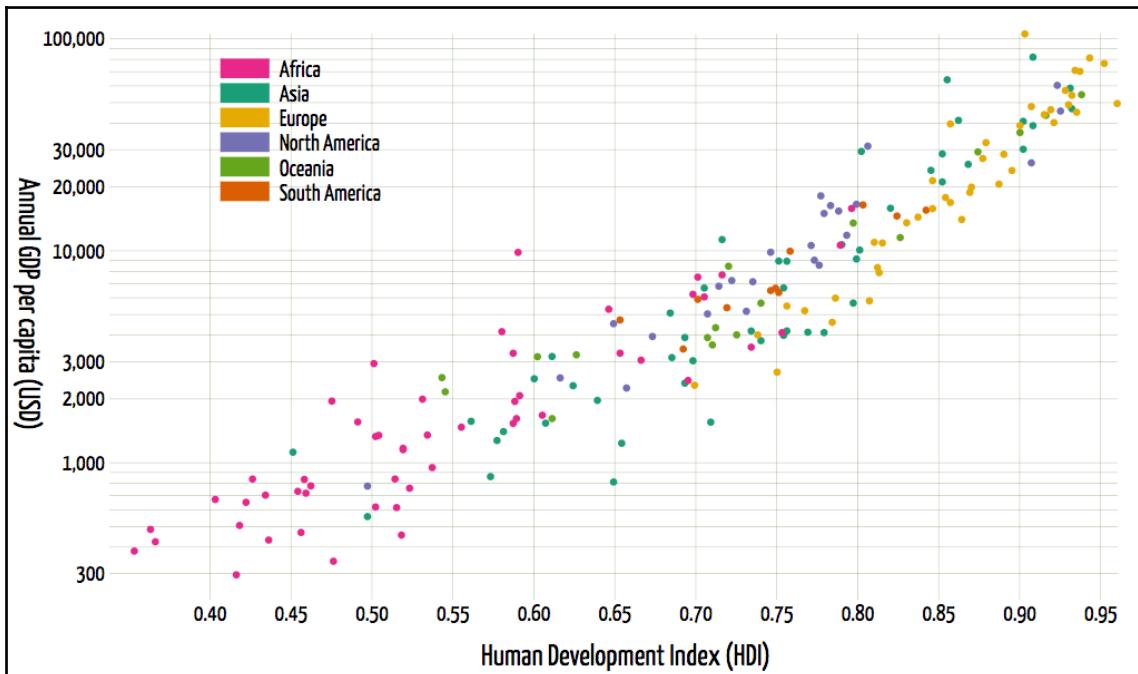
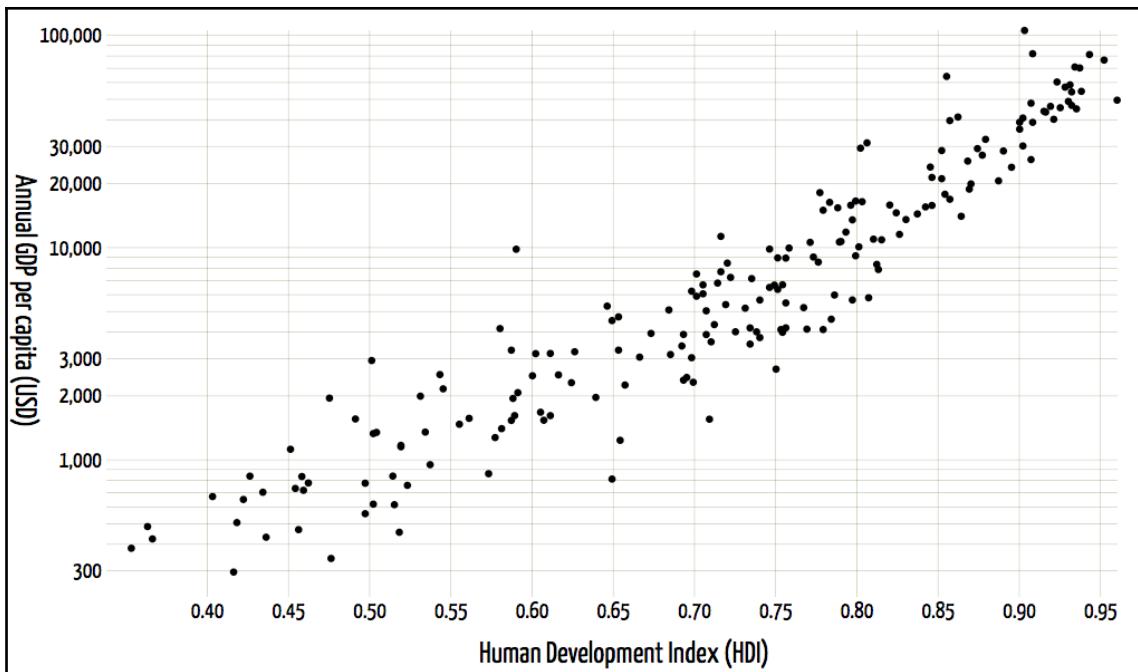


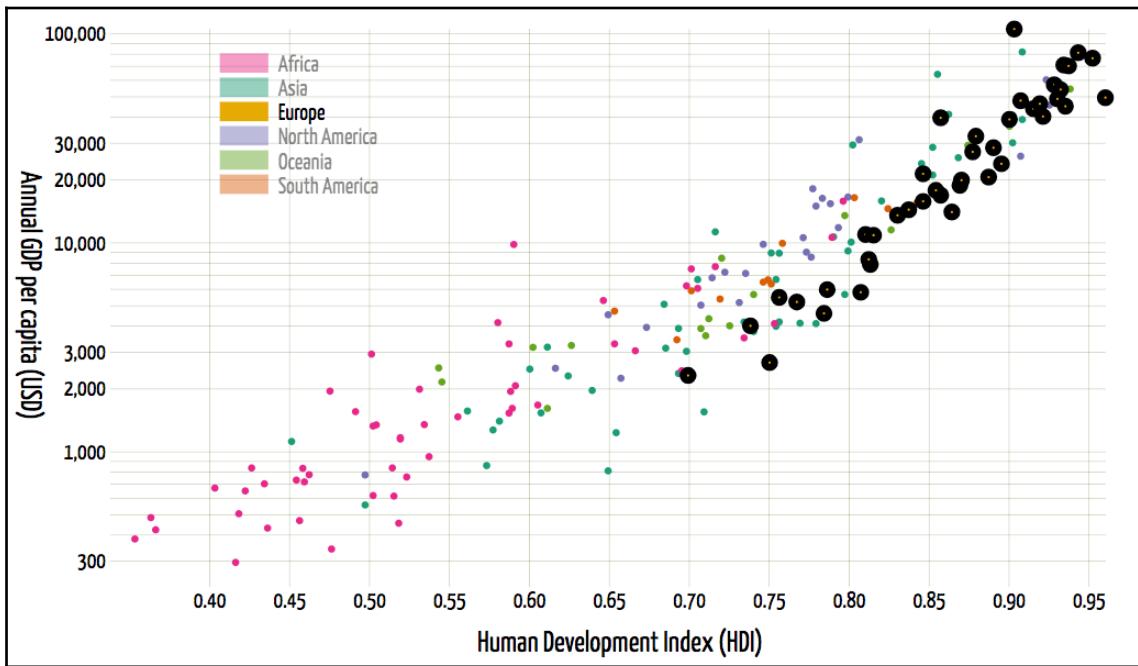
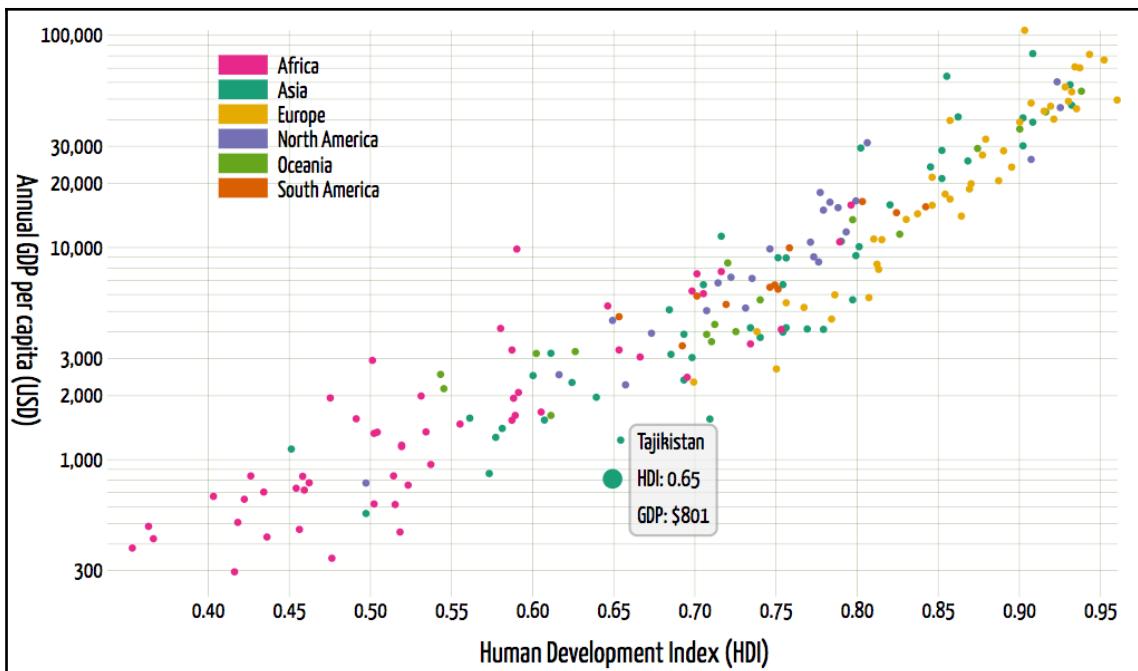


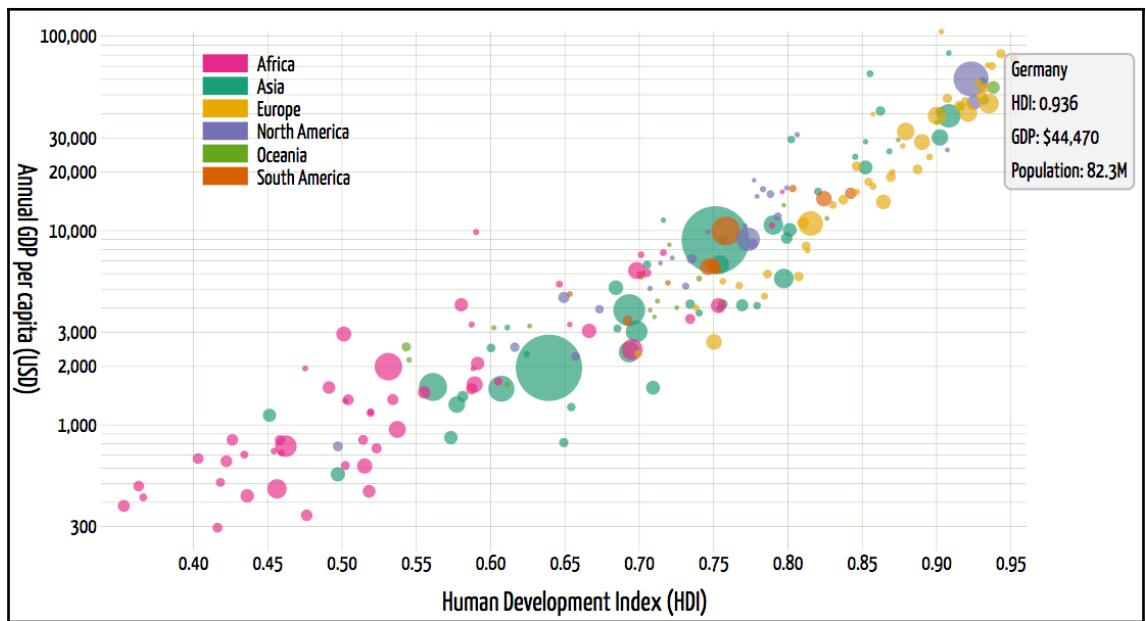




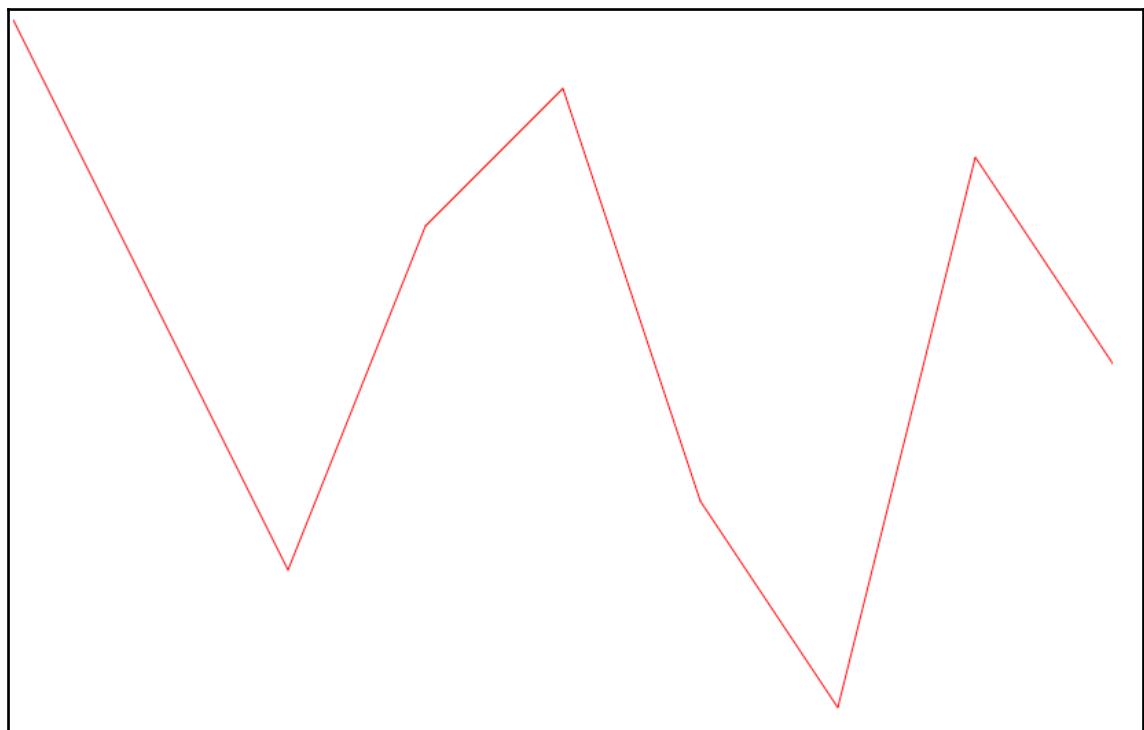
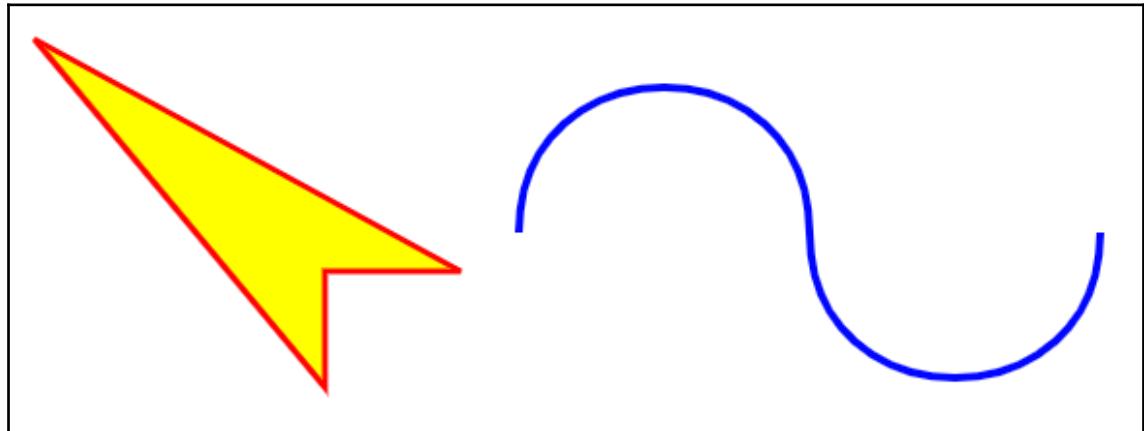


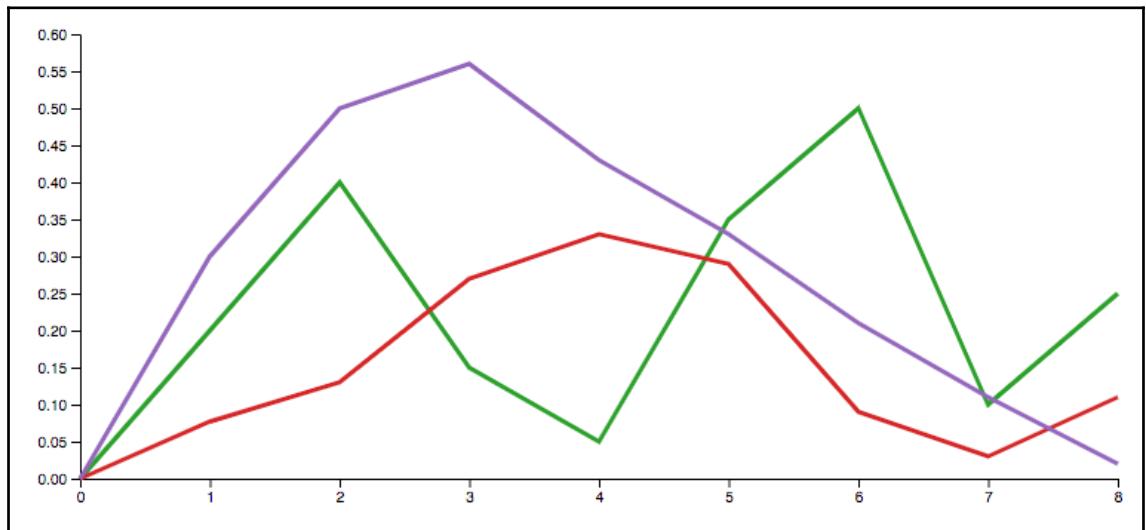
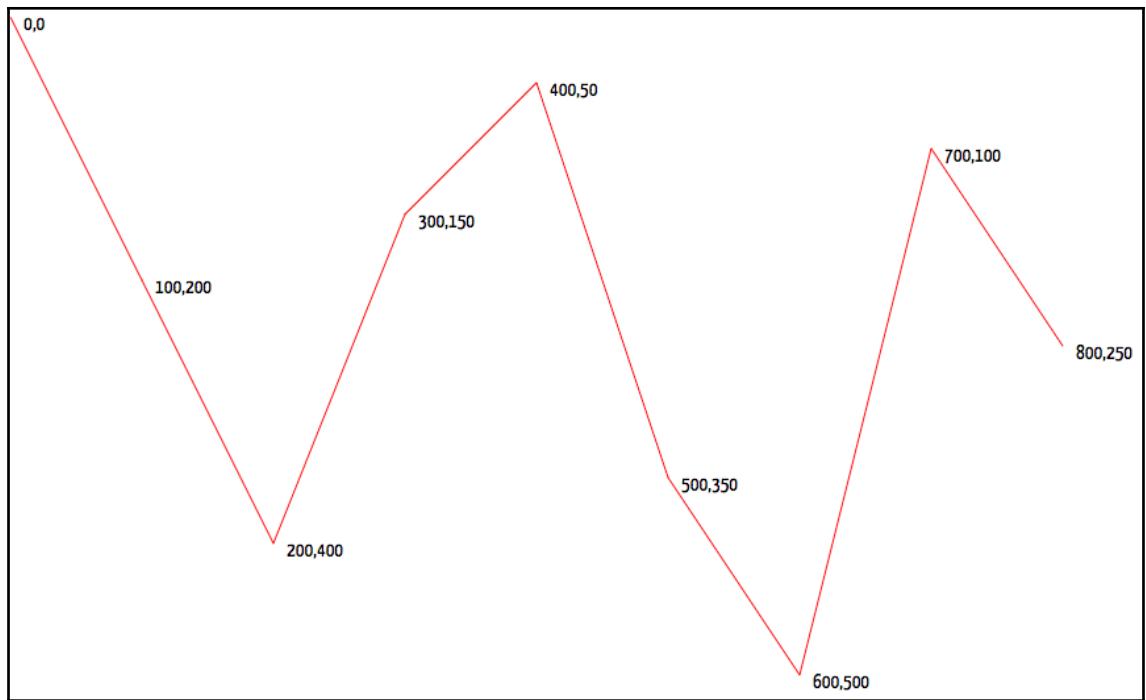


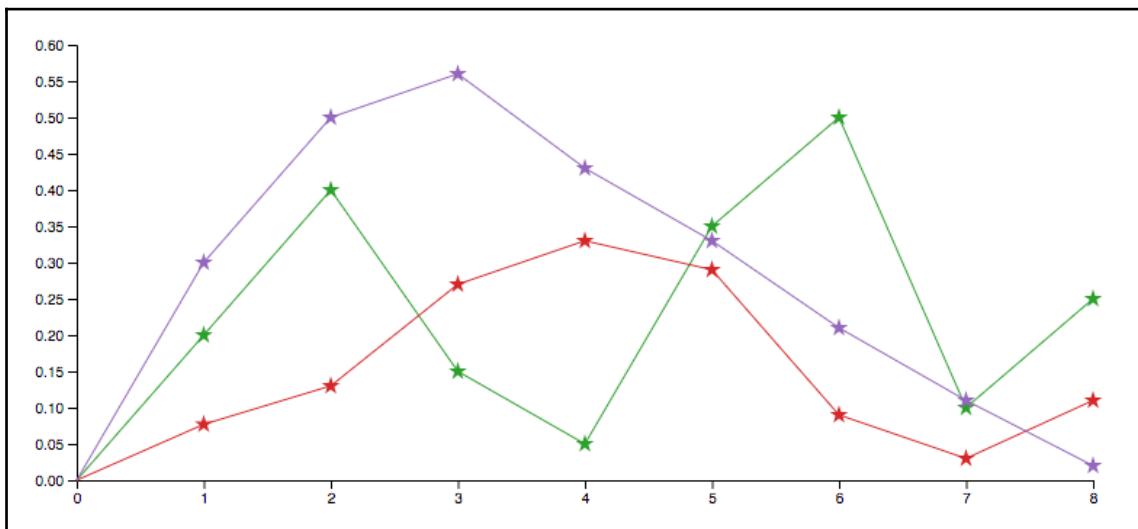
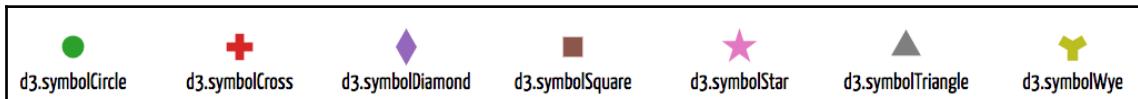
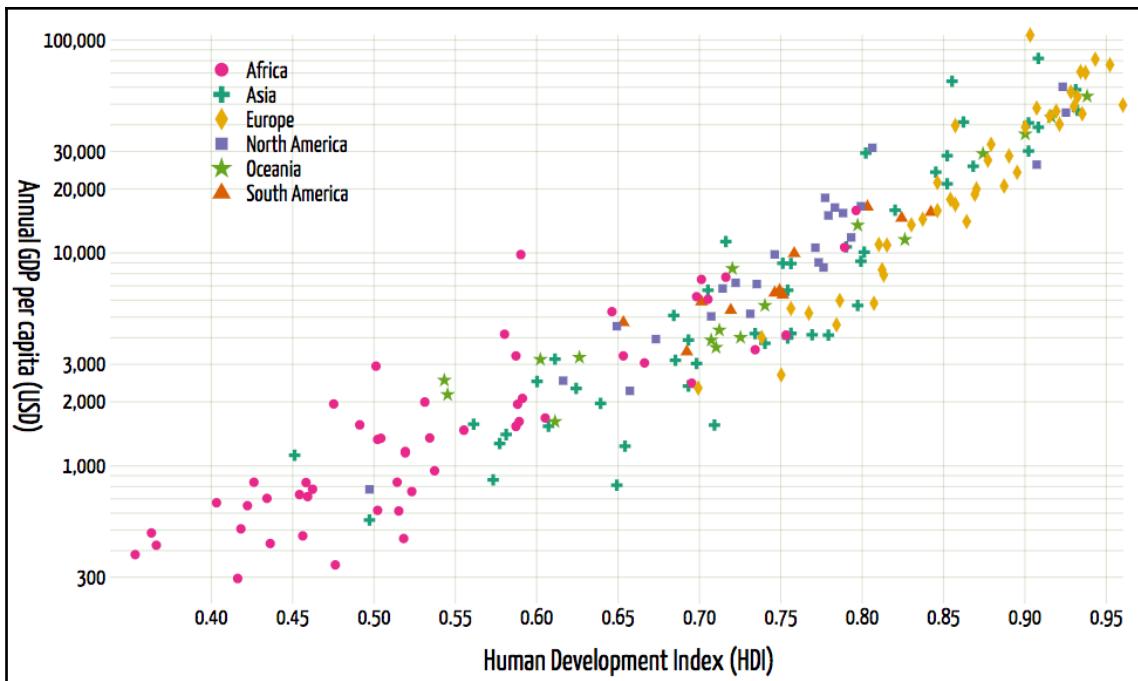


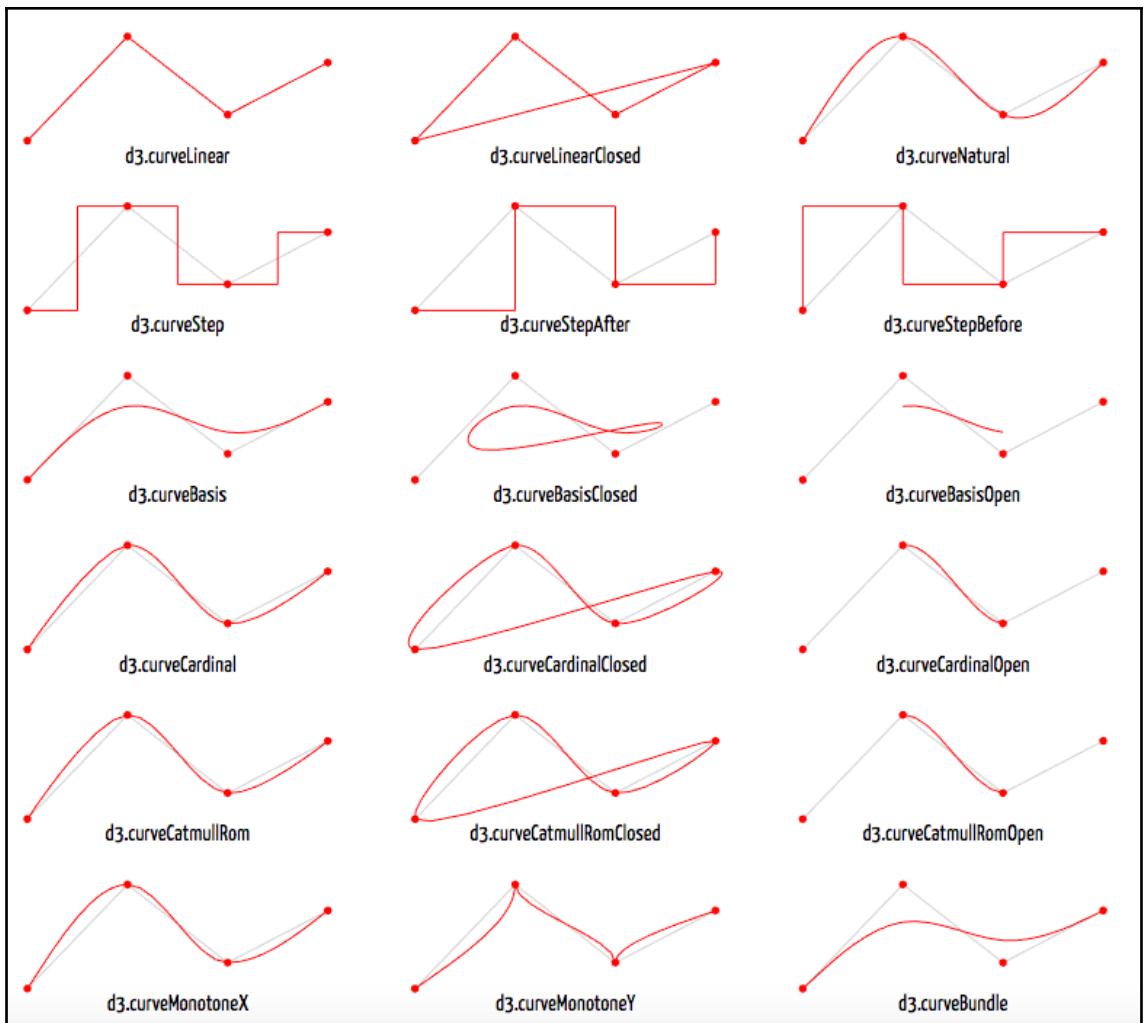


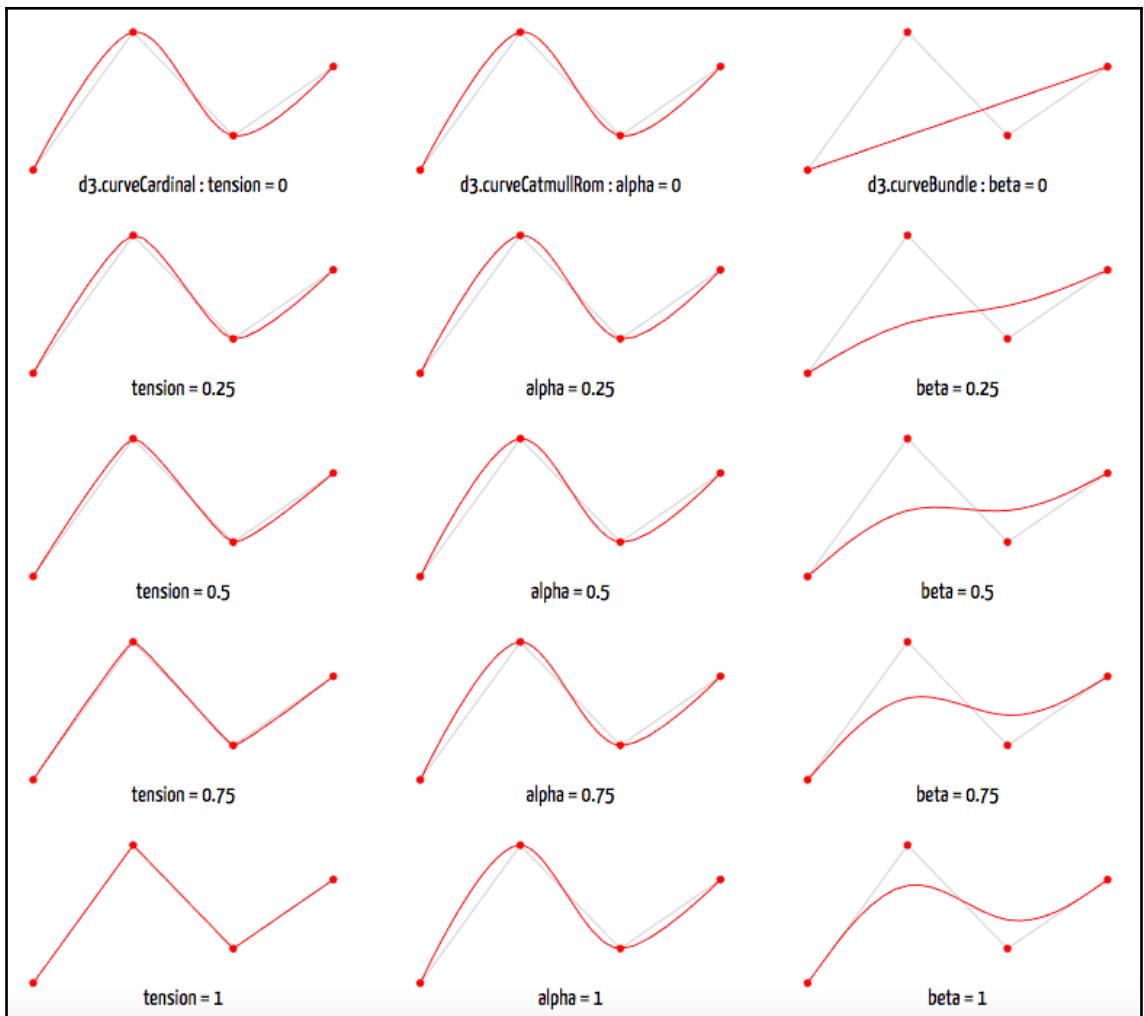
## Chapter 7: Shape and Layout Generators

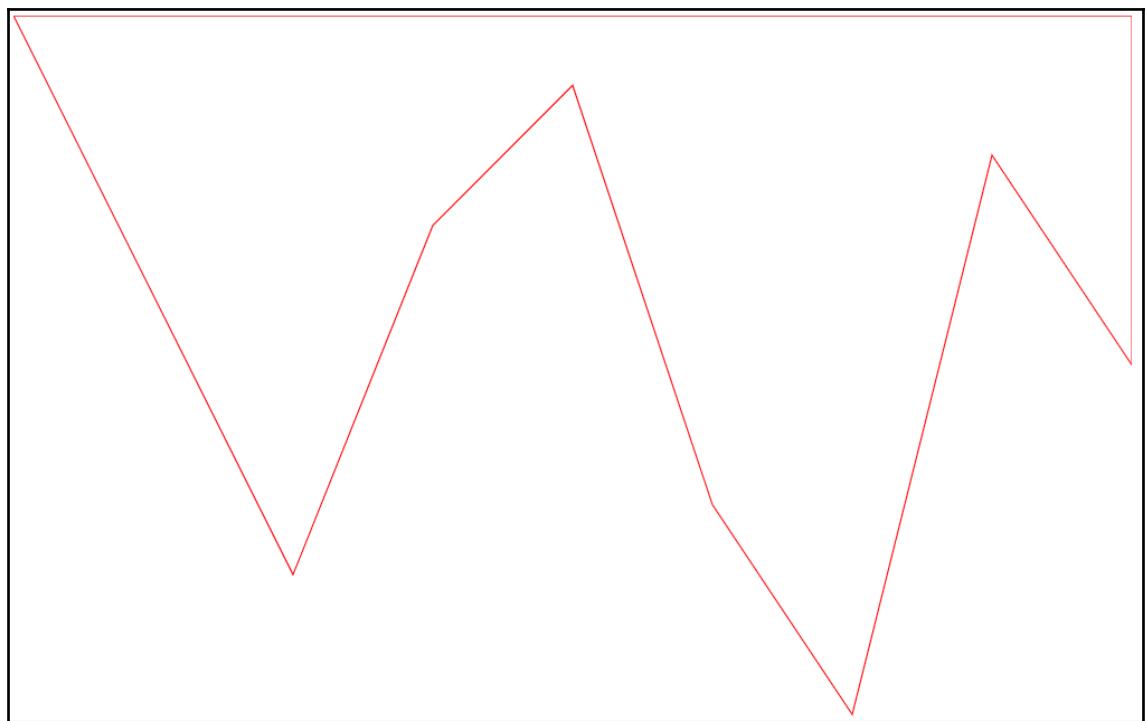
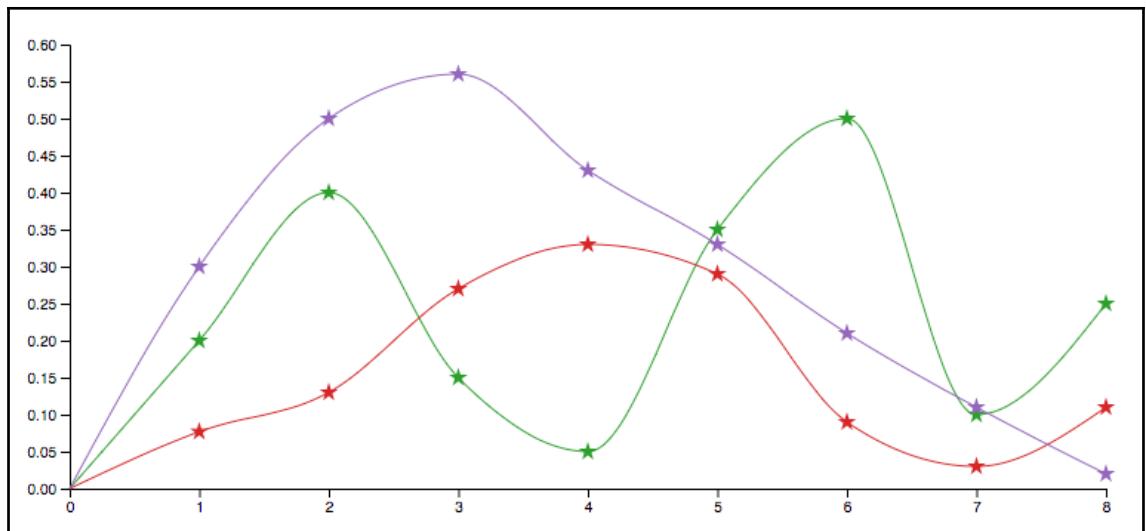


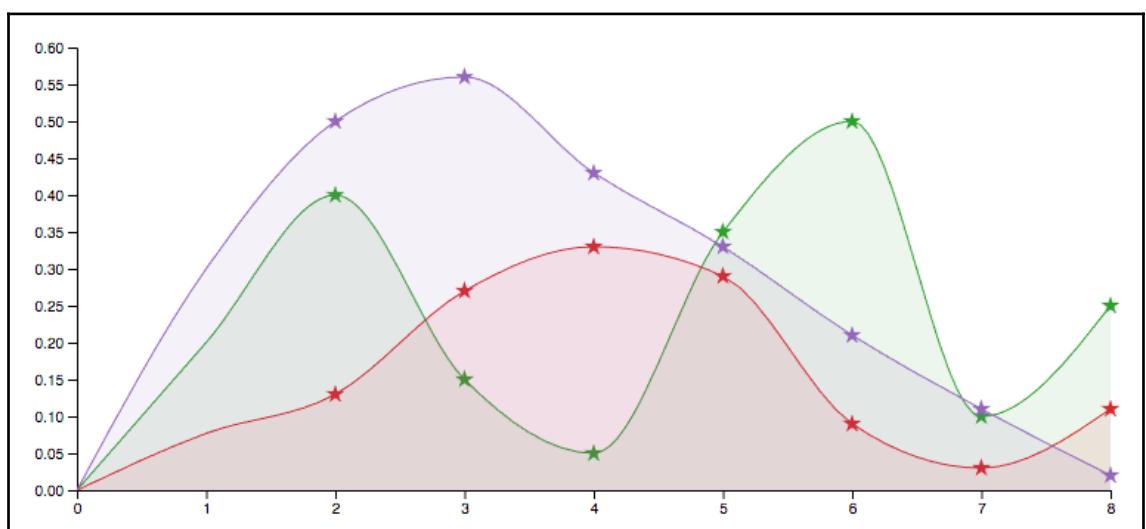
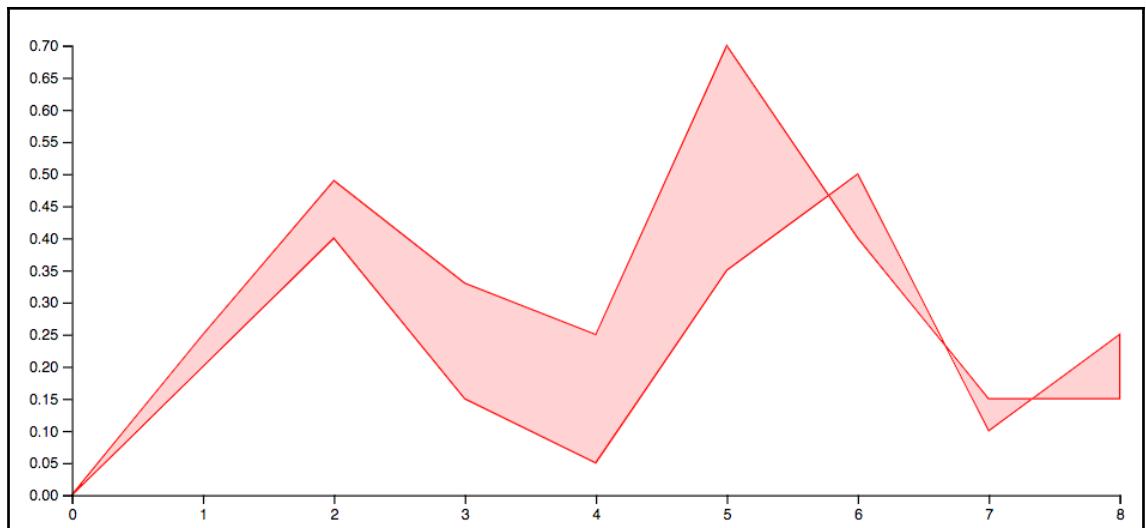


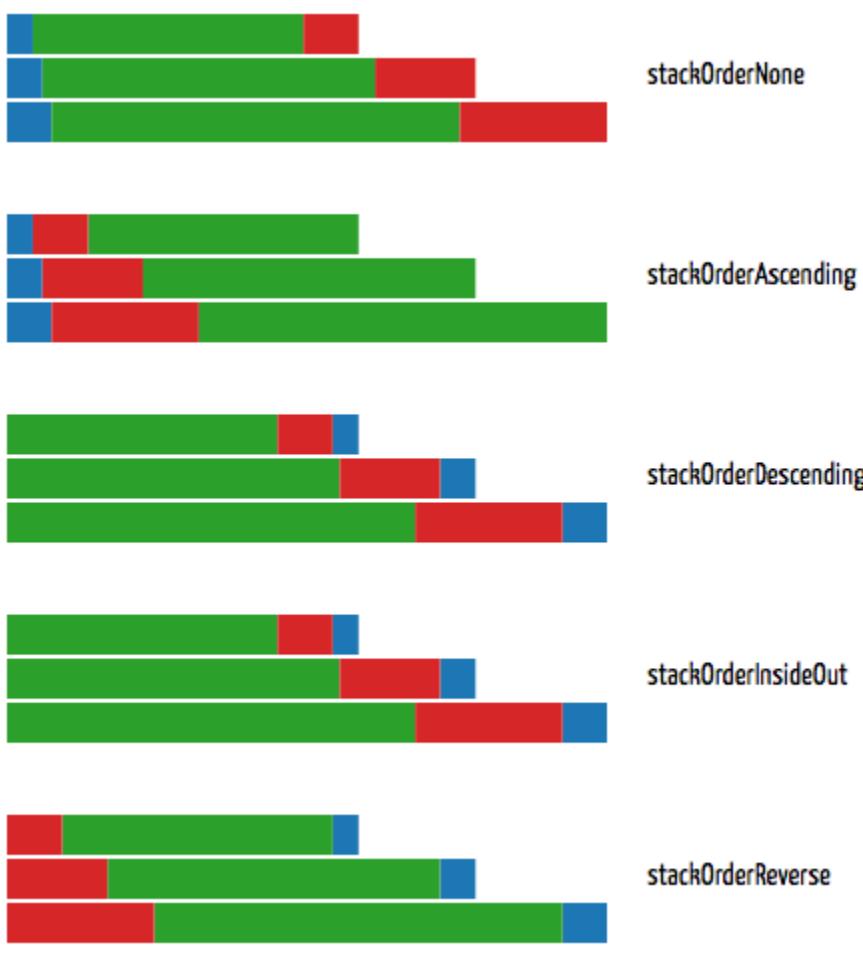


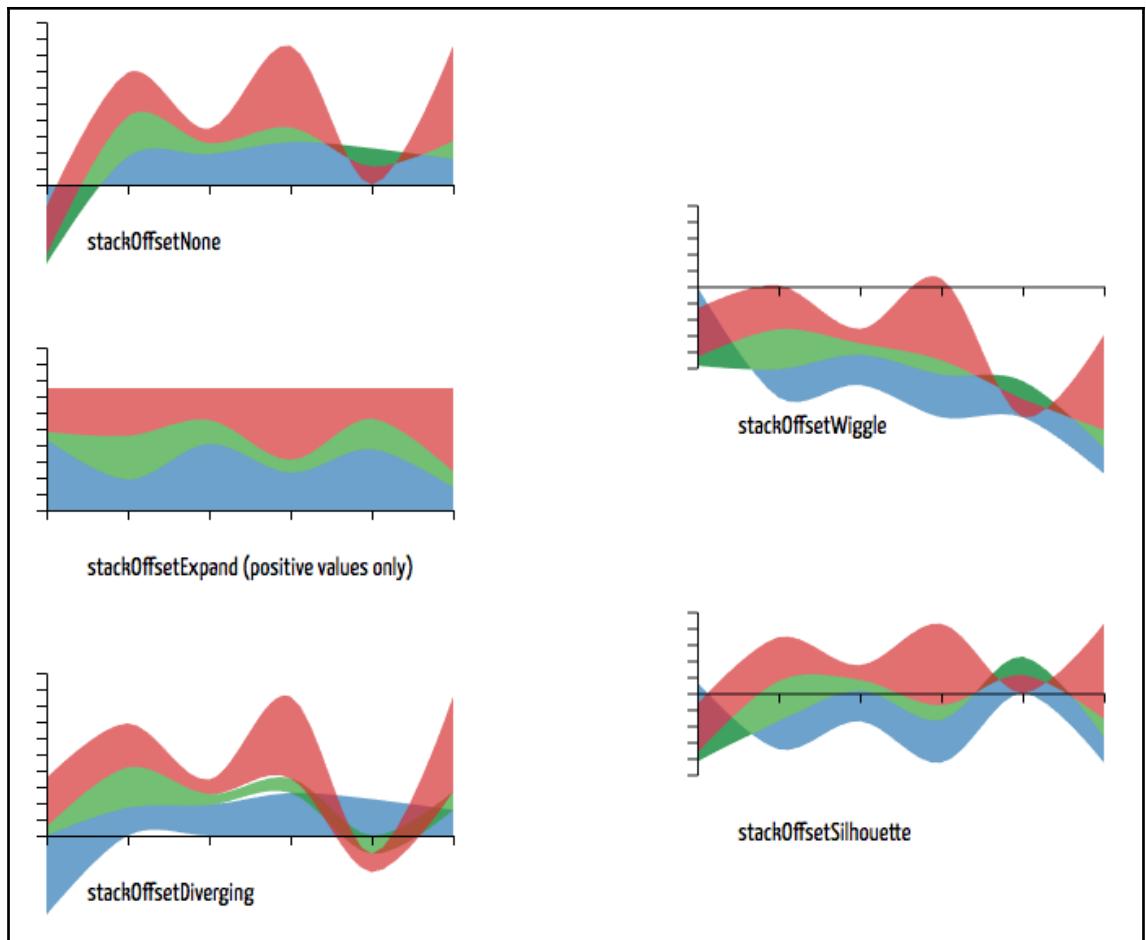




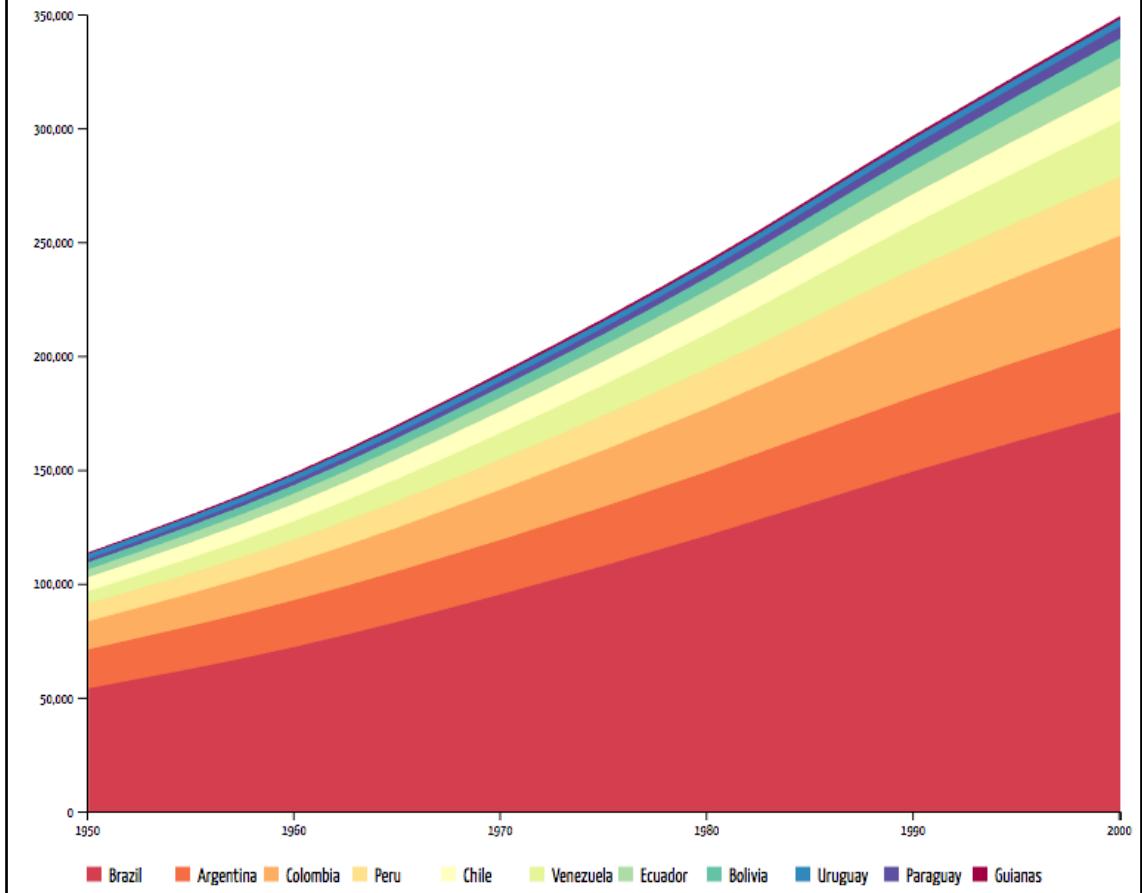




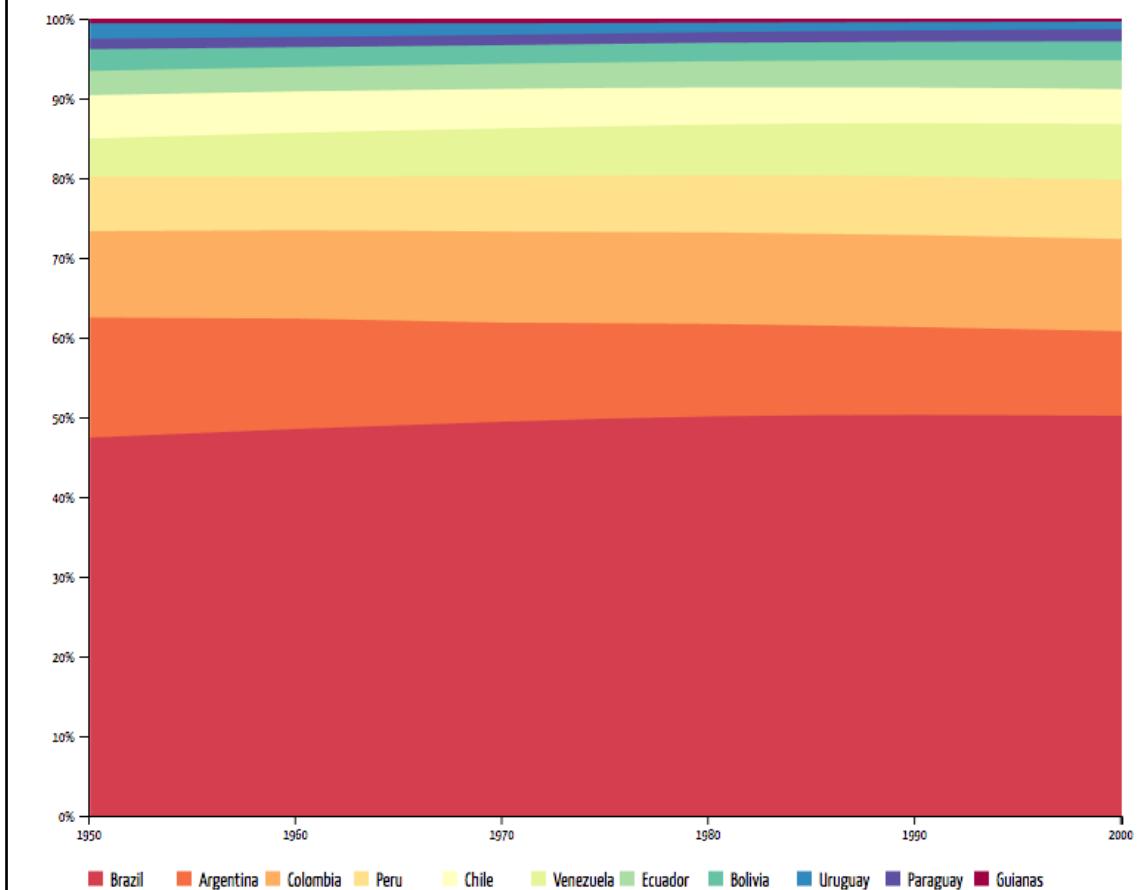


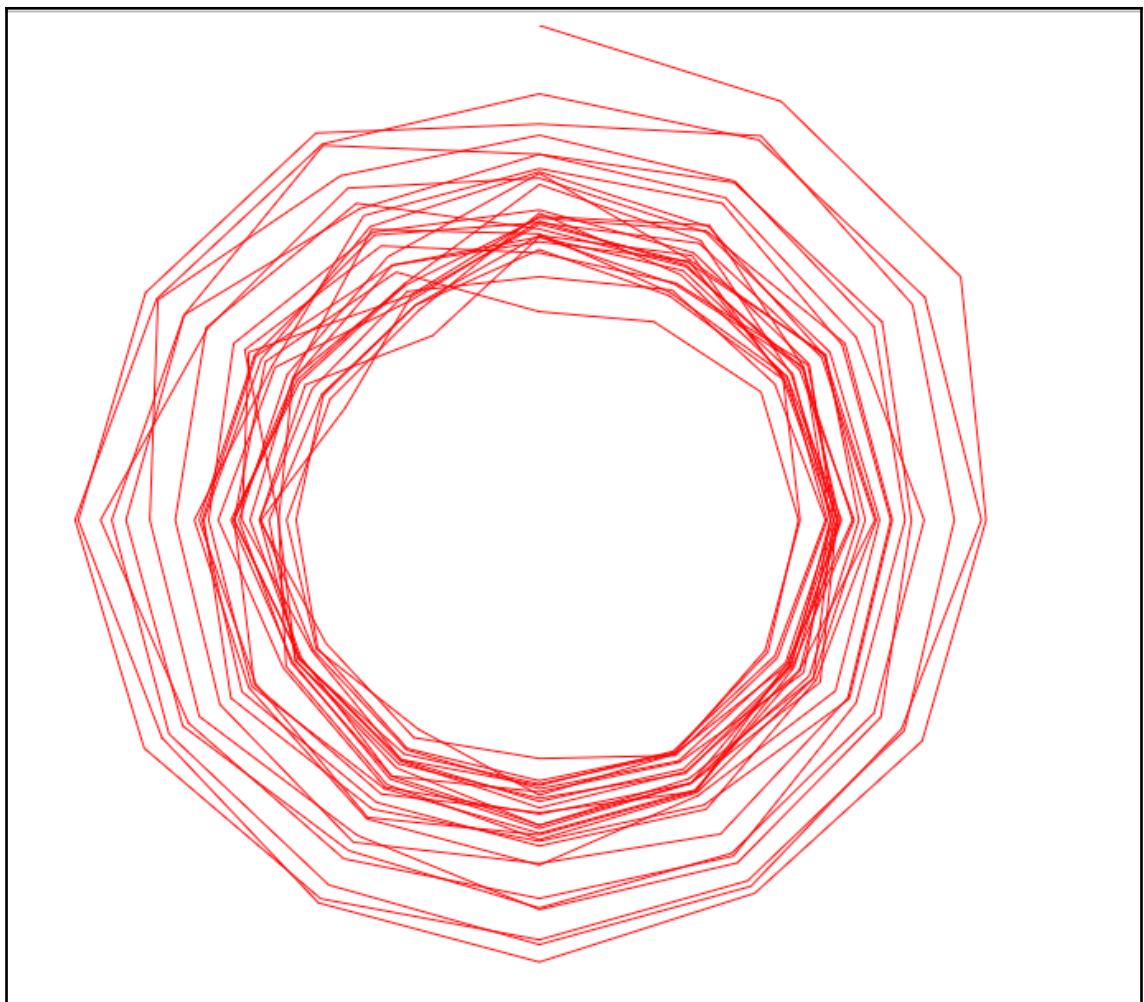


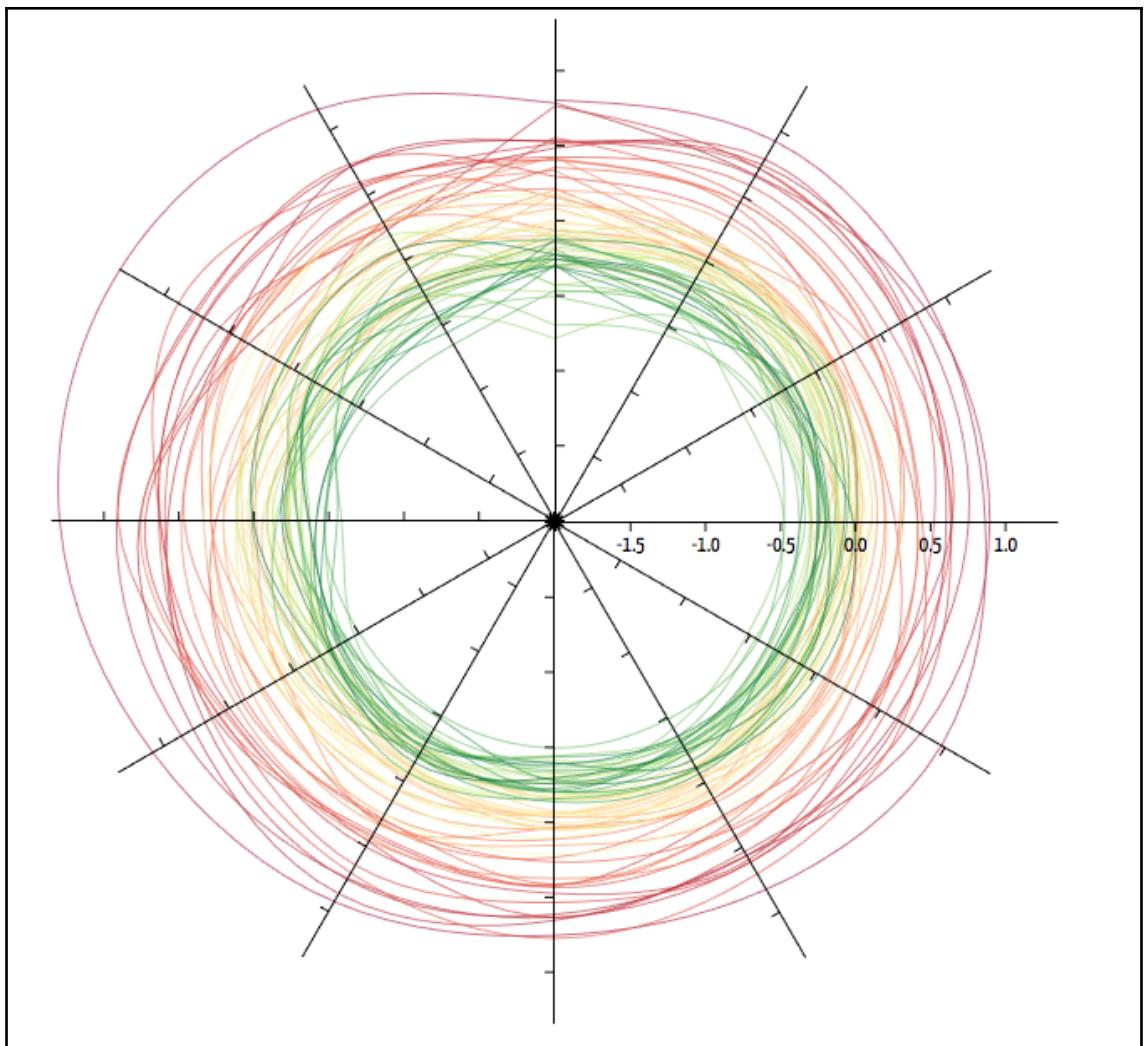
### Population growth (1950 to 2000)

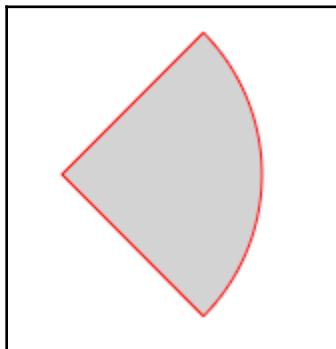
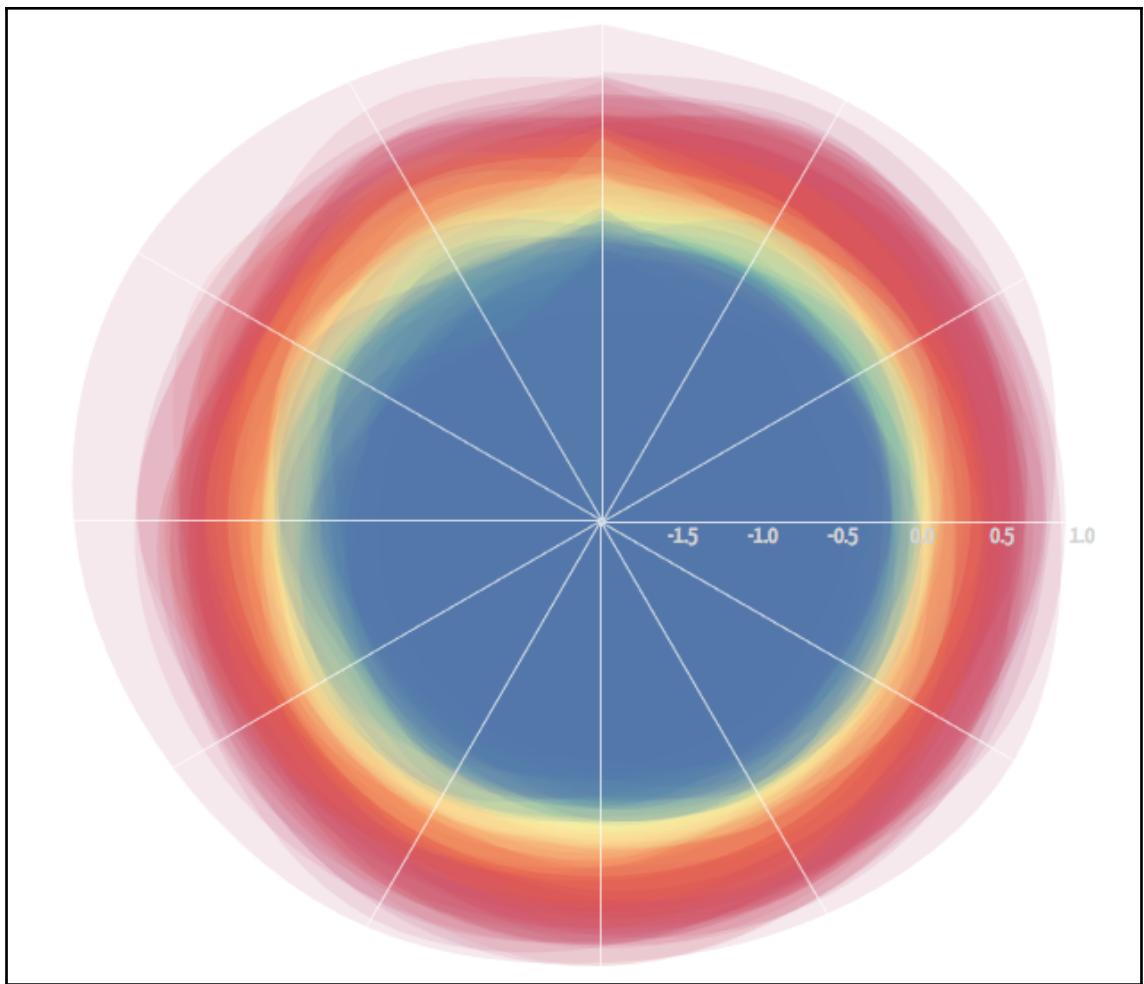


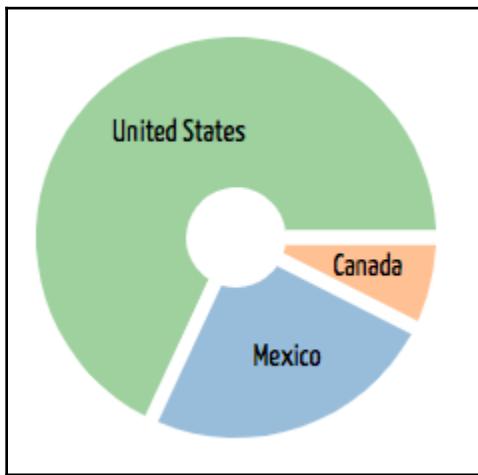
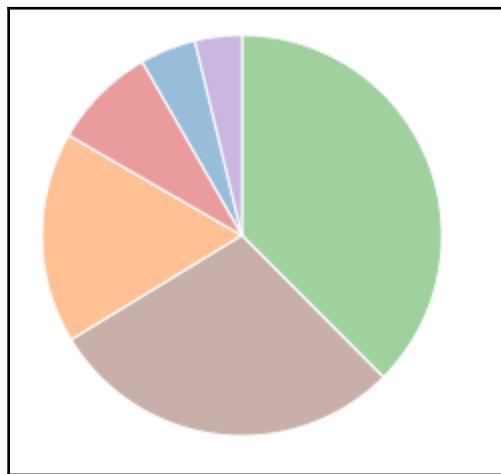
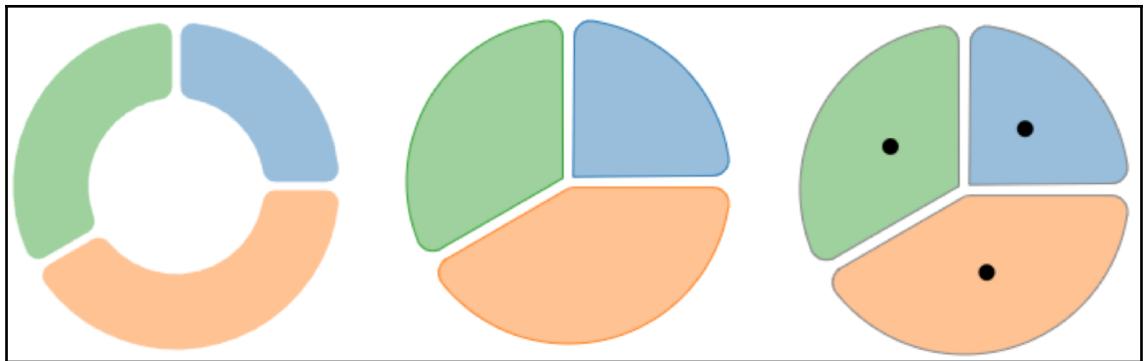
### Population growth (1950 to 2000)



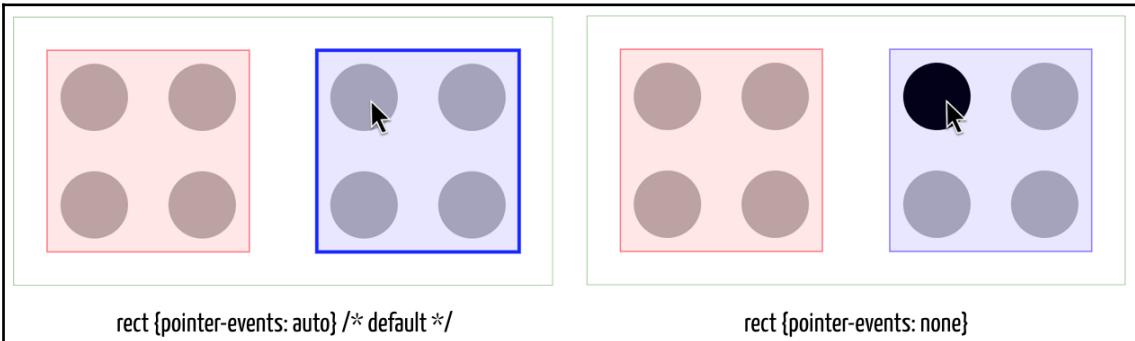








# Chapter 8: Animation and Interactivity



**document root**, origin at (0,0) **viewport coordinates**

**body**

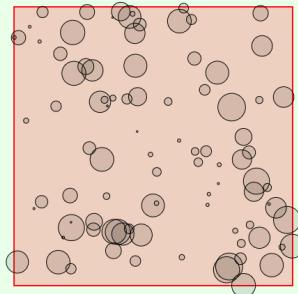
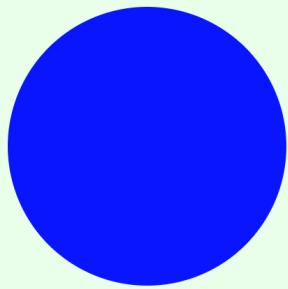
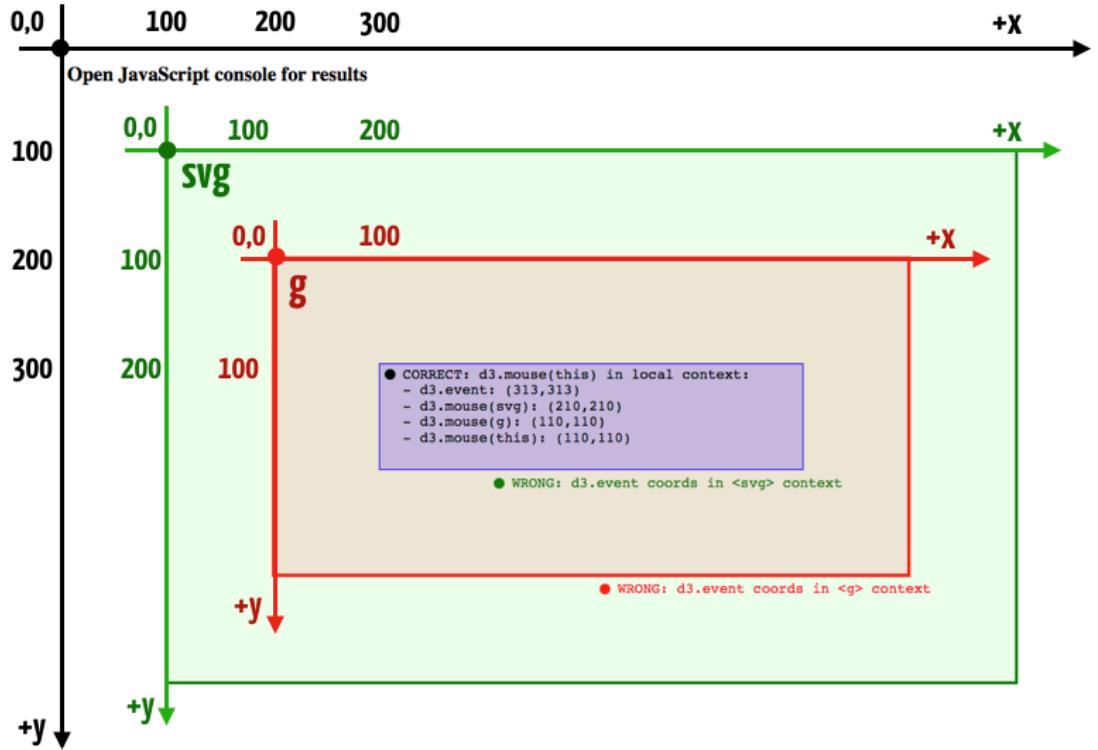
**svg**: 800x500 px, **svg** origin at (100,100) **viewport coordinates**

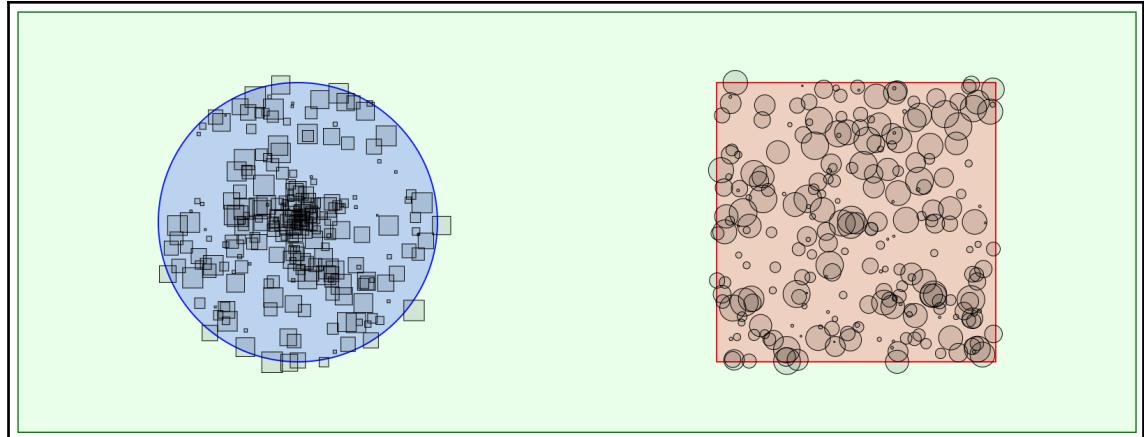
**g**: group, **group** origin at (100,100) **svg coordinates**

**rect**: 600x300 px, at (0,0) **group coordinates**

**rect**: 400x100 px, at (100,100) **group coordinates**

**root**

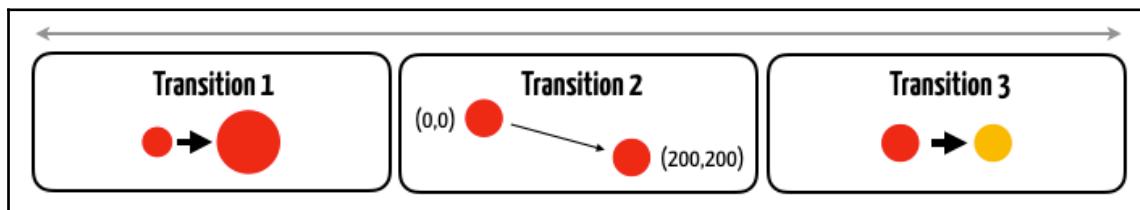
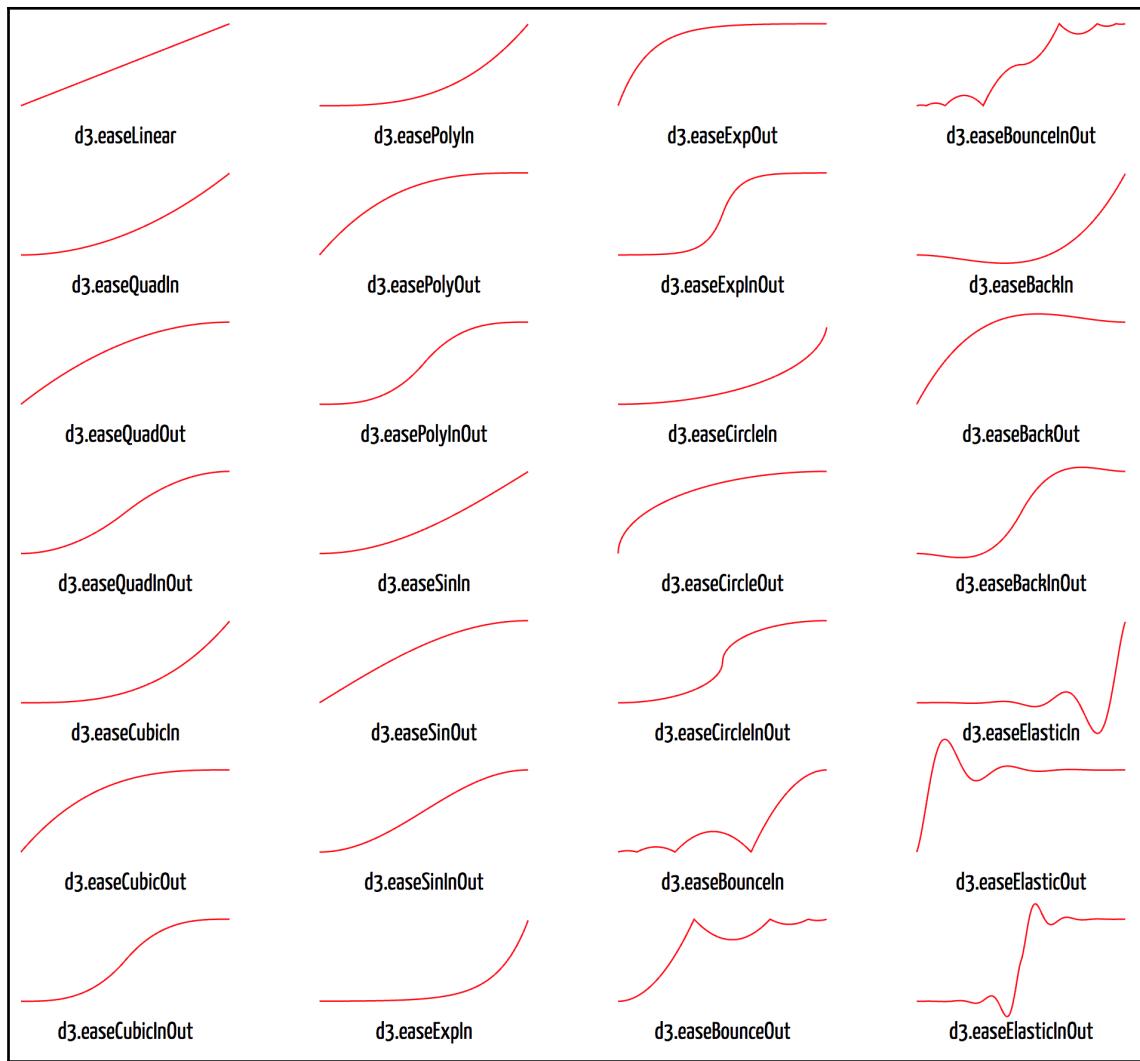


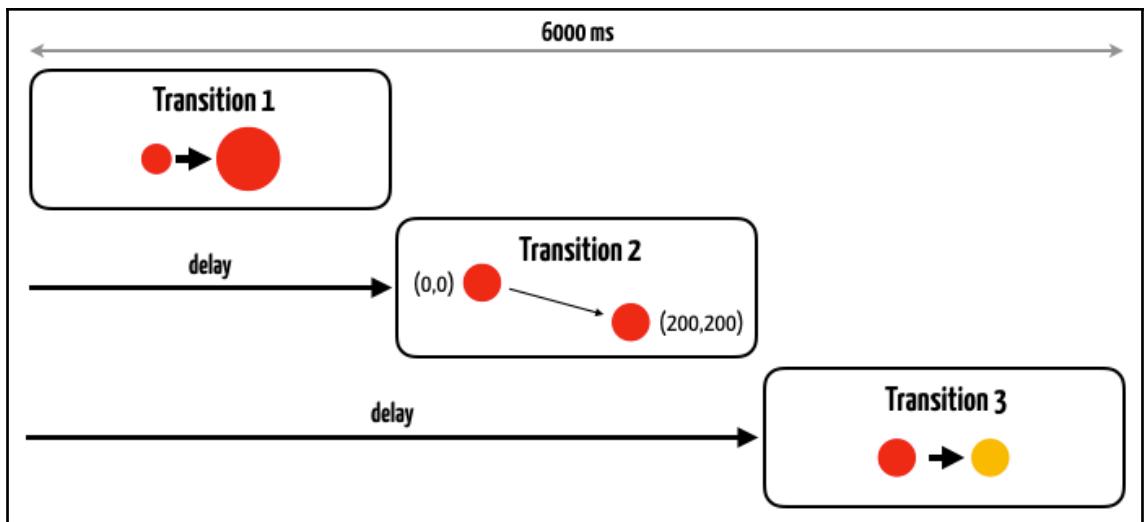
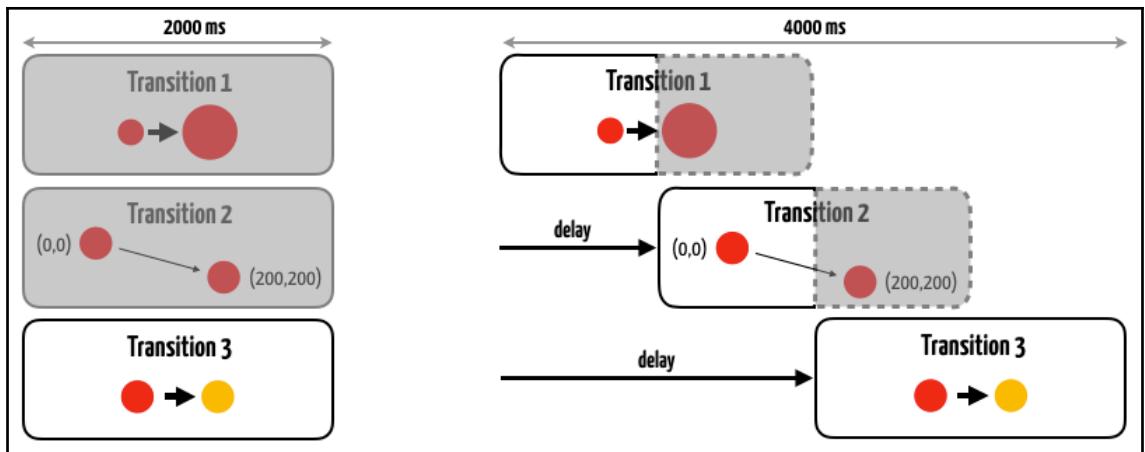


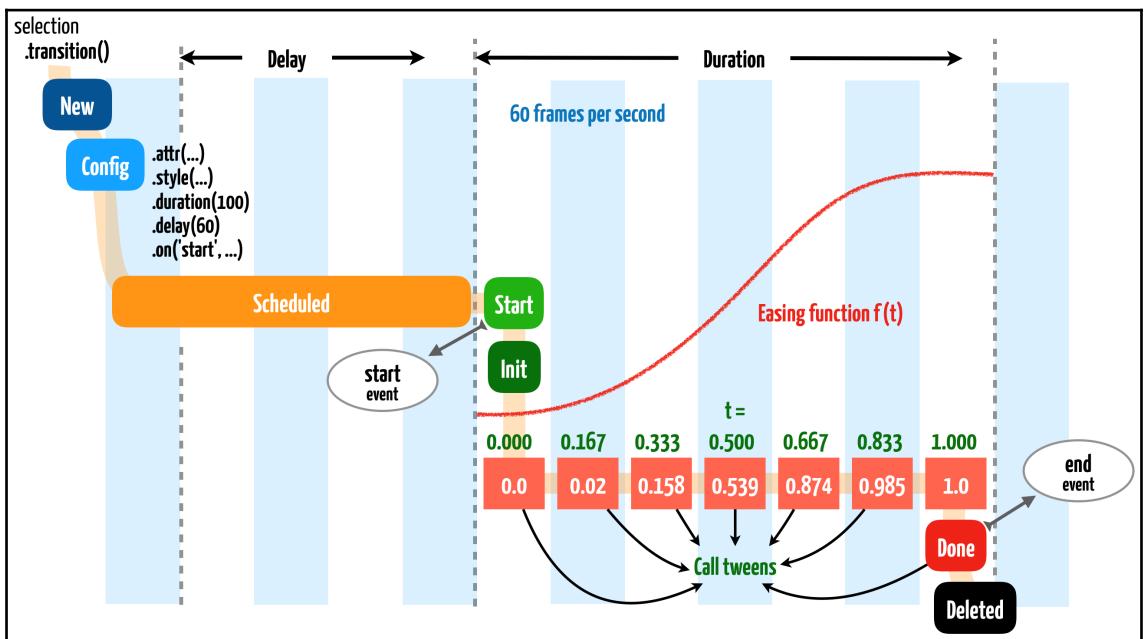
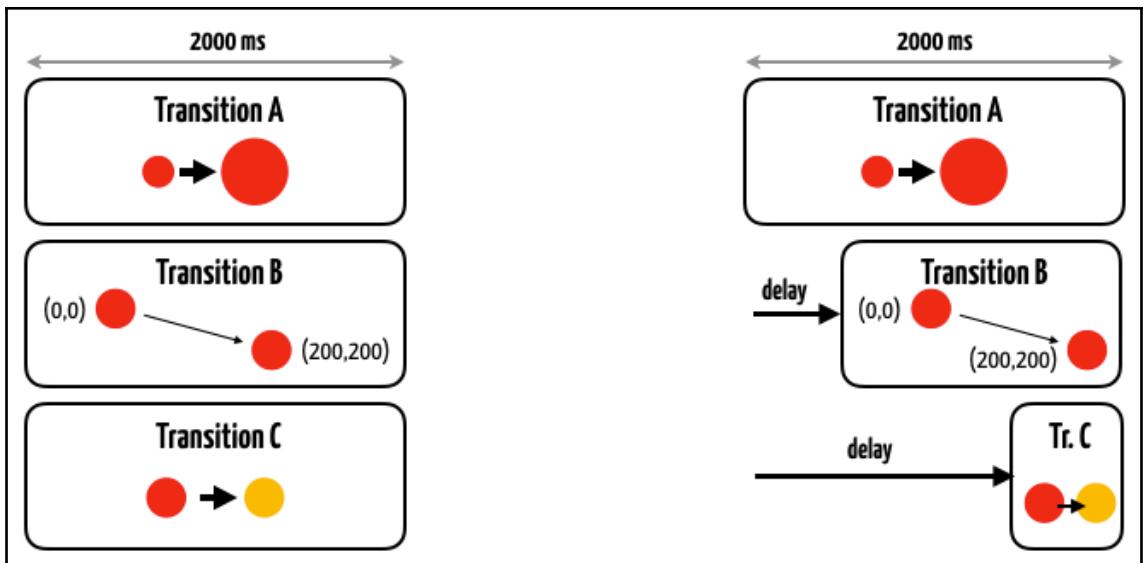
Before  
Before  
Before  
Before  
Before  
After  
After  
After

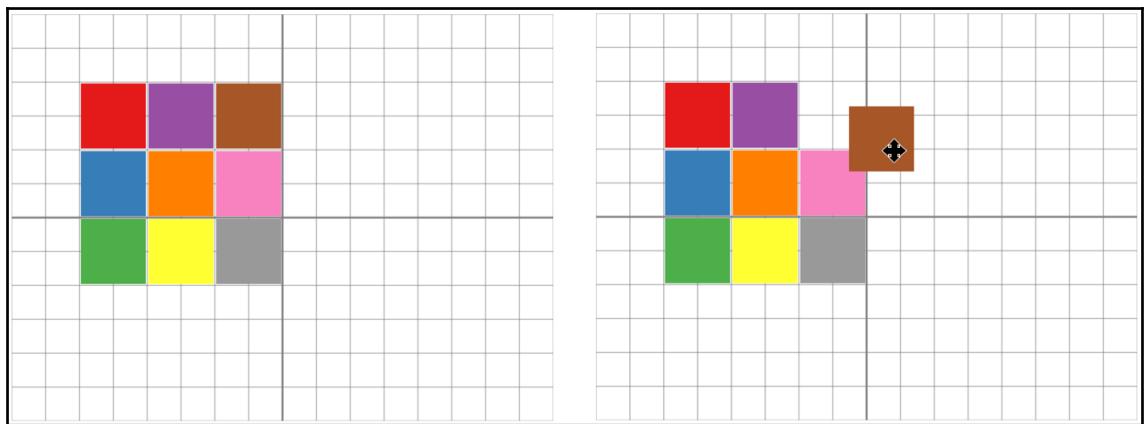
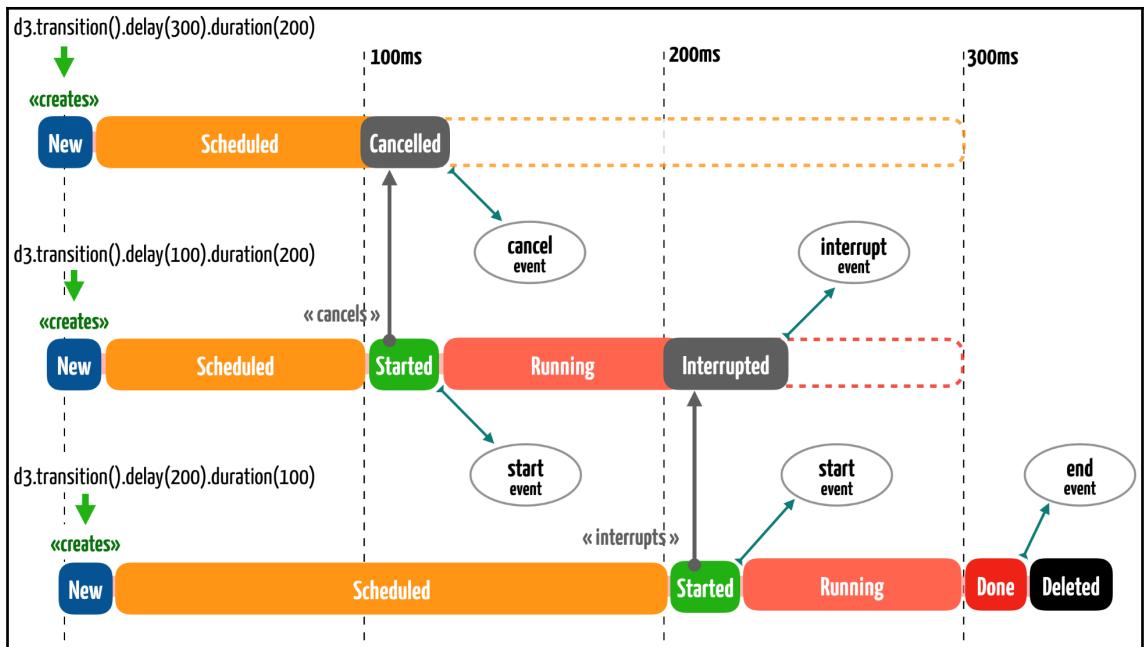
0  
1  
2  
3  
4  
5  
6

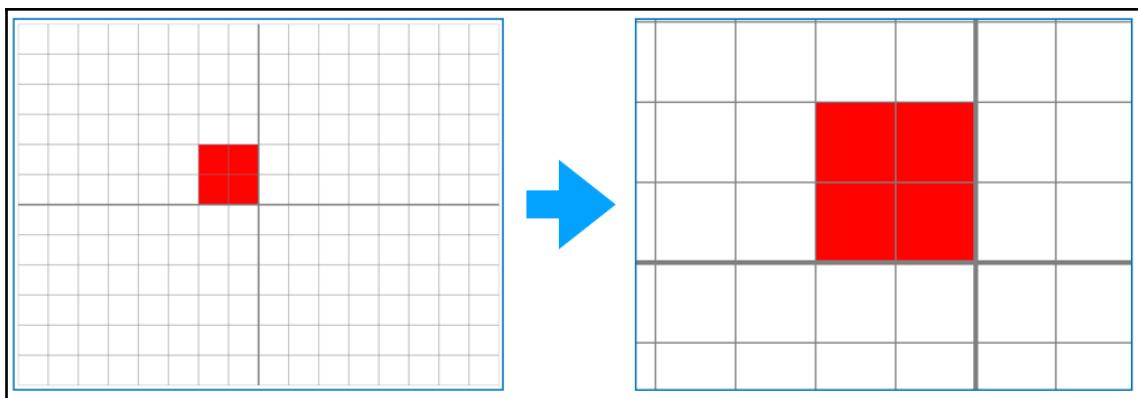
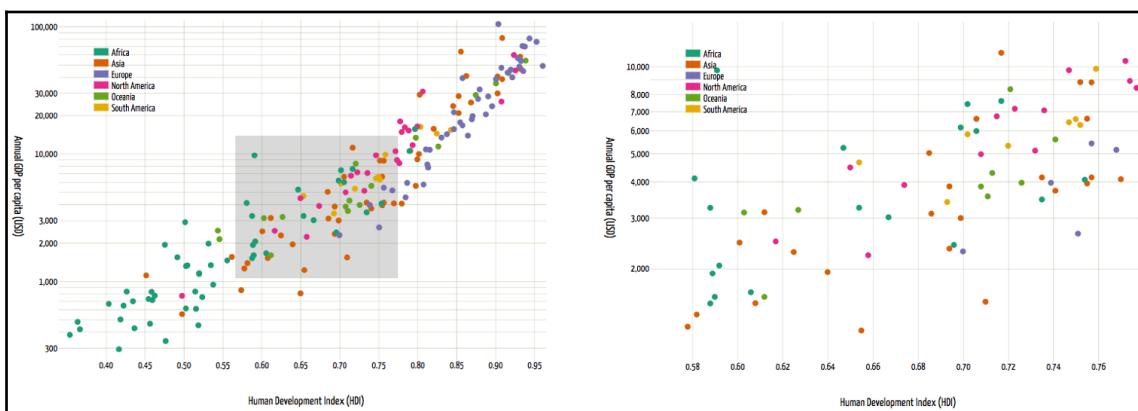
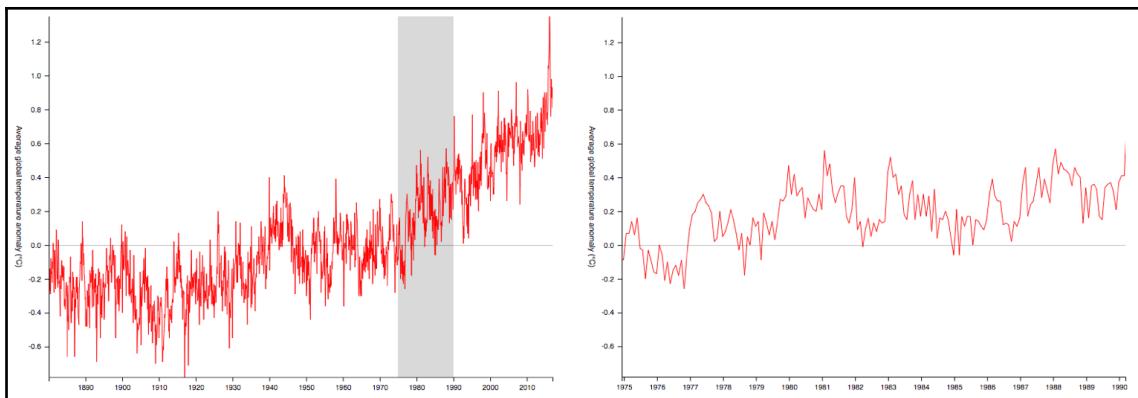
Before  
Before  
Before  
After  
After  
After

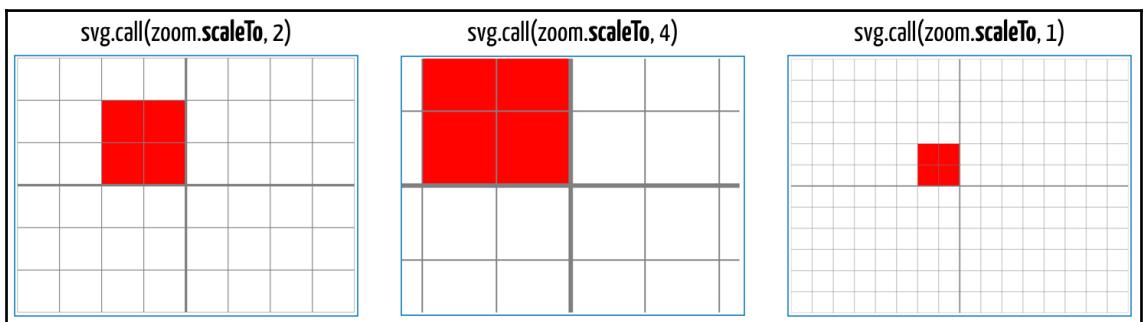
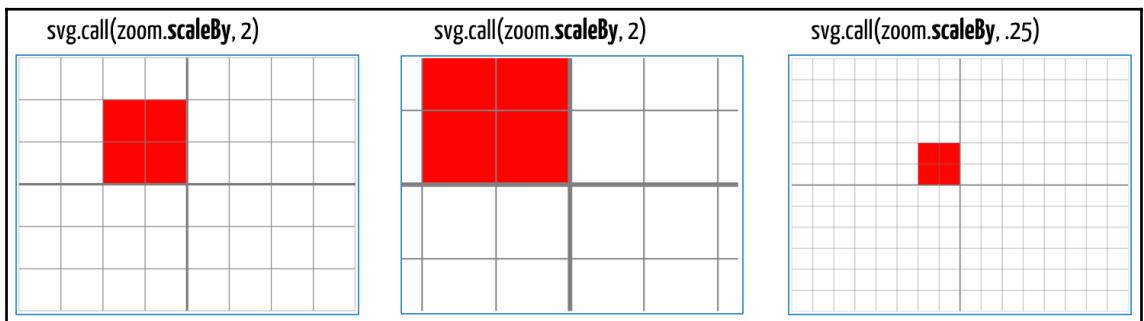
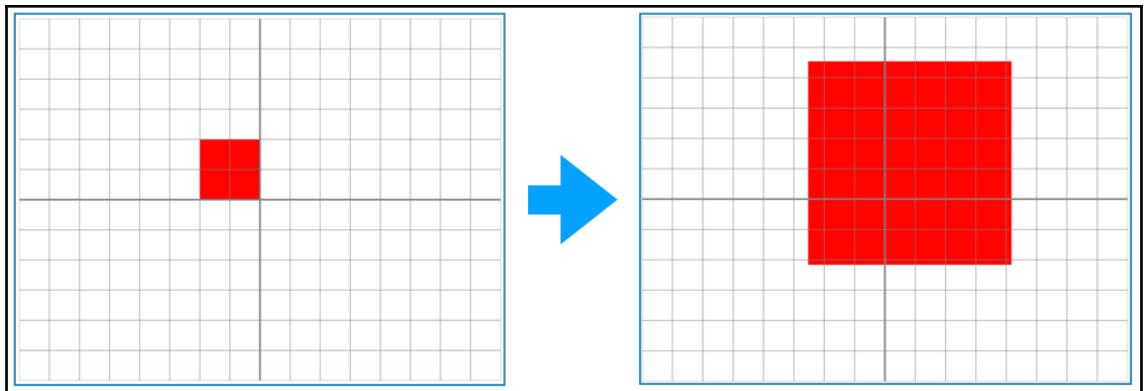


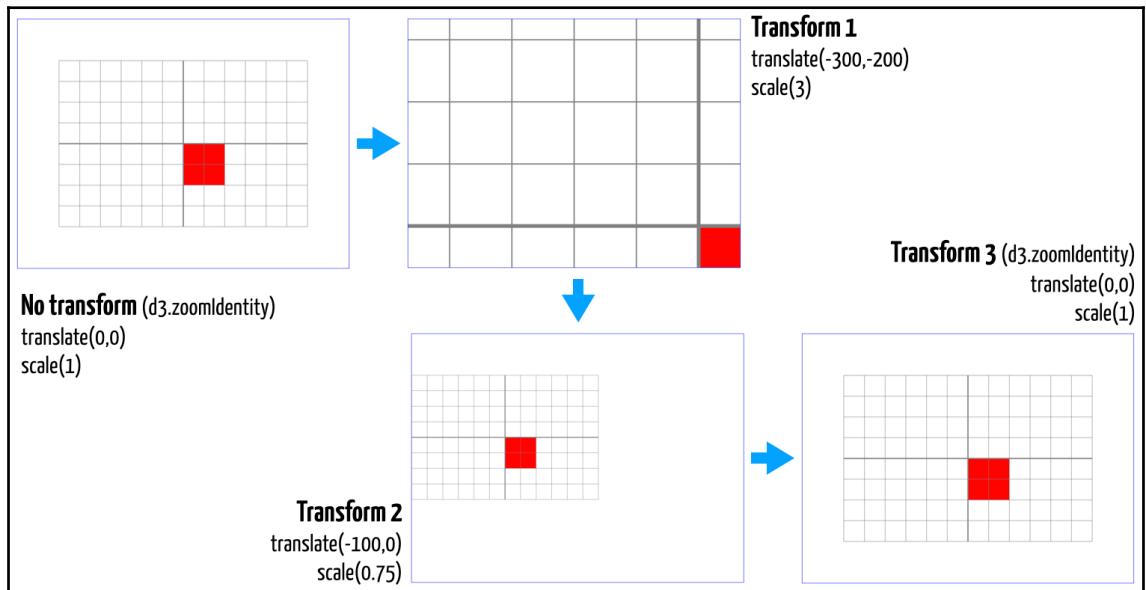
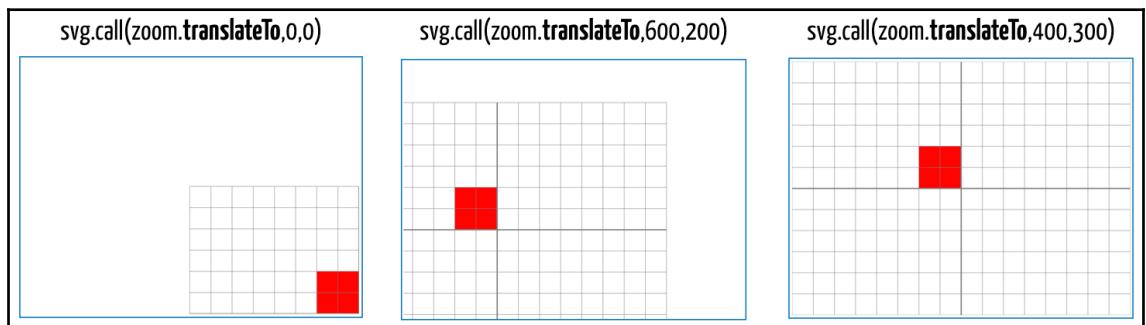
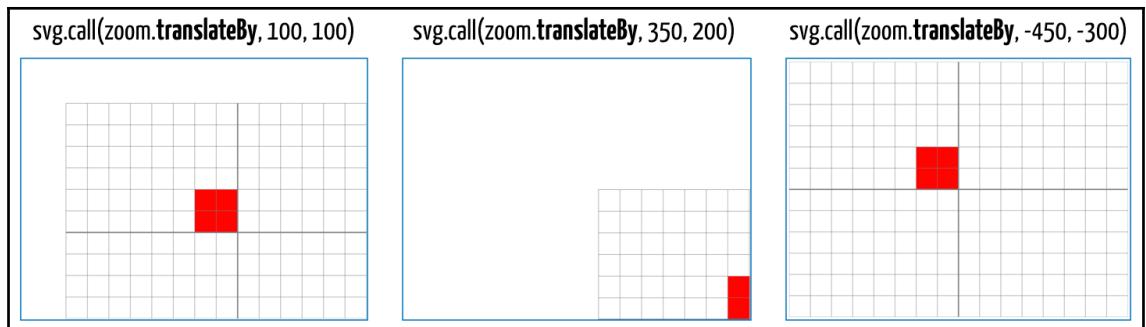


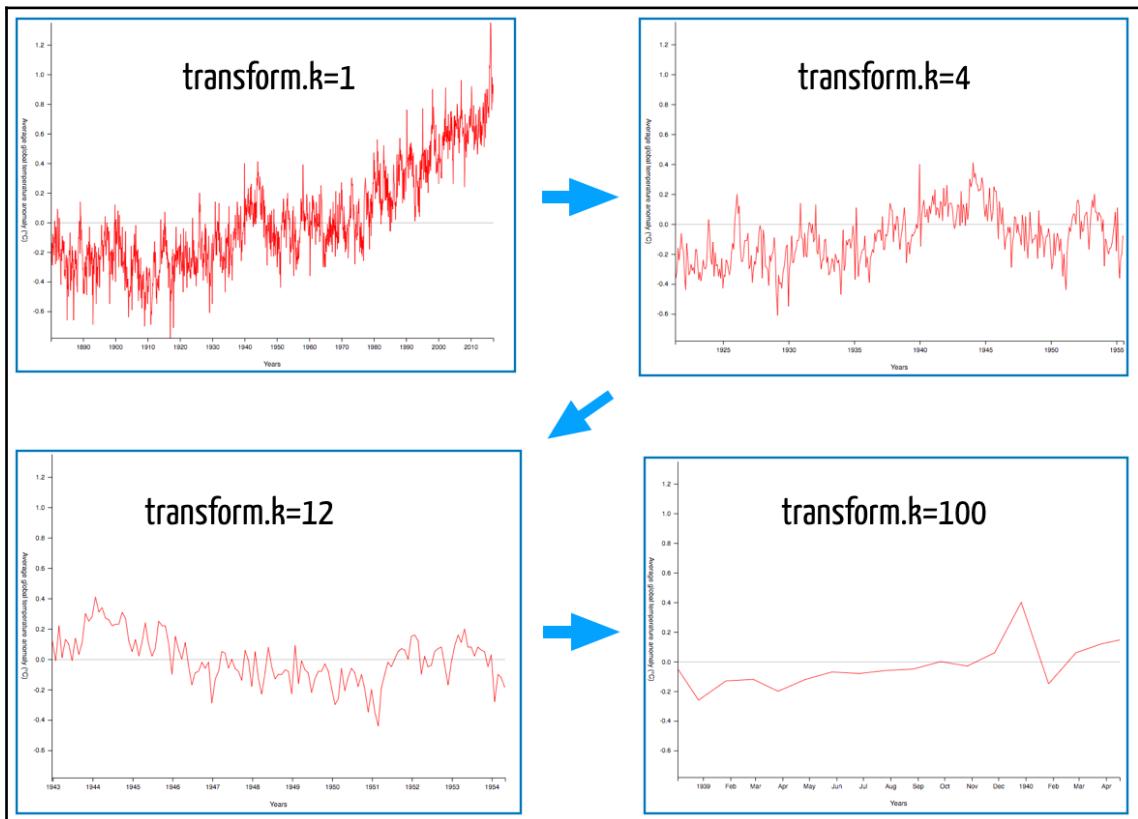
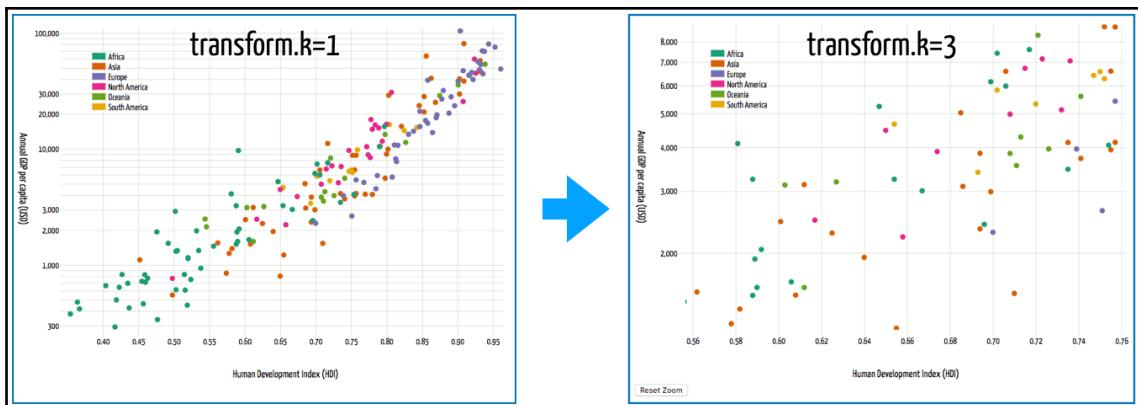




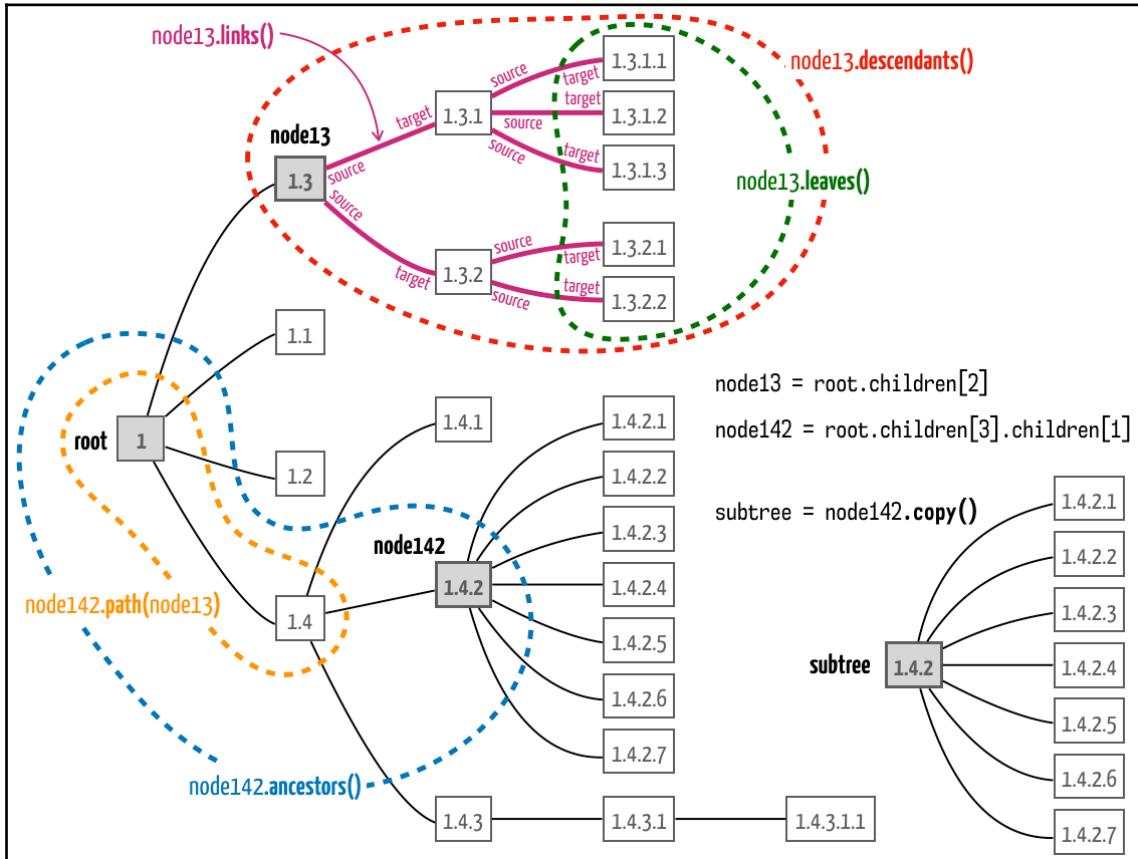


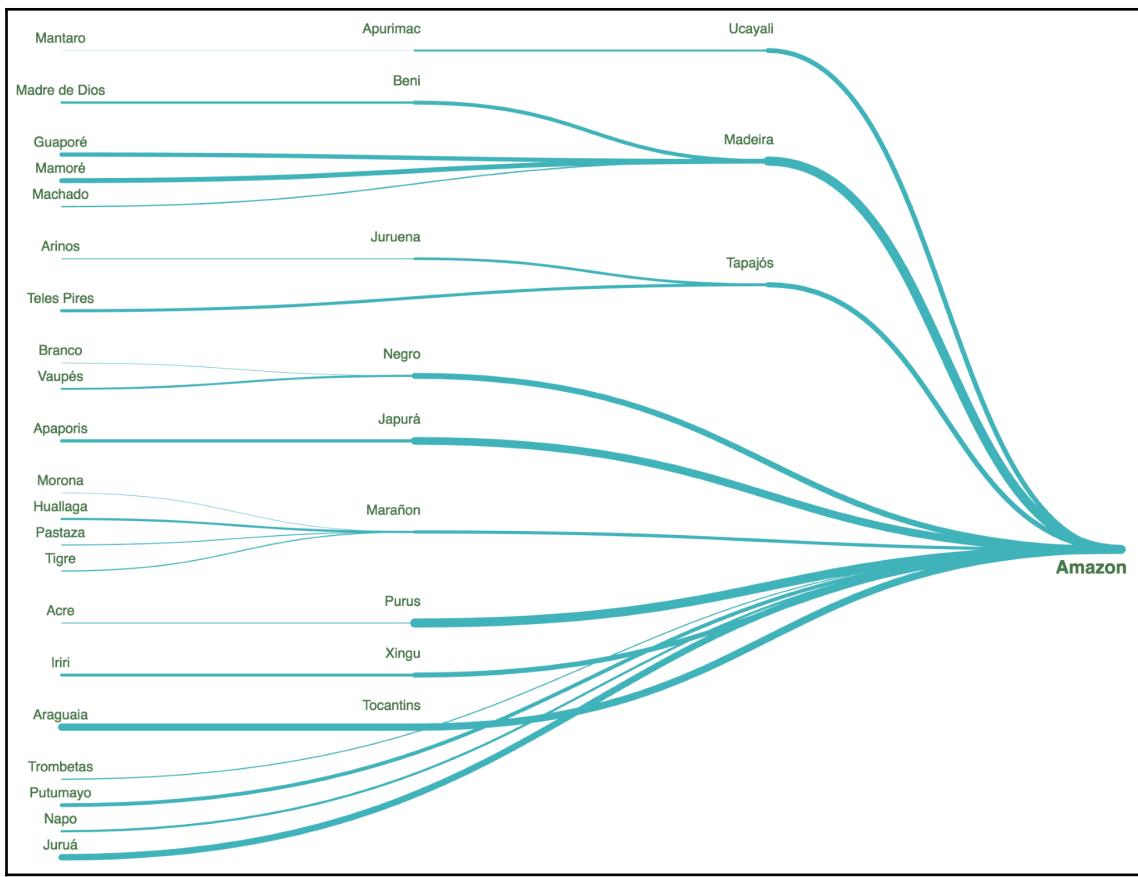


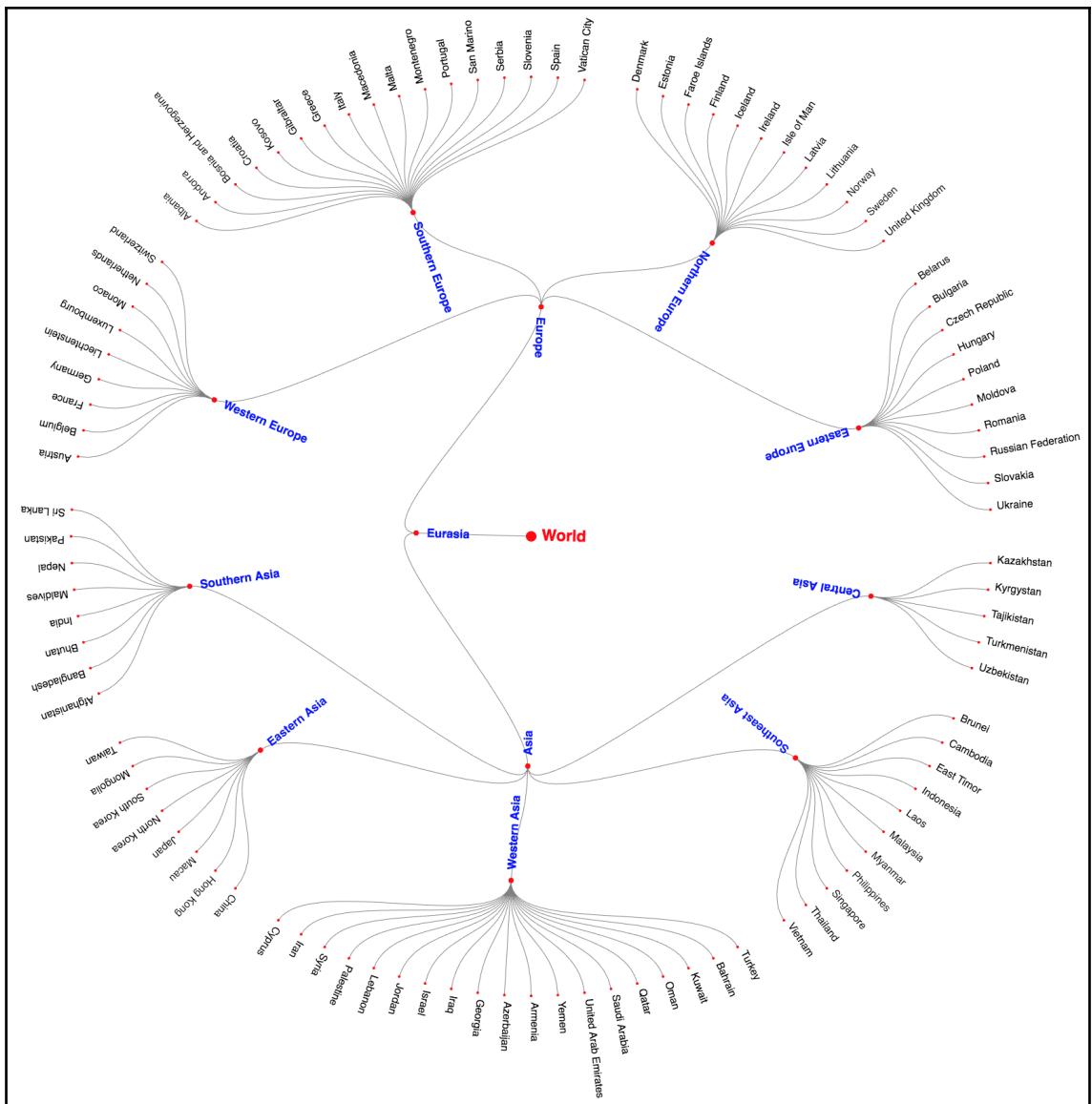


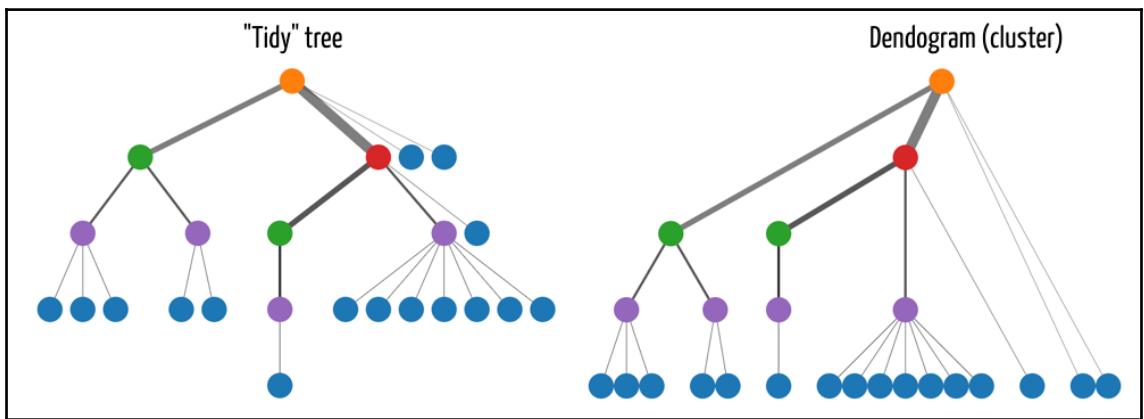
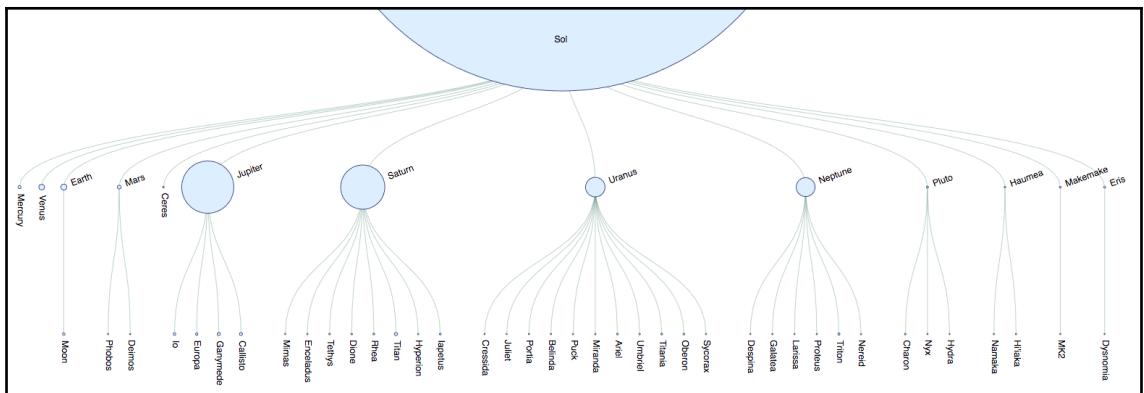


# Chapter 9: Visualizing Hierarchical Data

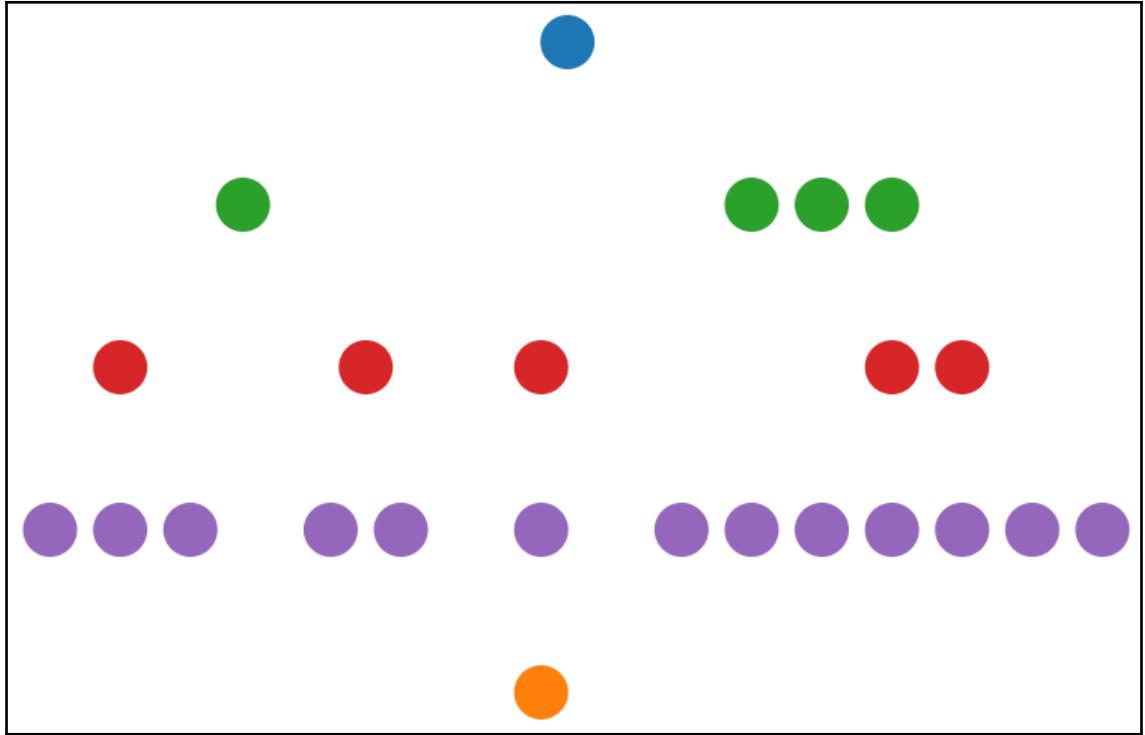


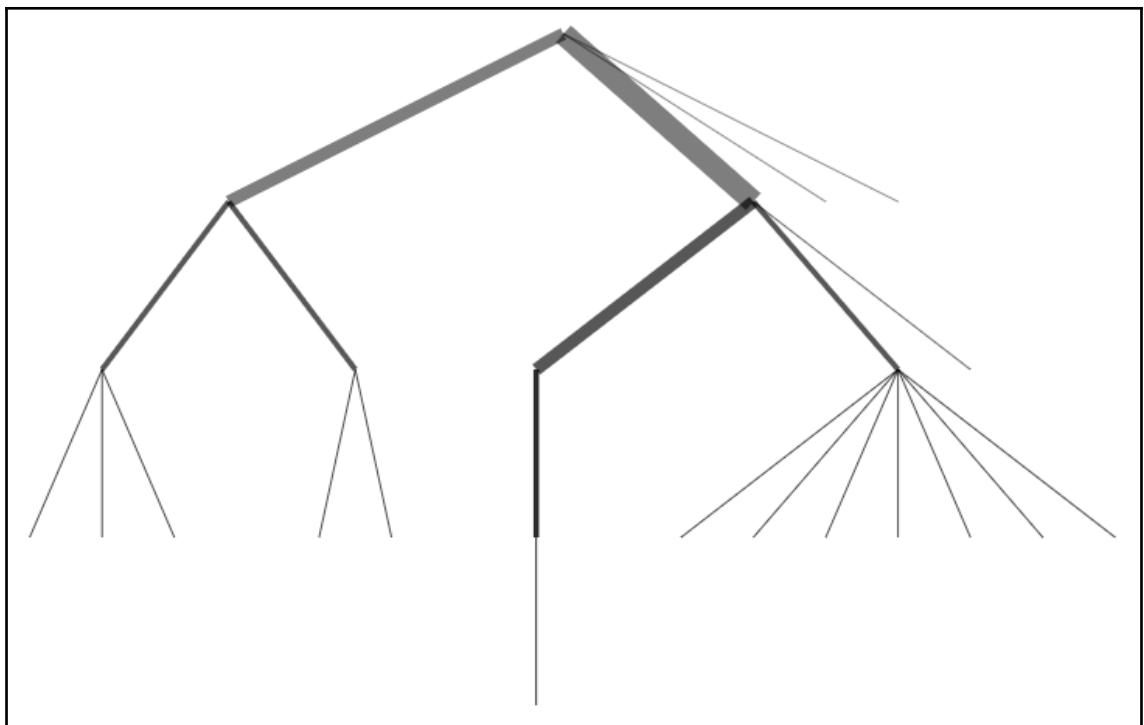


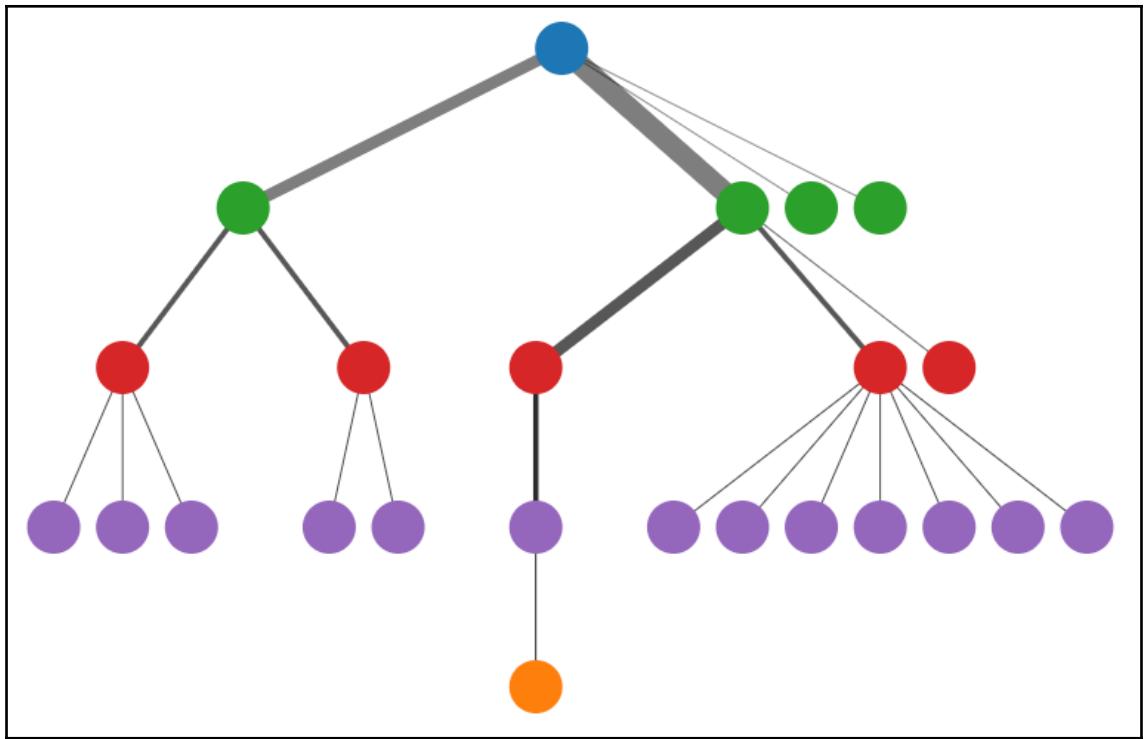


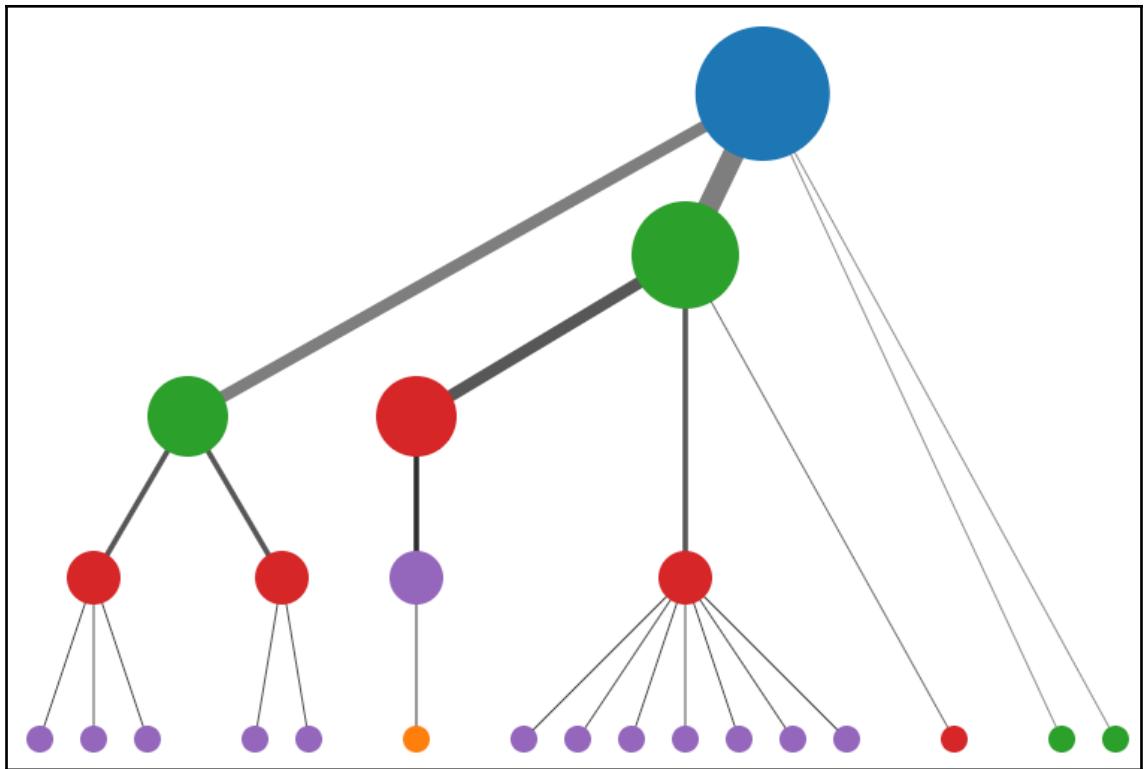


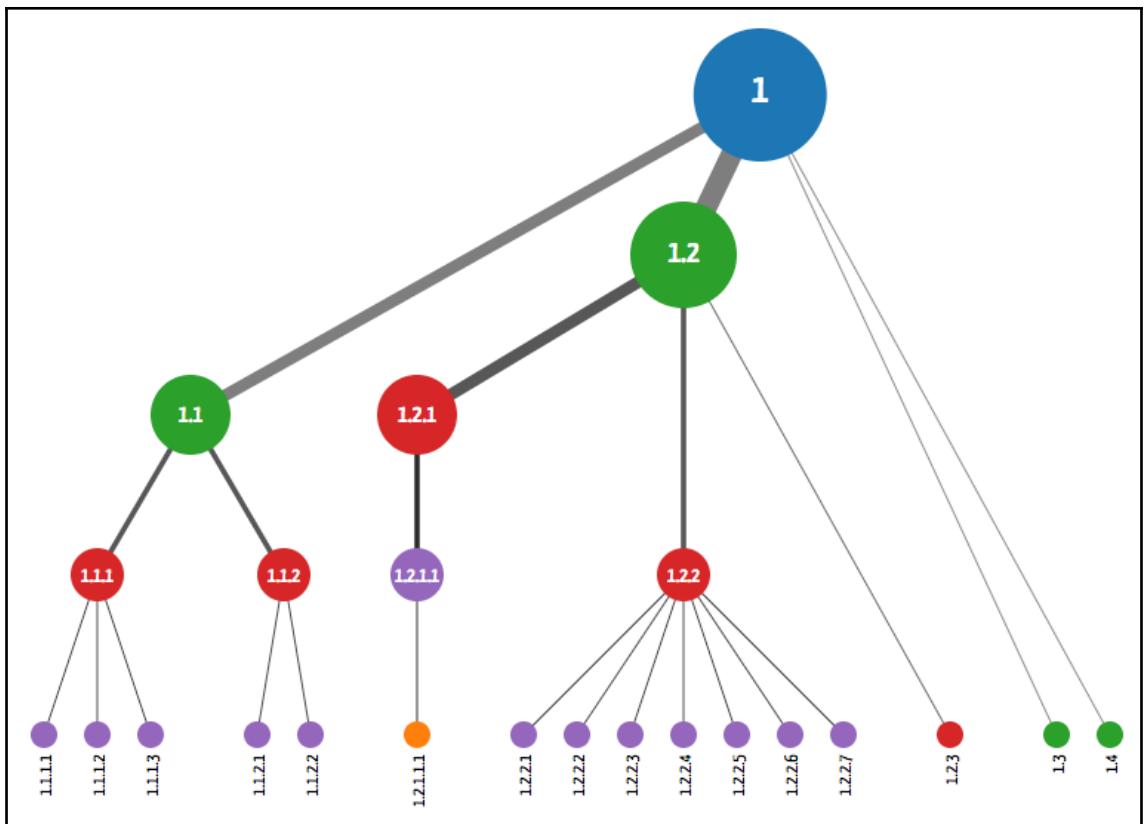
```
▼ hl ⓘ
  ▼ children: Array(4)
    ▼ 0: hl
      ► children: (2) [hl, hl]
      ► data: {id: "group_1", name: "First Group", children: Array(2)}
        depth: 1
        height: 2
      ► parent: hl {data: {...}, height: 4, depth: 0, parent: null, children: Array(4), ...}
        x: 194.11764705882354
      y: 120
      ► __proto__: Object
    ▶ 1: hl {data: {...}, height: 3, depth: 1, parent: hl, children: Array(3), ...}
    ▶ 2: hl {data: {...}, height: 0, depth: 1, parent: hl, x: 621.1764705882354, ...}
    ▶ 3: hl {data: {...}, height: 0, depth: 1, parent: hl, x: 672.9411764705883, ...}
      length: 4
    ► __proto__: Array(0)
  ► data: {id: "root", name: "Root Level", children: Array(4)}
  depth: 0
  height: 4
  parent: null
  x: 433.5294117647059
  y: 0
```

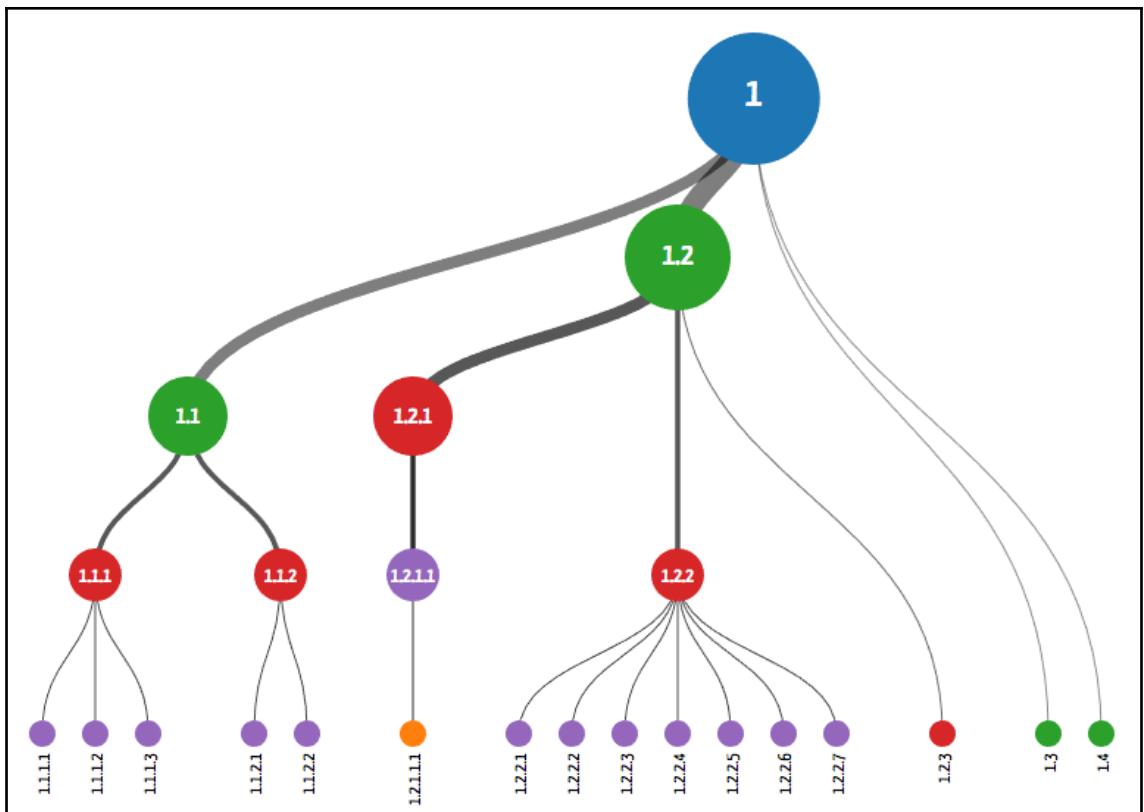


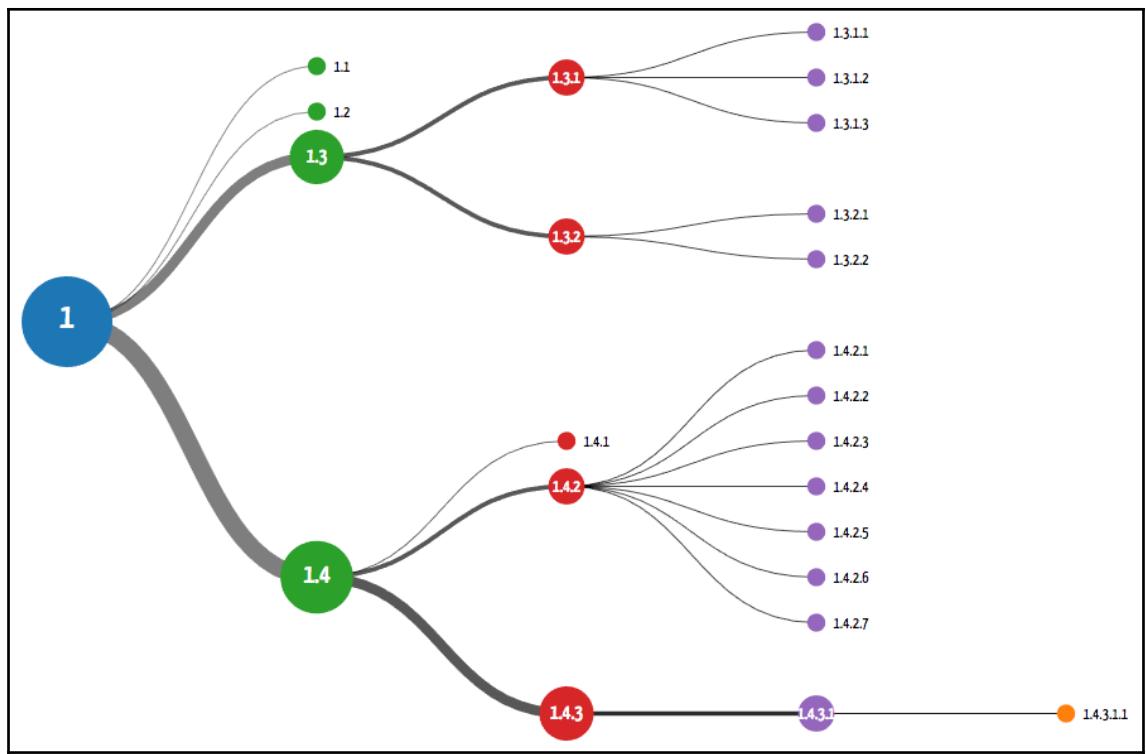


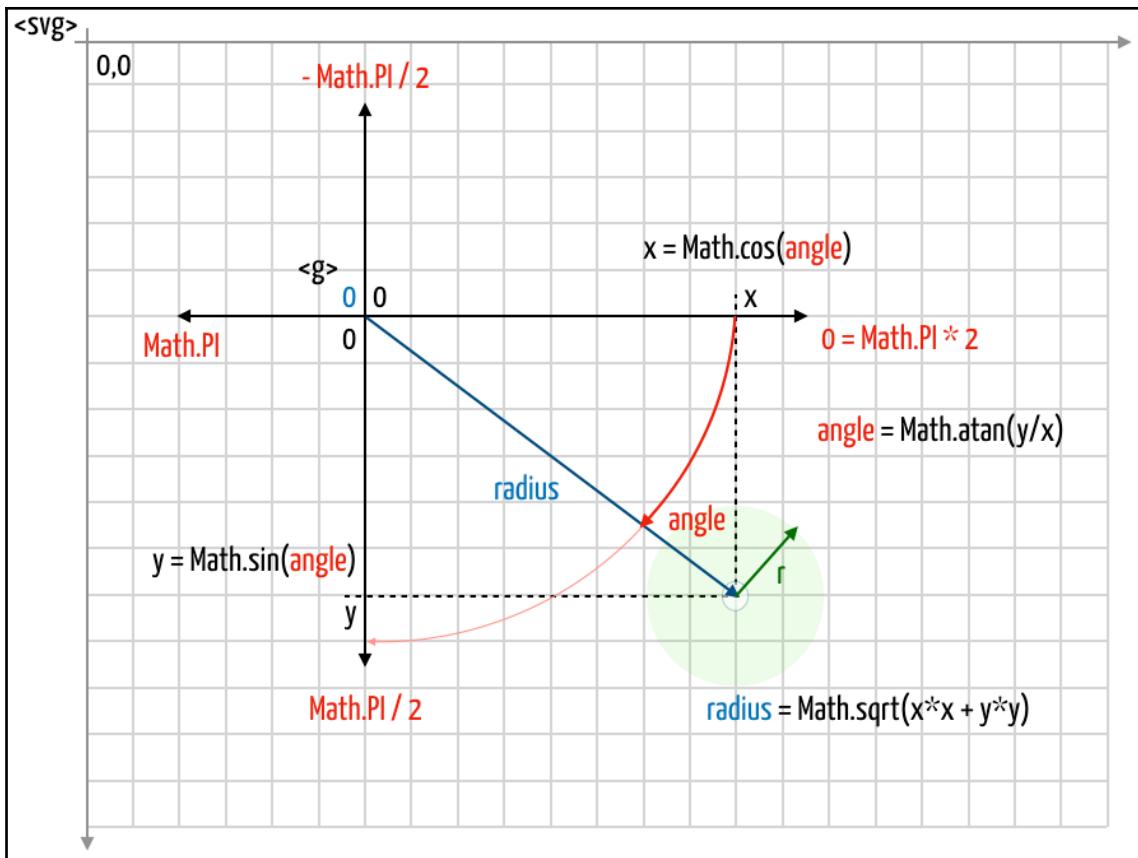


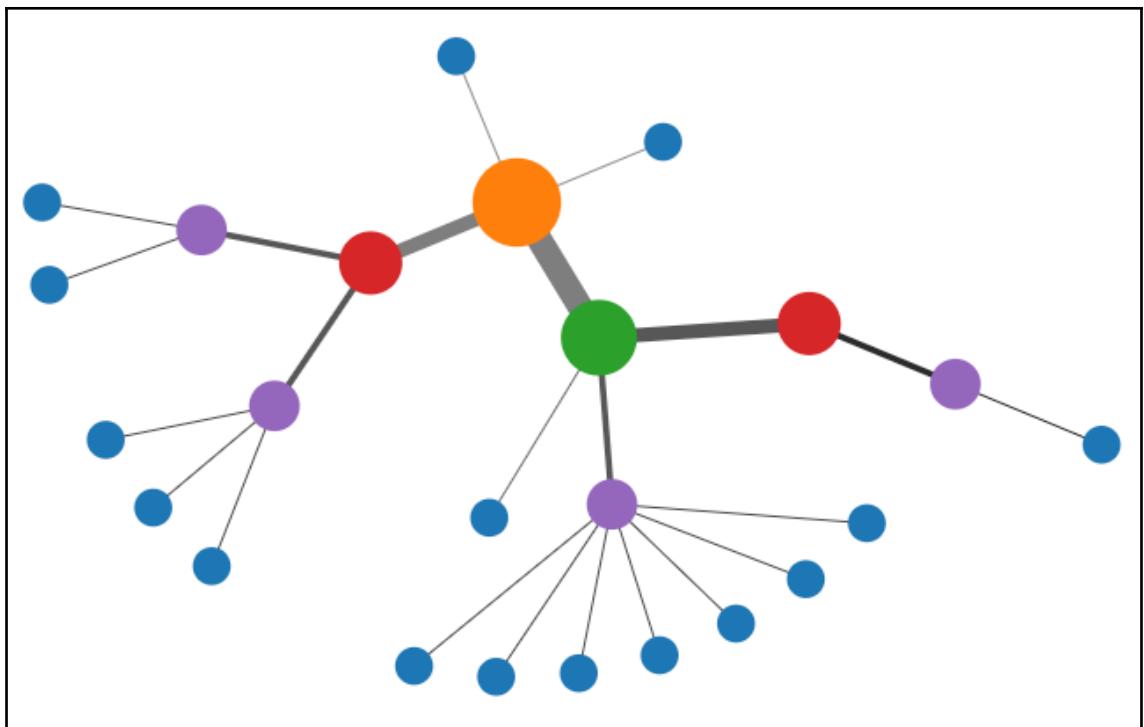


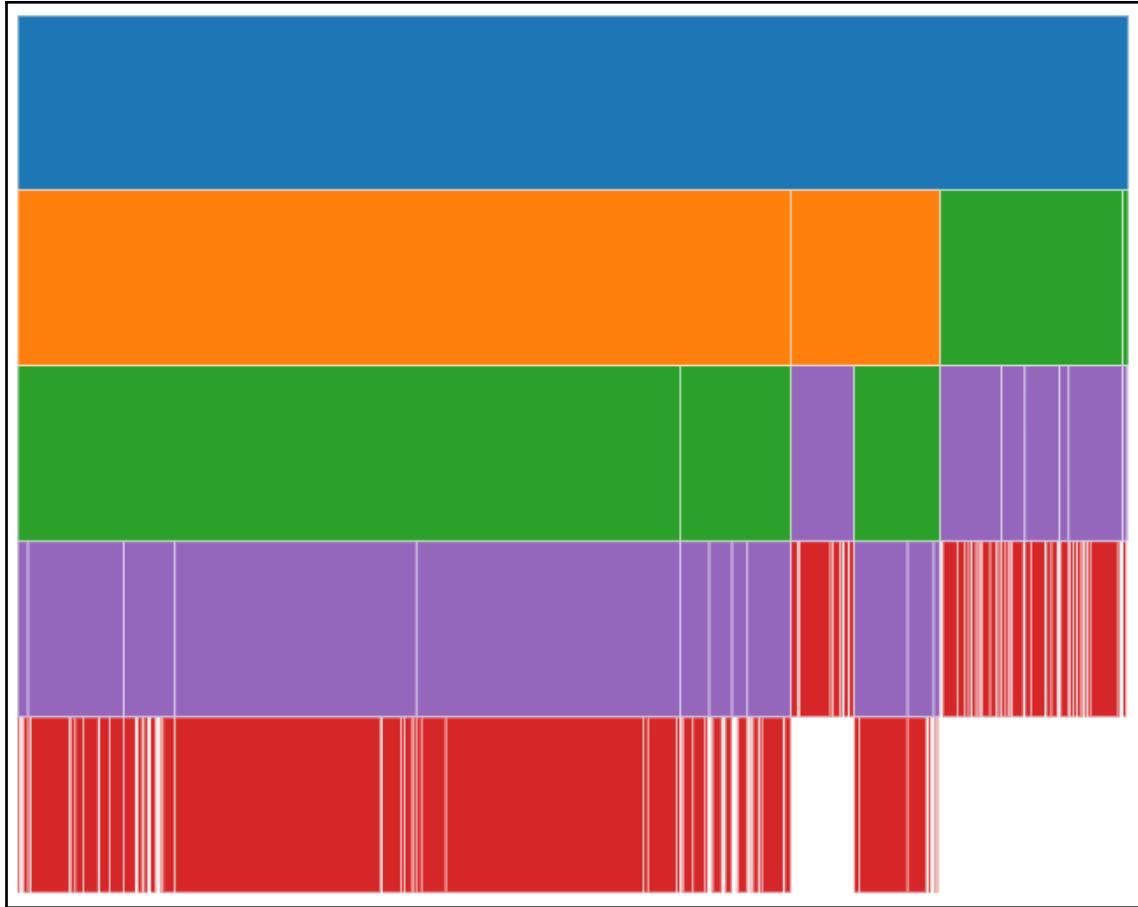


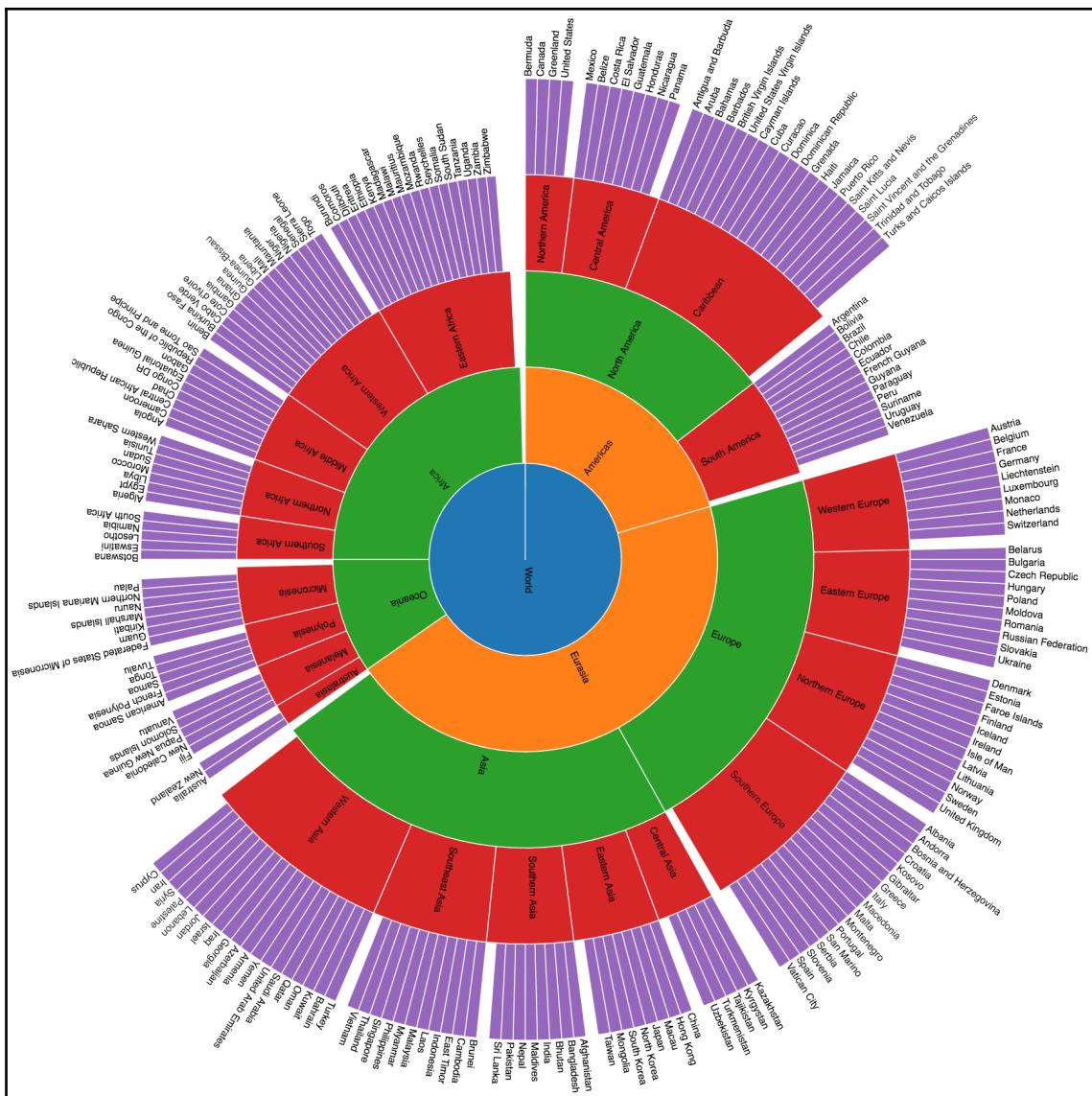




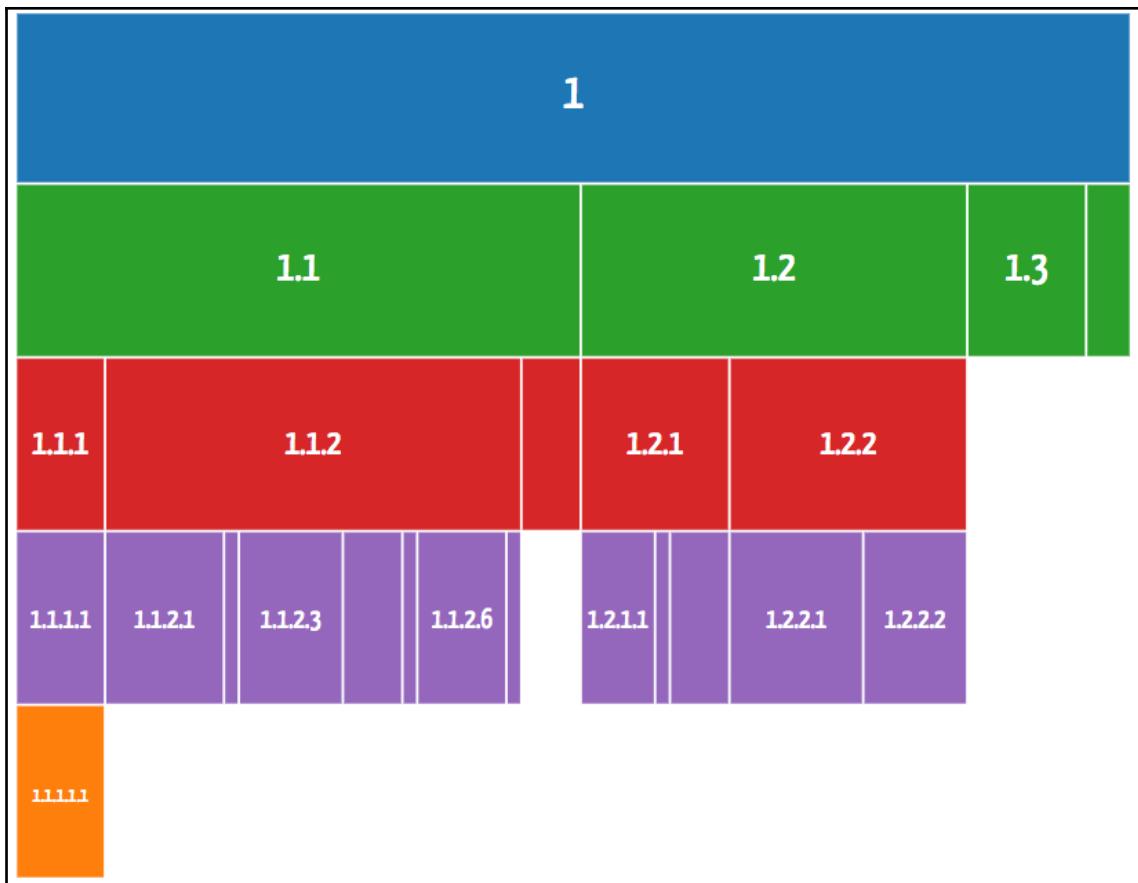


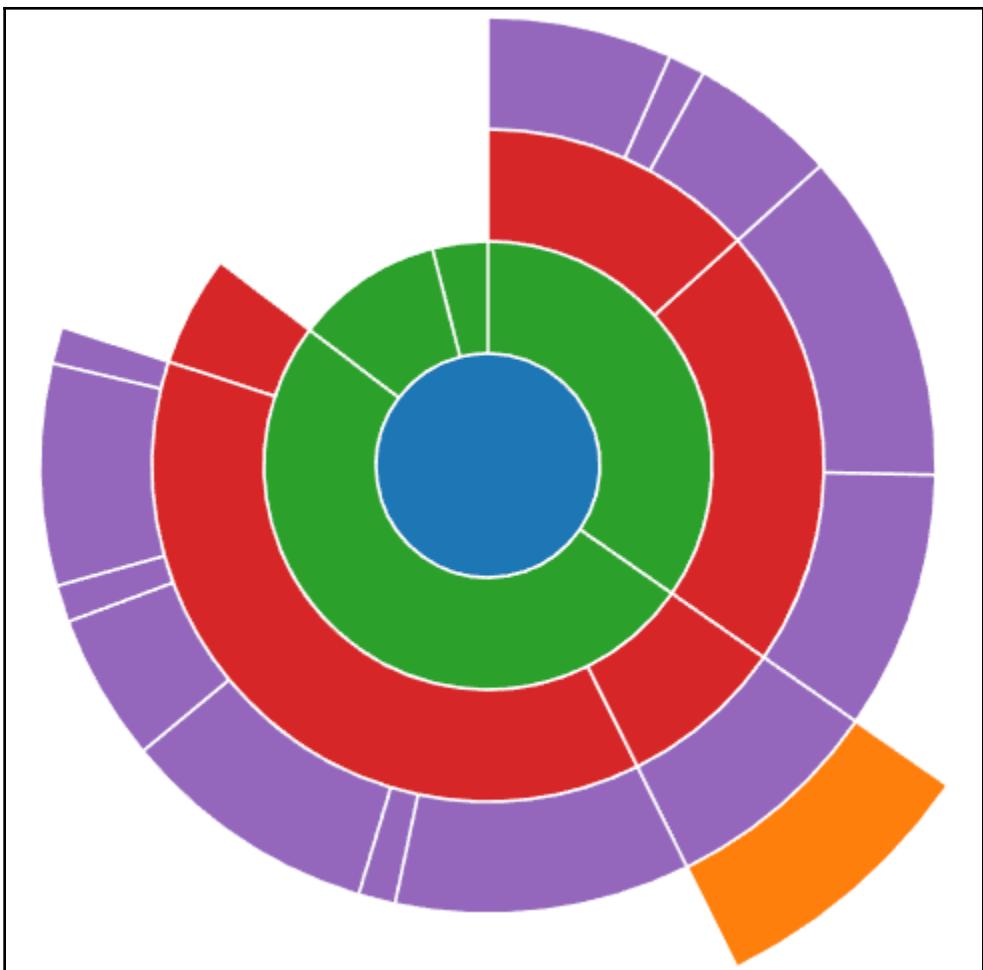


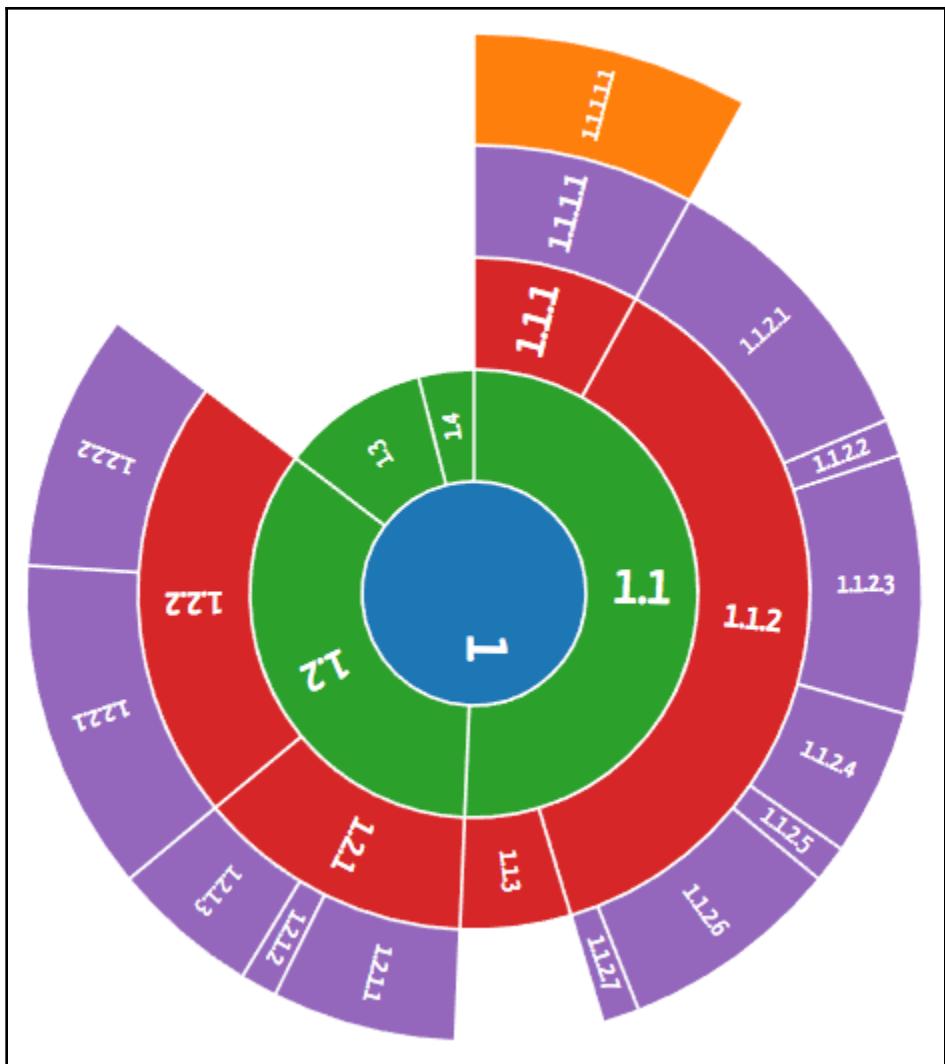


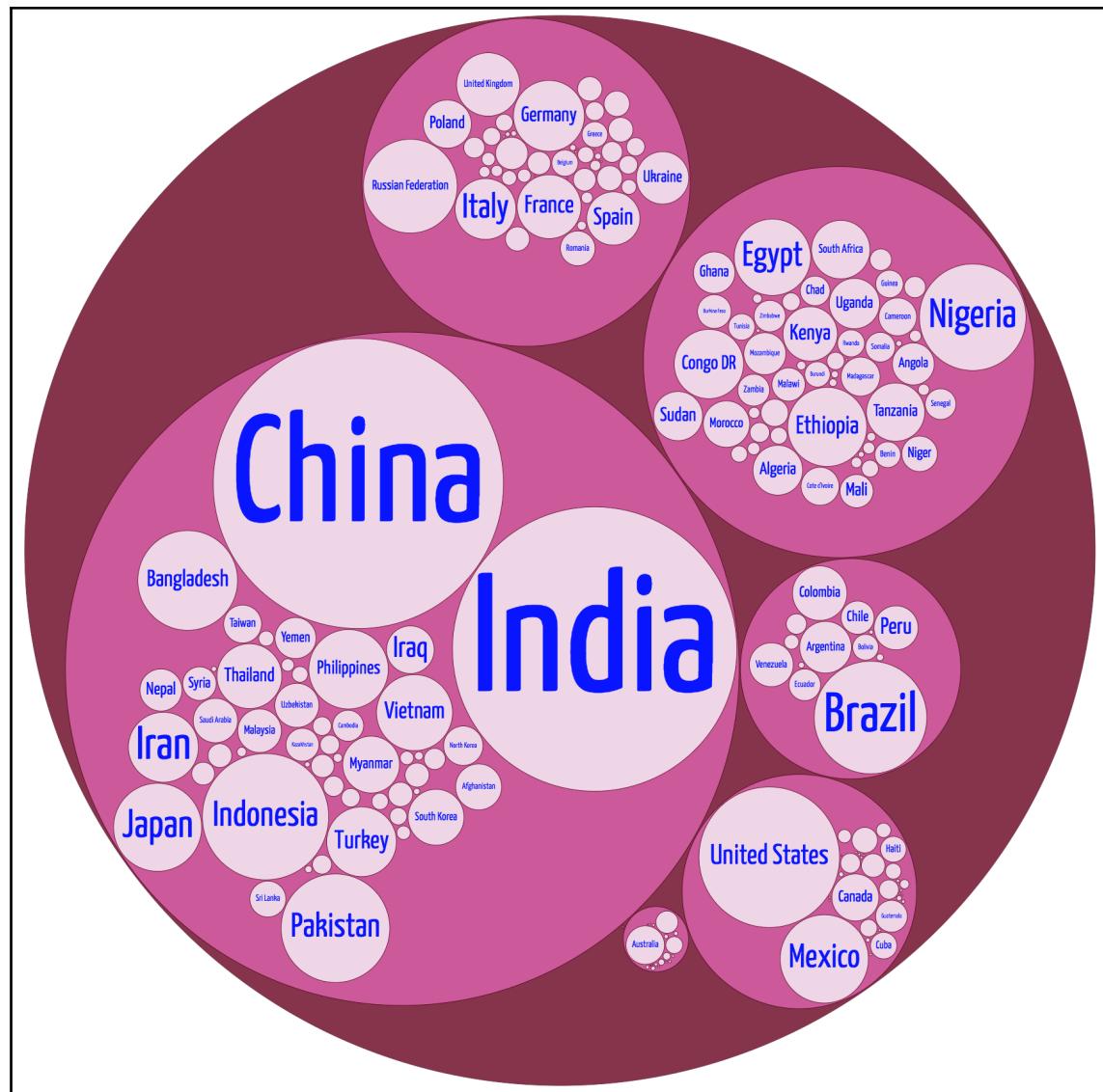


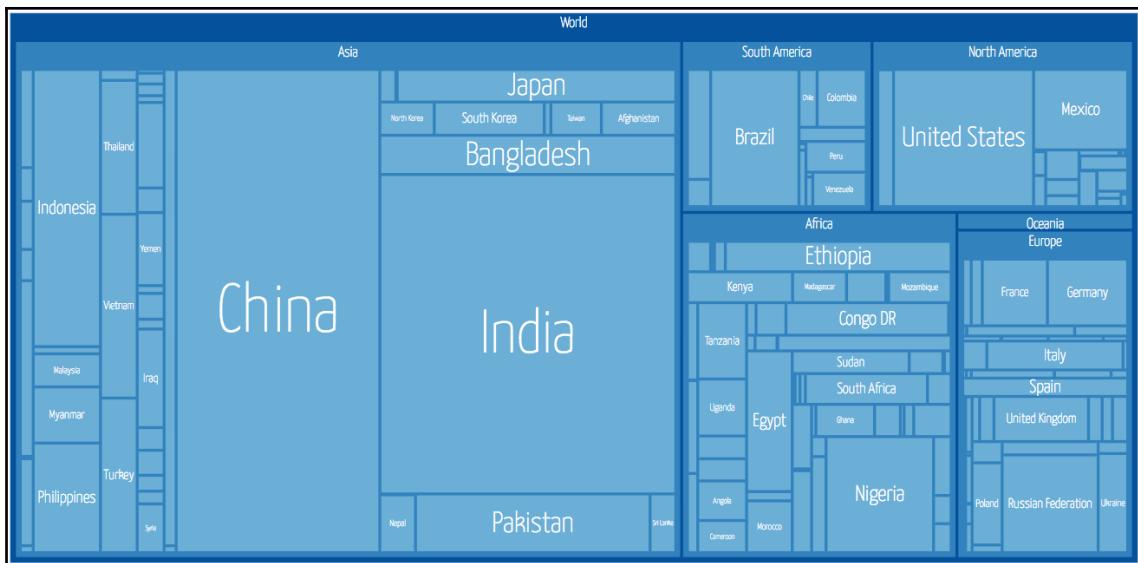
```
▼ hl [1]
  ▼ children: Array(4)
    ▼ 0: hl
      ▶ children: (3) [hl, hl, hl]
      ▶ data: {id: "group_2", name: "Second Group", children: Array(3)}
      depth: 1
      height: 3
      number: "1.1"
      ▶ parent: hl {data: {...}, height: 4, depth: 0, parent: null, children: Array(4), ...}
      value: 38
      x0: 2
      x1: 454.9866666666666
      y0: 140
      y1: 278
      ▶ __proto__: Object
    ▶ 1: hl {data: {...}, height: 2, depth: 1, parent: hl, children: Array(2), ...}
    ▶ 2: hl {data: {...}, height: 0, depth: 1, parent: hl, value: 8, ...}
    ▶ 3: hl {data: {...}, height: 0, depth: 1, parent: hl, value: 3, ...}
    length: 4
    ▶ __proto__: Array(0)
  ▶ data: {id: "root", name: "Root Level", children: Array(4)}
  depth: 0
  height: 4
  number: 1
  parent: null
  value: 75
  x0: 2
  x1: 898
  y0: 2
  y1: 138
```

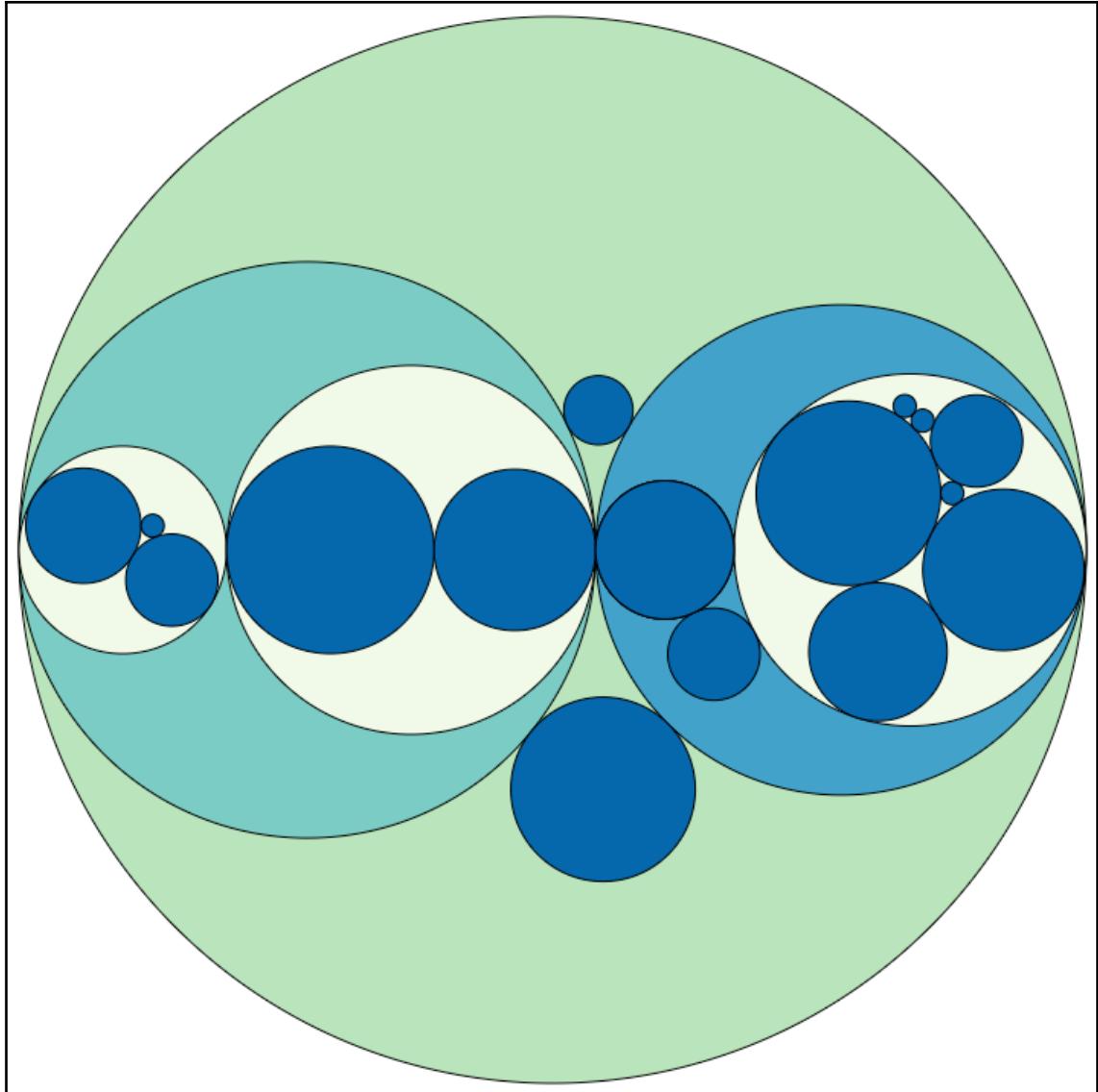


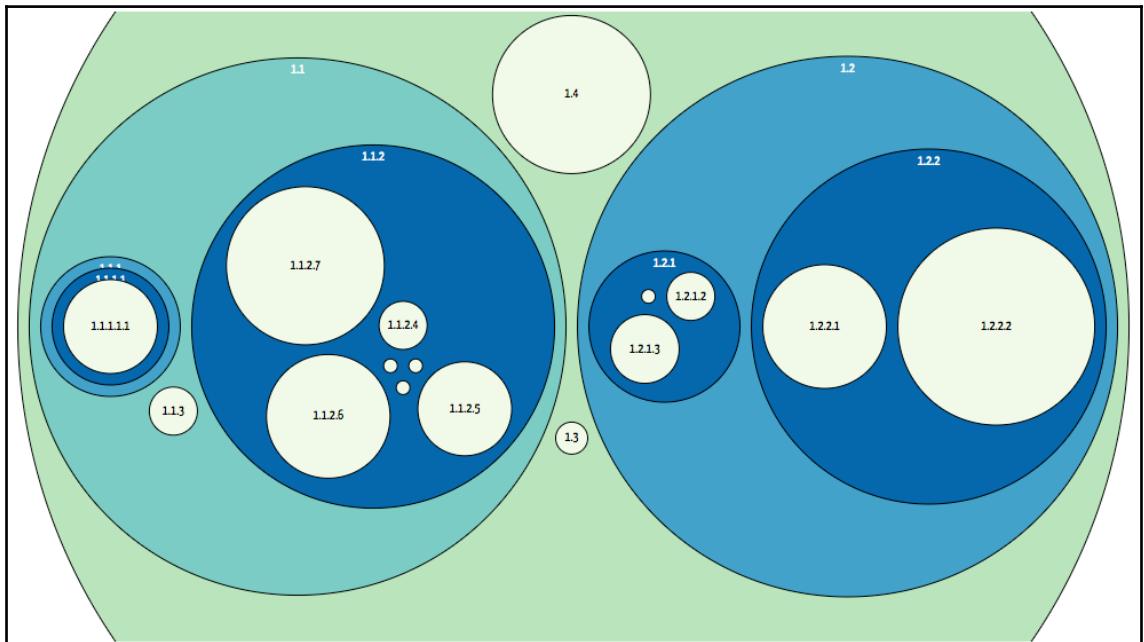
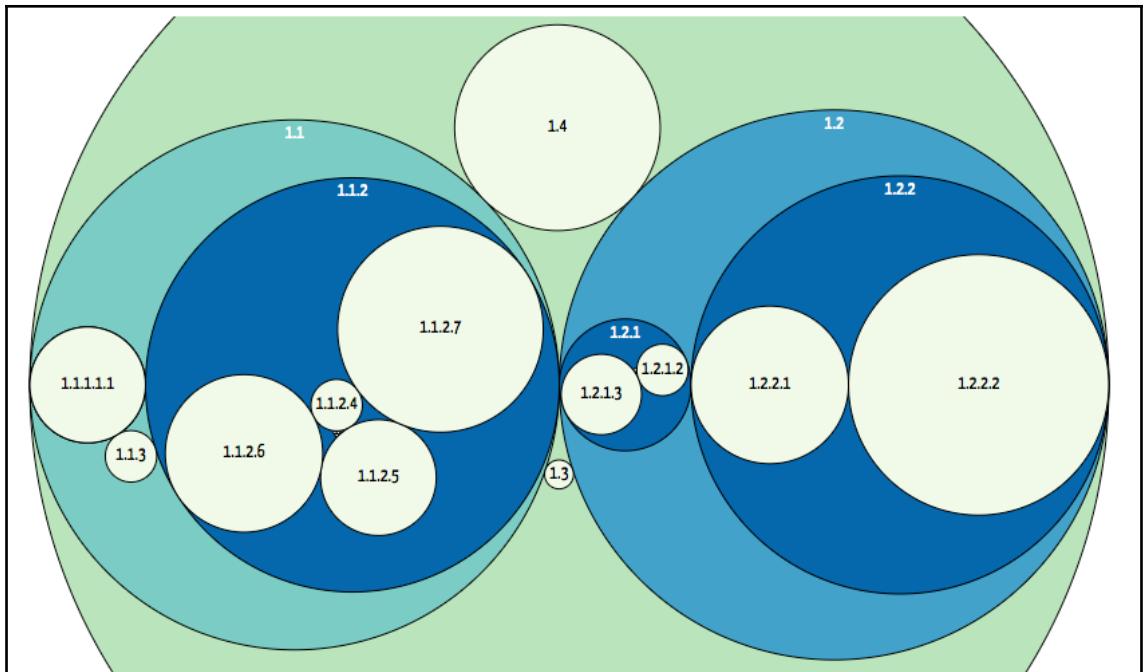


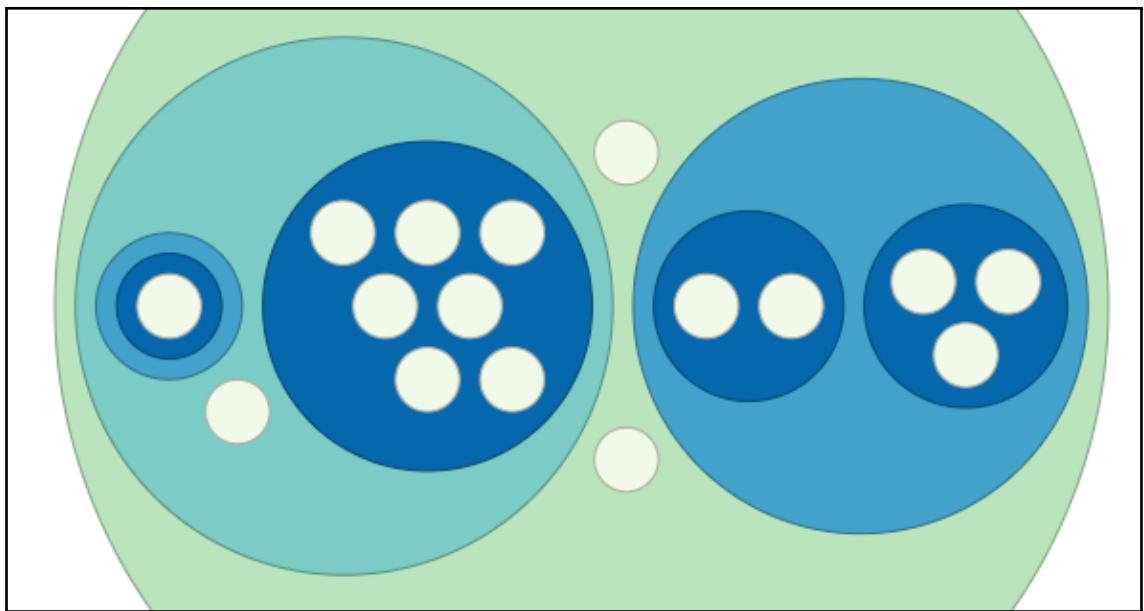


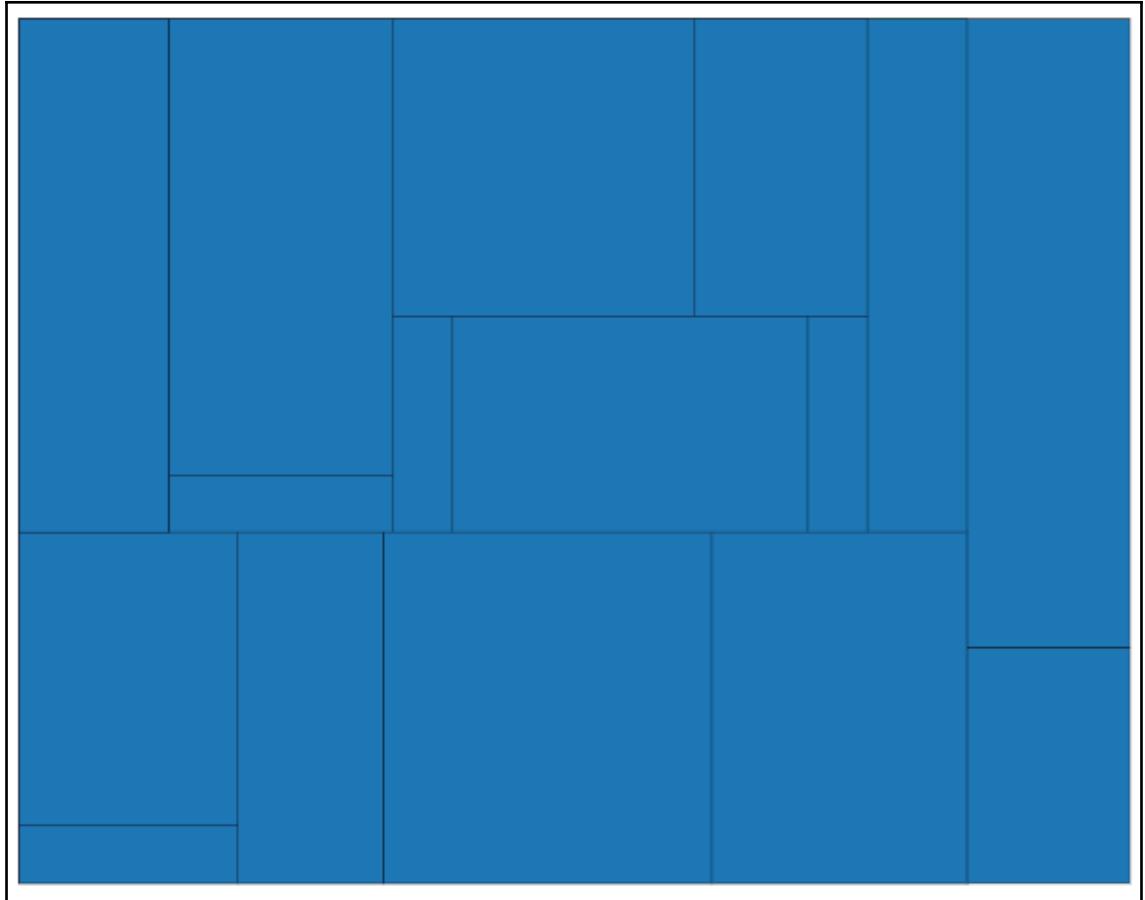


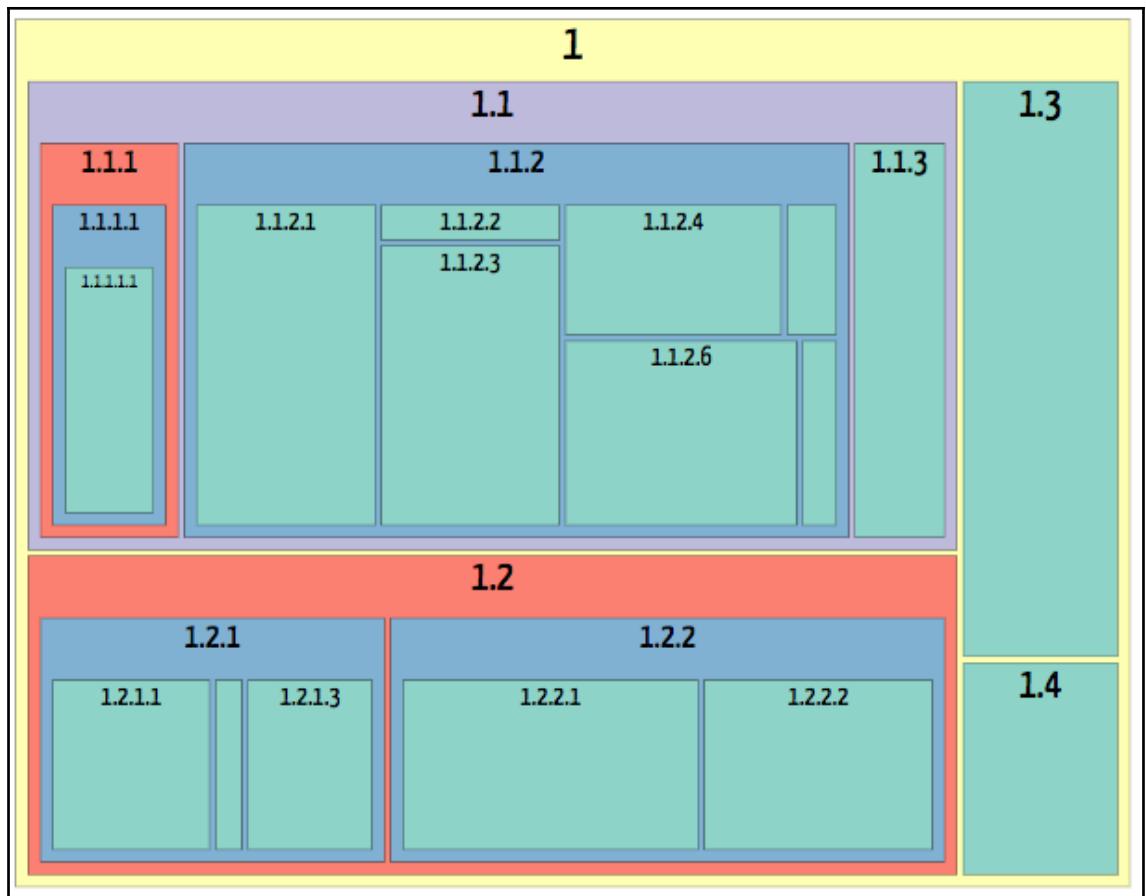


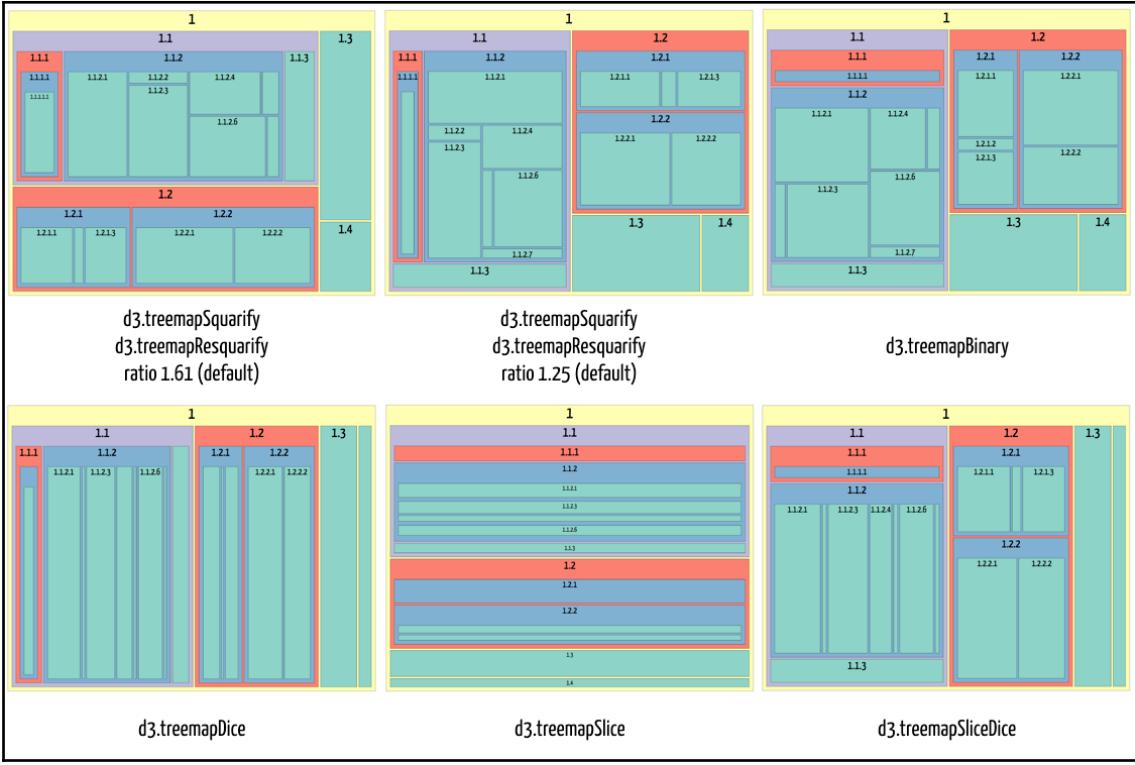




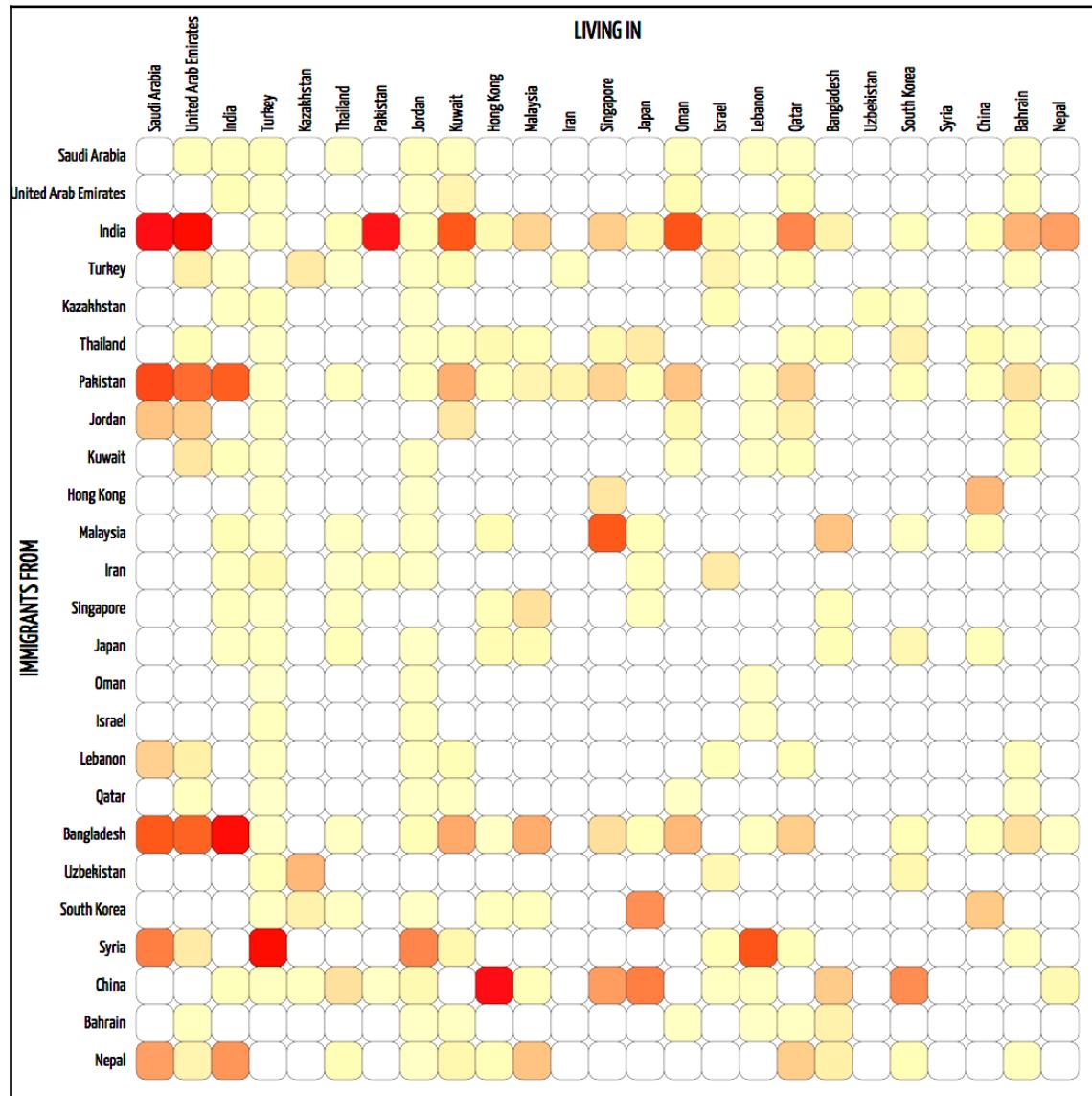


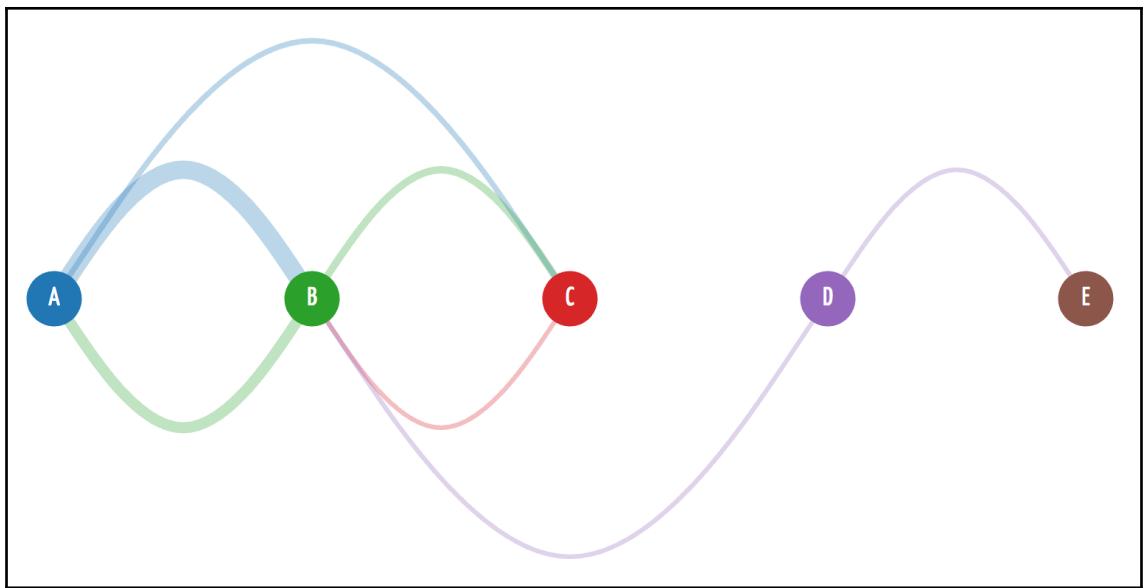


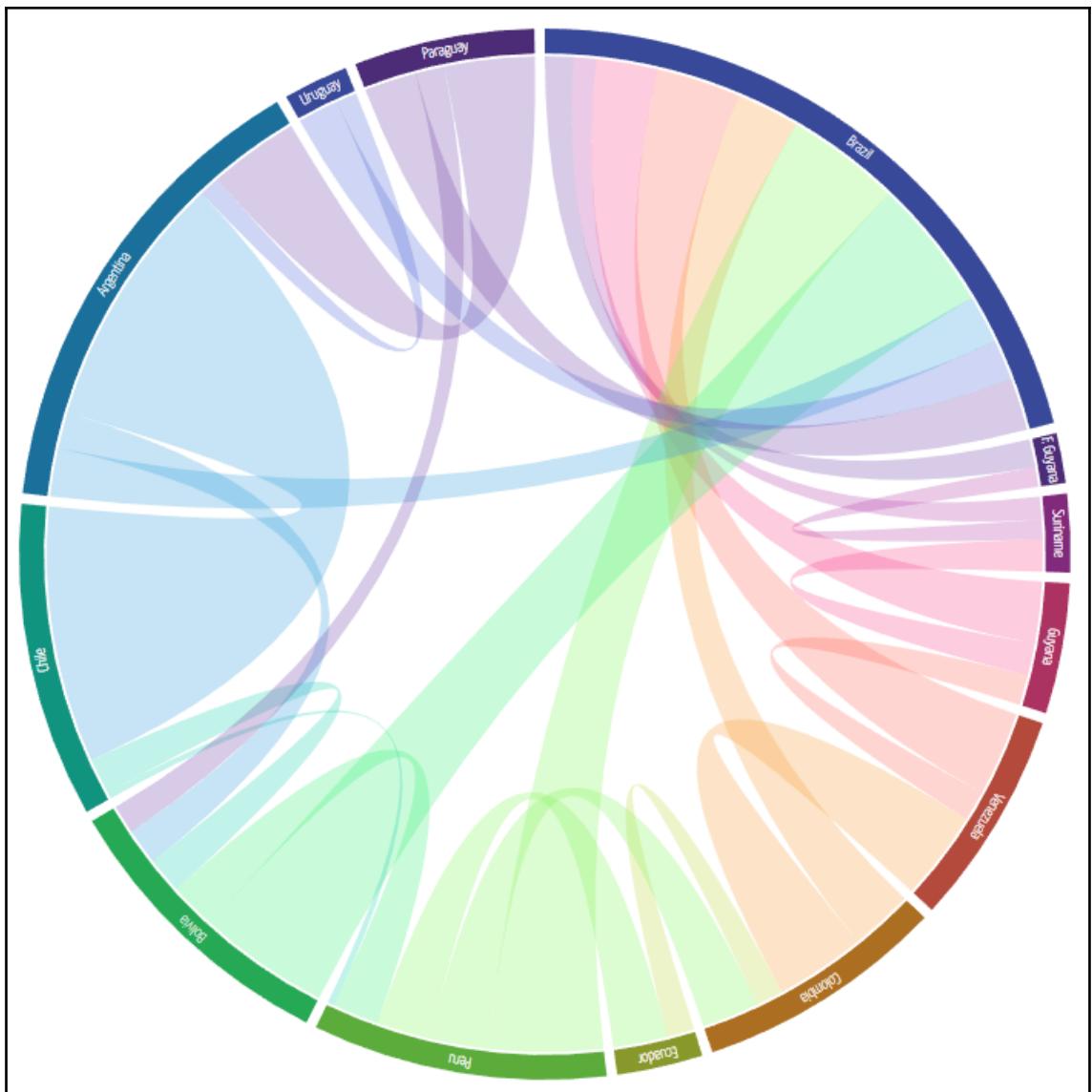


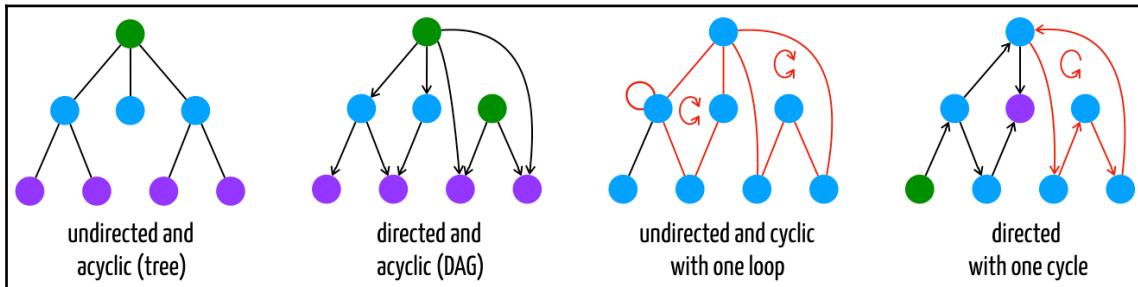
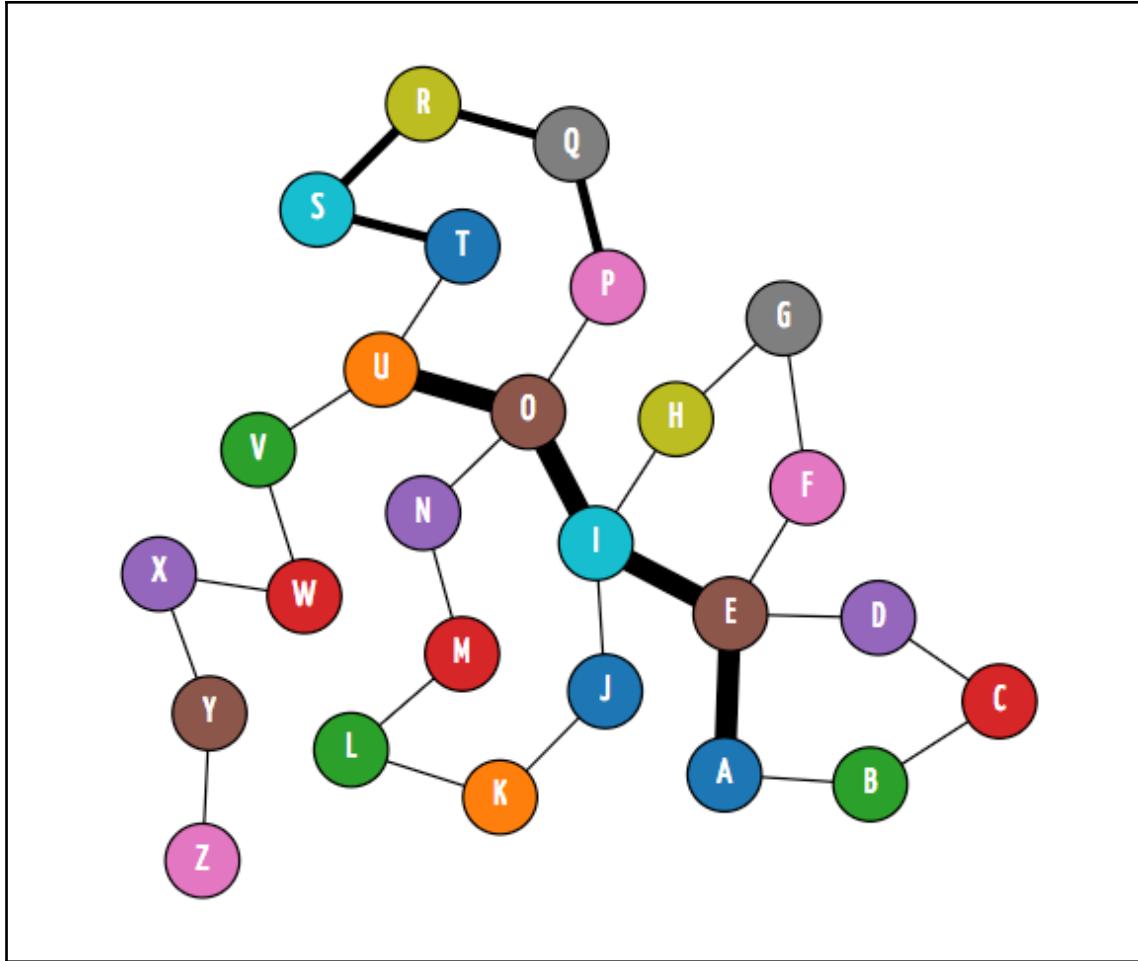


# Chapter 10: Visualizing Flows and Networks

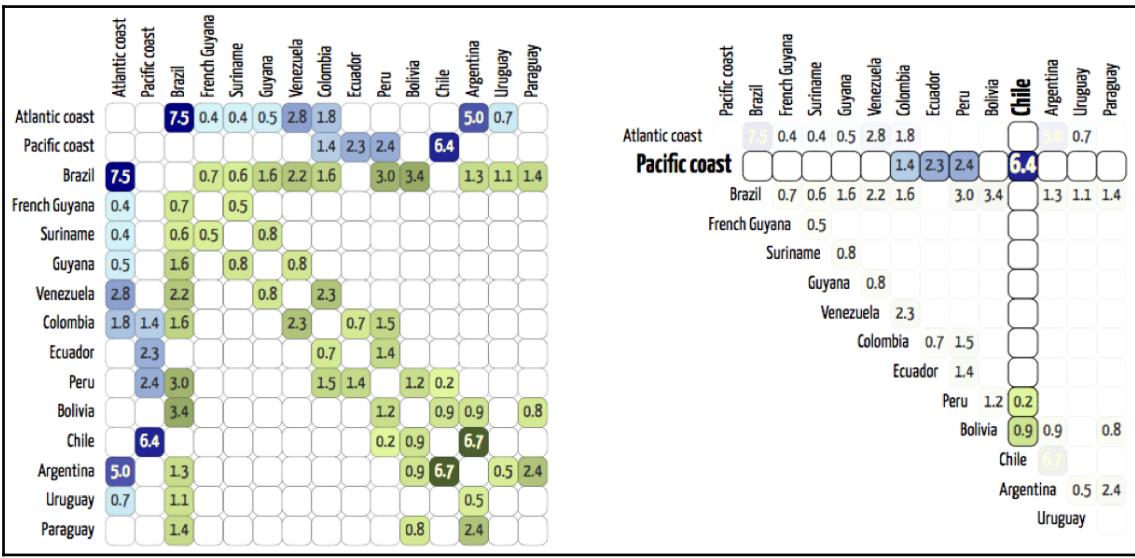


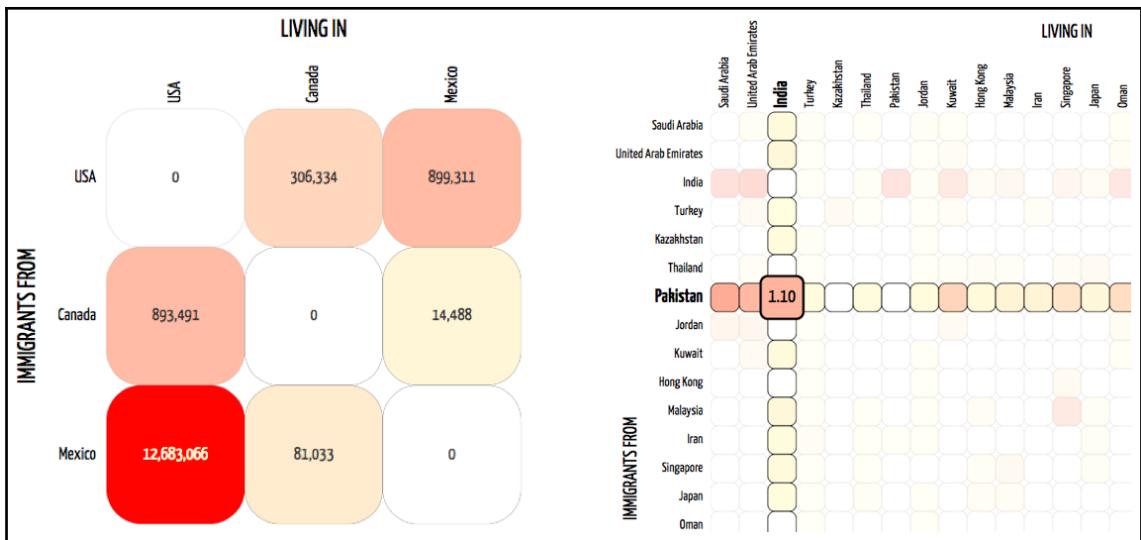




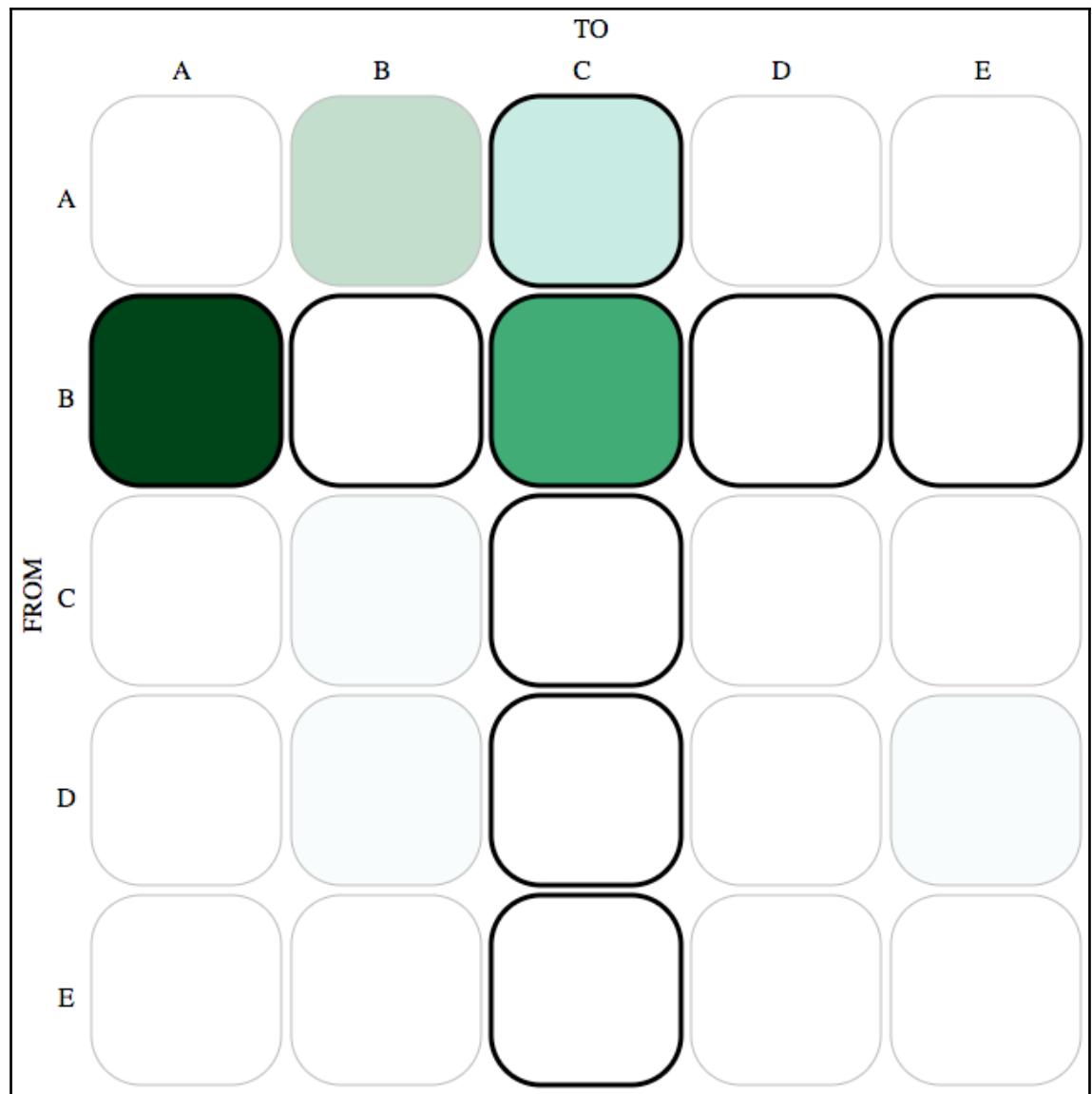


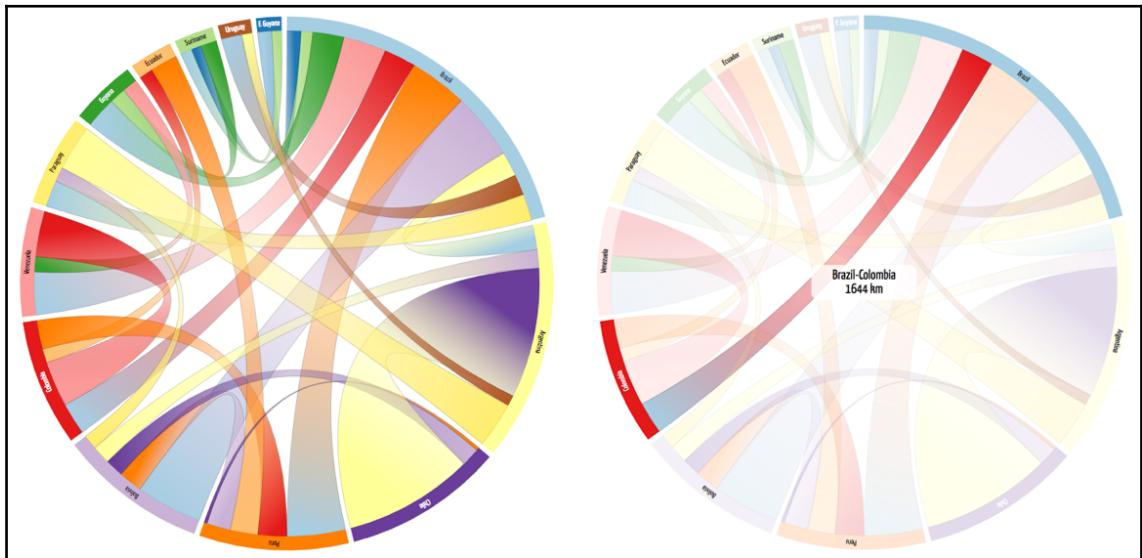
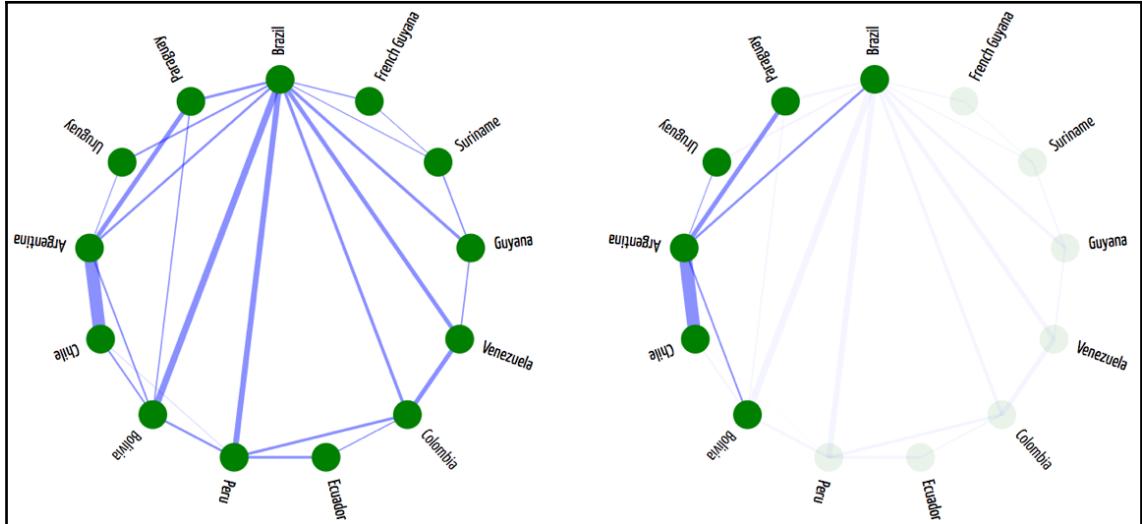
A B C D	A B C D	A B C D	A B C D	A B C D
A $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 9 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 & 0 & 7 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$	B $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$	C $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 3 & 9 \\ 4 & 2 & 5 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$	D $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 3 & 1 & 0 \\ 3 & 0 & 2 & 5 \\ 1 & 2 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 5 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$	E $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 3 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & 5 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$
directed weighted	directed non-weighted	directed with loops	undirected (symmetric)	undirected (triangular)

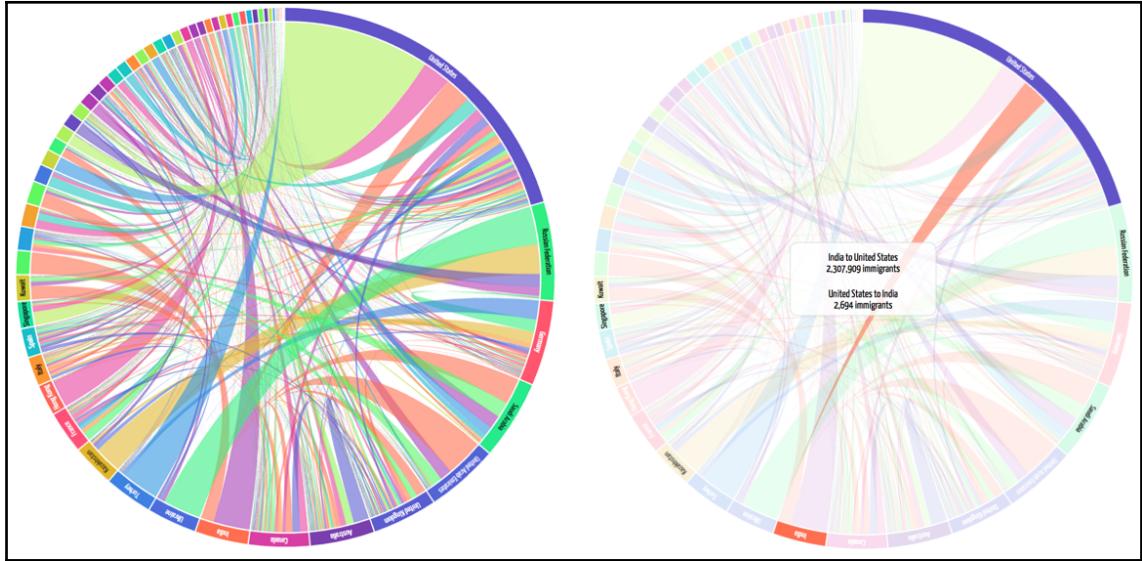


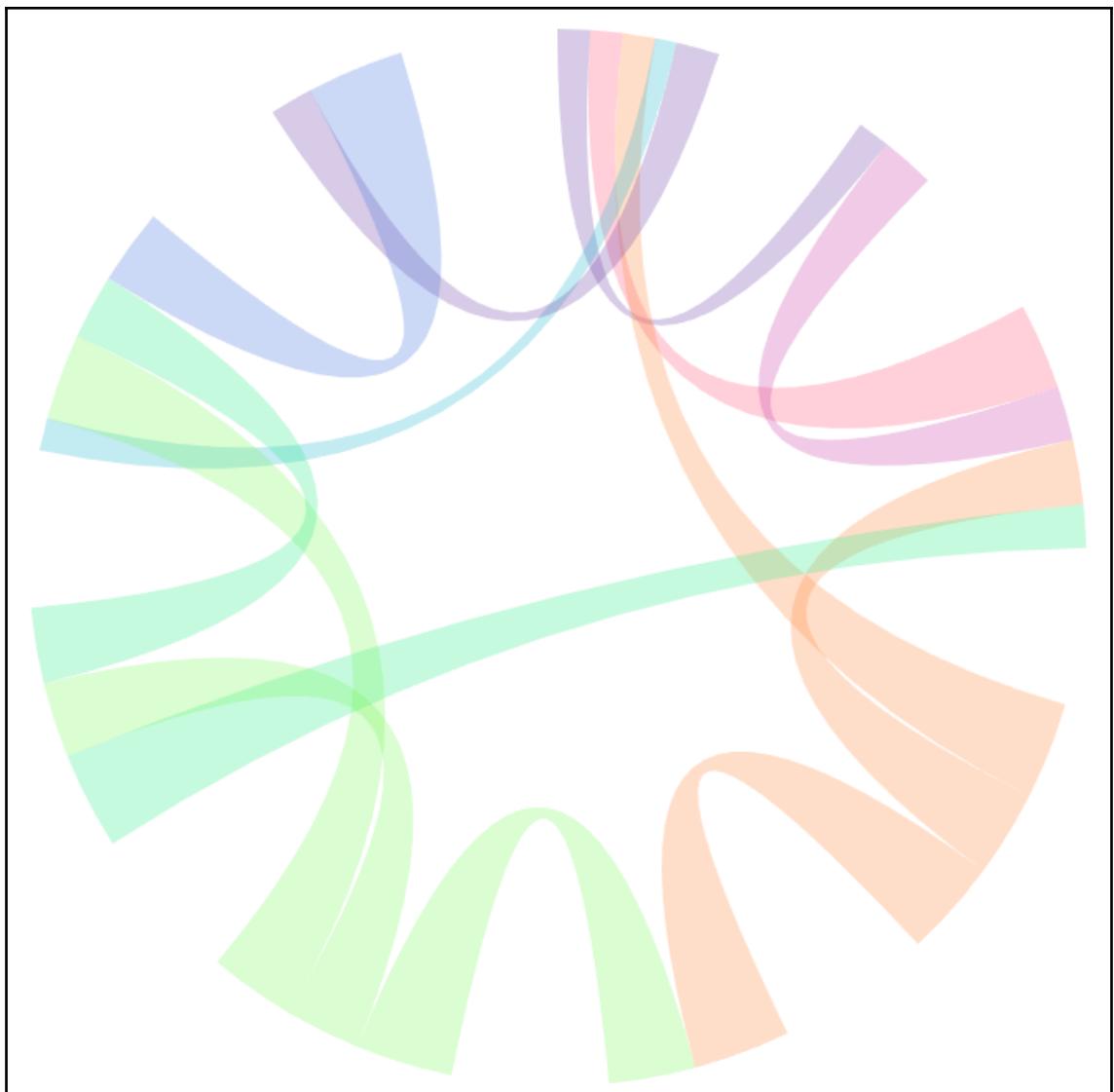


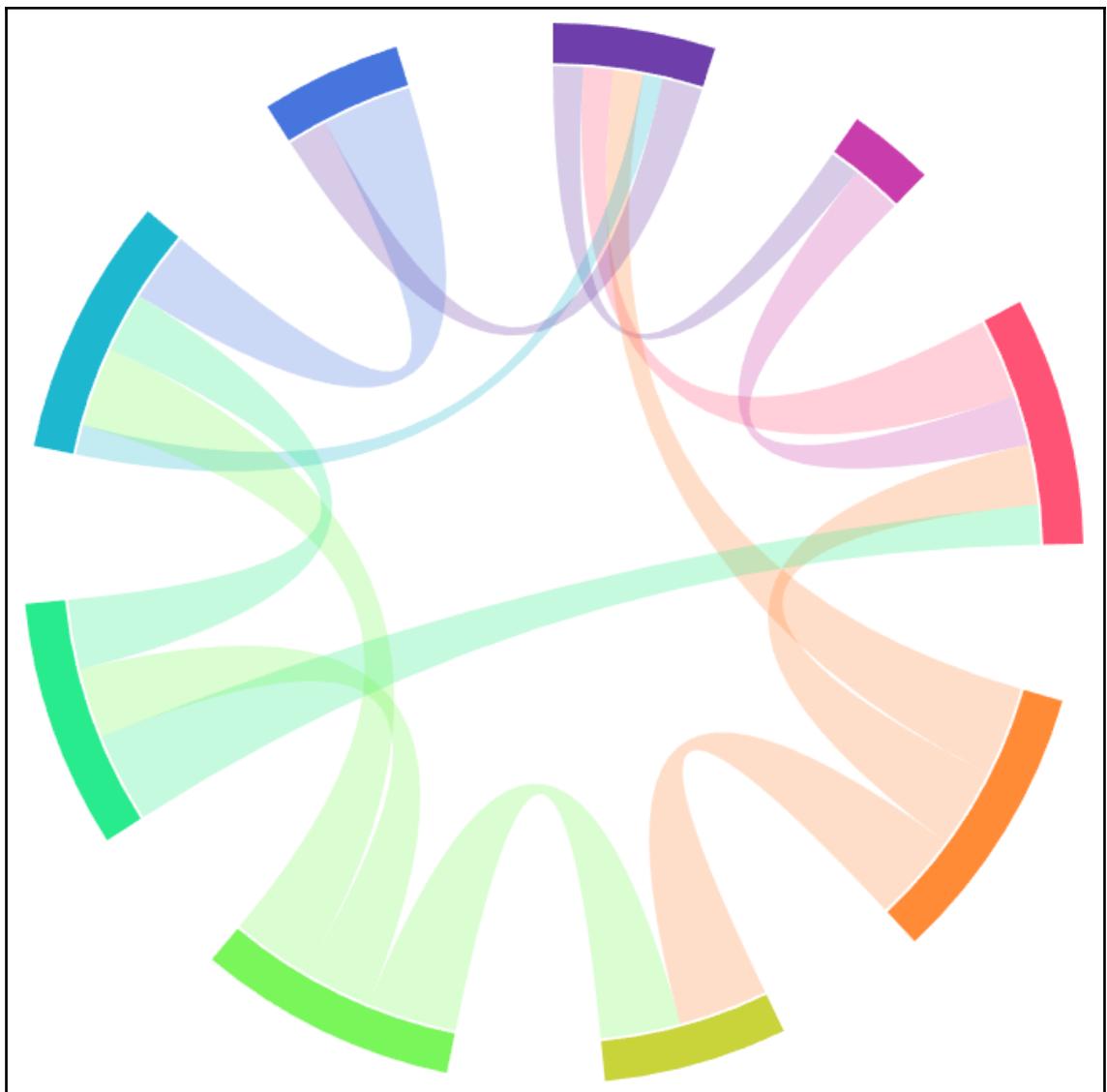
	TO				
	A	B	C	D	E
A					
B					
C					
D					
E					

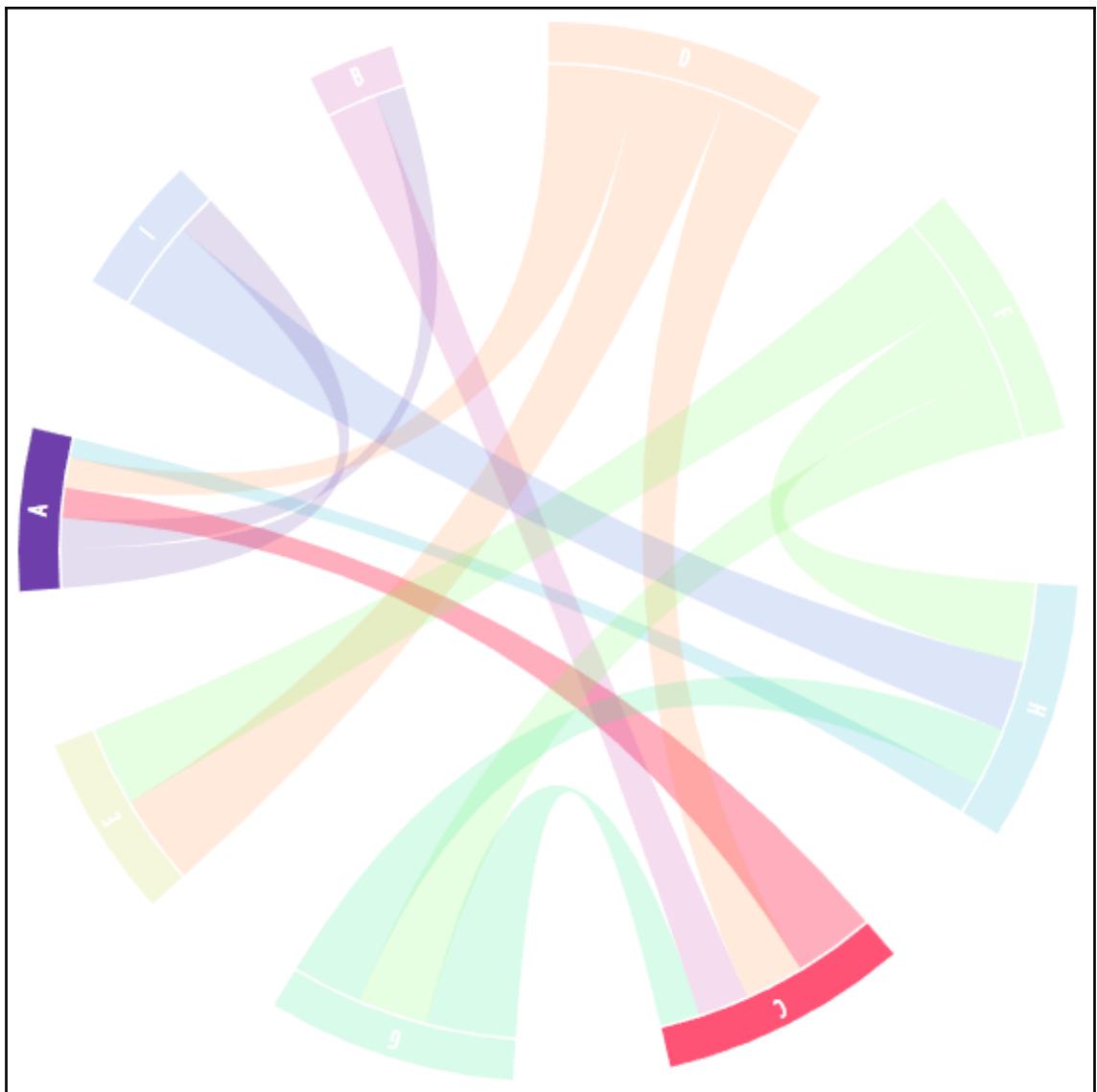






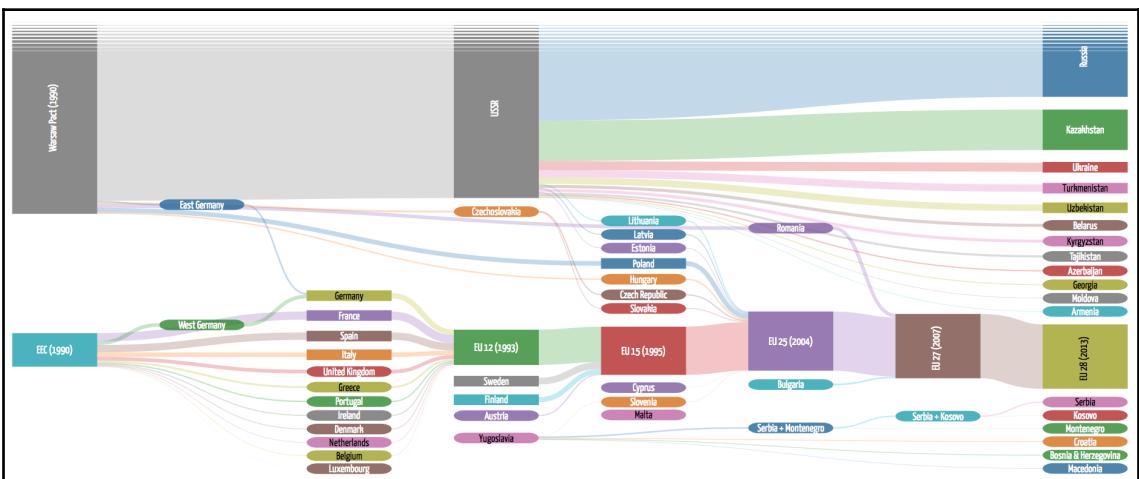
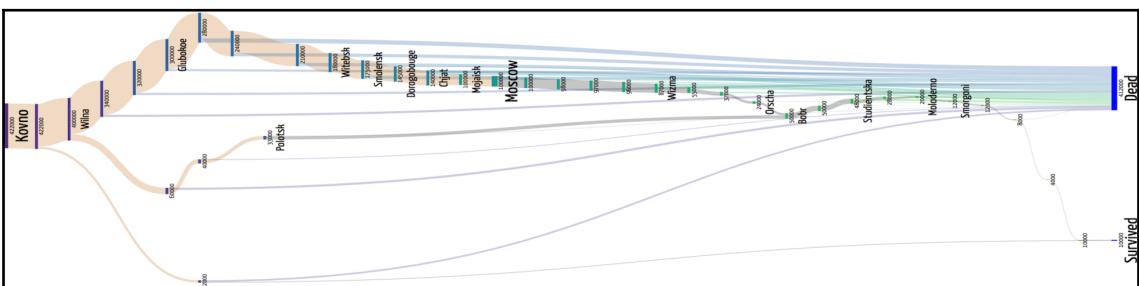
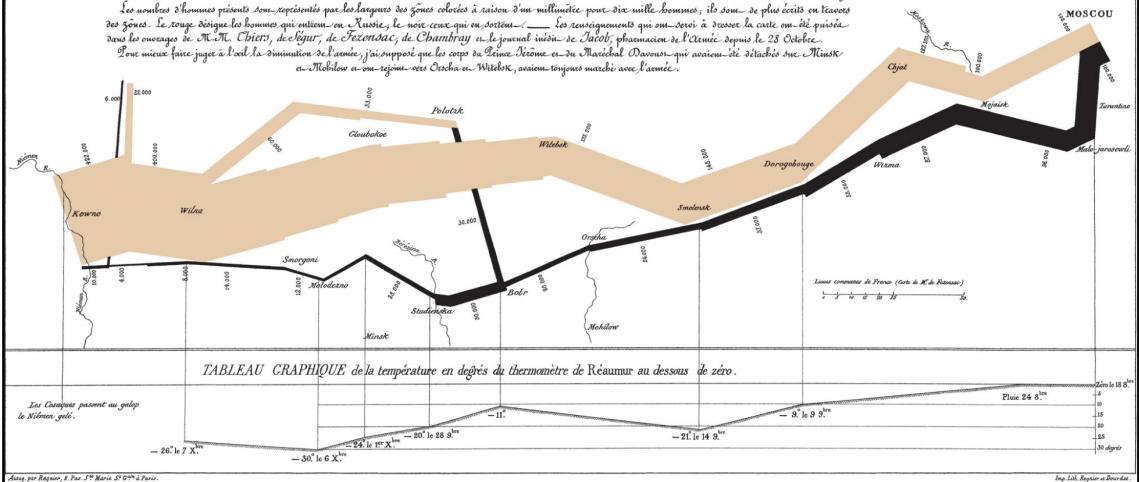


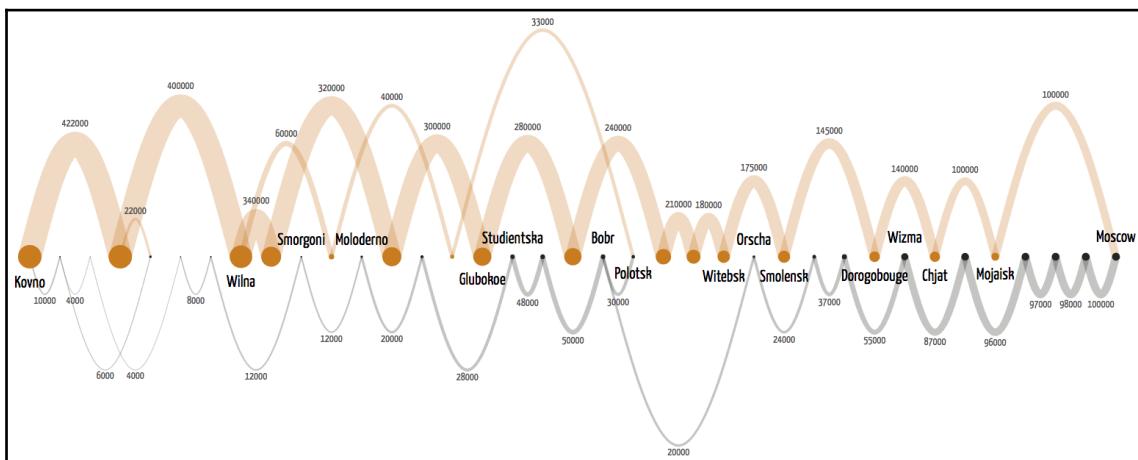
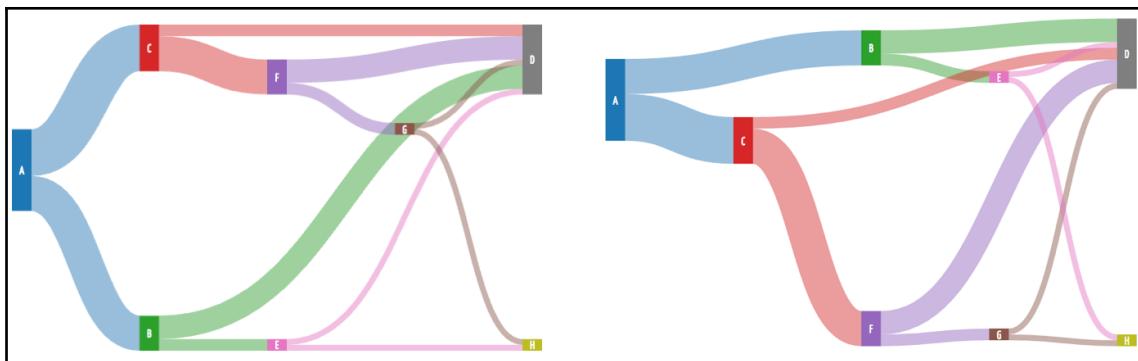


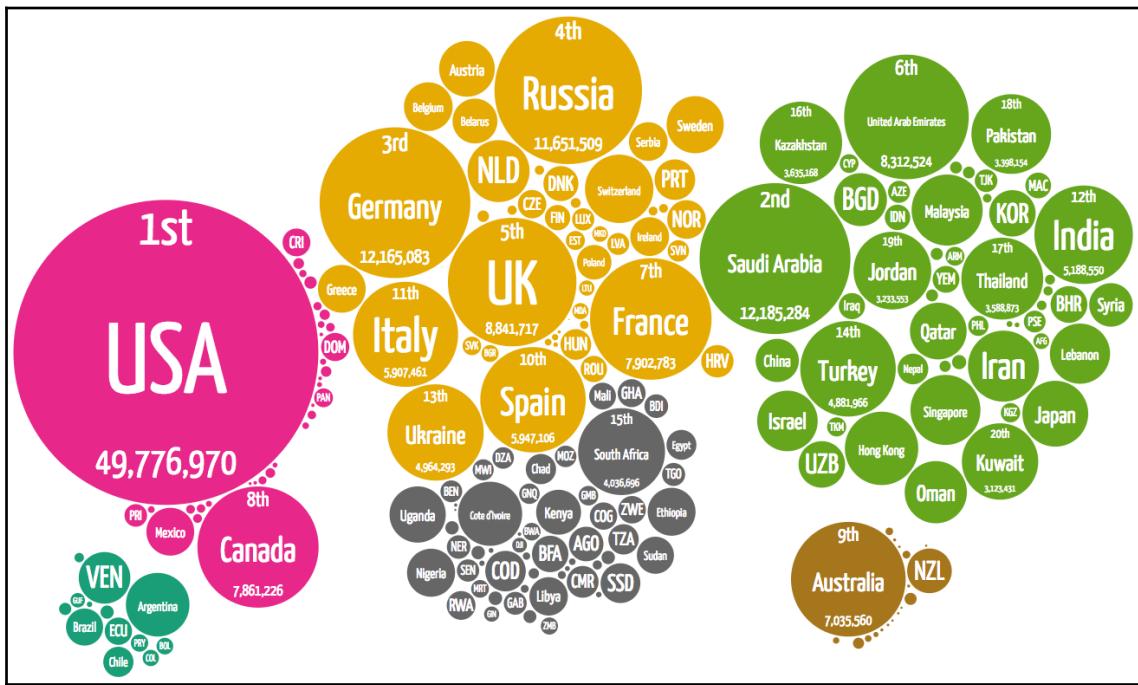
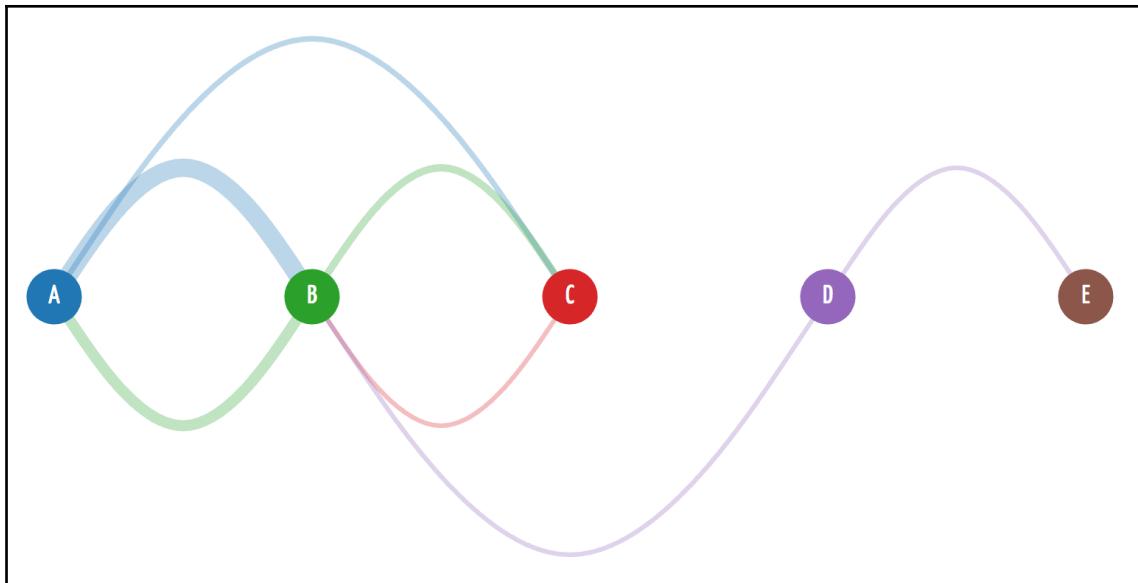


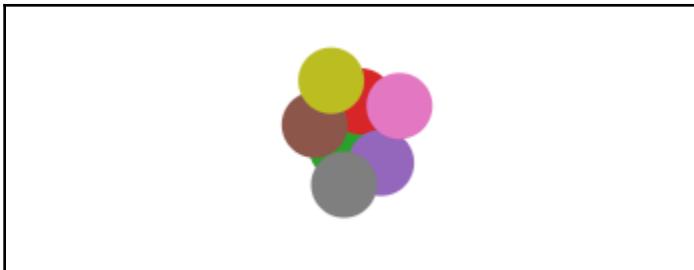
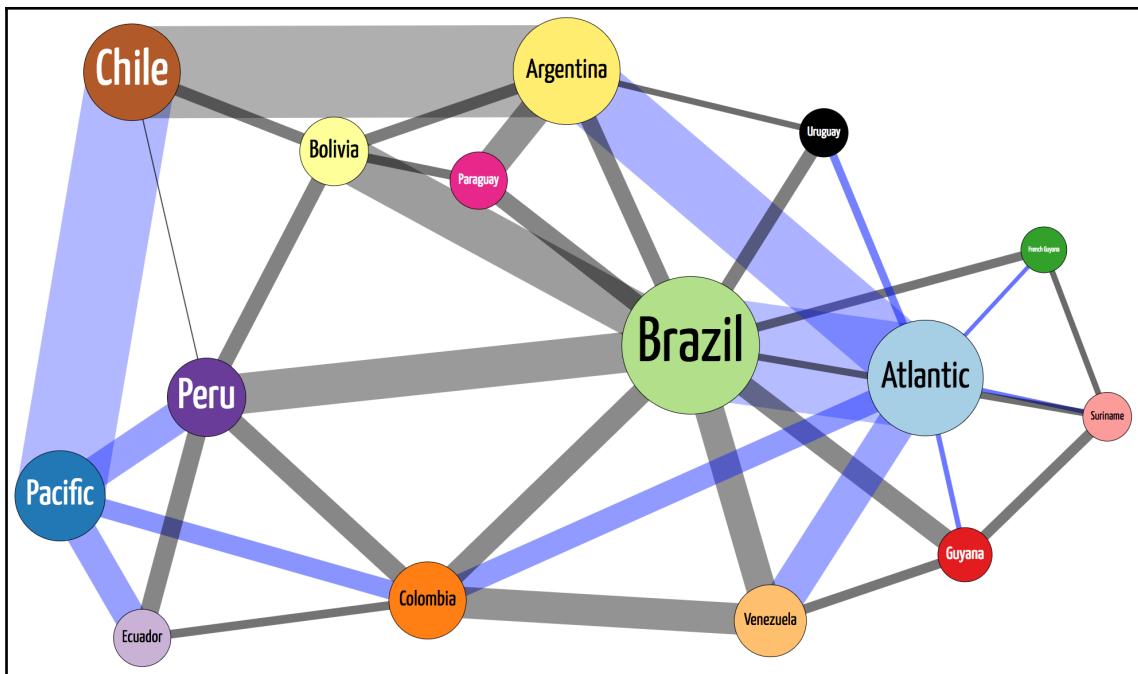
*Carte Figurative* des pertes successives en hommes de l'Armée Française dans la campagne de Russie 1812-1813.  
Dessiné par M. Minard, Ingénieur Général des Ponts et Chaussées en retraite à Paris, le 20 Novembre 1869.

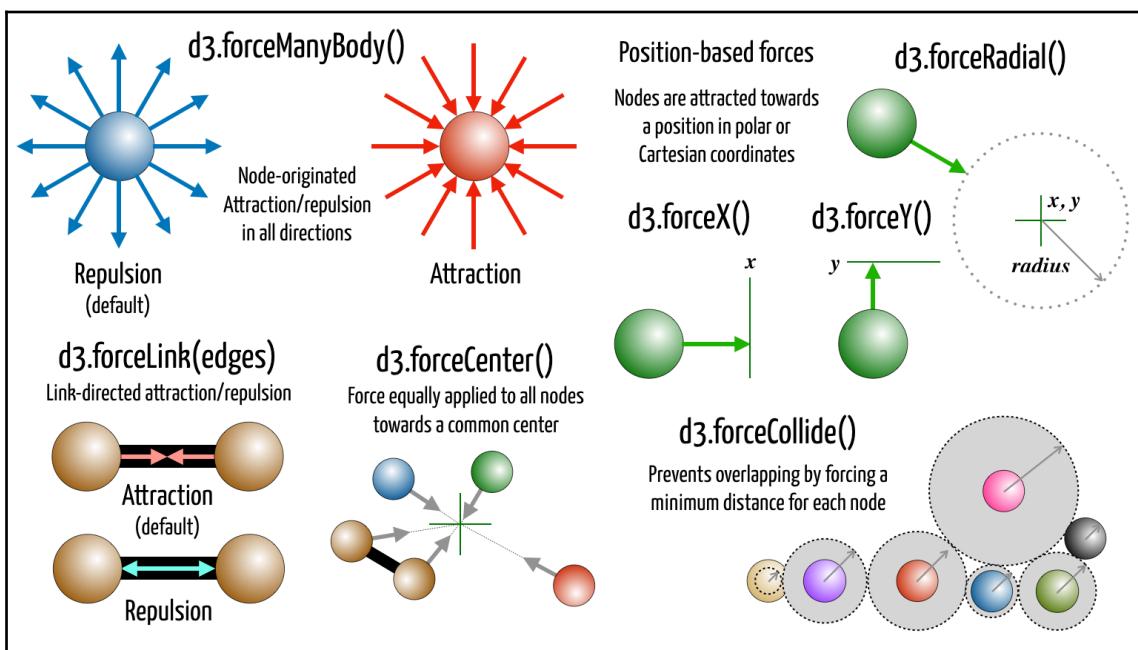
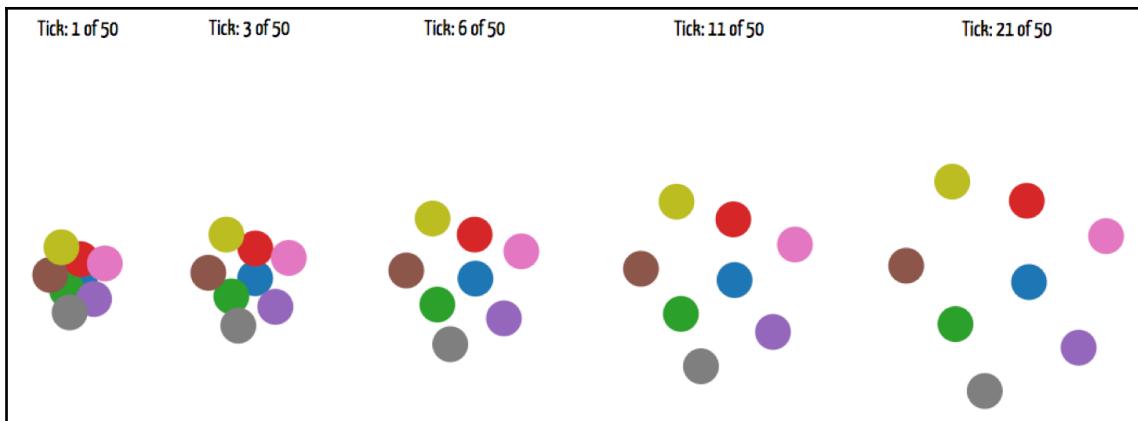
Les armées d'hommes présentées sont représentées par les longueurs des zones colorées à raison d'un millimètre pour six mille hommes; ils sont de plus écrits en lettres des zones. Le rouge désigne les hommes qui périssent en Russie, le noir ceux qui en reviennent. Les renseignements qui ont servi à dresser la carte ont été pris dans les ouvrages de M. M. Chiat, de Loyer, de Féretzki, de Chambray et le journal intime de Jacob, pharmacien de l'armée depuis le 28 Octobre. L'on n'a pu faire que à l'œil la sommation de l'armée, j'en rapporte que les corps de l'armée Napoléon et du Maréchal Davout qui avaient été défaits sur Moscou à Mourom et ses régions, vers Ochta et Witotsk, au cours de leurs marchés avec l'armée.

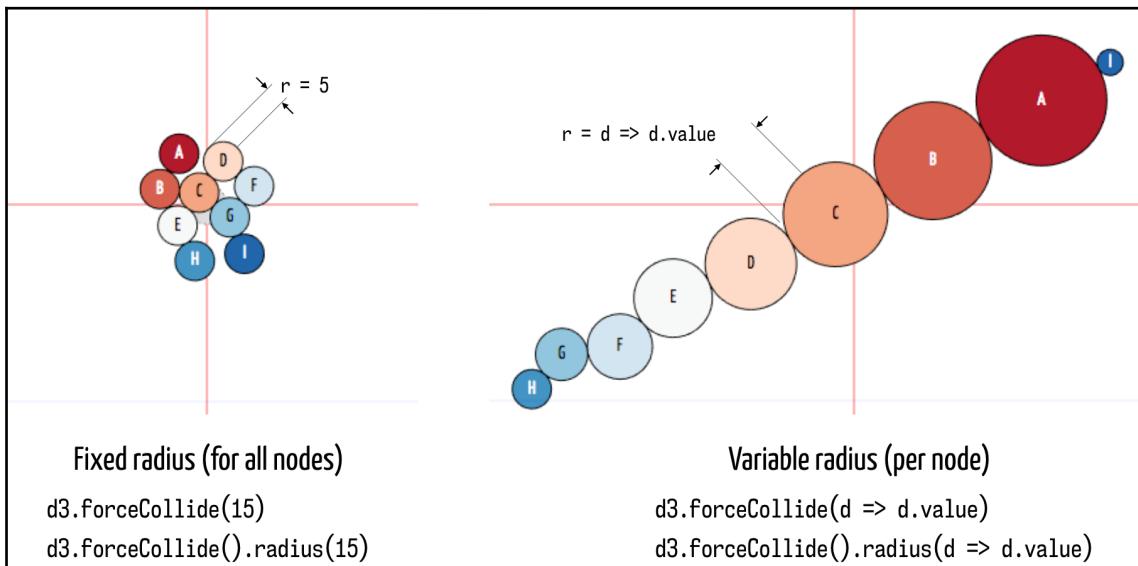
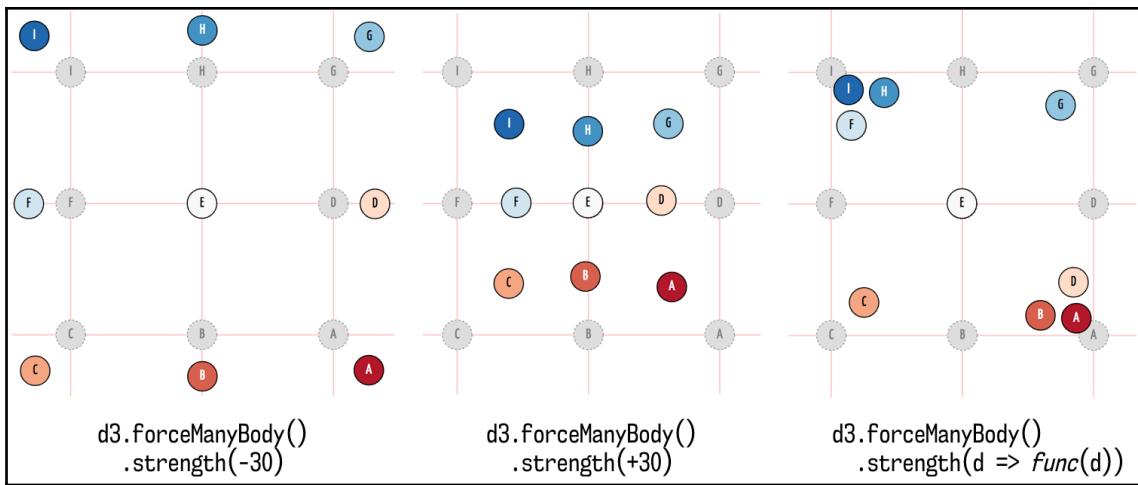


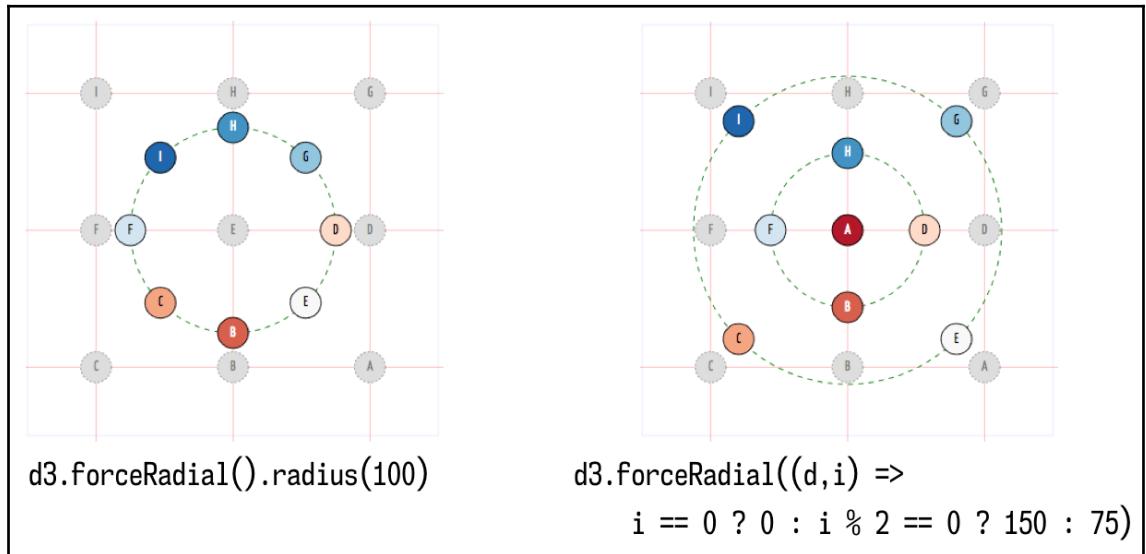
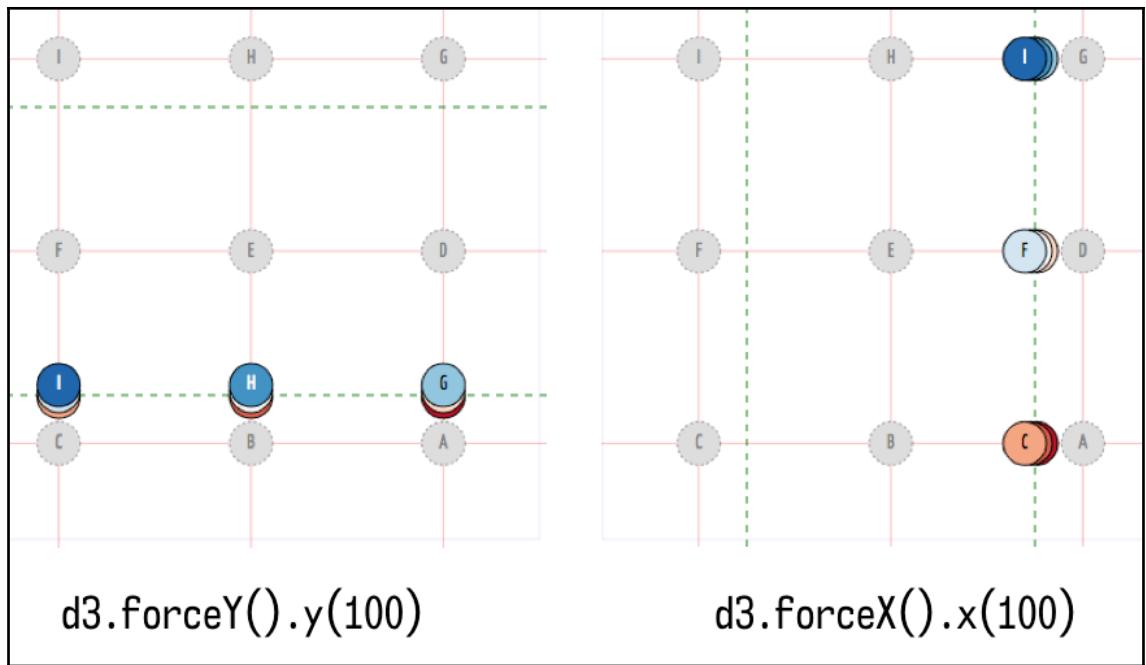


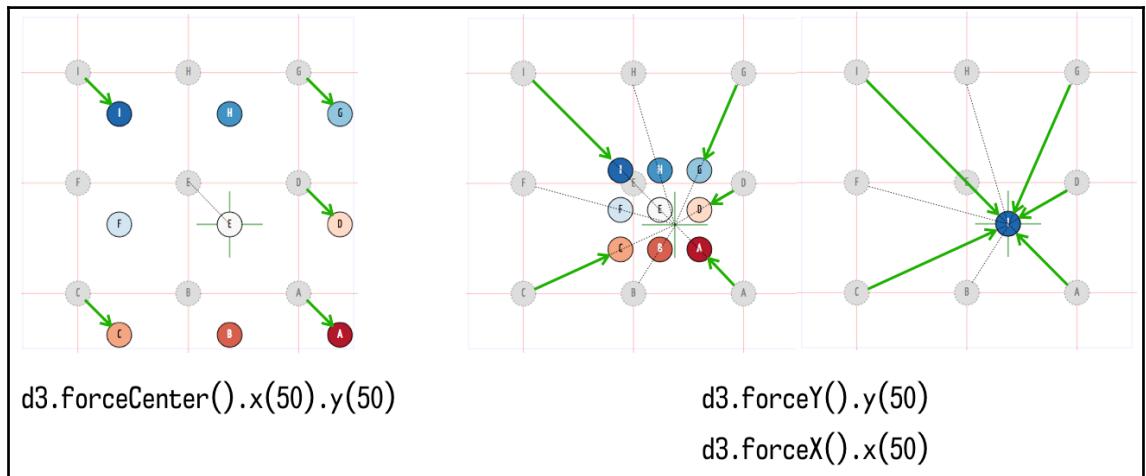
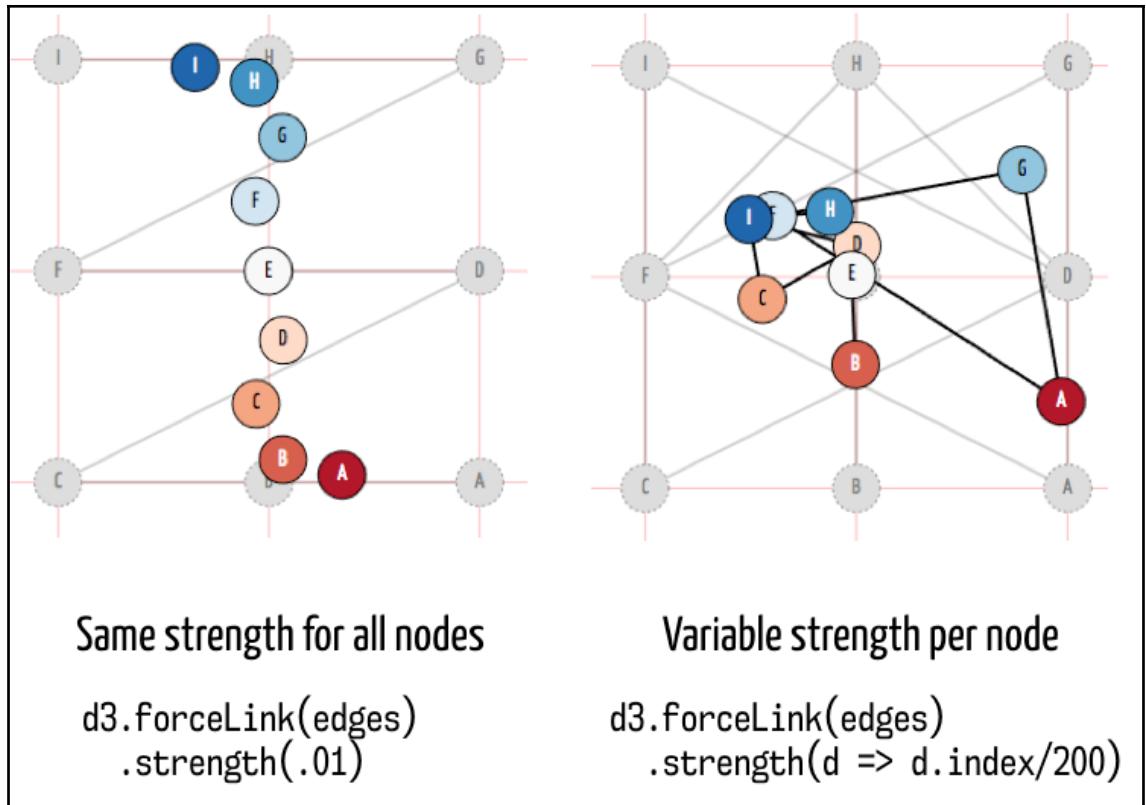


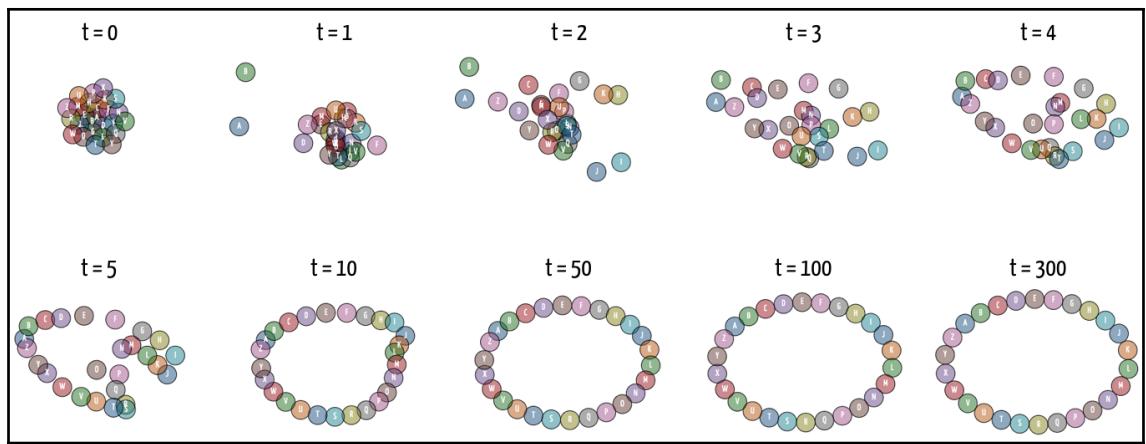












Current alpha: 0.00099999999999966

alphaMin: 0.001

alphaTarget: 0

alphaDecay: 0.02276277904418933

velocityDecay: 0.4

Forces:

ManyBody [30]

Collide

Link

Center [0 , 0 ]

X [0 ]

Y [0 ]

Show link lines

Automatic simulation

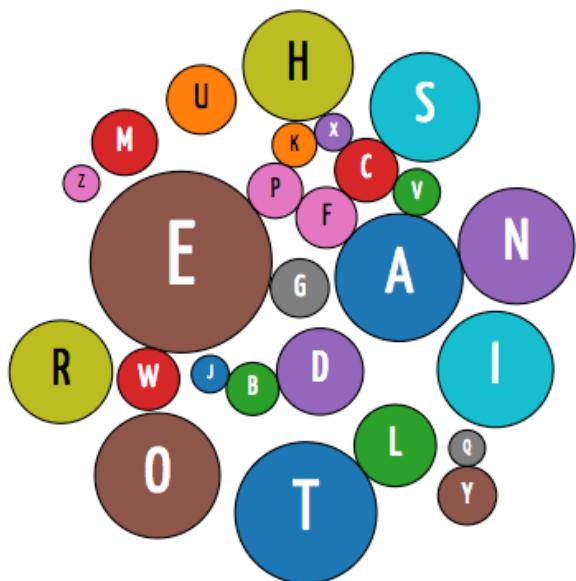
Start

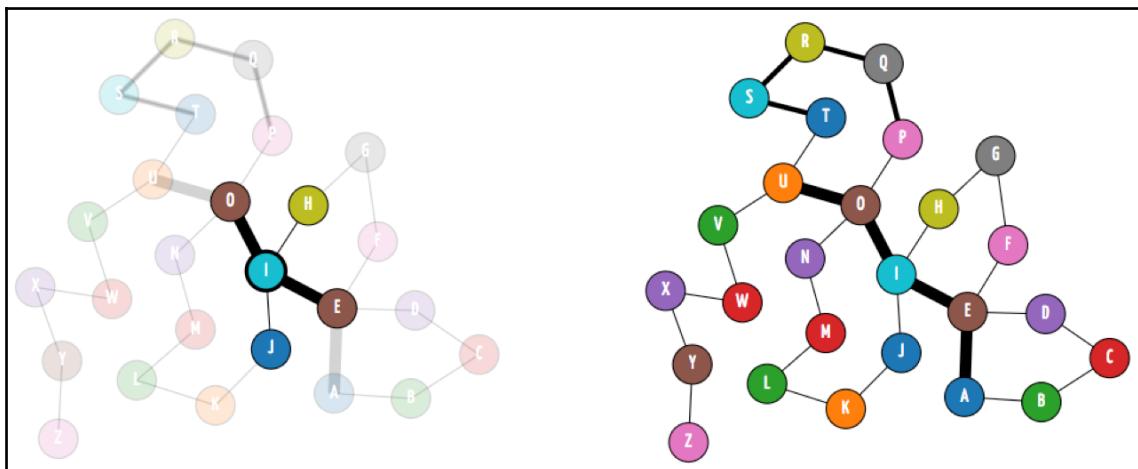
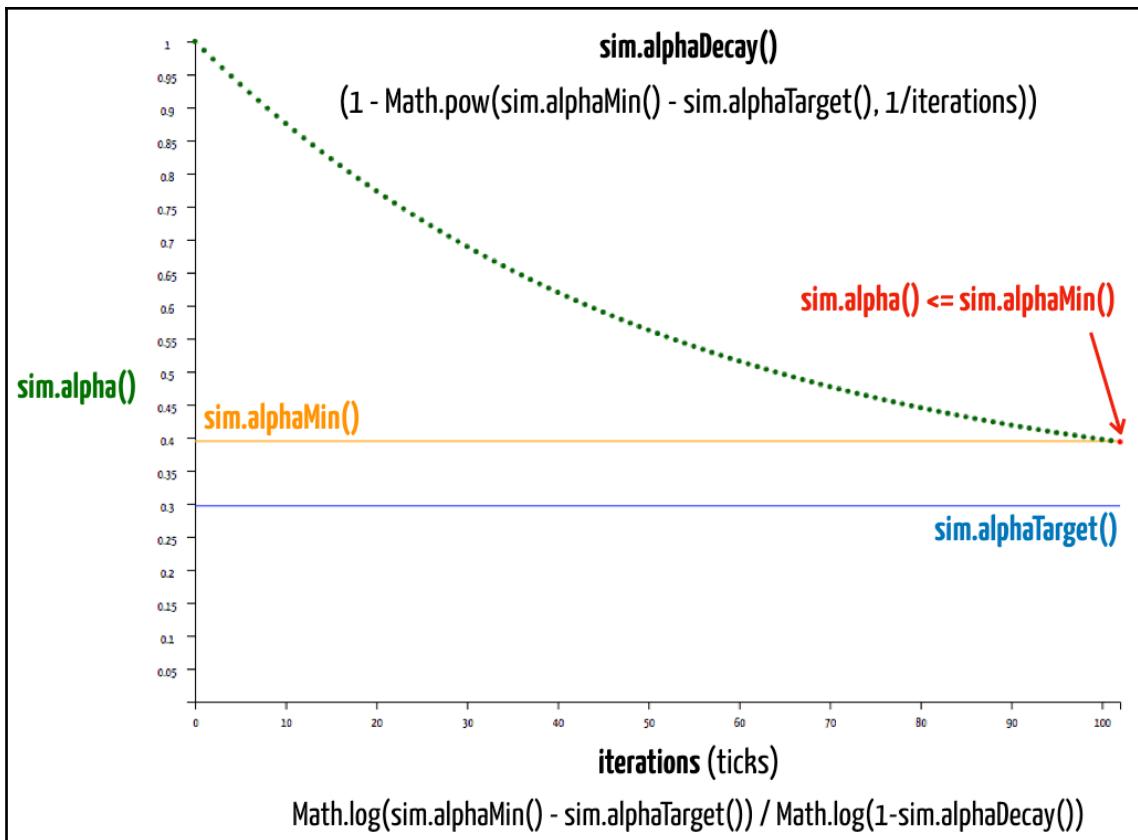
Stop

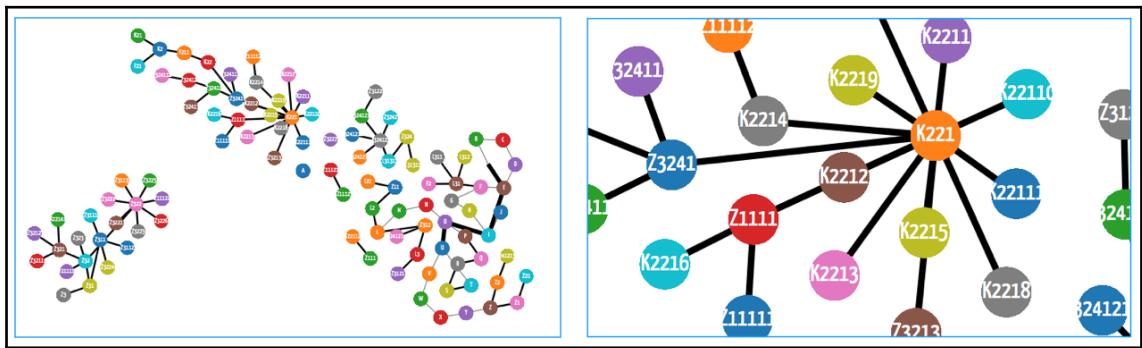
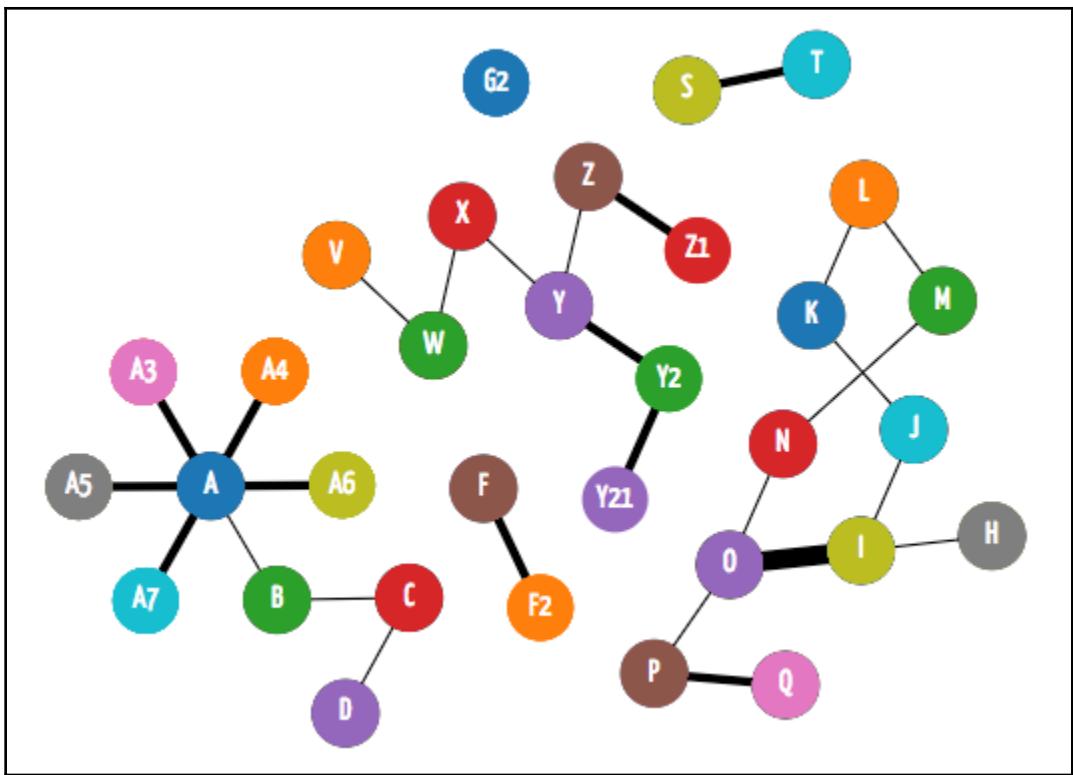
Static simulation

Tick

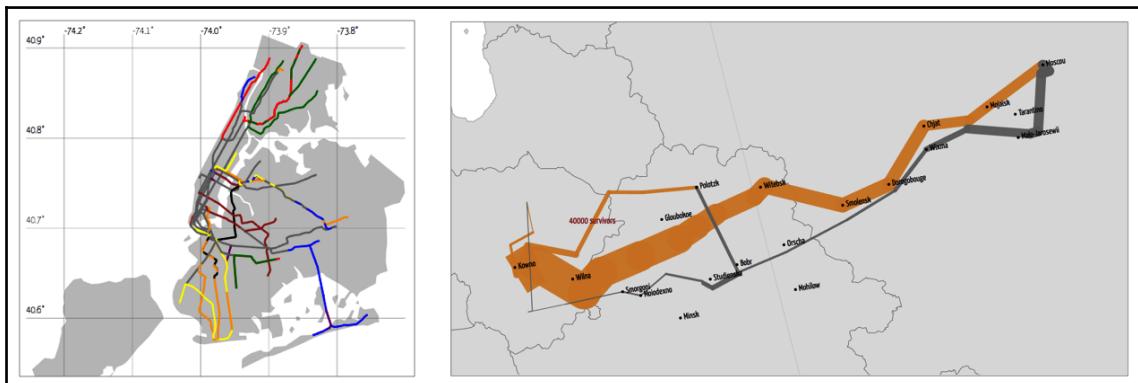
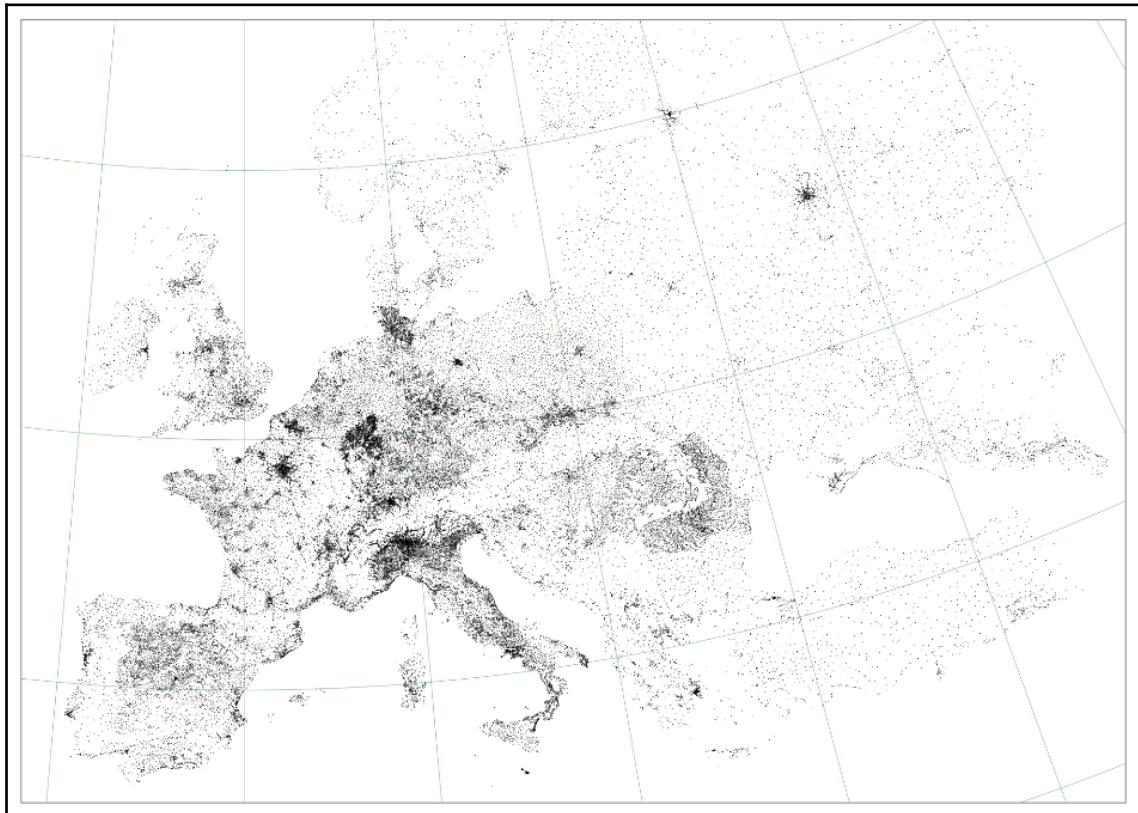
Reset

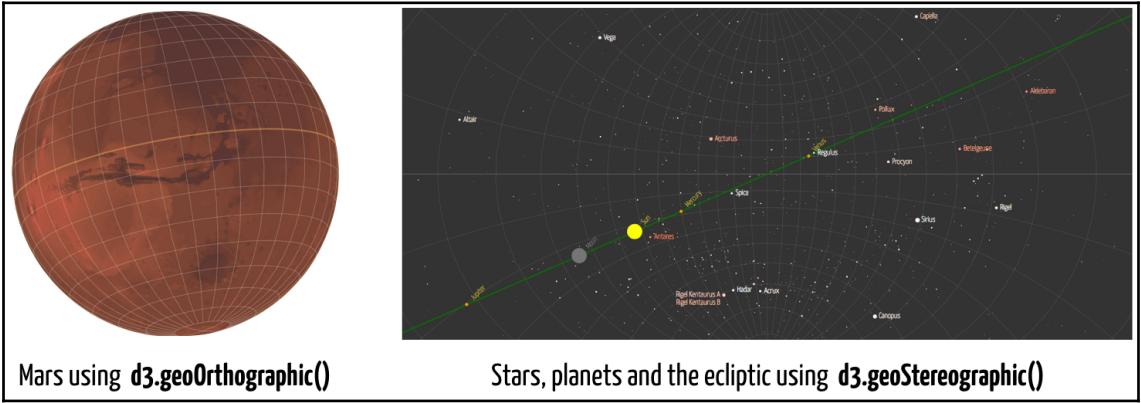
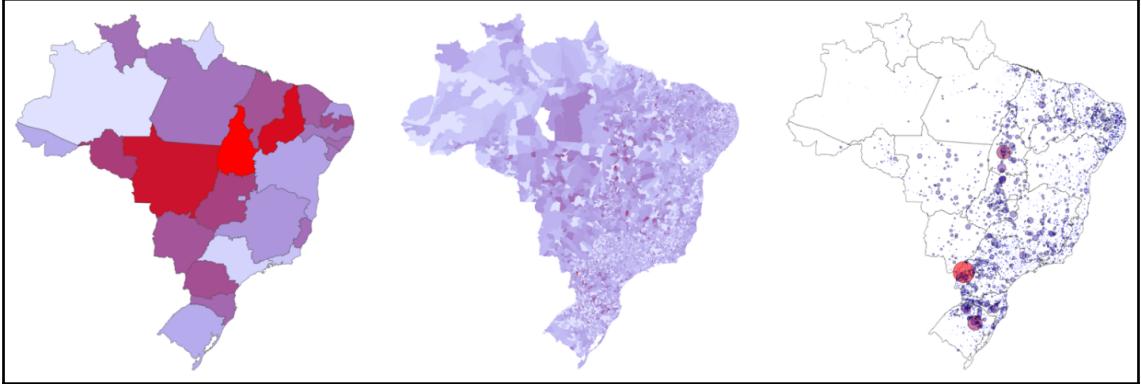


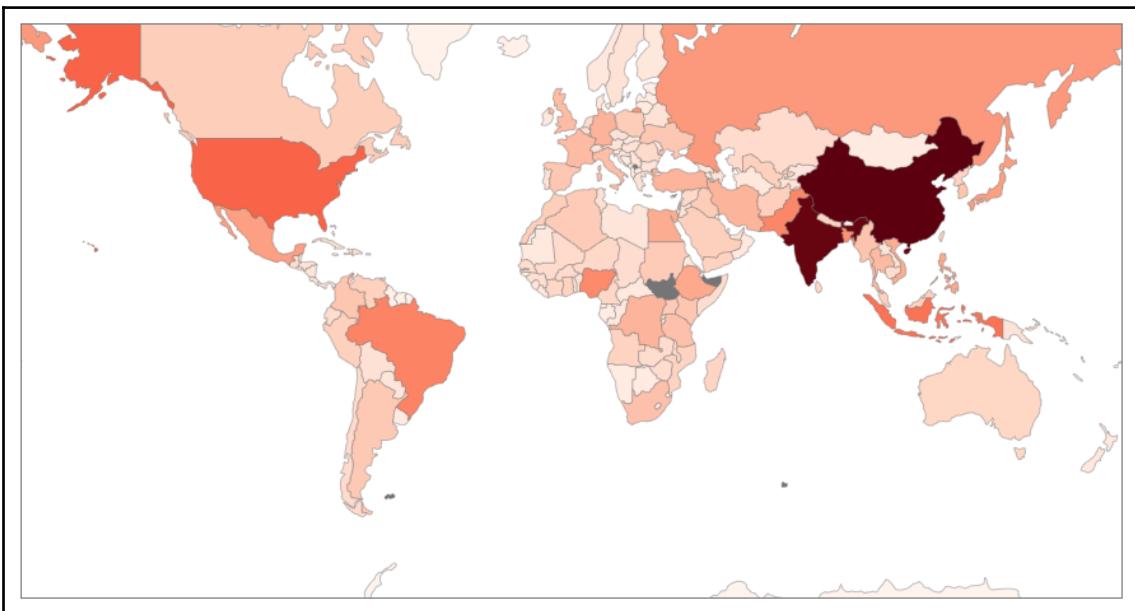


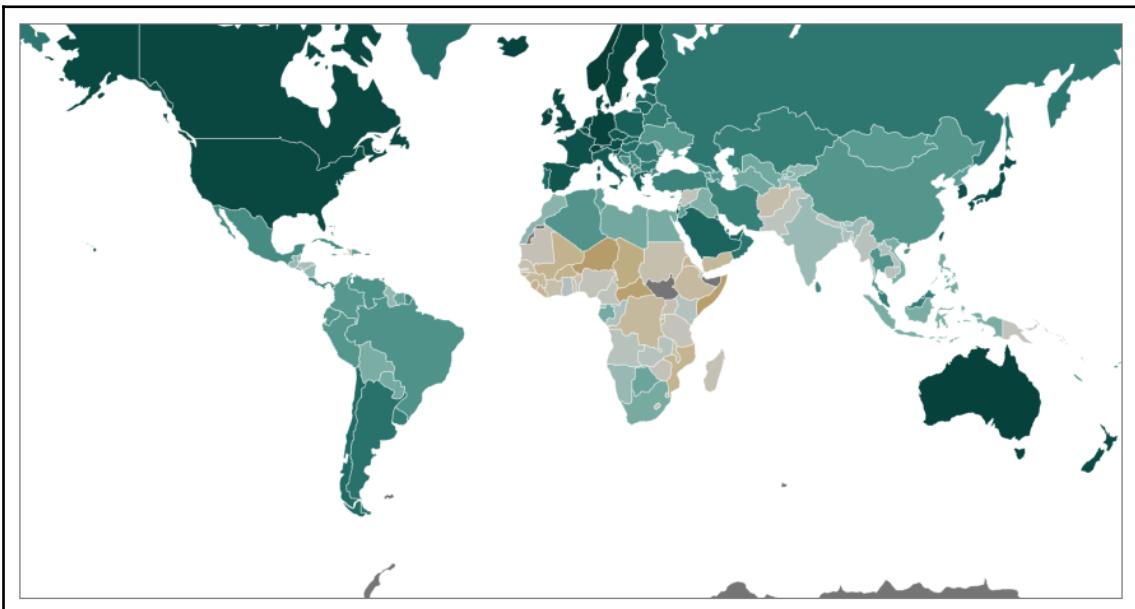
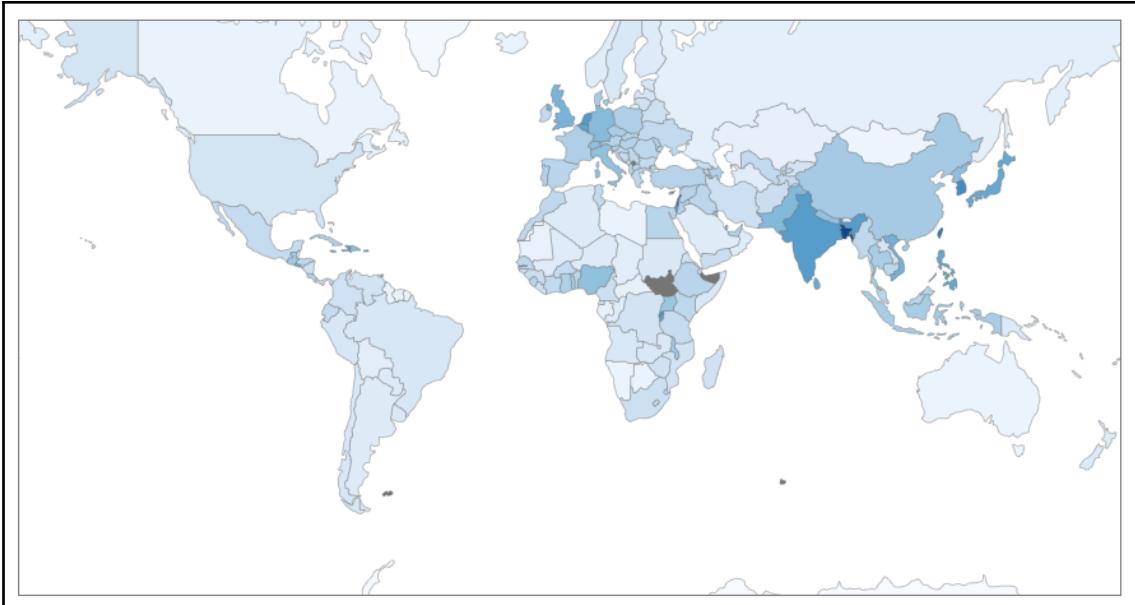


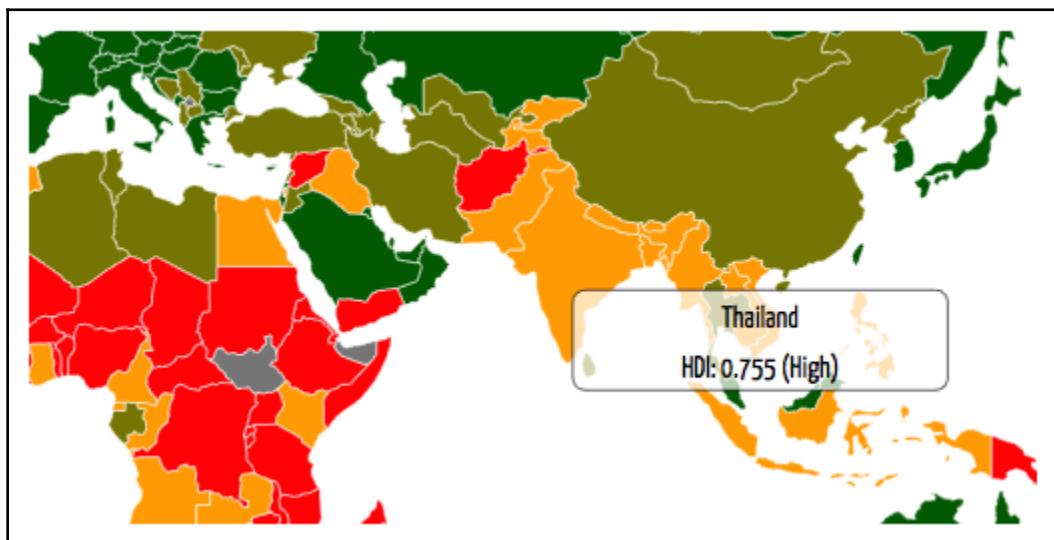
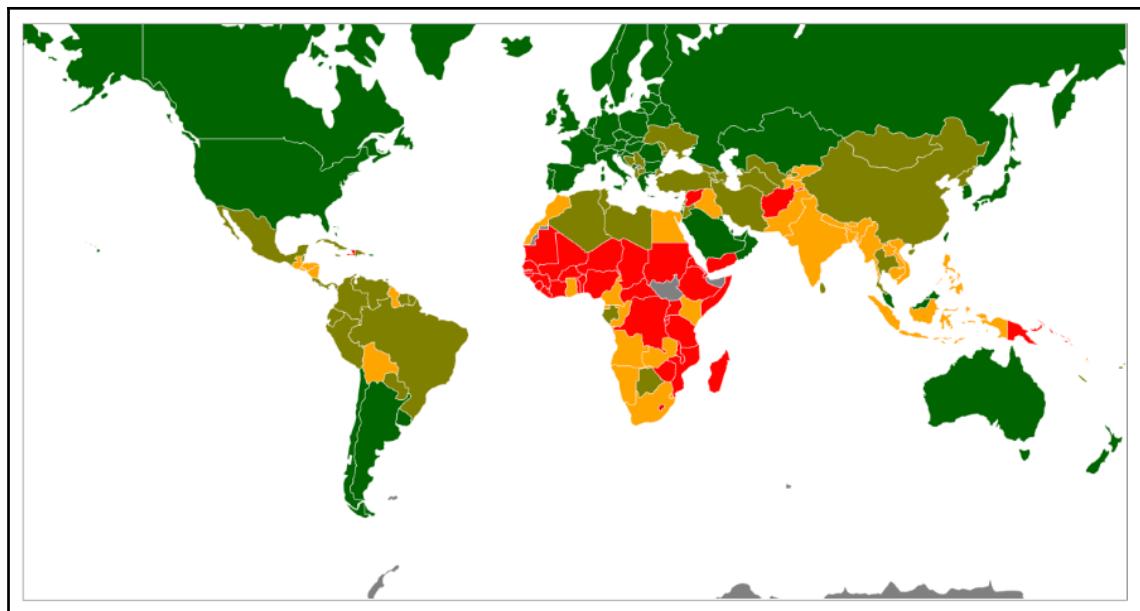
# Chapter 11: Visualizing Geographical Data

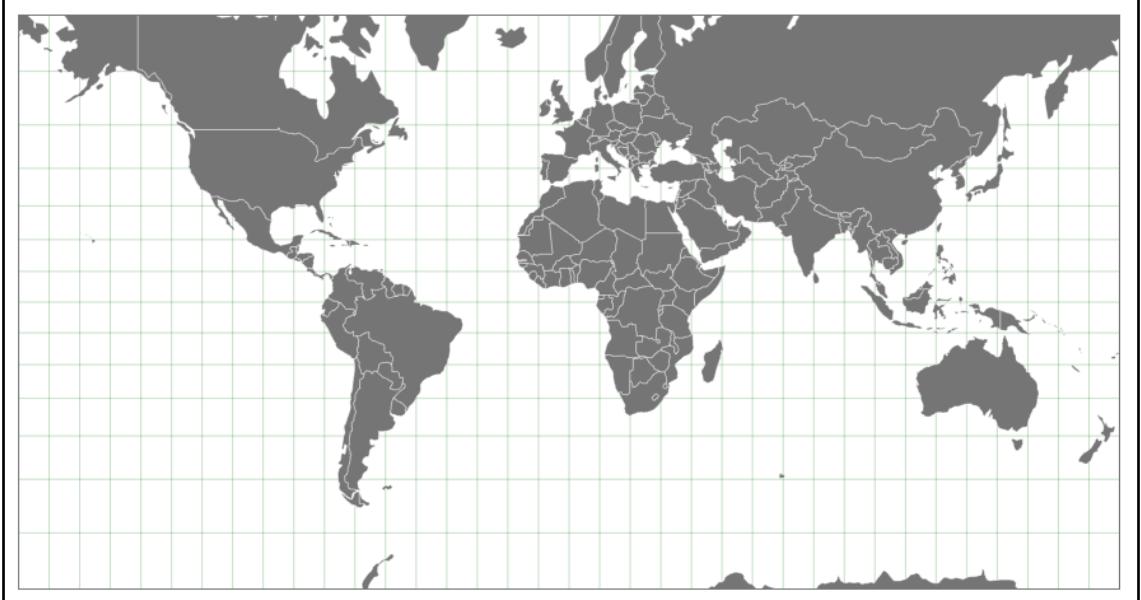










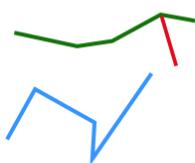


### Point



[lon, lat]

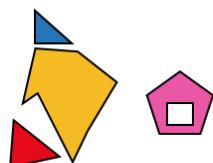
### LineString



[ Point1, Point2, ... ]

[ [lon, lat], [lon, lat] ]

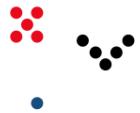
### Polygon



[ [ Point1, Point2, Point3, ..., PointN, Point1 ], ... ]

[ [ [lon, lat], ..., [lon, lat] ], ..., [ [lon, lat], ..., [lon, lat] ] ]

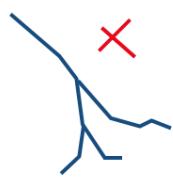
### MultiPoint



[ Point, ..., Point ]

[ [lon, lat], ..., [lon, lat] ]

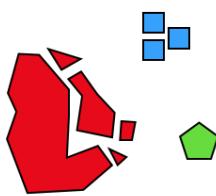
### MultiLineString



[ LineString, ..., LineString ]

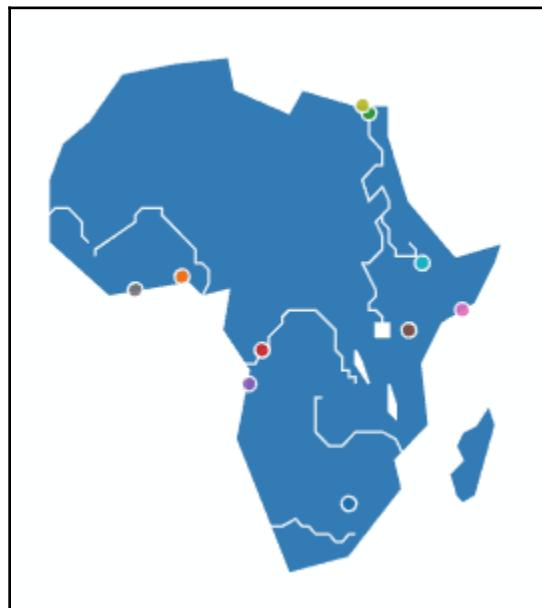
[ [ [lon, lat], [lon, lat] ], ..., [ [lon, lat], [lon, lat] ] ]

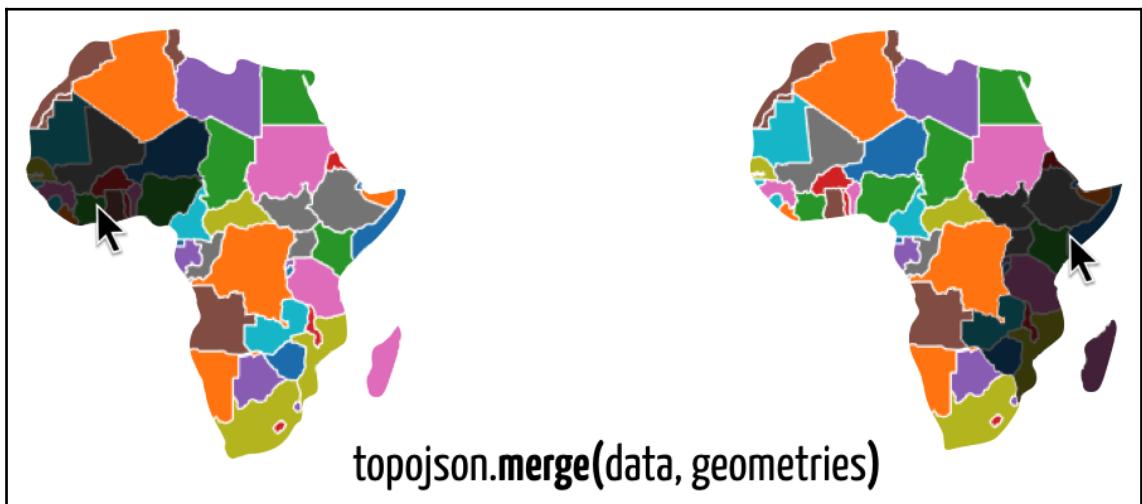
### MultiPolygon



[ Polygon, ..., Polygon ]

[ [ [ [lon, lat], ..., [lon, lat] ], ..., [ [lon, lat], ..., [lon, lat] ] ], ..., [ .. ] ]



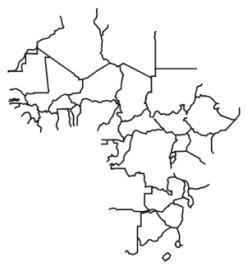




```
const objects = data.objects['africa']
topojson.mesh(data, objects)
```

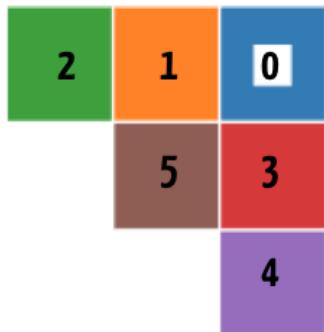


```
filter = (a,b) => a === b
```

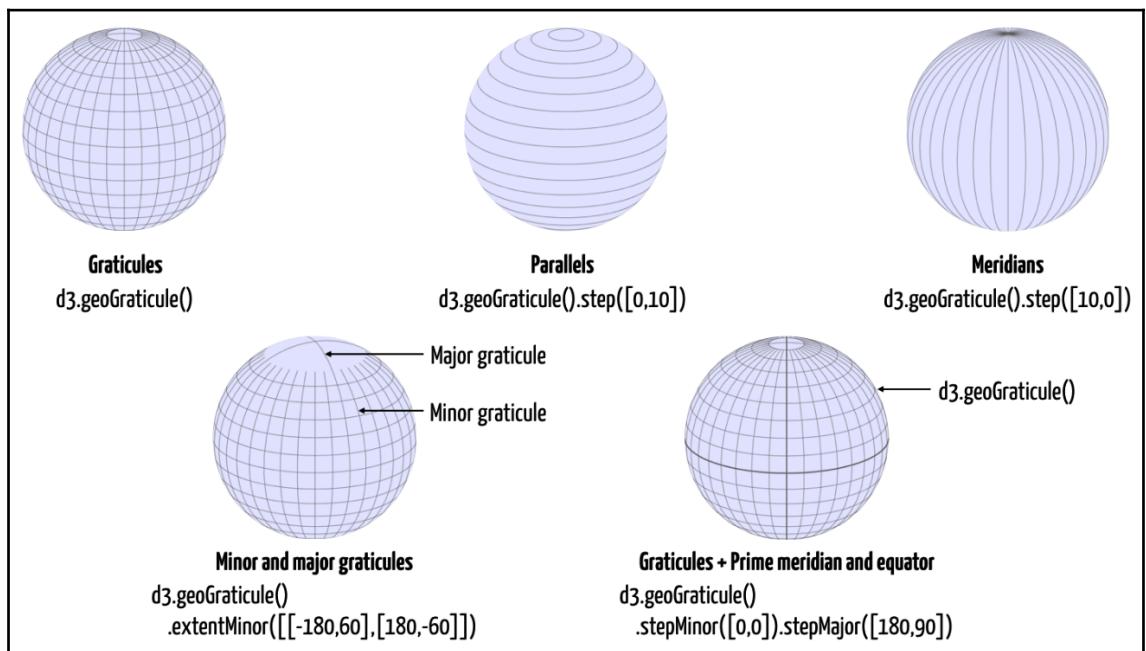
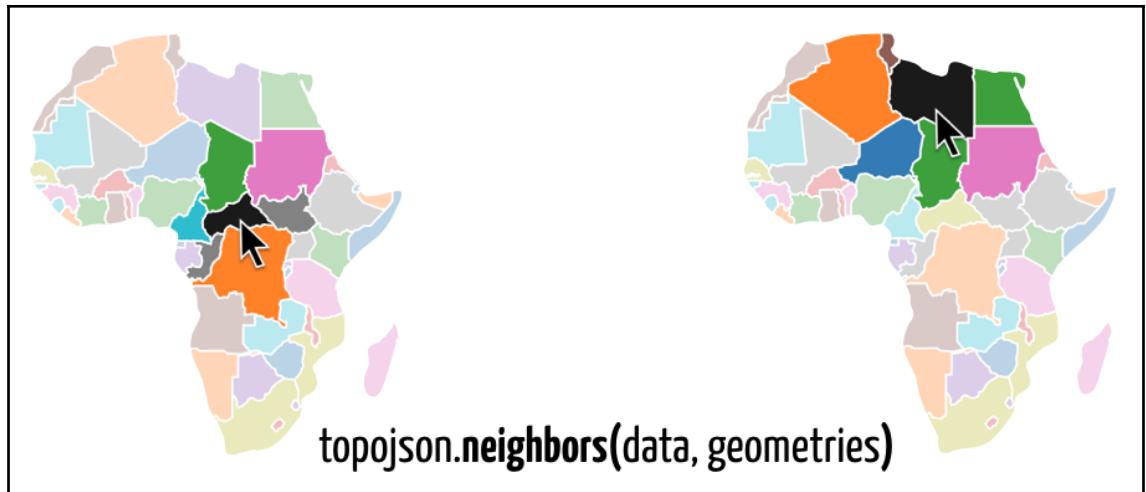


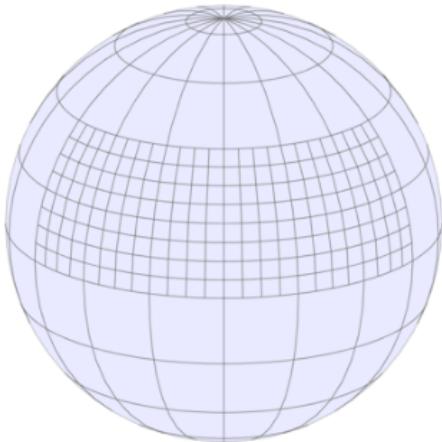
```
filter = (a,b) => a !== b
```

```
topojson.mesh(data, objects, filter)
```



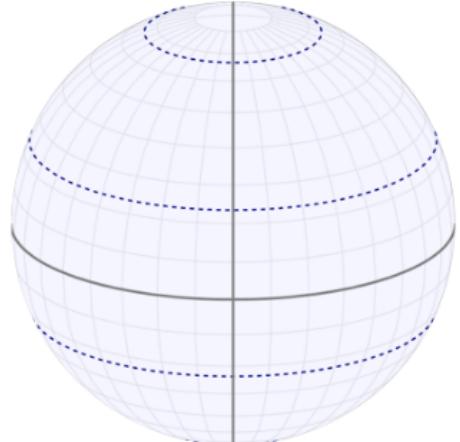
```
neighbors = [
  0: [1,3],
  1: [0,2,5],
  2: [1],
  3: [0,4,5],
  4: [3],
  5: [1,3]
]
```





### Minor and major steps

```
d3.geoGraticule()  
.stepMinor([5.5])  
.stepMajor([20,20])  
.extentMinor([[-60,40], [60,0]])
```



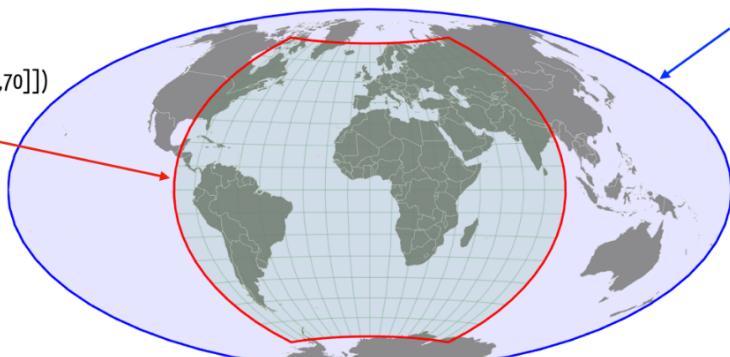
### Tropics and polar circles

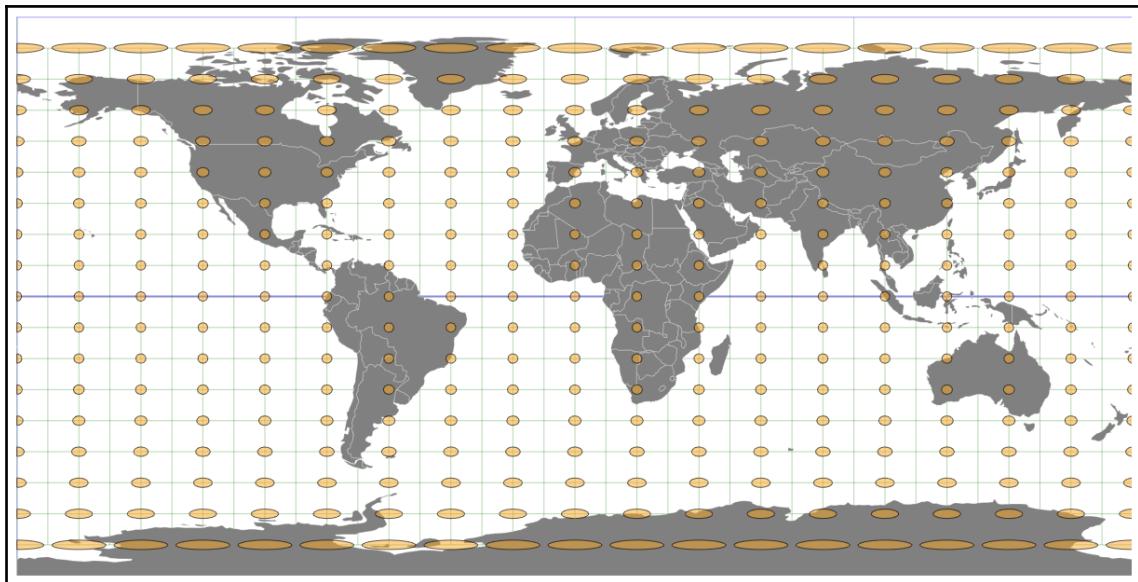
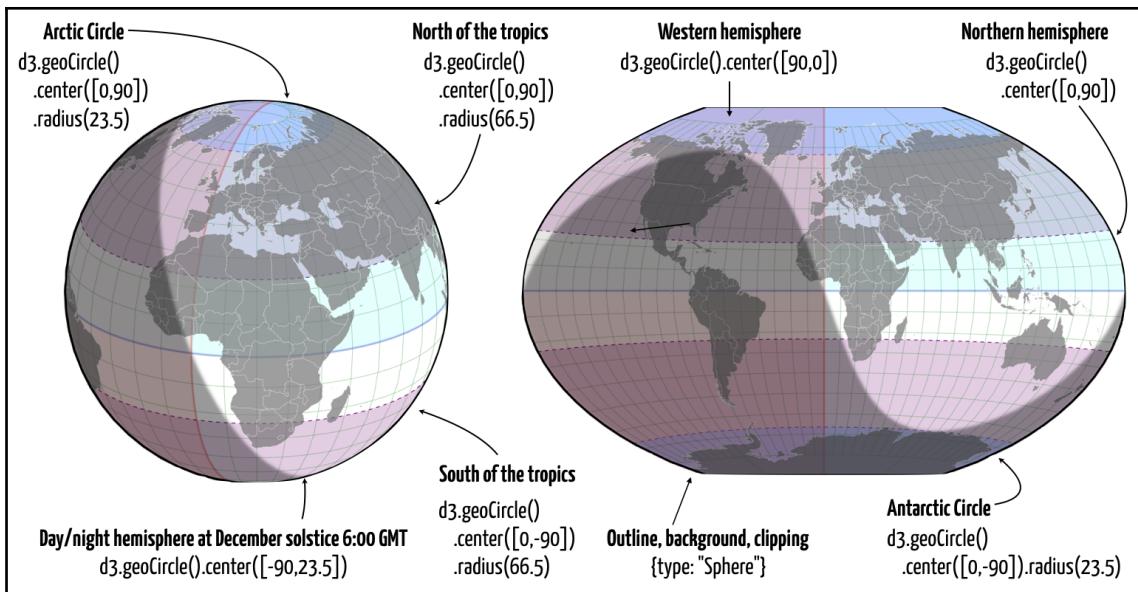
```
d3.geoGraticule()  
.extentMinor([[-180,23.6],[180,-23.6]])  
.extentMajor([[-180,66.6],[180,-66.6]])  
.stepMinor([0,23.5]) // tropics  
.stepMajor([0,66.5]) // polar circles
```

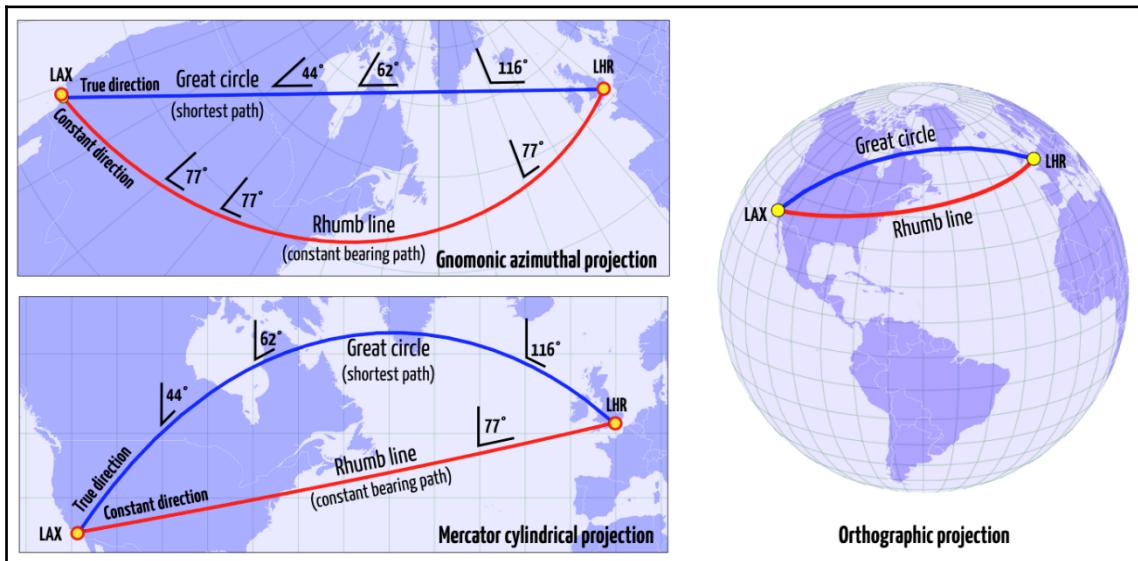
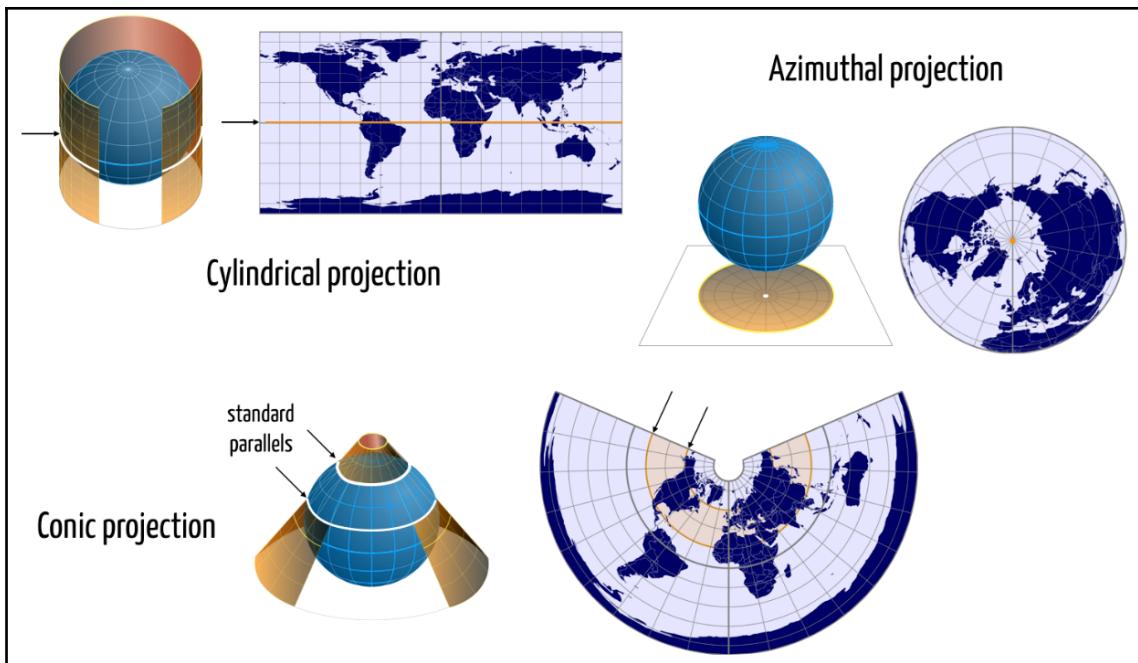
#### Outline of the graticule

```
d3.geoGraticule()  
.extent([[-90,-70],[90,70]])  
.outline()
```

#### Outline of the projection {type: "Sphere"}

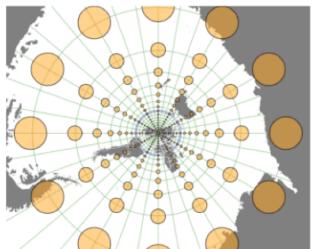
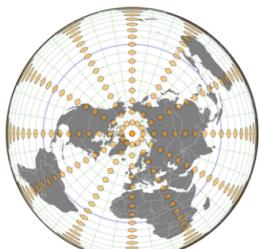




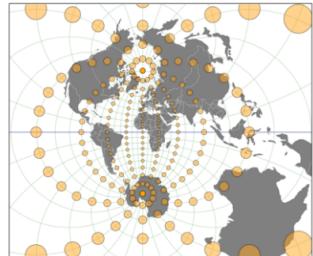
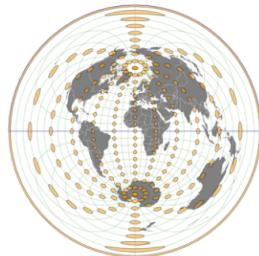


## Azimuthal projections

Polar  
  
.rotate([0,90,0])



Equatorial  
  
(default)



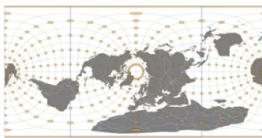
## Cylindrical projections

Tangent  
Equatorial  
projection  
  
.parallel(0)

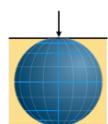


Plate carrée

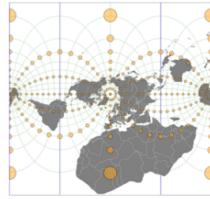
Equidistant  
d3.geoEquirectangular()



Cassini



Polar projection  
.rotate([0,90,0])



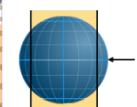
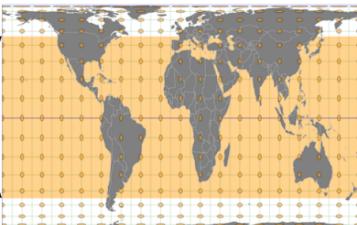
Conformal (clipped)  
d3.geoMercator()

Transverse  
Mercator

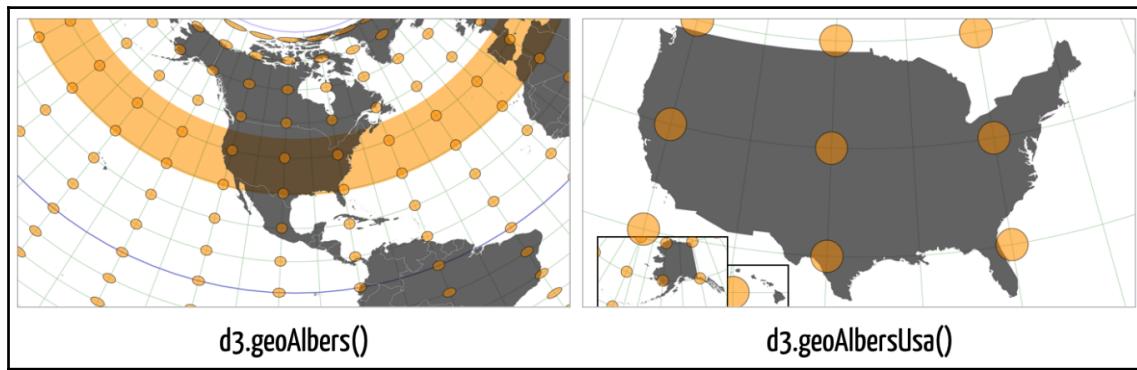
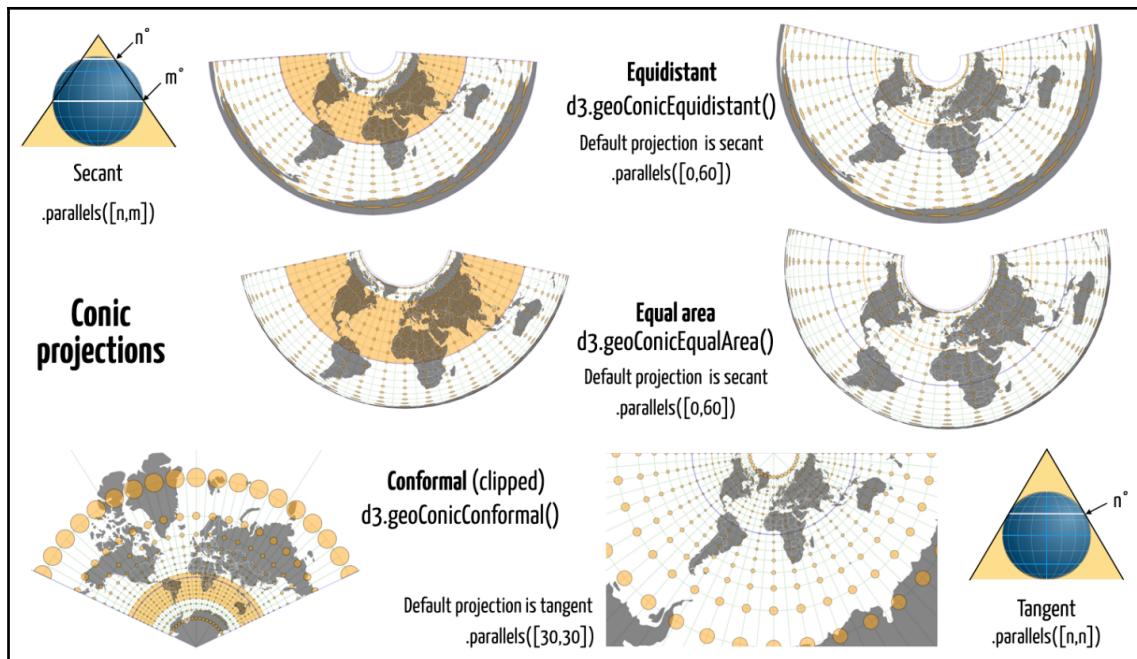
Gall Peters 45°

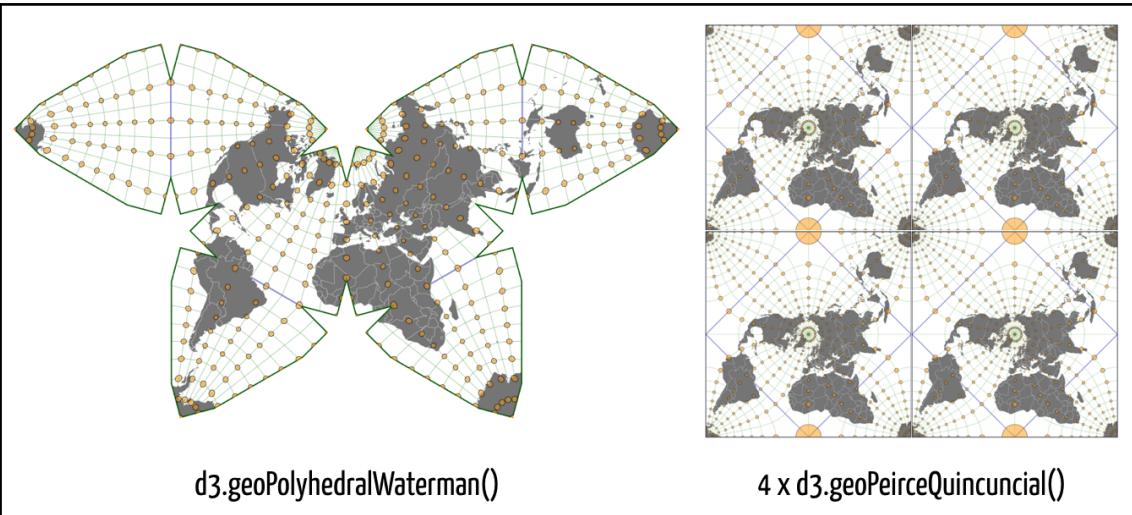
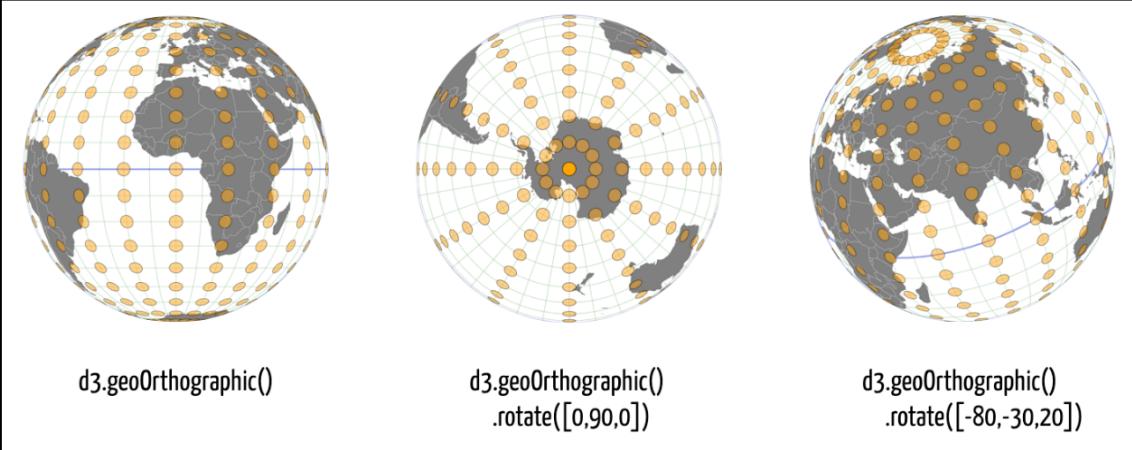
Equal area

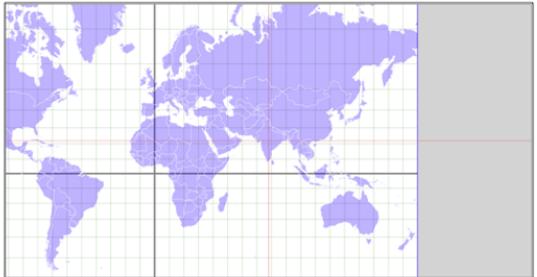
d3.geoCylindricalEqualArea()



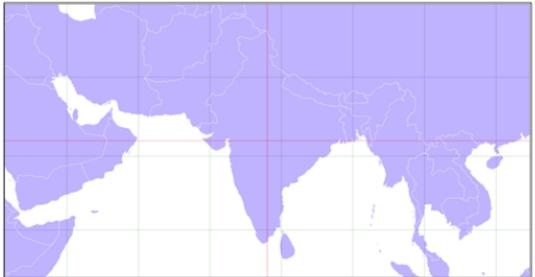
Secant projection:  
(default for  
equal area 38.58°)



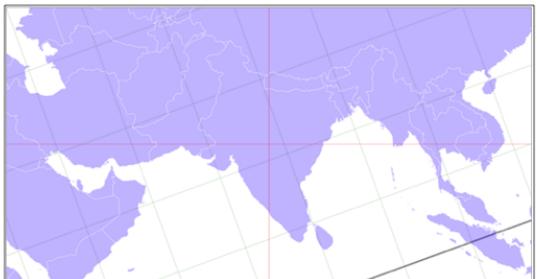




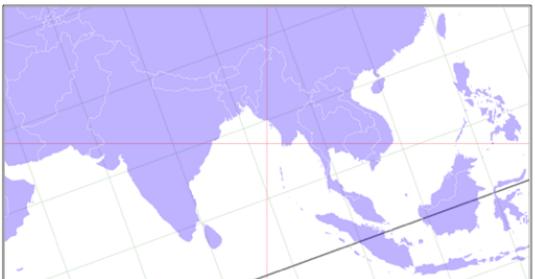
`projection.center([78,22])`



`projection.center([78,22])  
.scale(750)`



`projection.center([78,22])  
.scale(750)  
.angle(20)`



`projection.center([78,22])  
.scale(750)  
.angle(20)  
.translate([480 - 200,250])`

```
projection  
.fitExtent([[0,0],[900,500]], object)  
projection.fitSize([900,500], object)
```



```
projection.fitHeight(500, object)
```



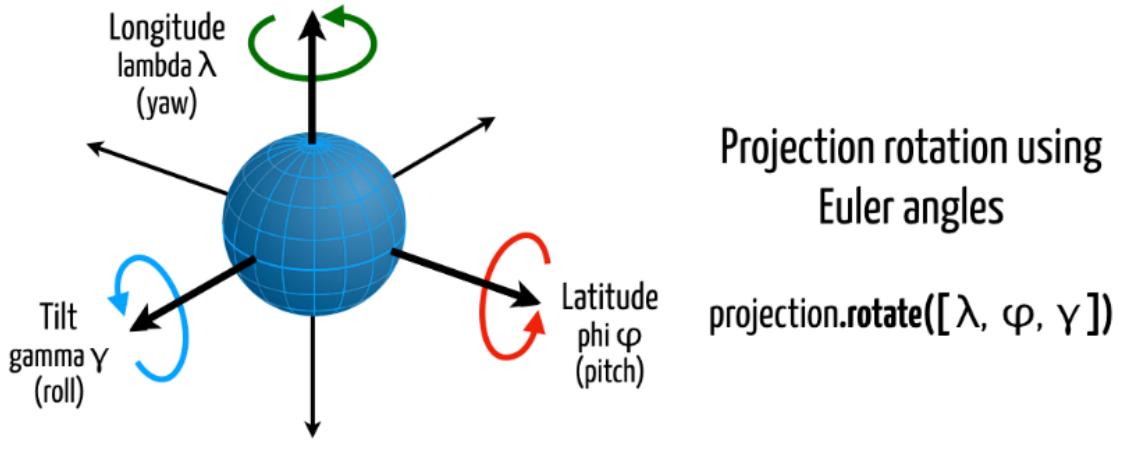
```
projection.fitWidth(900, object)
```



object =  
{ type: "Sphere" }

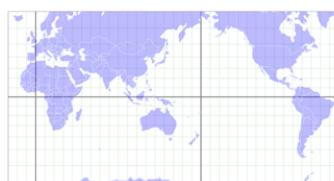
object =  
{ type: "MultiPolygon"  
coords: [...ofItaly...] }

object =  
{ type: "MultiPolygon"  
coords: [...ofCuba...] }





No rotation: `projection.rotate([0,0,0])`



Yaw: `projection.rotate([-150,0,0])`



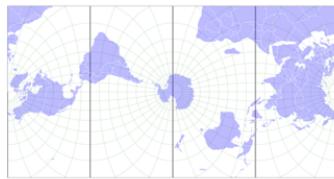
Pitch: `projection.rotate([0,-30,0])`



Roll: `projection.rotate([0,0,-30])`



Combined: `projection.rotate([-150,-30,-30])`

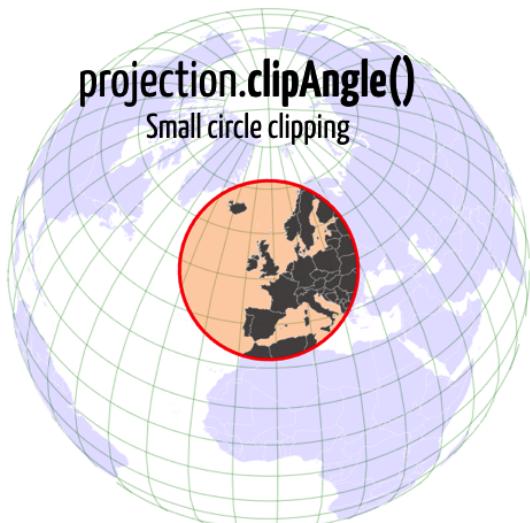


South pole: `projection.rotate([0,0,-30])`



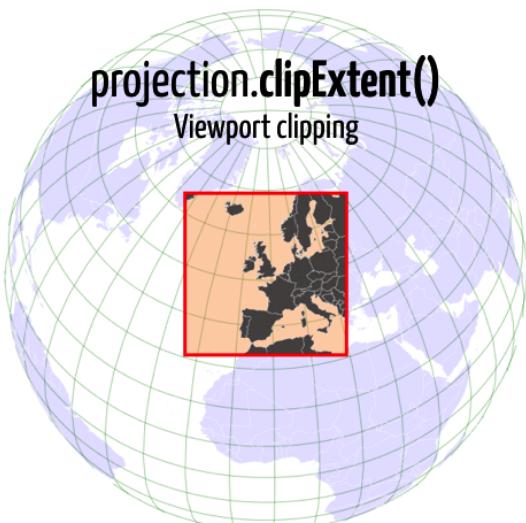
### `projection.clipAngle()`

Small circle clipping

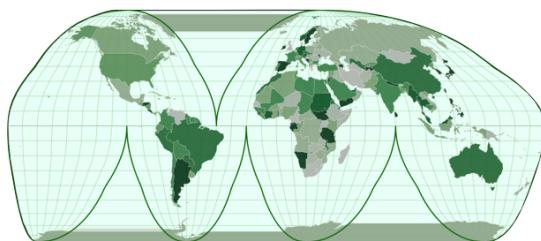


### `projection.clipExtent()`

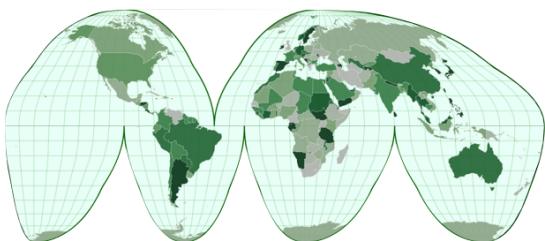
Viewport clipping

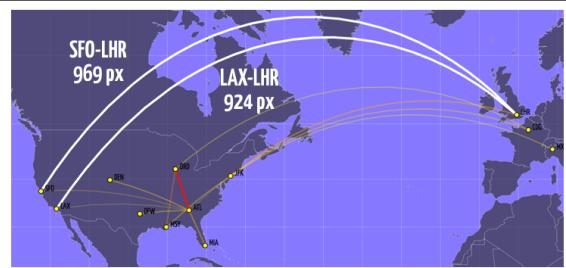


Projected map with no clipping



With SVG clipping applied to the map

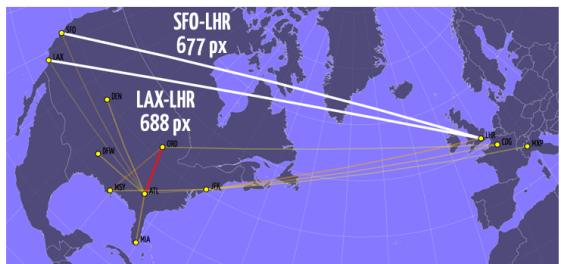




In the **Mercator conformal projection** the projected distance from London (LHR) to San Francisco (SFO) is **longer** than to Los Angeles (LAX)

LAX-LHR: 8,769 km  
or 1.3749 radians

SFO-LHR: 8,626 km  
or 1.3524 radians



**geoPath.measure(d)**  
returns the projected length of the line in pixels

**d3.geoLength(d) or**  
**d3.geoDistance(p1,p2)**  
returns the circular length of the arc in radians

In the **Azimuthal equidistant projection** the projected distance from London (LHR) to San Francisco (SFO) is **shorter** than London to Los Angeles (LAX)

In the **Mercator projection** Greenland is 15x larger than the Democratic Republic of the Congo



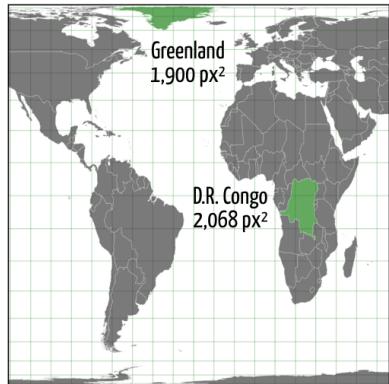
**geoPath.area(d)**  
returns projected area,  
in pixels<sup>2</sup>

**d3.geoArea(d)**  
returns spherical area  
in radians<sup>2</sup> (steradians)

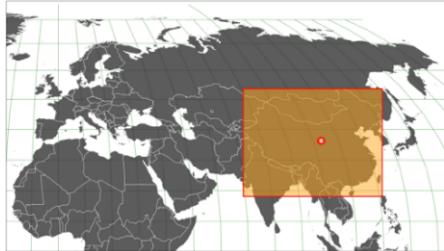
D.R. Congo: 2,335,484 km<sup>2</sup>  
or 0.0575 steradians

Greenland: 2,146,343 km<sup>2</sup>  
or 0.0529 steradians

In the **cylindrical equal area projection** Greenland appears smaller than the Democratic Republic of the Congo



### Planar coordinates



`geoPath.centroid(object)` [x,y]  
`geoPath.bounds(object)` [[minX,minY],[maxX,maxY]]

### Spherical coordinates



`d3.geoCentroid(object)` [lon,lat]  
`d3.geoBounds(object)` [[minLon, minLat], [maxLon, maxLat]]

