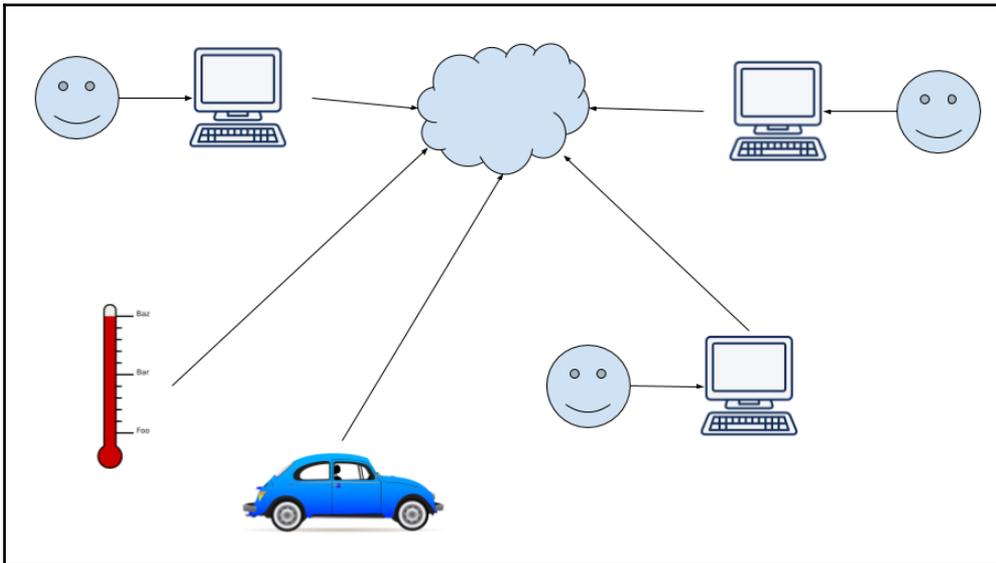
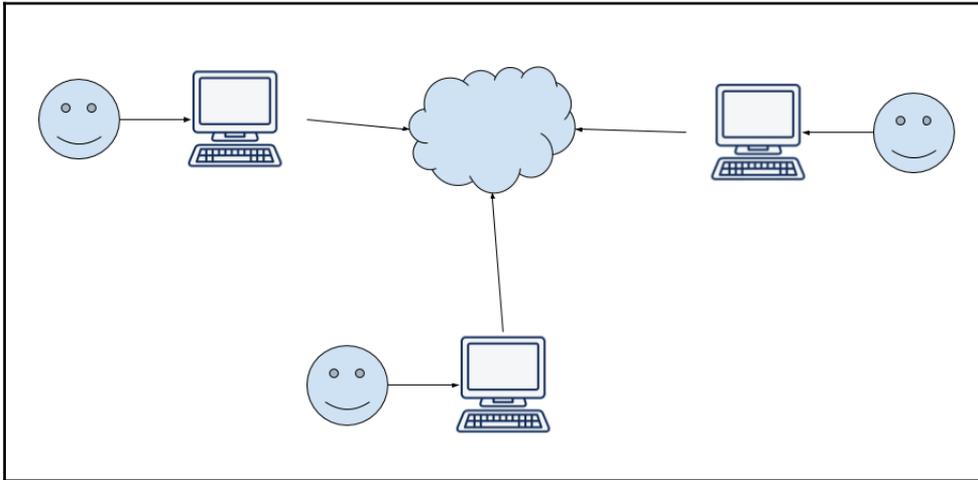
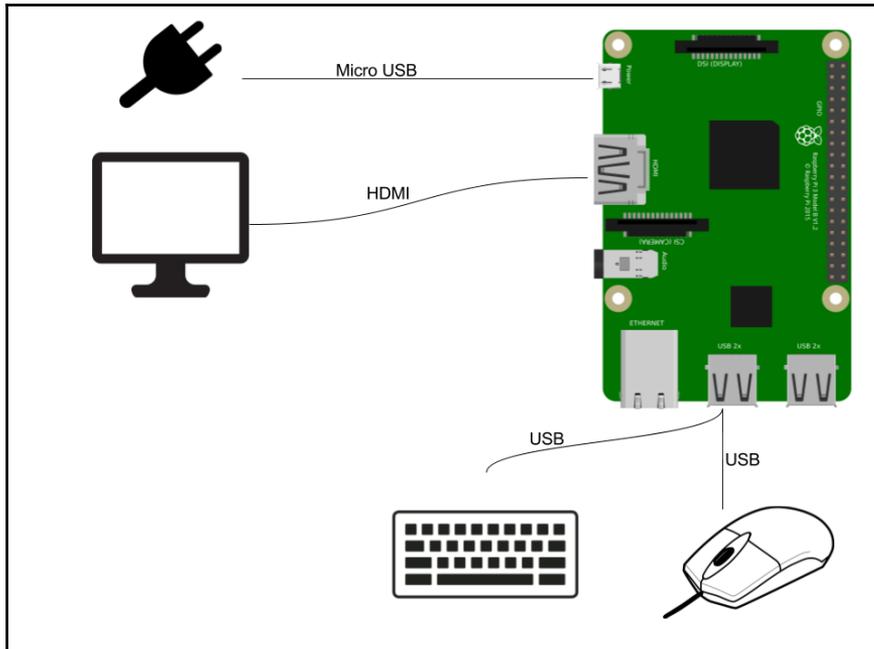
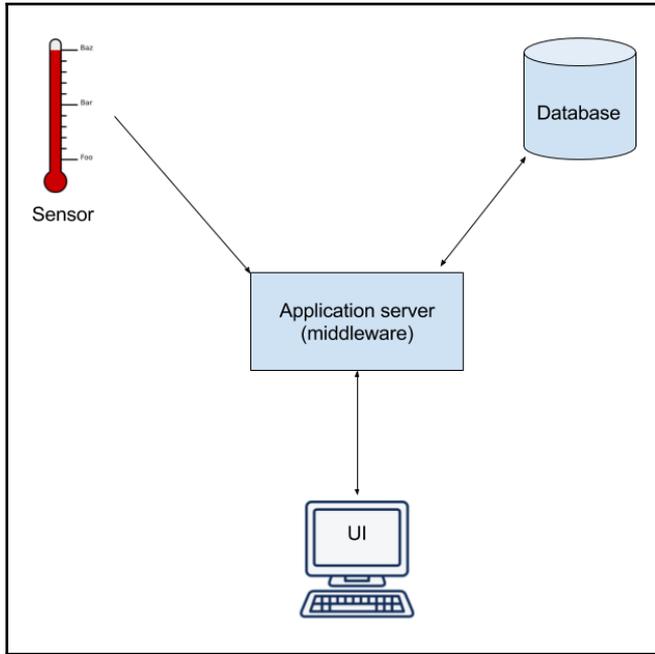
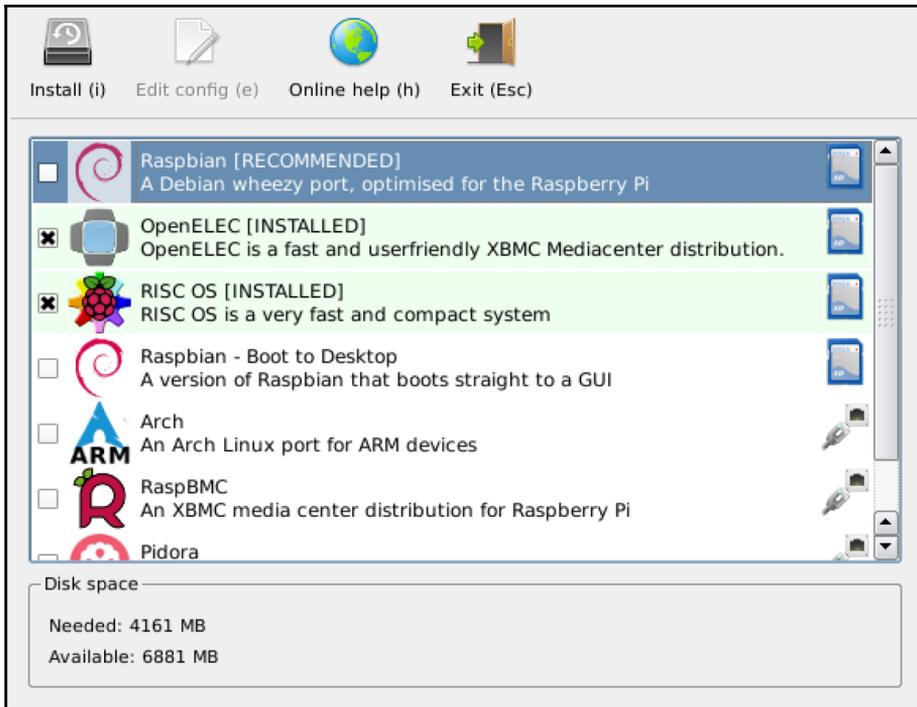
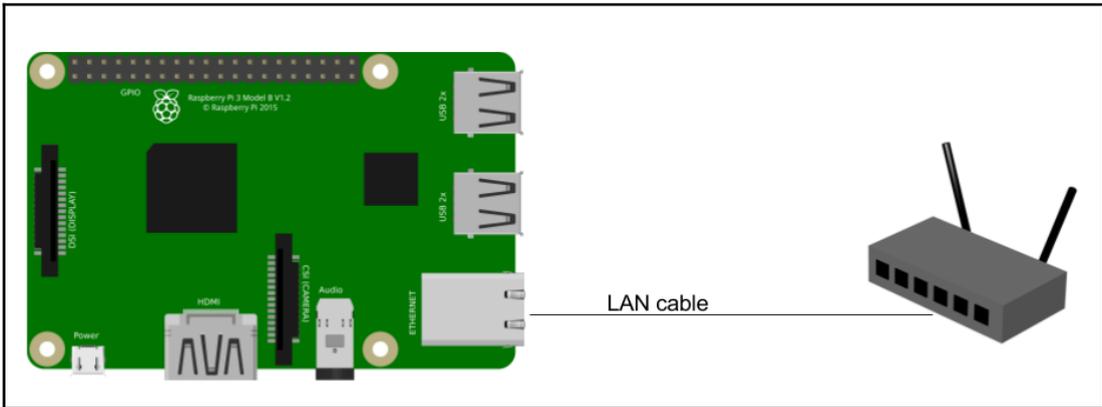
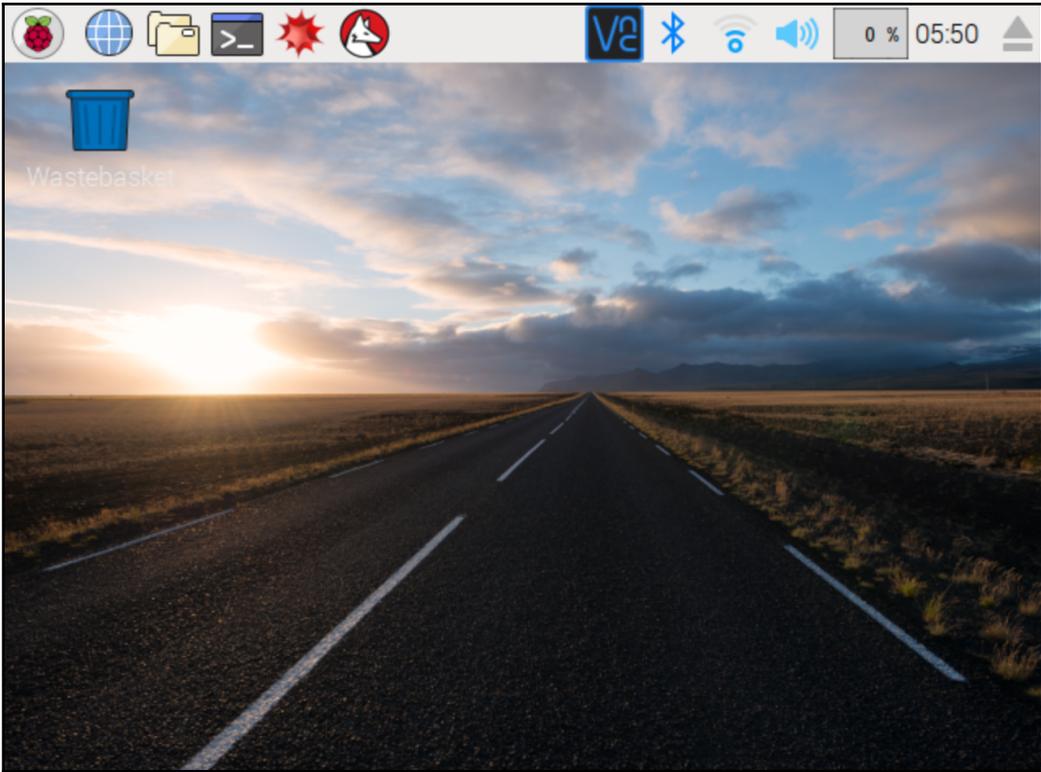


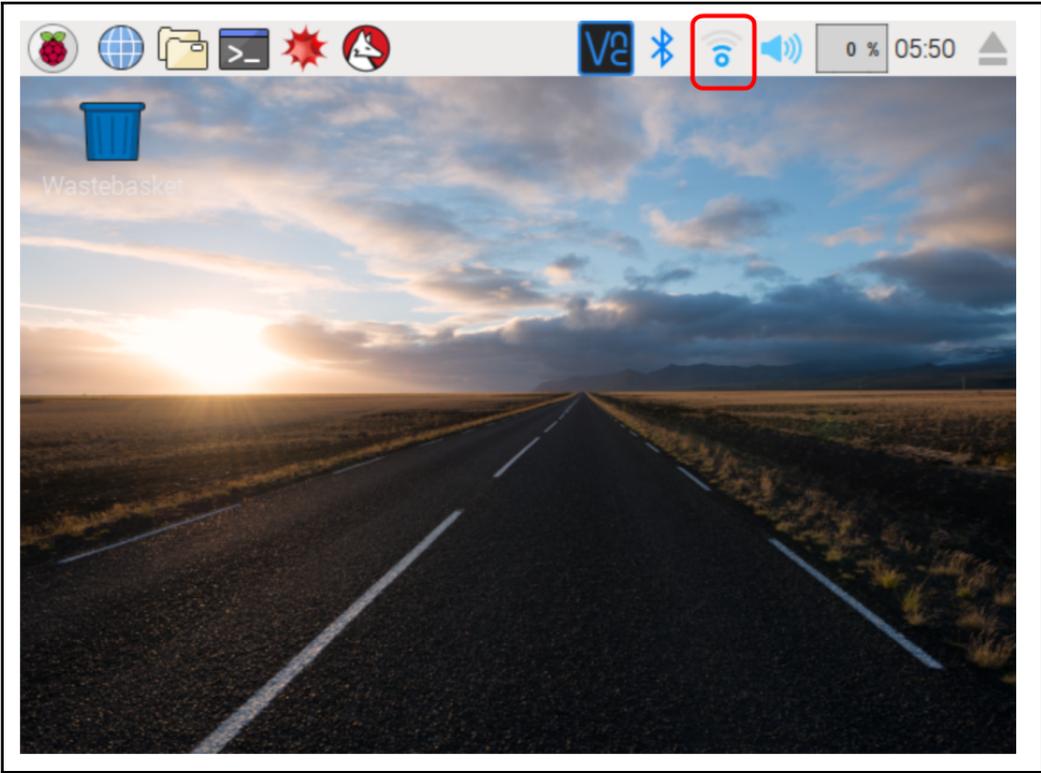
# Chapter 1: Getting Started on the Raspberry Pi

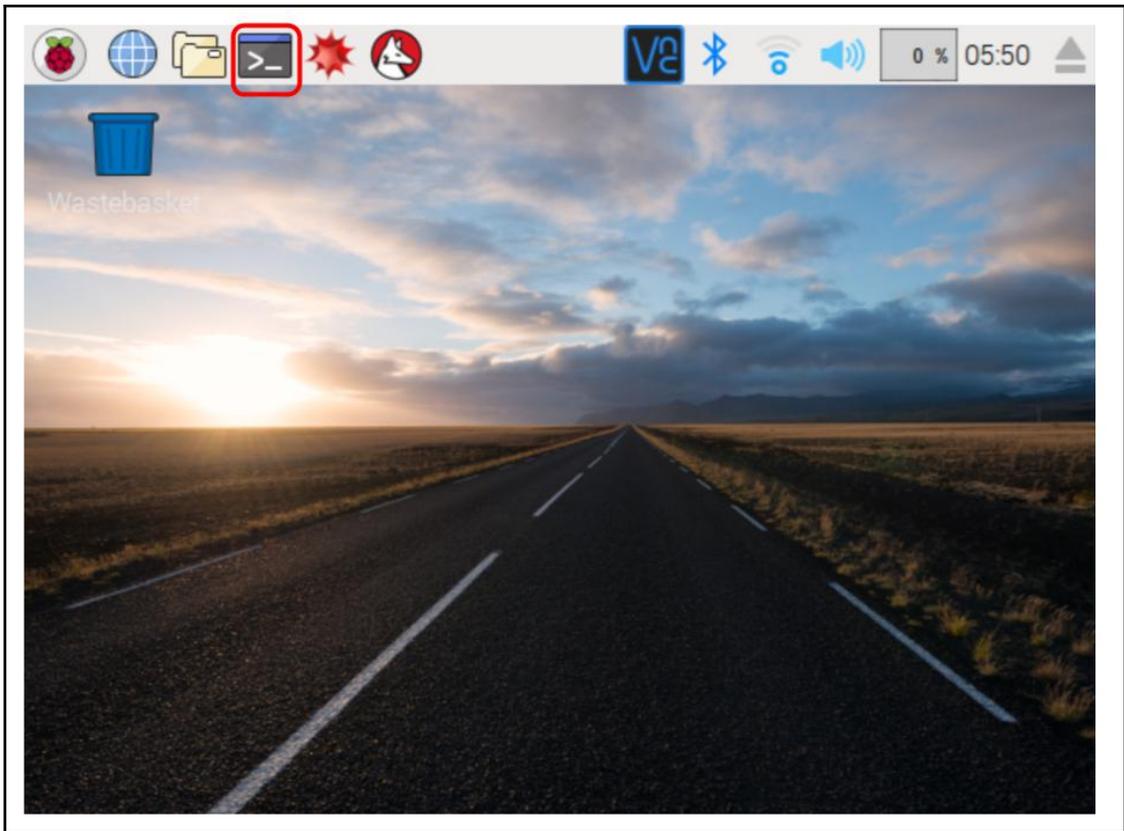








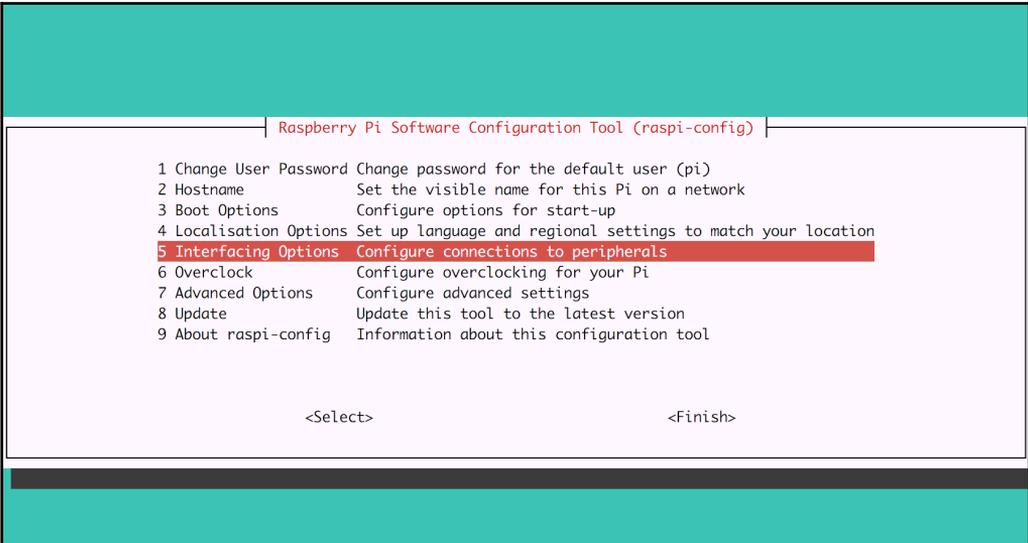


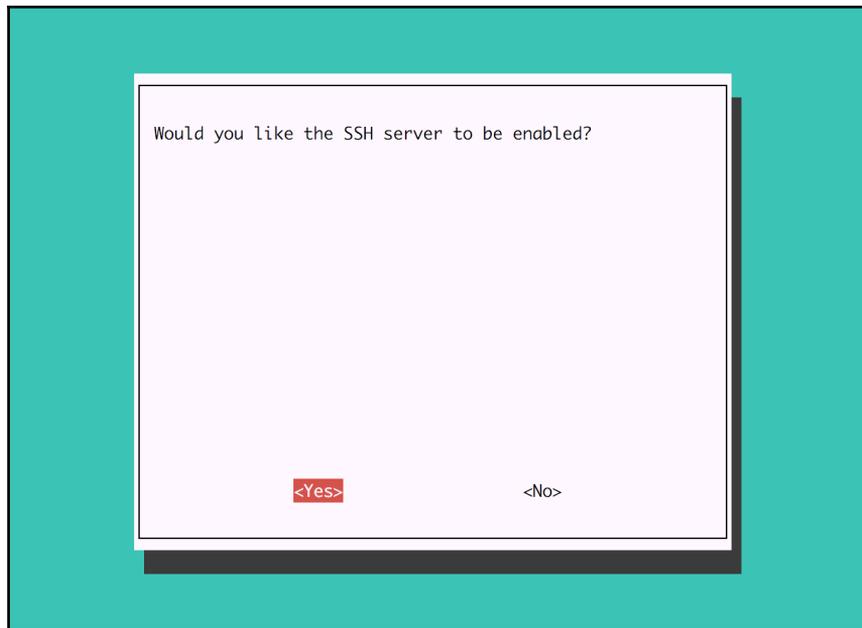
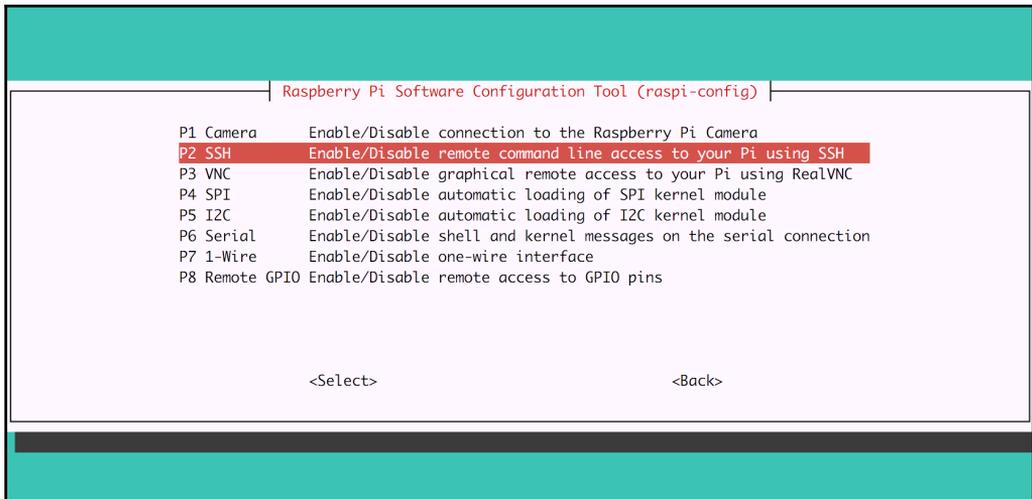


```
eth0      Link encap:Ethernet HWaddr b8:27:eb:f6:fc:89
          inet6 addr: fe80::734f:7460:dcaf:cc40/64 Scope:Link
          UP BROADCAST MULTICAST MTU:1500 Metric:1
          RX packets:0 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0
          TX packets:0 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0
          collisions:0 txqueuelen:1000
          RX bytes:0 (0.0 B) TX bytes:0 (0.0 B)

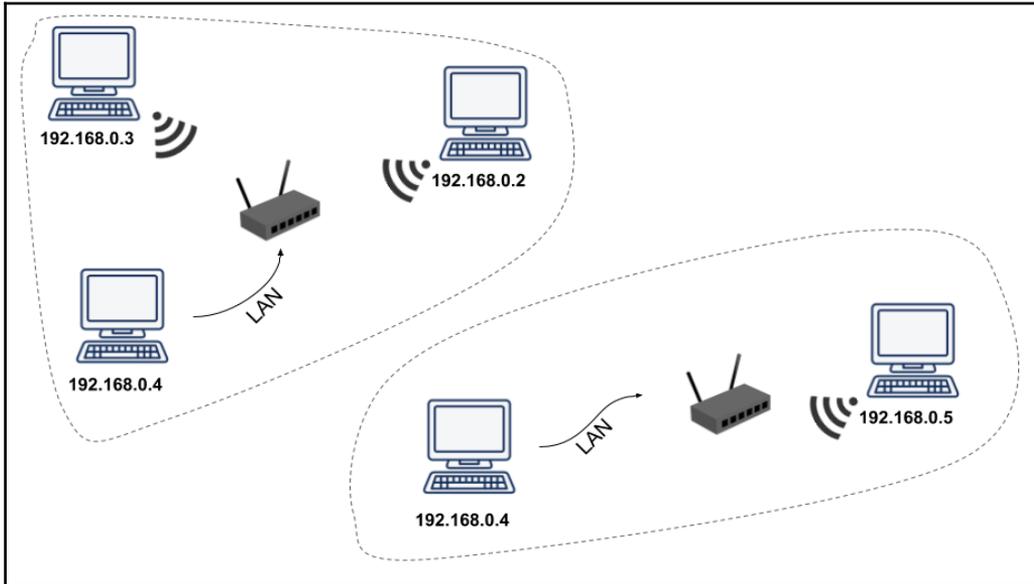
lo        Link encap:Local Loopback
          inet addr:127.0.0.1 Mask:255.0.0.0
          inet6 addr: ::1/128 Scope:Host
          UP LOOPBACK RUNNING MTU:65536 Metric:1
          RX packets:209 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0
          TX packets:209 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0
          collisions:0 txqueuelen:1
          RX bytes:17180 (16.7 KiB) TX bytes:17180 (16.7 KiB)

wlan0     Link encap:Ethernet HWaddr b8:27:eb:a3:a9:dc
          inet addr:192.168.0.10 Bcast:192.168.0.255 Mask:255.255.255.0
          inet6 addr: fe80::7610:934f:49b8:5252/64 Scope:Link
          UP BROADCAST RUNNING MULTICAST MTU:1500 Metric:1
          RX packets:18681 errors:0 dropped:14902 overruns:0 frame:0
          TX packets:4620 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0
          collisions:0 txqueuelen:1000
          RX bytes:3576248 (3.4 MiB) TX bytes:4214622 (4.0 MiB)
```

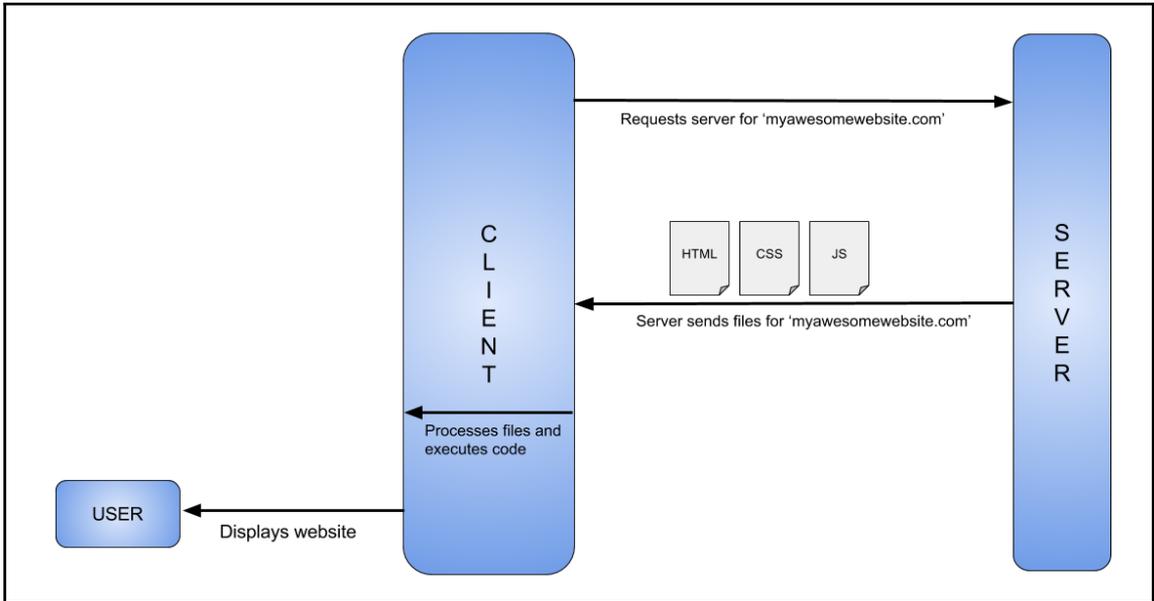


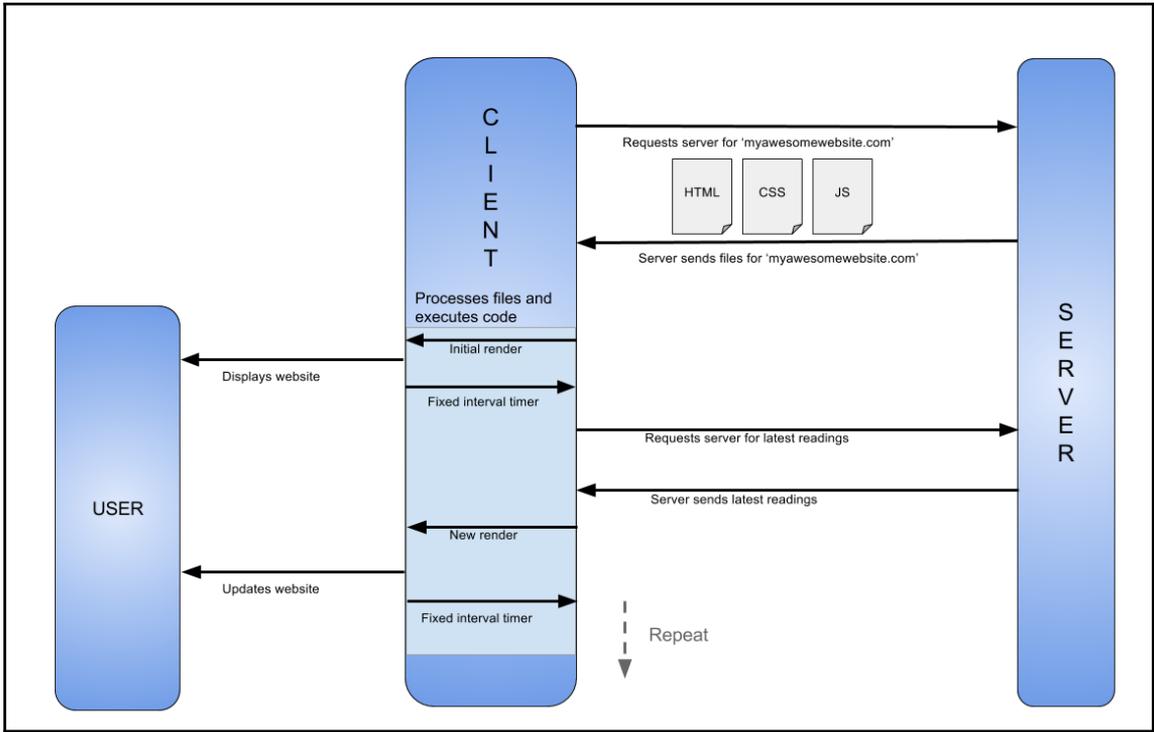


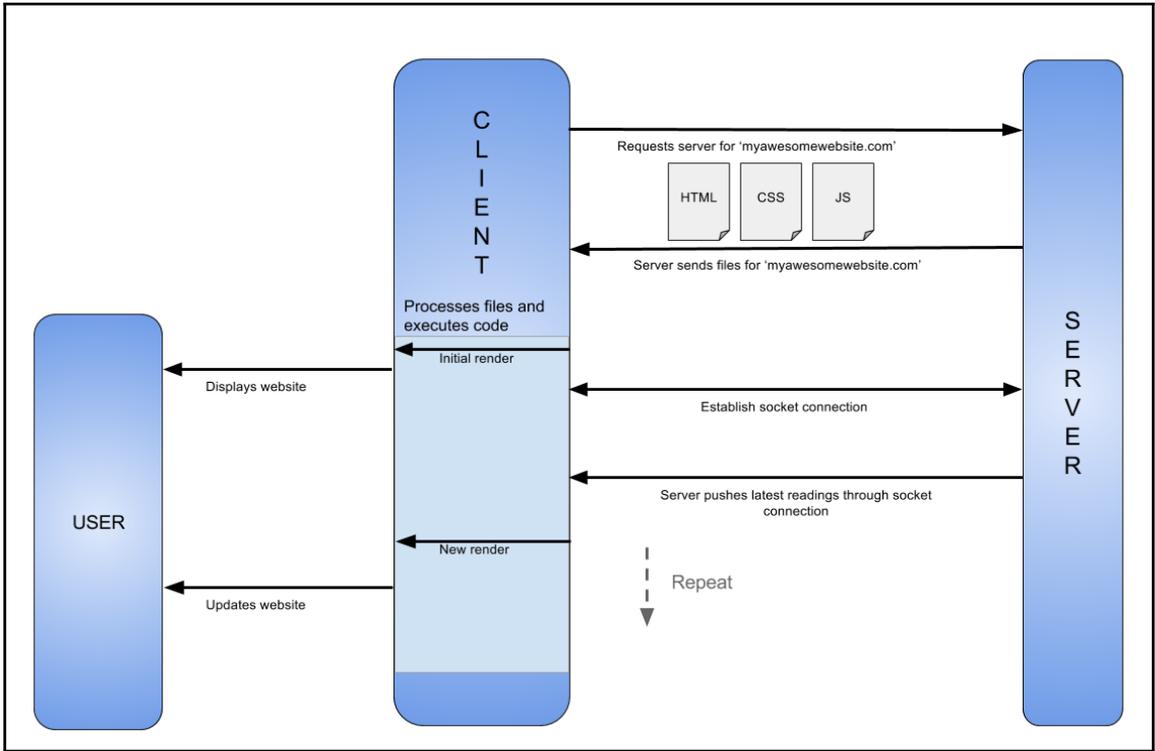
# Chapter 2: Getting Up-and-Running with Web Development on the Raspberry Pi

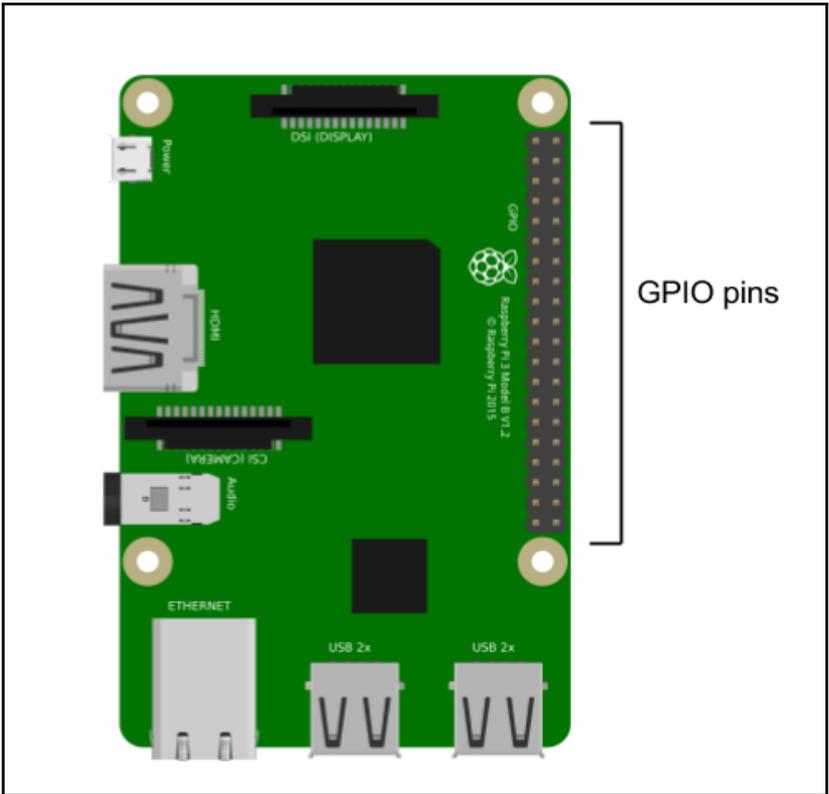


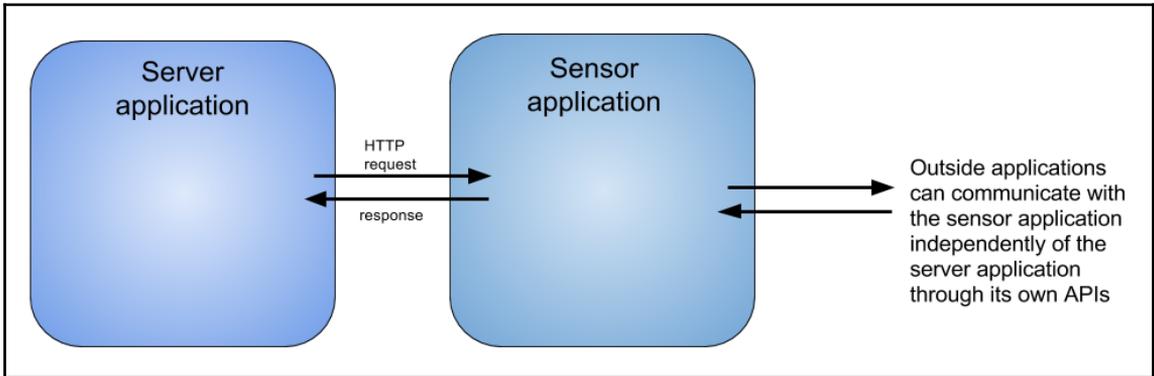
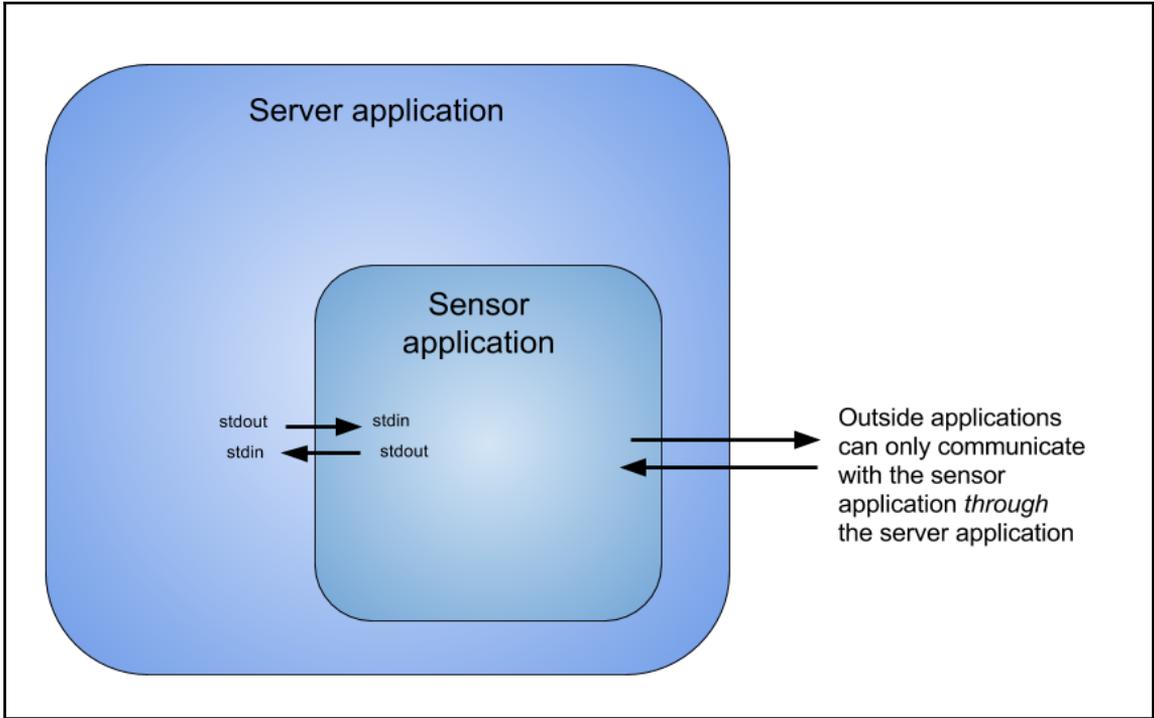
<b>AngularJS</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Frontend UI framework</li></ul>
<b>Express</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Web framework for Node</li><li>• Serves frontend pages</li></ul>
<b>Node.js</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• JavaScript runtime</li><li>• Runs the express server</li><li>• Interacts with database</li></ul>
<b>MongoDB</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• NoSQL database</li></ul>

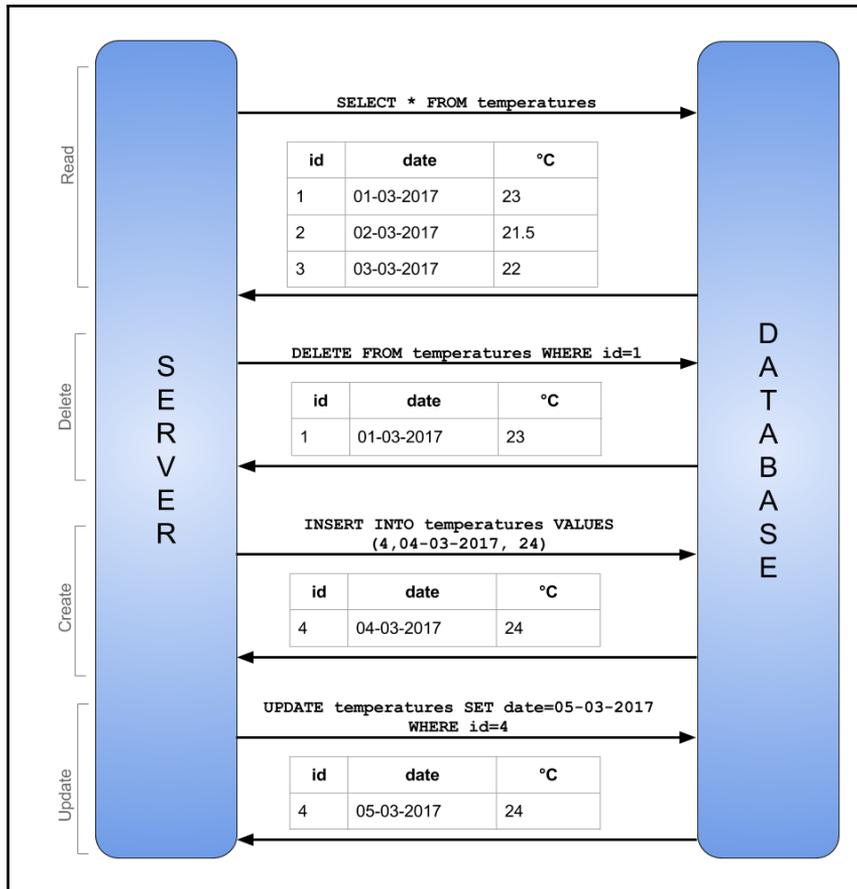


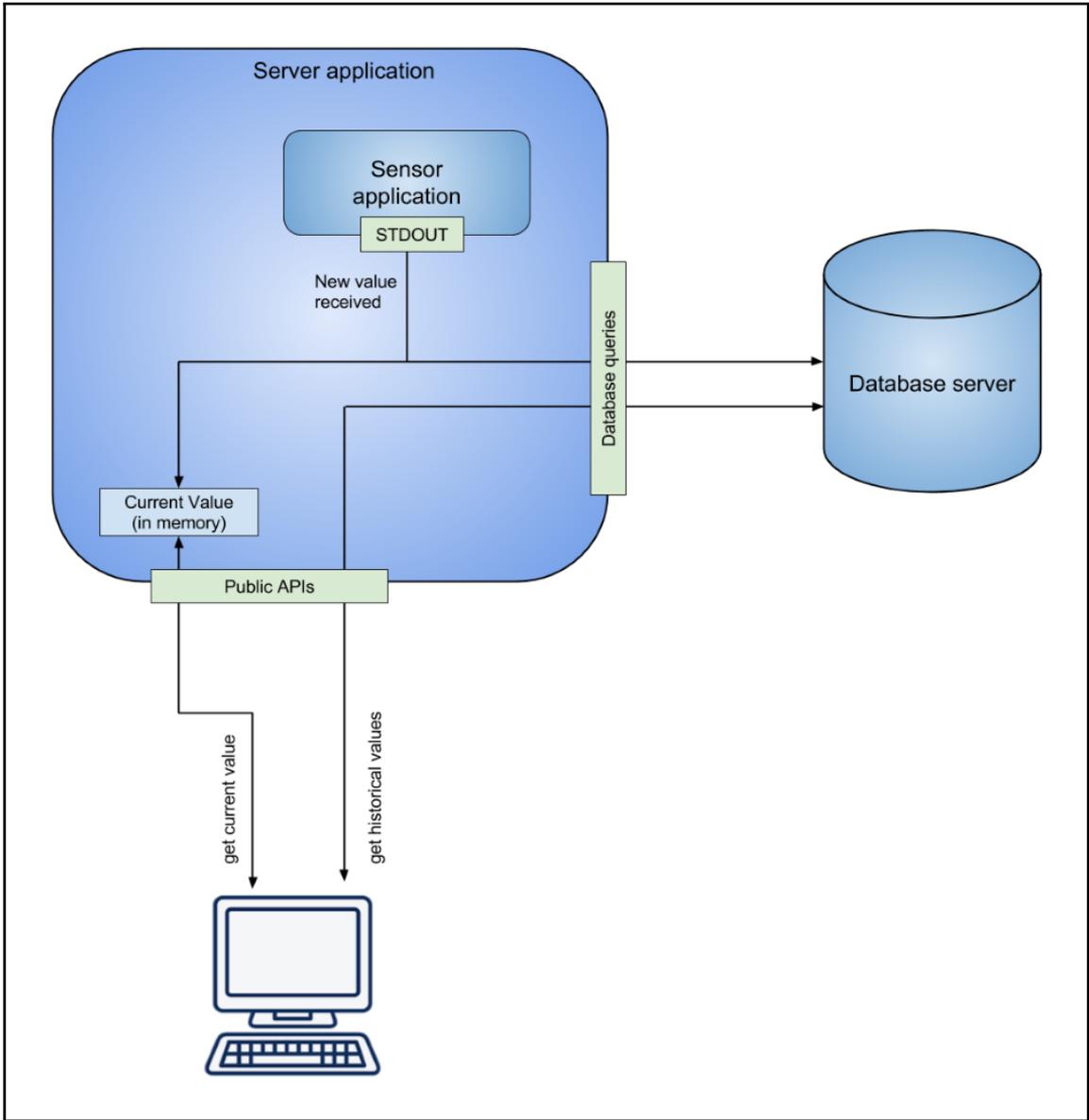












# Chapter 3: Running a Node Server on the Pi

```
pi@raspberrypi:~/sensor-project/server $ npm init
This utility will walk you through creating a package.json file.
It only covers the most common items, and tries to guess sensible defaults.

See `npm help json` for definitive documentation on these fields
and exactly what they do.

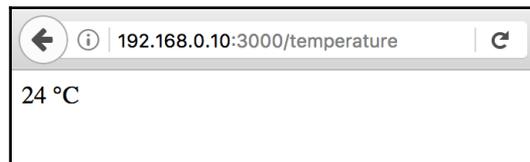
Use `npm install <pkg> --save` afterwards to install a package and
save it as a dependency in the package.json file.

Press ^C at any time to quit.
name: (server)
version: (1.0.0)
description: The server application for this project
entry point: (index.js)
test command:
git repository:
keywords:
author:
license: (ISC)
About to write to /home/pi/sensor-project/server/package.json:

{
  "name": "server",
  "version": "1.0.0",
  "description": "The server application for this project",
  "main": "index.js",
  "scripts": {
    "test": "echo \"Error: no test specified\" && exit 1"
  },
  "author": "",
  "license": "ISC"
}

Is this ok? (yes) █
```

```
pi@raspberrypi:~/sensor-project $ node server
Server listening on port 3000
█
```



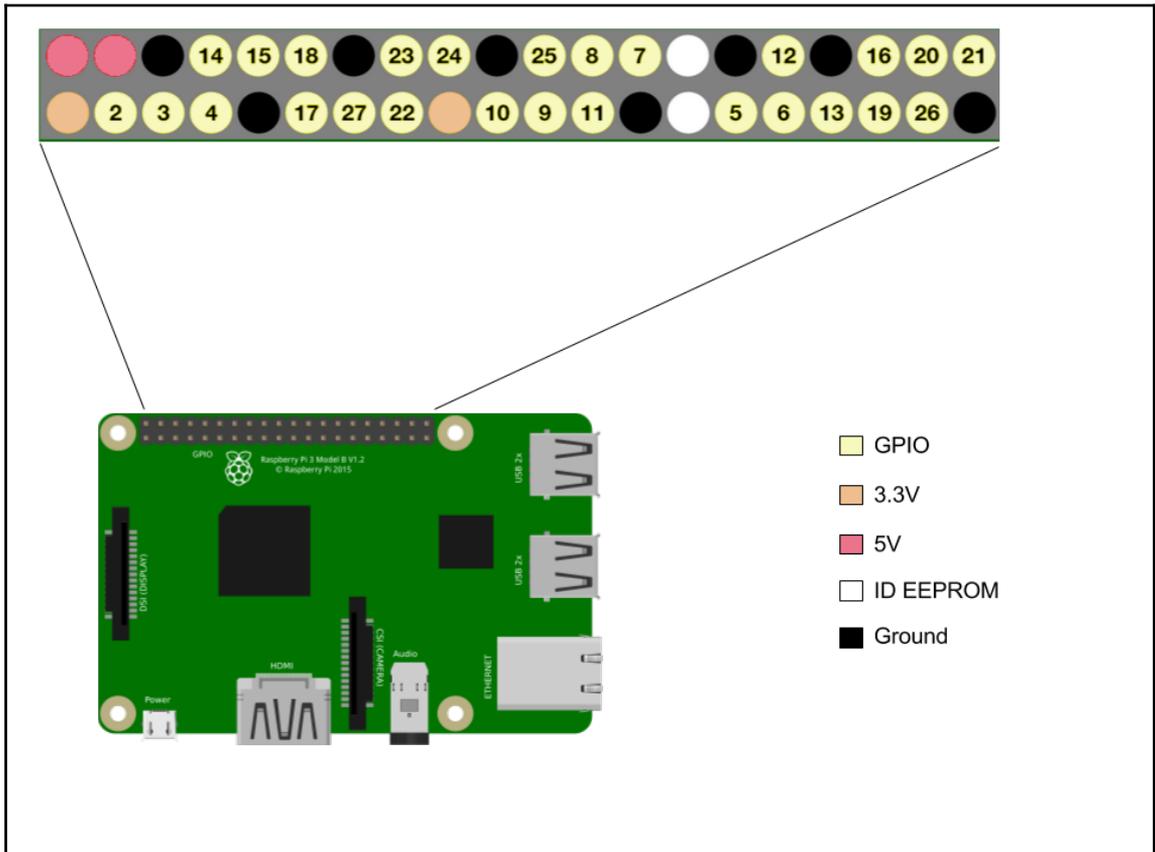


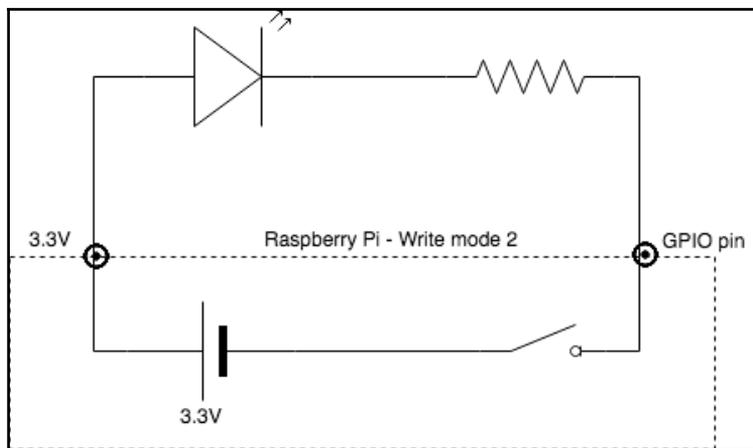
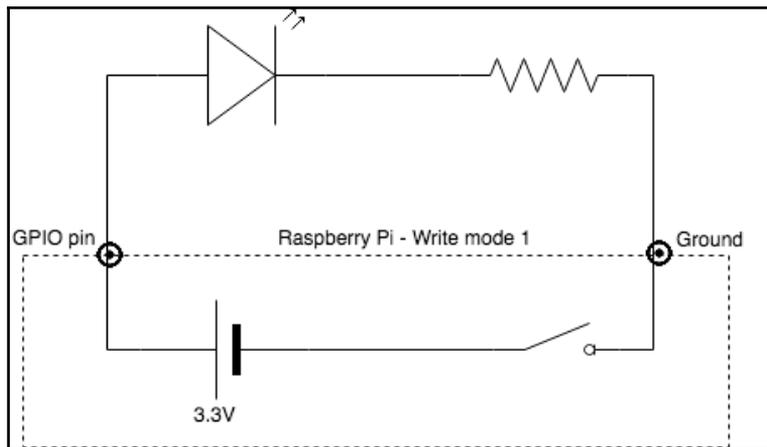
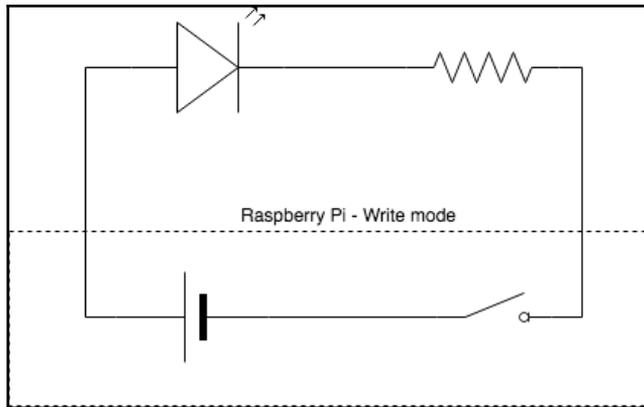
```
pi@raspberrypi:~/sensor-project $ pm2 start server/  
[PM2] Starting /home/pi/sensor-project/server in fork_mode (1 instance)  
[PM2] Done.
```

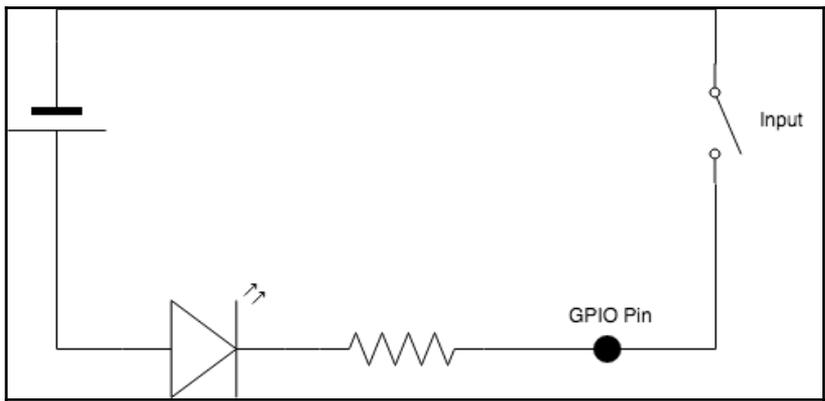
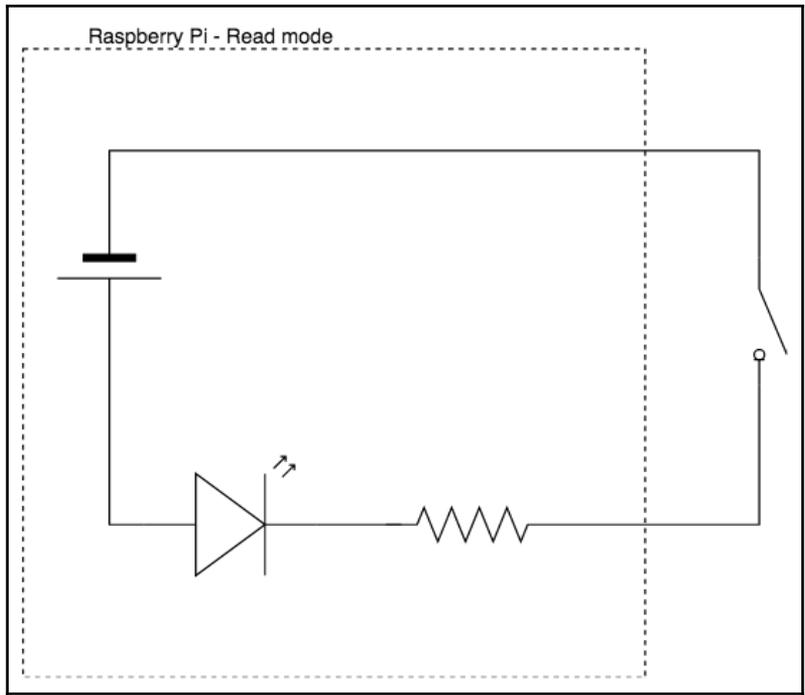
App name	id	mode	pid	status	restart	uptime	cpu	mem	watching
server	0	fork	1944	online	0	0s	35%	16.1 MB	disabled

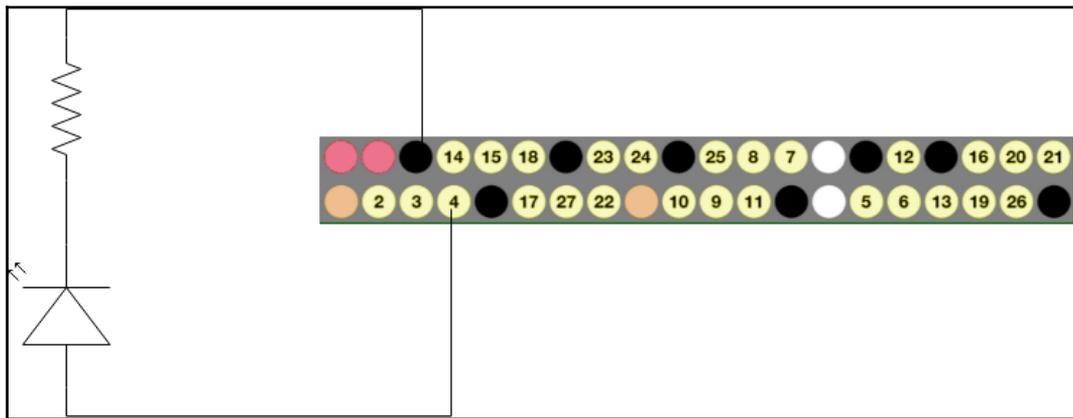
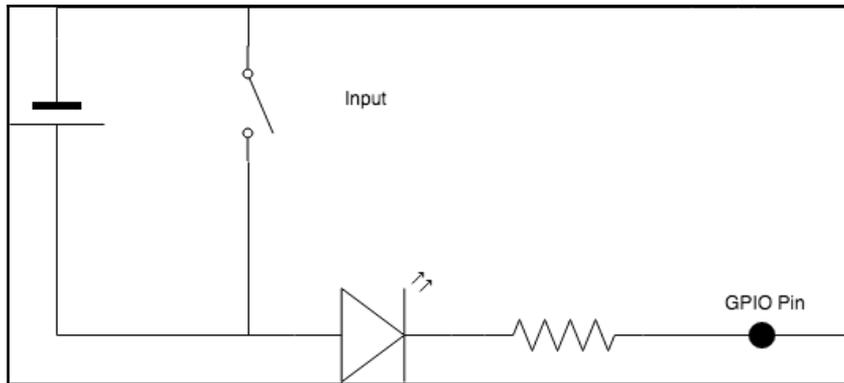
Use `pm2 show <id/name>` to get more details about an app

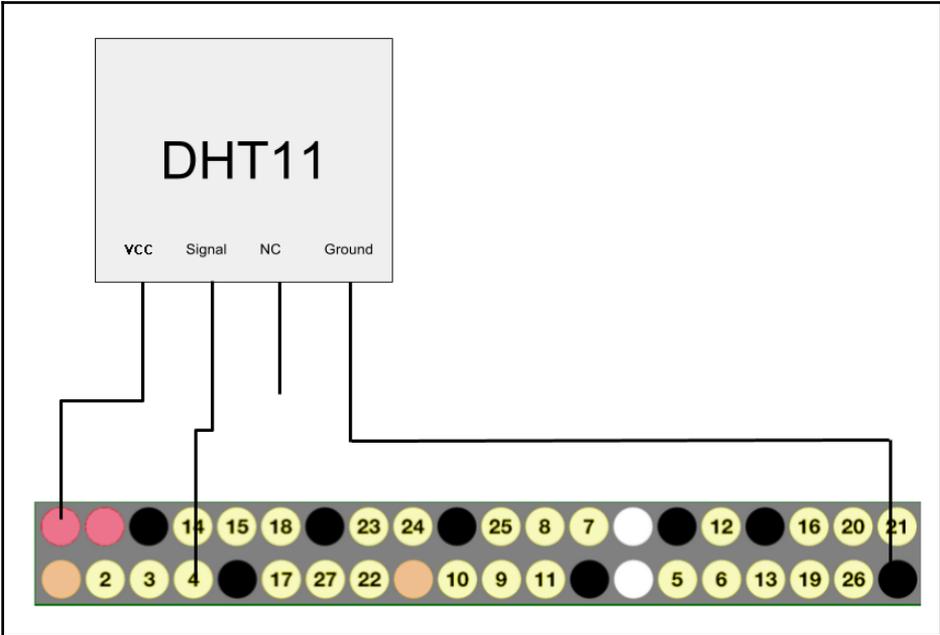
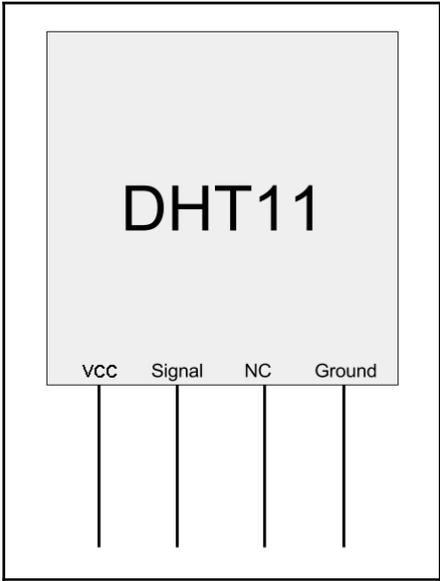
# Chapter 4: Extracting Information from the GPIO Pins





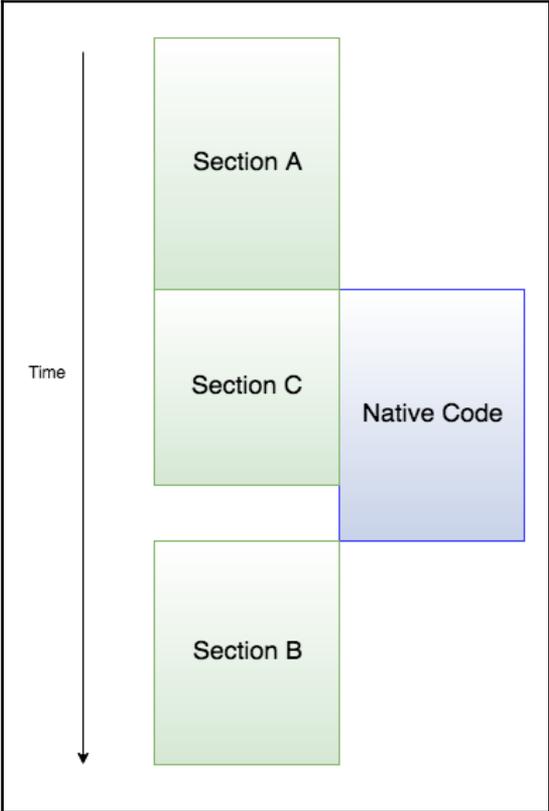


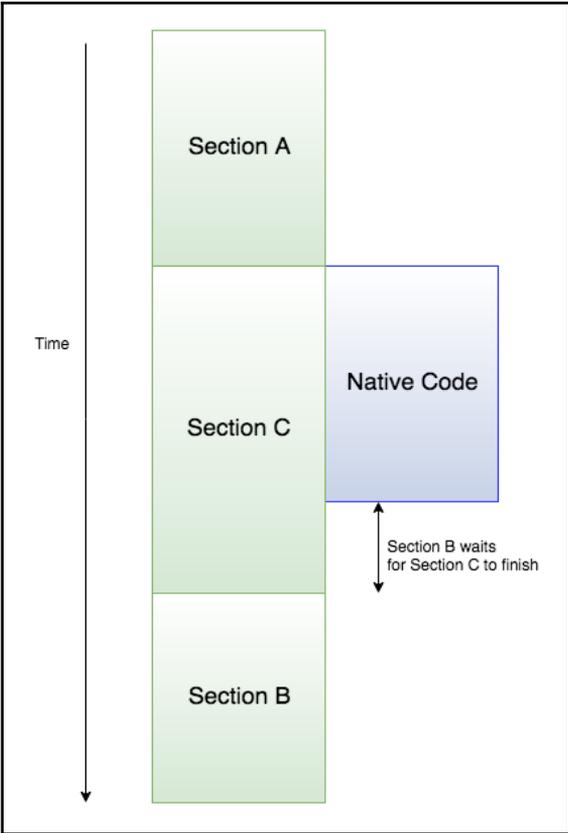


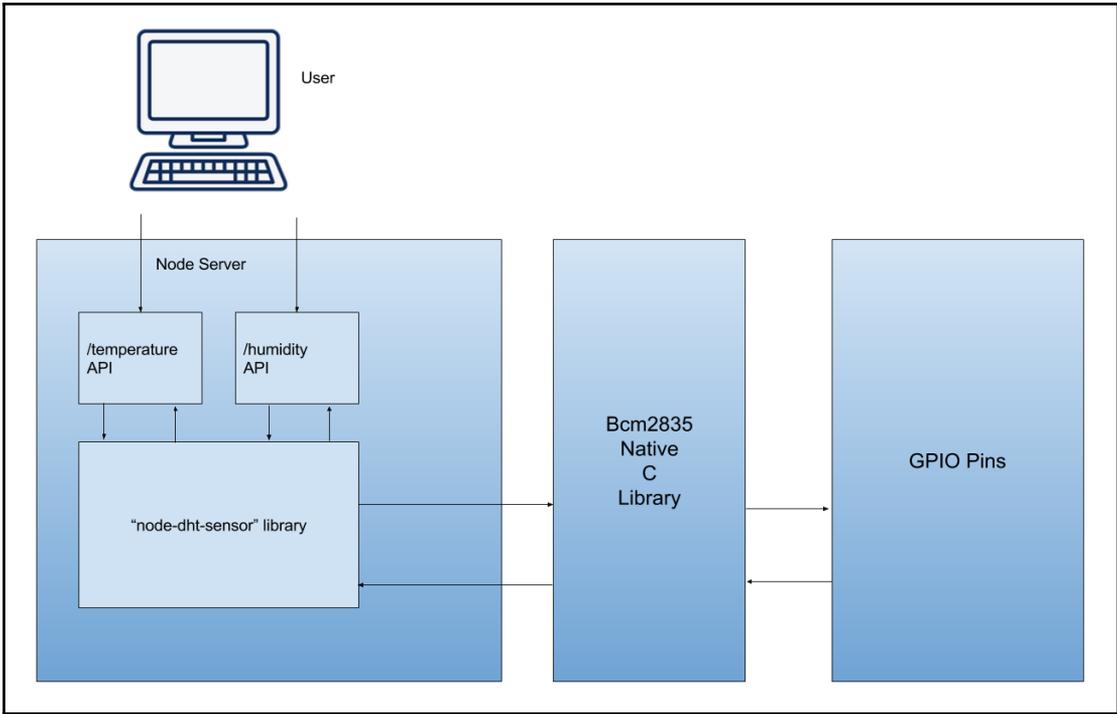


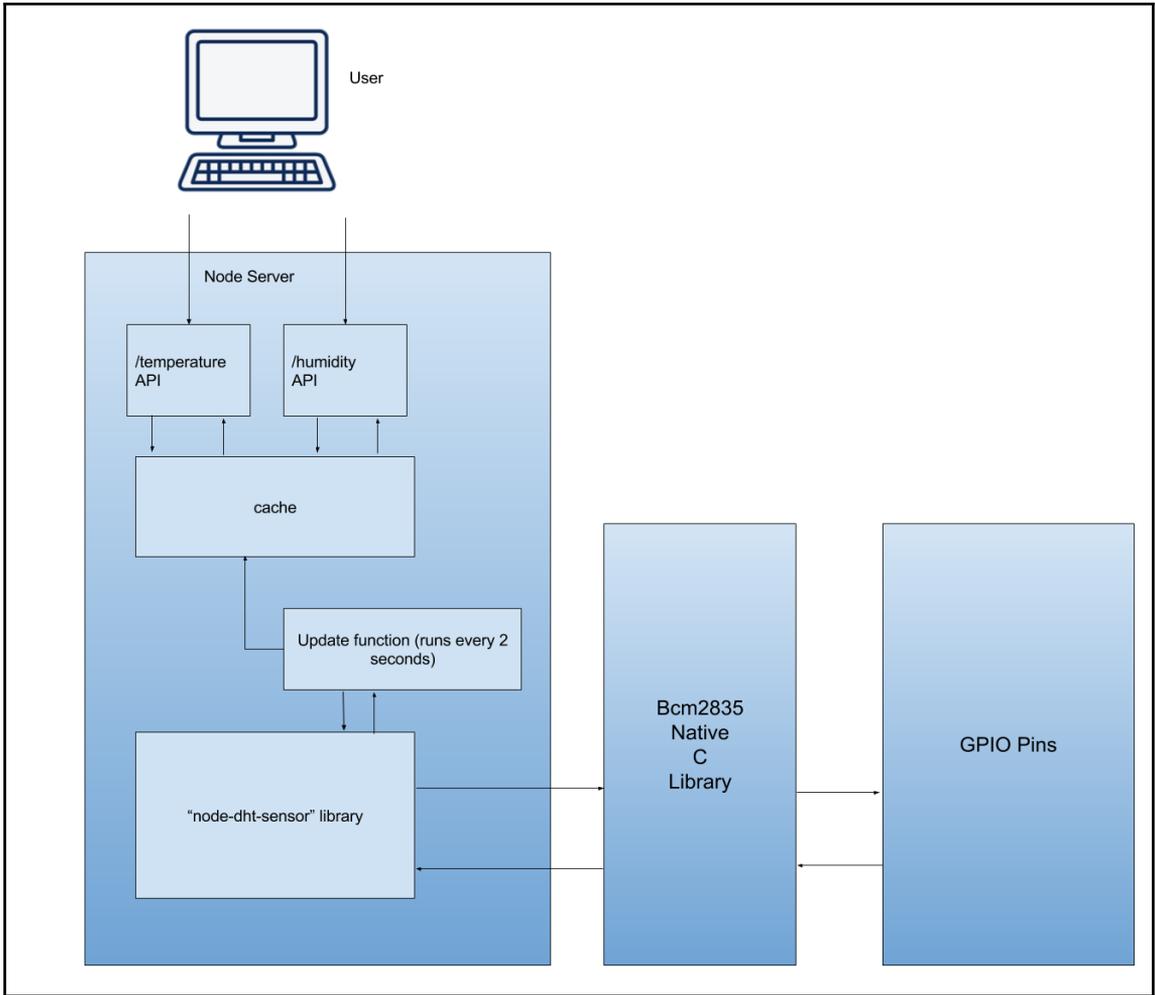
```
pi@raspberrypi:~/sensor-project/server $ node obtain-reading.js
temp: 25.0°C, humidity: 70.0%
pi@raspberrypi:~/sensor-project/server $ █
```

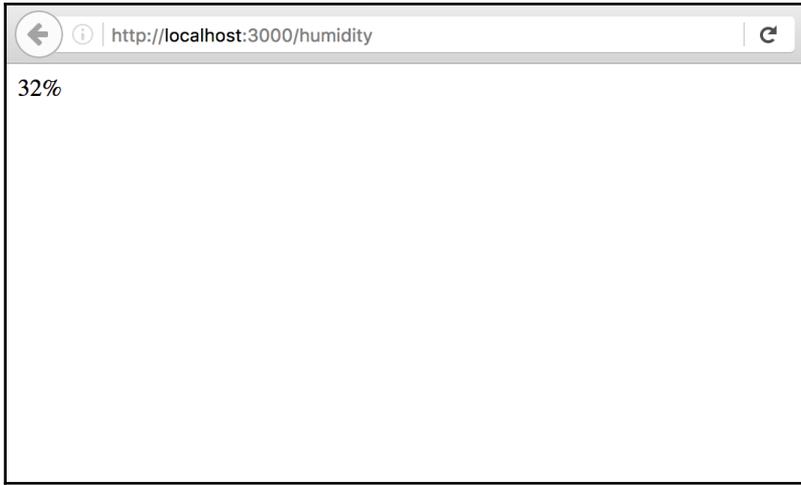
# Chapter 5: Retrieving Sensor Readings from the Server



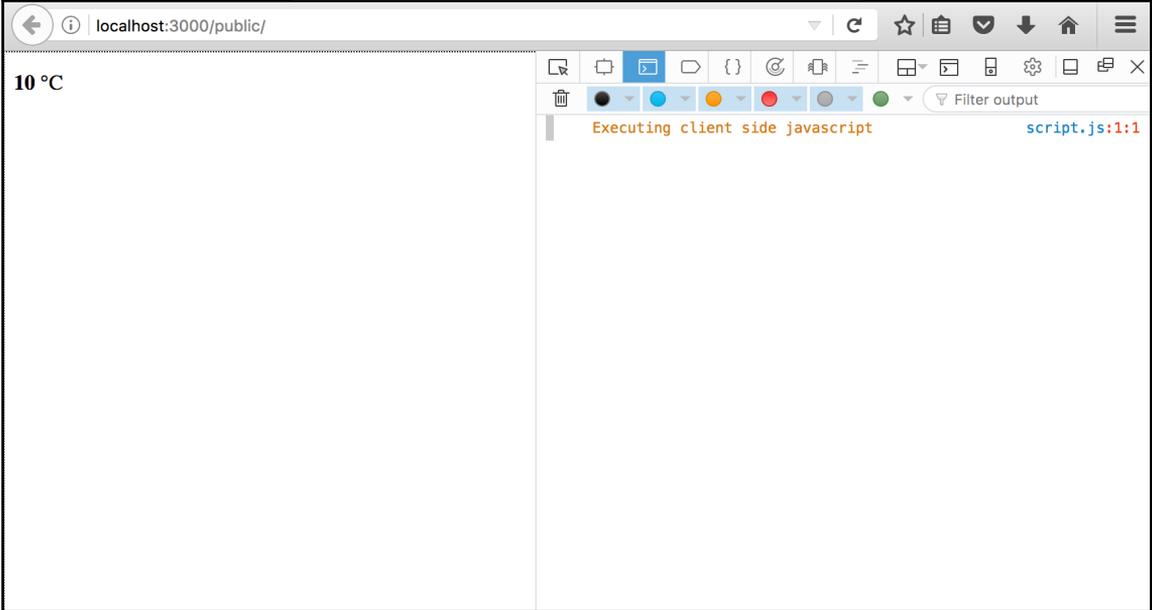
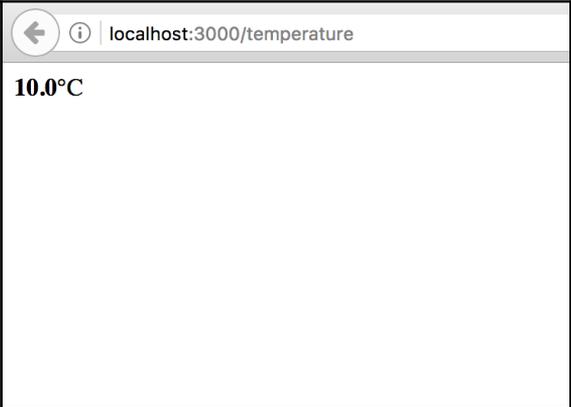








# Chapter 6: Creating a Web Page to Display Sensor Data

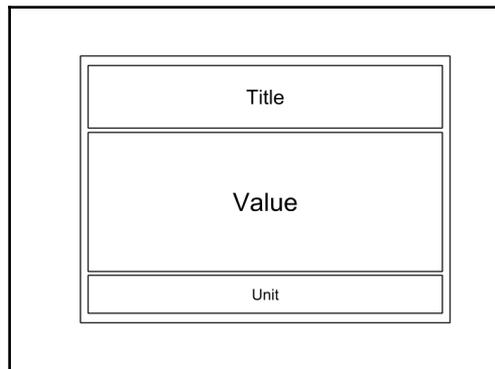
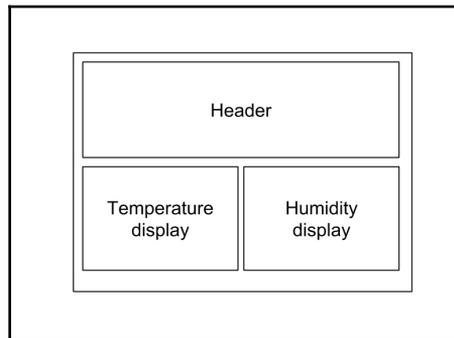


Temperature :

**10 °C**

Humidity :

**43 %**



## Sensor Dashboard

Temperature

**10.0**

°C

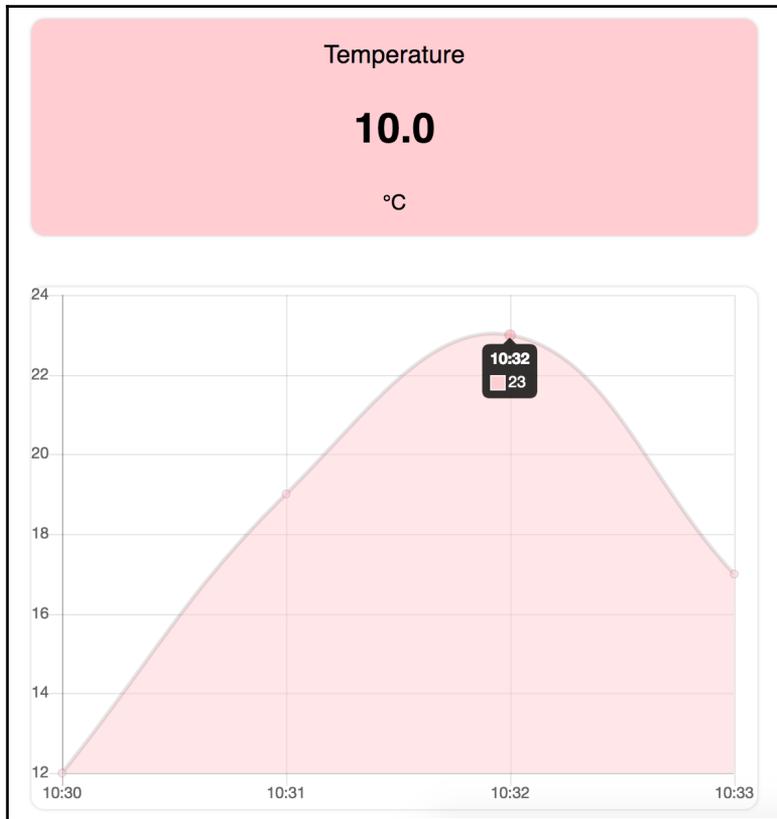
Humidity

**20.0**

°C

# Chapter 7: Enhancing Our UI - Using Interactive Charts

```
>> Chart  
← function Chart()
```

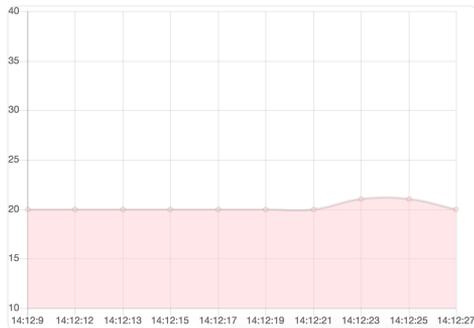


## Sensor Dashboard

Temperature

**20.0**

°C



Humidity

**86.0**

°C



# Chapter 8: SQLite - The Fast and Portable Database

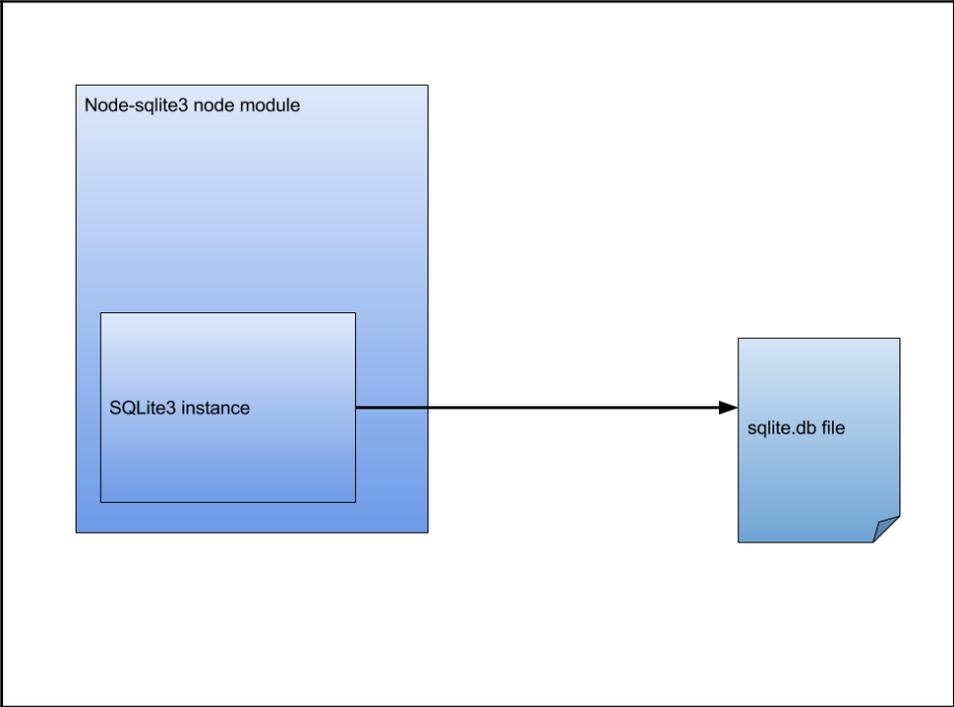
createdAt	Value
2017-06-18 12:13:50	16.7
2017-06-18 12:26:08	16.9
2017-06-18 12:26:09	14.7
2017-06-18 12:26:10	22.0
2017-06-18 12:26:13	21.1

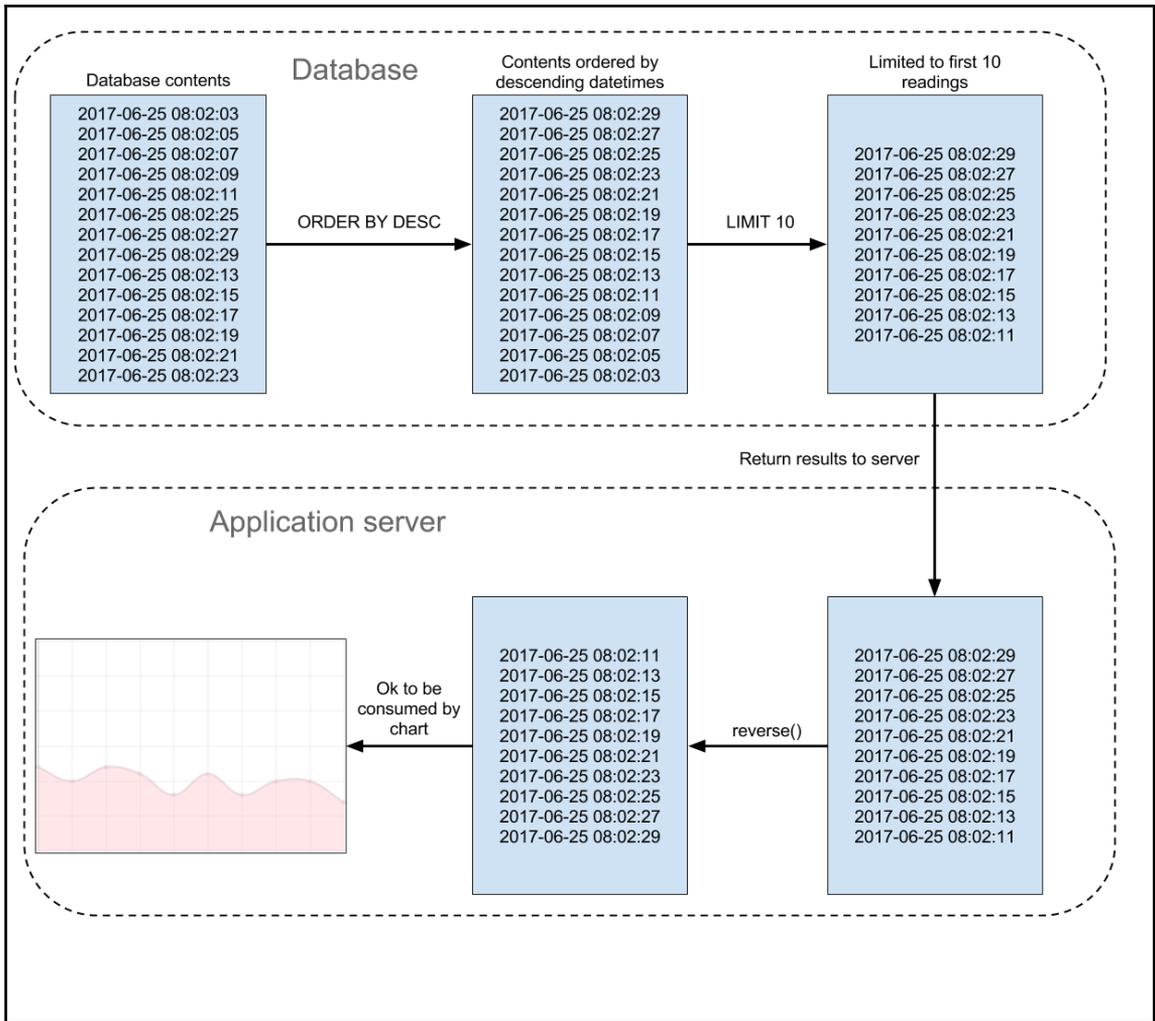
createdAt	value
2017-06-18 12:26:08	16.6
2017-06-18 12:26:09	14.7
2017-06-18 12:26:10	22.0
2017-06-18 12:26:13	21.1

createdAt	value
2017-06-18 12:26:10	22.0
2017-06-18 12:26:13	21.1

value	deviation	createdAt
16.6	2.0	2017-06-18 12:26:08
14.7	3.9	2017-06-18 12:26:09
22.0	-3.4	2017-06-18 12:26:10
21.1	-2.5	2017-06-18 12:26:13

# Chapter 9: Integrating SQLite into Our Application





# Sensor Dashboard

Temperature

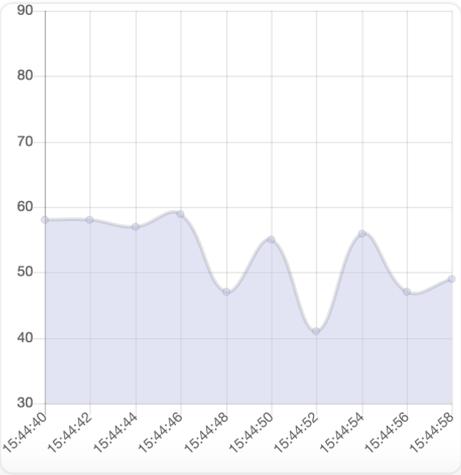
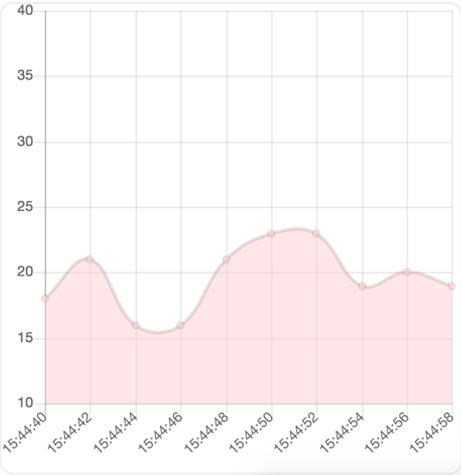
**19.9**

°C

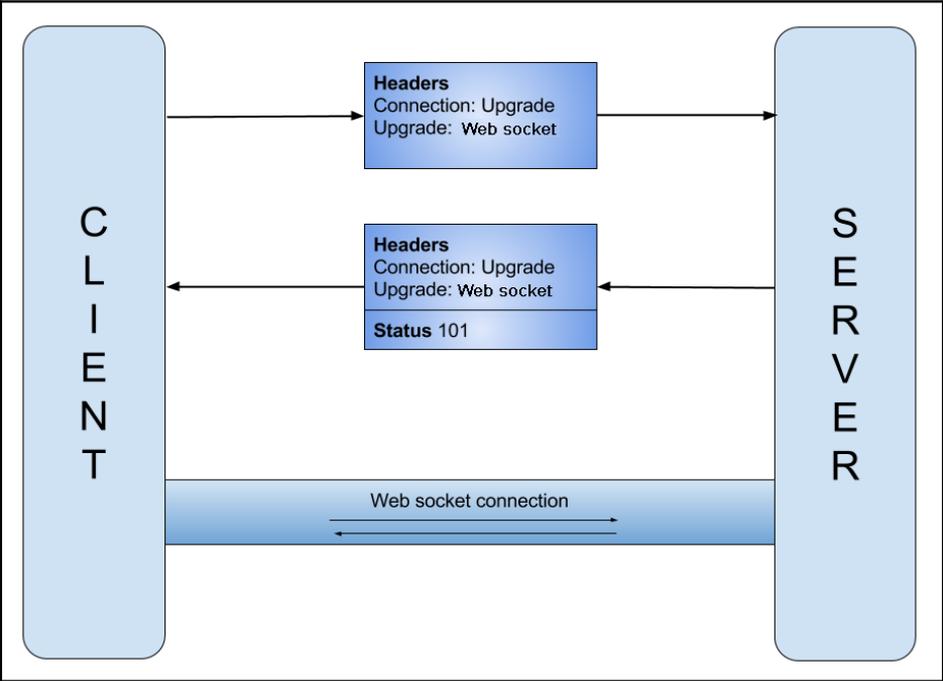
Humidity

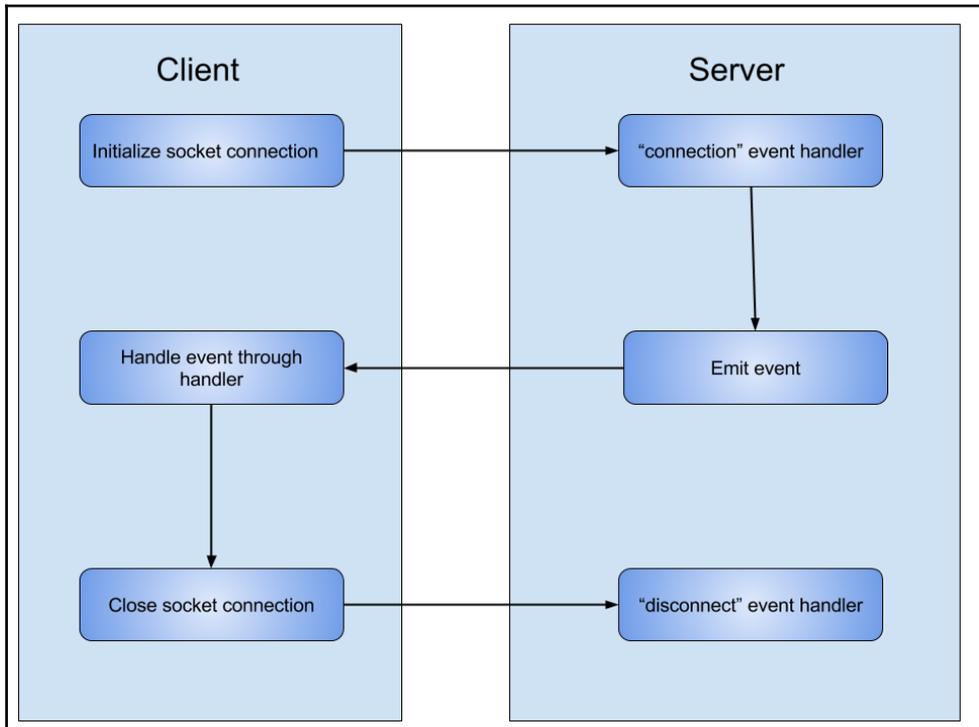
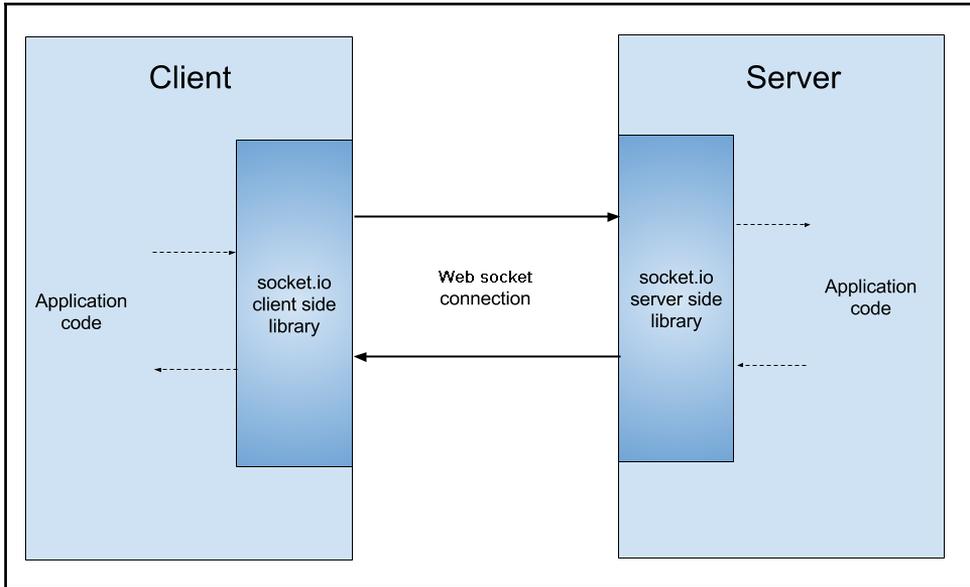
**49.6**

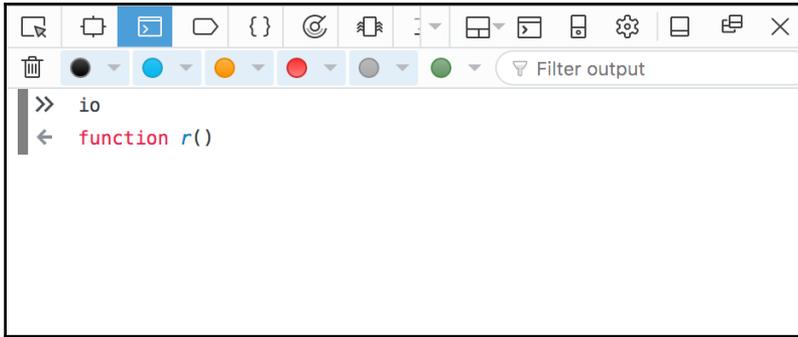
%



# Chapter 10: Making our Application Real Time with Web Sockets

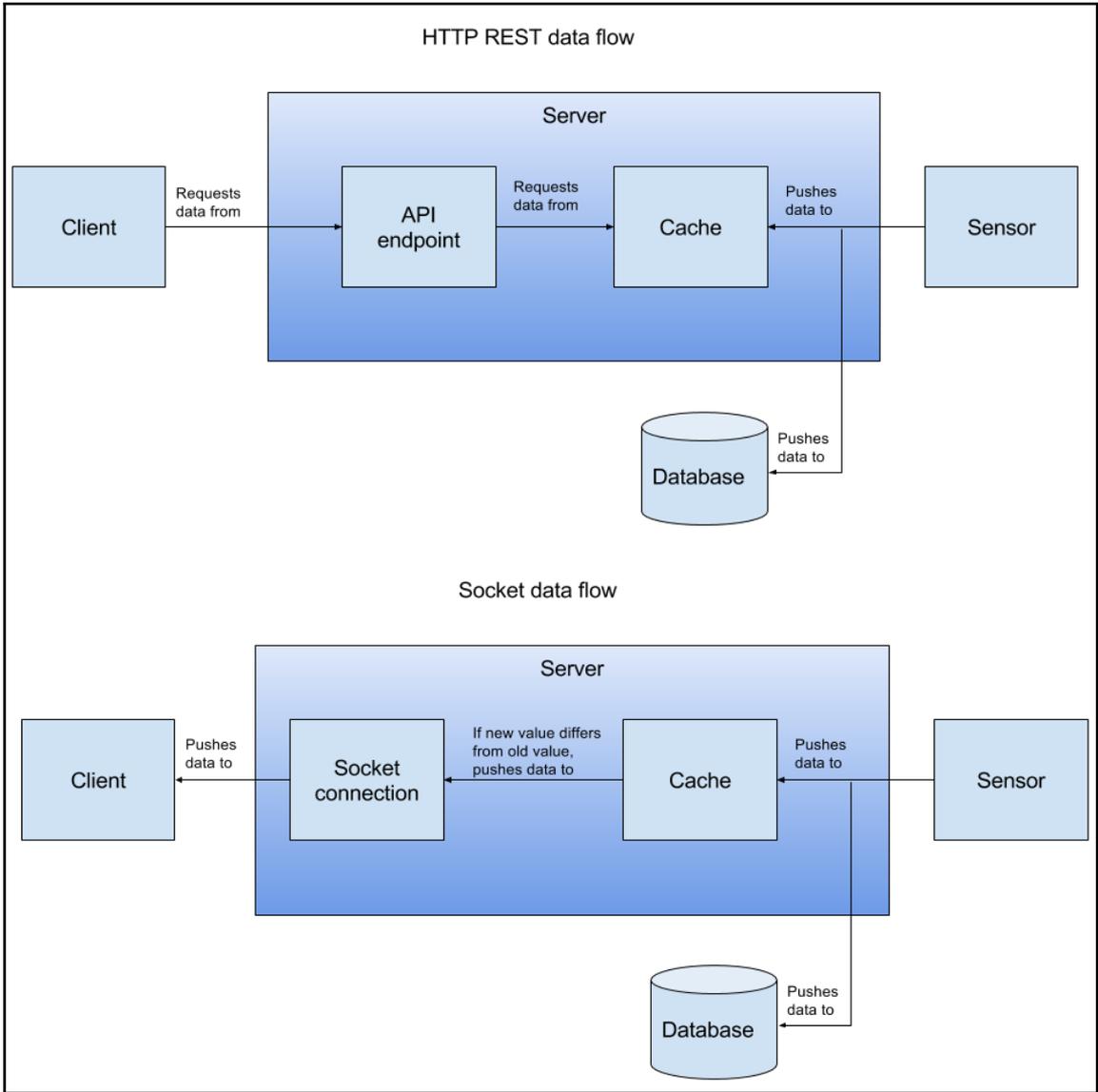






The image shows a terminal window with a toolbar at the top containing icons for copy, paste, search, and other functions. Below the toolbar is a row of colored buttons (black, blue, orange, red, grey, green) and a search box labeled "Filter output". The terminal content shows a shell prompt `>>` followed by the text `io`, and a response prompt `<` followed by the text `function r()`.

```
>> io
< function r()
```



## Network activity with HTTP REST implementation

St...	Met...	File	Domain	C...	T...	Tr...	Si...
200	GET	/public/	localho...	do...	html	1.70 KB	1.70 KB
200	GET	style.css	localho...	styles...	css	1.78 KB	1.78 KB
304	GET	Chart.bundle.js	cdnjs.c...	script	js	115.4...	482.8...
200	GET	script.js	localho...	script	js	7.36 ...	7.36 ...
200	GET	render-reading...	localho...	script	js	—	0 B
200	GET	history	localho...	fet...	json	471 B	471 B
200	GET	history	localho...	fet...	json	471 B	471 B
200	GET	temperature	localho...	fet...	json	16 B	16 B
200	GET	humidity	localho...	fet...	json	16 B	16 B
200	GET	style.css	localho...	st...	css	cached	1.78 KB
304	GET	temperature	localho...	fet...	json	16 B	16 B
200	GET	humidity	localho...	fet...	json	16 B	16 B
200	GET	temperature	localho...	fet...	json	16 B	16 B
200	GET	humidity	localho...	fet...	json	16 B	16 B
200	GET	temperature	localho...	fet...	json	16 B	16 B
200	GET	humidity	localho...	fet...	json	16 B	16 B
200	GET	temperature	localho...	fet...	json	16 B	16 B
200	GET	humidity	localho...	fet...	json	16 B	16 B

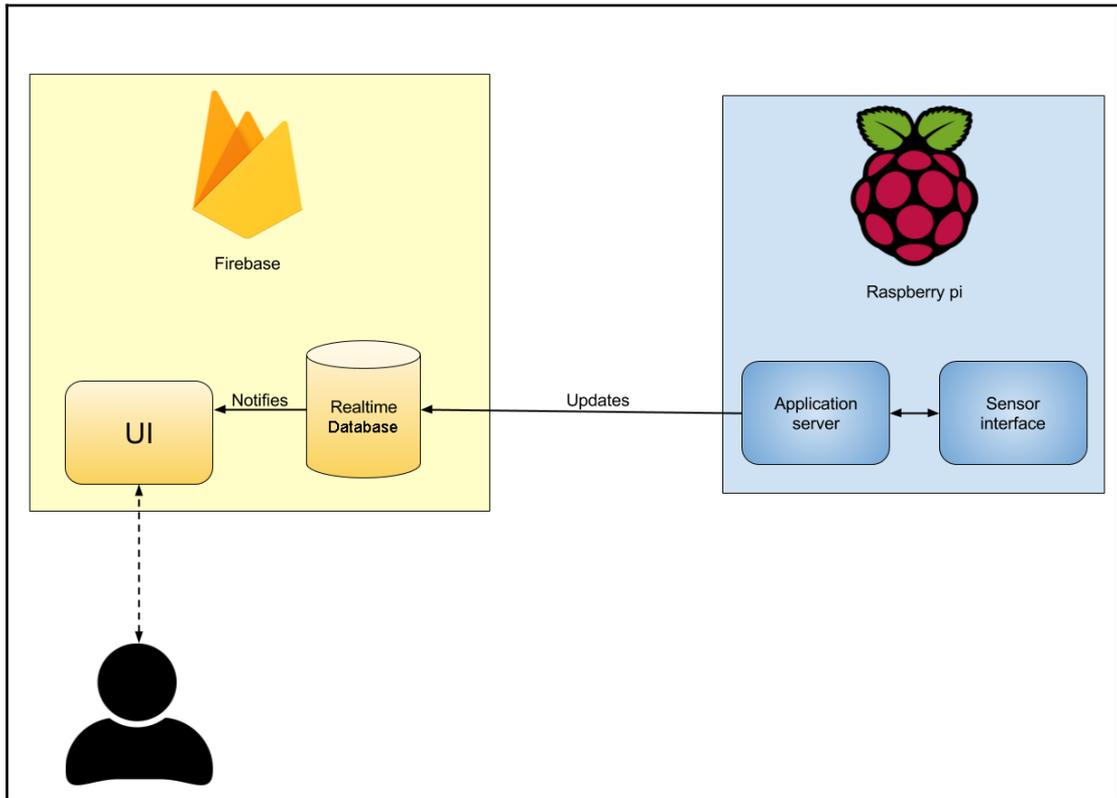
and counting...

## Network activity with web socket implementation

St...	Met...	File	Domain	C...	T...	Tr...	Si...
304	GET	/public/	localho...	do...	html	1.74 KB	1.74 KB
304	GET	style.css	localho...	styles...	css	1.78 KB	1.78 KB
304	GET	Chart.bundle.js	cdnjs.c...	script	js	115.4...	482.8...
304	GET	socket.io.js	cdnjs.c...	script	js	18.54...	59.78...
200	GET	script.js	localho...	script	js	7.65 ...	7.65 ...
200	GET	/socket.io/?EIO=...	localho...	xhr	plain	104 B	104 B
200	GET	/socket.io/?EIO=...	localho...	xhr	plain	3 B	3 B
200	GET	history	localho...	fet...	json	471 B	471 B
200	GET	history	localho...	fet...	json	471 B	471 B
101	GET	/socket.io/?EIO=...	localho...	webs...	plain	—	0 B
200	GET	style.css	localho...	st...	css	cached	1.78 KB

Sensor data now sent over socket connection

# Chapter 11: Deploying our application to Firebase



# Welcome to Firebase

Tools from Google for developing great apps, engaging with your users, and earning more through mobile ads.

[🔗 Learn more](#) [☰ Documentation](#) [💬 Support](#)

## Recent projects



Add project



Explore a demo project

## sensor-project

sensor-project-5df04

The screenshot shows the Firebase console interface. At the top, there's a blue header with the Firebase logo, the project name 'sensor-project', and a 'Go to docs' link. Below the header is a navigation sidebar on the left with categories: Overview (selected), Analytics, DEVELOP (Authentication, Database, Storage, Hosting, Functions, Test Lab, Crash Reporting, Performance), and GROW (Notifications, Remote Config, Dynamic Link). The main content area has a 'Welcome to Firebase! Get started here.' message. Below this are three large circular buttons: 'Add Firebase to your iOS app' (blue), 'Add Firebase to your Android app' (green), and 'Add Firebase to your web app' (purple). At the bottom, there's a 'Discover Firebase' section with three colorful cards showing various Firebase features.

**Woohoo!**

## Firestore CLI Login Successful

You are logged in to the Firestore Command-Line interface. You can immediately close this window and continue using the CLI.

```
> firebase git:(master) firebase init
```



```
You're about to initialize a Firebase project in this directory:  
./firebase-testbed-1234567890/sensor-project/firebase
```

? What Firestore CLI features do you want to setup for this folder?

- Database: Deploy Firestore Realtime Database Rules
- Functions: Configure and deploy Cloud Functions
- Hosting: Configure and deploy Firestore Hosting sites

```
— Project Setup

First, let's associate this project directory with a Firebase project.
You can create multiple project aliases by running firebase use --add,
but for now we'll just set up a default project.

? What Firebase project do you want to associate as default? sensor-project (sensor-project-5df04)

— Database Setup

Firebase Realtime Database Rules allow you to define how your data should be
structured and when your data can be read from and written to.

? What file should be used for Database Rules? database.rules.json
✓ Database Rules for sensor-project-5df04 have been downloaded to database.rules.json.
Future modifications to database.rules.json will update Database Rules when you run
firebase deploy.

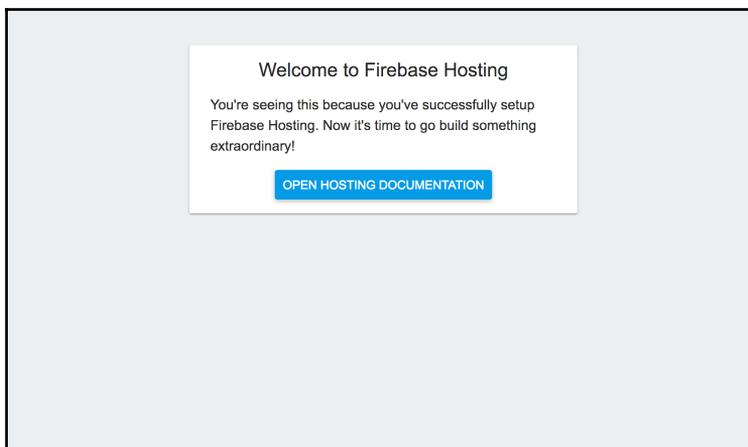
— Hosting Setup

Your public directory is the folder (relative to your project directory) that
will contain Hosting assets to be uploaded with firebase deploy. If you
have a build process for your assets, use your build's output directory.

? What do you want to use as your public directory? public
? Configure as a single-page app (rewrite all urls to /index.html)? No
✓ Wrote public/404.html
✓ Wrote public/index.html

i Writing configuration info to firebase.json...
i Writing project information to .firebaserc...

✓ Firebase initialization complete!
→ firebase git:(master) x
```

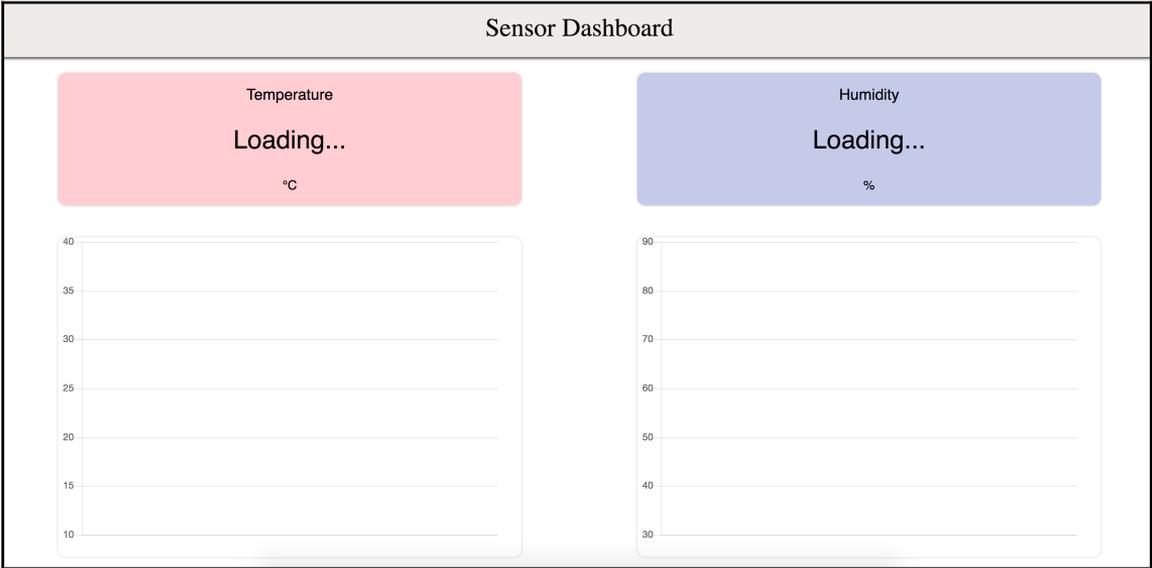


```
firebase git:(master) X firebase deploy
— Deploying to 'sensor-project-5df04'...

i deploying database, hosting
✓ database: rules ready to deploy.
i hosting: preparing public directory for upload...
✓ hosting: public folder uploaded successfully
✓ hosting: 2 files uploaded successfully
i starting release process (may take several minutes)...

✓ Deploy complete!

Project Console: https://console.firebase.google.com/project/sensor-project-5df04/overview
Hosting URL: https://sensor-project-5df04.firebaseio.com
```



## Add Firebase to your web app



Copy and paste the snippet below at the bottom of your HTML, before other `script` tags.

```
<script src="https://www.gstatic.com/firebasejs/4.1.3/firebase.js"></script>
<script>
  // Initialize Firebase
  var config = {
    apiKey: "AIzaSyA8UkKg2BA1Cj96x4fS_IagBpJT6vcSVV0",
    authDomain: "sensor-project-5df04.firebaseio.com",
    databaseURL: "https://sensor-project-5df04.firebaseio.com",
    projectId: "sensor-project-5df04",
    storageBucket: "sensor-project-5df04.appspot.com",
    messagingSenderId: "184536767436"
  };
  firebase.initializeApp(config);
</script>
```

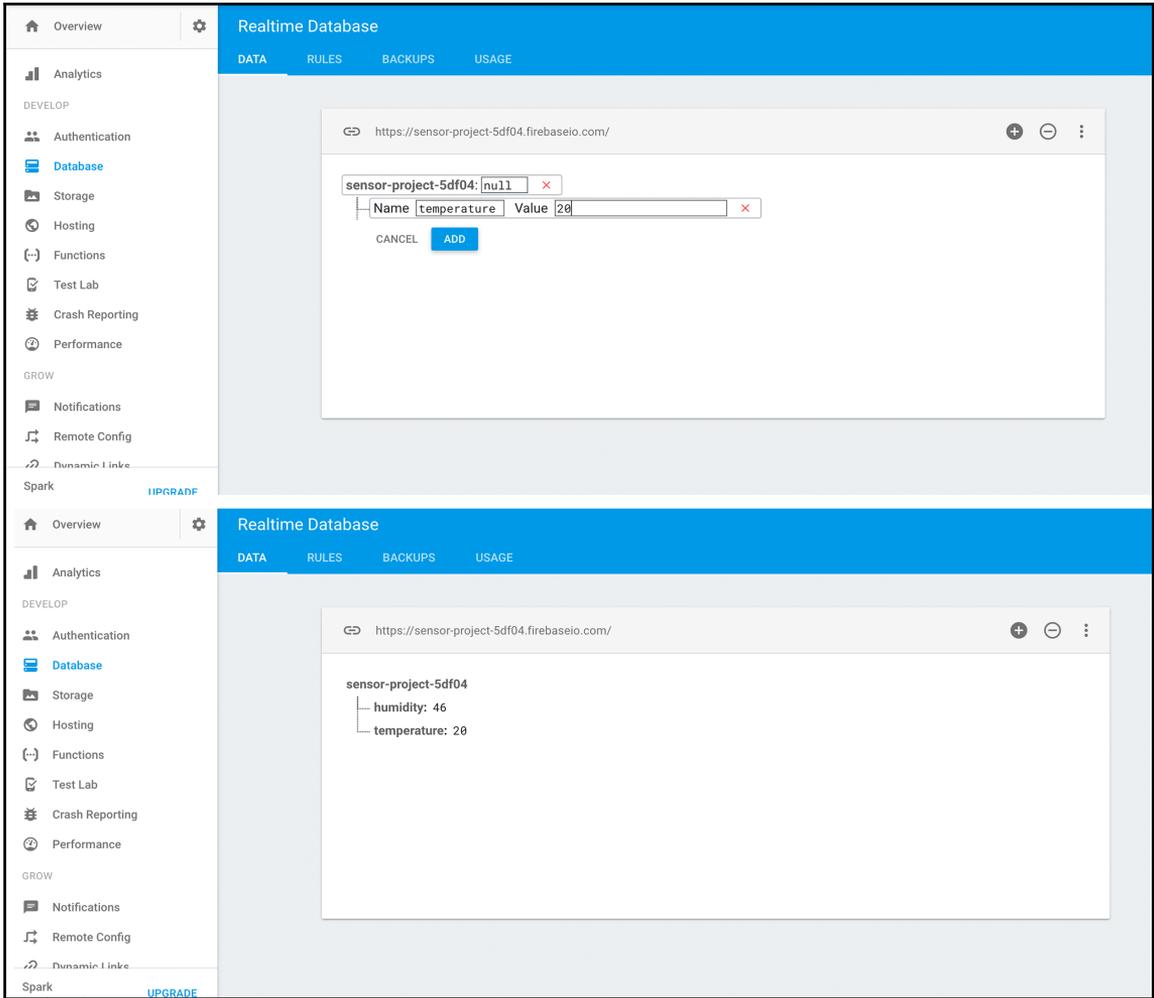
COPY

Check these resources to  
learn more about Firebase for  
web apps:

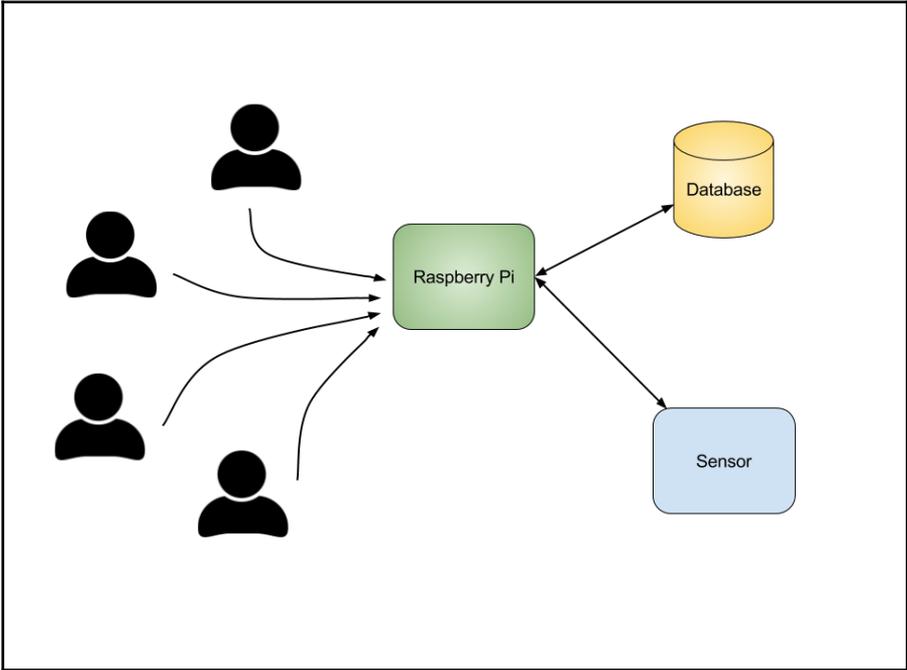
[Get Started with Firebase for Web Apps](#)

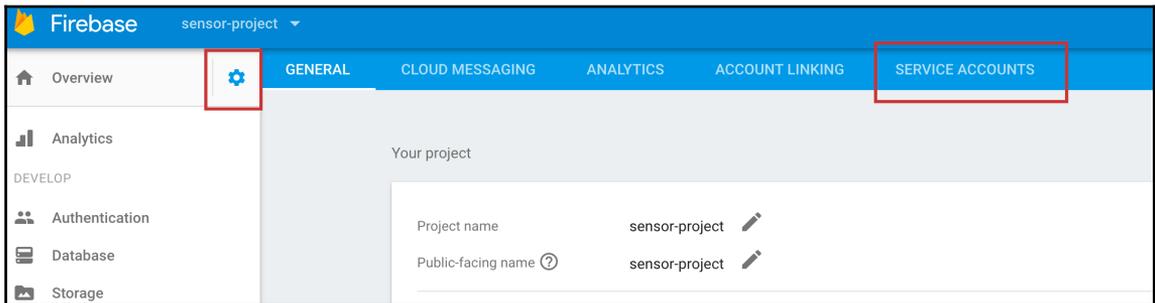
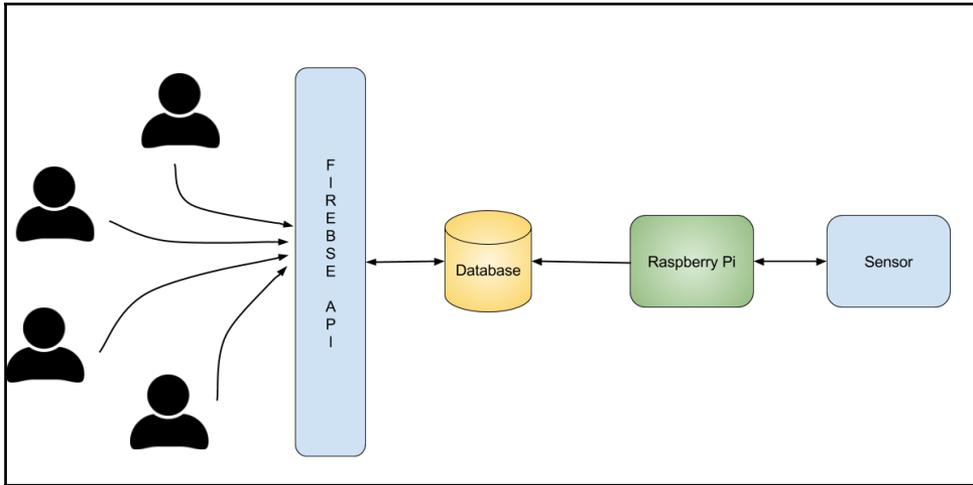
[Firebase Web SDK API Reference](#)

[Firebase Web Samples](#)



# Chapter 12: Using Firebase APIs to Update Our Application





### Firebase Admin SDK

Your Firebase service account can be used to authenticate multiple Firebase features, such as Database, Storage and Auth, programmatically via the unified Admin SDK. [Learn more](#)

Legacy credentials

Database Secrets

Admin SDK configuration snippet

Node.js  Java  Python

```
var admin = require("firebase-admin");  
  
var serviceAccount = require("path/to/serviceAccountKey.json");  
  
admin.initializeApp({  
  credential: admin.credential.cert(serviceAccount),  
  databaseURL: "https://sensor-project-5df04.firebaseio.com"  
});
```

**GENERATE NEW PRIVATE KEY**

Last key downloaded: Jul 25, 2017, 9:42:01 PM

## Generate new private key

**⚠ Your private key gives access to your project's Firebase services. Keep it confidential and never store it in a public repository.**

Store this file securely, because your new key can't be recovered if lost

CANCEL **↓ GENERATE KEY**

